28-Apr-14

## **Taxation of Social Security Benefits**

		Individuals or			
Year		couples with income		Effective for	
enacted	Definition of income	exceeding	Benefits included in gross income	taxable years—	
		Married filing jointly			
1983	Modified adjusted gross income,	\$32,000	Lesser of one-half of Social Security and Tier 1	Ending after	
	plus 50 percent of Social Security and		Railroad Retirement benefits or one-half of	Dec. 31, 1983	
	Tier 1 Railroad Retirement benefits		income over \$32,000		
1993	Same as above	\$32,000	Same as above	Beginning after	
		but not \$44,000		Dec. 31, 1993	
		\$44,000	Lesser of 85 percent of Social Security and Tier 1		
		Ψ11,000	Railroad Retirement benefits or the sum of		
			\$6,000 plus 85 percent of income over \$44,000		
	Married filing separate returns [1]				
1983	Same as above	\$0	Lesser of one-half of Social Security and Tier 1	Ending after	
			Railroad Retirement benefits or one-half of	Dec. 31, 1983	
			income		
1993	Same as above	\$0	Lesser of 85 percent of Social Security and Tier 1	Beginning after	
			Railroad Retirement benefits or 85 percent of	Dec. 31, 1993	
			income		
	Individuals in all other filing categories				
1983	Same as above	\$25,000	Lesser of one-half of Social Security and Tier 1	Ending after	
			Railroad Retirement benefits or one-half of	Dec. 31, 1983	
			income over \$25,000		
1993	Same as above	\$25,000	Same as above	Beginning after	
		but not \$34,000		Dec. 31, 1993	
		\$34,000	Lesser of 85 percent of Social Security and Tier 1		
		•	Railroad Retirement benefits or the sum of		
			\$4,500 plus 85 percent of income over \$34,000		

NOTES: Income is defined as modified adjusted gross income, plus 50 percent of Social Security and Tier 1 Railroad Retirement benefits. Modified adjusted gross income is adjusted gross income (before Social Security or Railroad Retirement benefits are considered), plus tax-exempt interest income, with further modification of adjusted gross income in some cases involving certain tax provisions of limited applicability among the beneficiary population.

Social Security and Tier 1 Railroad Retirement benefits include workers' compensation benefits to the extent they cause a reduction in Social Security or Tier 1 Railroad Retirement disability benefits.

[1] Includes only married taxpayers filing separately who lived with their spouse at any time during the tax year; married individuals filing separately who did not live with their spouse are treated the same as unmarried individuals.

SOURCE: Social Security Administration, Social Security Bulletin - Annual Statistical Supplement 2013 (February 2014).