## Table T06-0133

Kyl Estate Tax Compromise
Distribution of Federal Tax Change by Cash Income Class, $2011{ }^{1}$

| Cash Income Class (thousands of 2005 dollars) ${ }^{2}$ | Percent of Tax Units ${ }^{3}$ |  | Percent Change in After-Tax Income ${ }^{4}$ | Share of Total Federal Tax Change | Average Federal Tax Change |  | Share of Federal Taxes |  | Average Federal Tax Rate ${ }^{5}$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{gathered} \text { With Tax } \\ \text { Cut } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | With Tax Increase |  |  | Dollars | Percent | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { Change (\% } \\ \text { Points) } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | Under the Proposal | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { Change (\% } \\ \text { Points) } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | Under the Proposal |
| Less than 10 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.1 | -2 | -0.8 | 0.0 | 0.2 | 0.0 | 4.3 |
| 10-20 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.5 | -6 | -0.6 | 0.0 | 0.9 | 0.0 | 6.0 |
| 20-30 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.1 | 0.9 | -14 | -0.4 | 0.0 | 2.7 | -0.1 | 12.1 |
| 30-40 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.1 | 0.8 | -15 | -0.2 | 0.0 | 3.8 | 0.0 | 16.1 |
| 40-50 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.1 | 1.4 | -36 | -0.4 | 0.0 | 4.4 | -0.1 | 18.5 |
| 50-75 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.1 | 2.0 | -30 | -0.2 | 0.1 | 11.8 | 0.0 | 21.0 |
| 75-100 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.1 | 2.1 | -52 | -0.2 | 0.1 | 11.2 | -0.1 | 22.7 |
| 100-200 | 0.1 | 0.0 | 0.5 | 29.7 | -550 | -1.4 | -0.1 | 25.7 | -0.4 | 25.3 |
| 200-500 | 0.2 | 0.0 | 0.8 | 28.3 | -1,895 | -2.1 | -0.1 | 16.4 | -0.6 | 27.6 |
| 500-1,000 | 0.4 | 0.0 | 0.9 | 11.5 | -4,814 | -2.1 | -0.1 | 6.5 | -0.6 | 29.0 |
| More than 1,000 | 0.7 | 0.0 | 0.8 | 21.3 | -17,479 | -1.6 | -0.1 | 16.3 | -0.5 | 33.1 |
| All | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.4 | 100.0 | -222 | -1.2 | 0.0 | 100.0 | -0.3 | 23.5 |

Baseline Distribution of Income and Federal Taxes
by Cash Income Class, $2011{ }^{1}$

| Cash Income Class <br> (thousands of 2005 dollars) ${ }^{2}$ | Tax Units ${ }^{3}$ |  | Average Income (Dollars) | Average Federal Tax Burden (Dollars) | Average <br> After-Tax <br> Income ${ }^{4}$ <br> (Dollars) | Average <br> Federal Tax Rate ${ }^{5}$ | Share of Pre- <br> Tax Income <br> Percent of <br> Total | Share of Post- <br> Tax Income <br> Percent of <br> Total | Share of Federal Taxes |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Number (thousands) | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { Percent of } \\ \text { Total } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { Percent of } \\ \text { Total } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |
| Less than 10 | 17,076 | 11.0 | 6,303 | 272 | 6,031 | 4.3 | 0.9 | 1.1 | 0.2 |
| 10-20 | 24,604 | 15.8 | 17,000 | 1,028 | 15,972 | 6.1 | 3.5 | 4.3 | 0.9 |
| 20-30 | 22,025 | 14.1 | 28,090 | 3,408 | 24,682 | 12.1 | 5.2 | 6.0 | 2.6 |
| 30-40 | 16,710 | 10.7 | 39,487 | 6,374 | 33,113 | 16.1 | 5.5 | 6.1 | 3.7 |
| 40-50 | 13,168 | 8.4 | 50,814 | 9,459 | 41,355 | 18.6 | 5.6 | 6.0 | 4.4 |
| 50-75 | 22,575 | 14.5 | 69,796 | 14,682 | 55,114 | 21.0 | 13.2 | 13.7 | 11.6 |
| 75-100 | 14,102 | 9.0 | 98,049 | 22,331 | 75,718 | 22.8 | 11.6 | 11.7 | 11.1 |
| 100-200 | 18,722 | 12.0 | 152,864 | 39,201 | 113,663 | 25.6 | 24.0 | 23.4 | 25.8 |
| 200-500 | 5,166 | 3.3 | 324,098 | 91,378 | 232,719 | 28.2 | 14.0 | 13.2 | 16.6 |
| 500-1,000 | 825 | 0.5 | 769,080 | 227,763 | 541,317 | 29.6 | 5.3 | 4.9 | 6.6 |
| More than 1,000 | 423 | 0.3 | 3,274,032 | 1,102,484 | 2,171,547 | 33.7 | 11.6 | 10.1 | 16.4 |
| All | 155,984 | 100.0 | 76,577 | 18,250 | 58,327 | 23.8 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 |

Source: Urban-Brookings Tax Policy Center Microsimulation Model (version 0305-3A).
(1) Calendar year. Baseline is current law. Provisions include: $\$ 5$ million effective exemption; statutory rate of 15 percent from $\$ 5$ million to $\$ 30$ million, 30 percent above $\$ 30$ million; replace the state death tax credit with a deduction for state estate taxes paid; and repeal the 5-percent surtax.
(2) Tax units with negative cash income are excluded from the lowest income class but are included in the totals. For a description of cash income, see
http://www.taxpolicycenter.org/TaxModel/income.cfm
(3) Includes both filing and non-filing units. Tax units that are dependents of other taxpayers are excluded from the analysis.
(4) After-tax income is cash income less: individual income tax net of refundable credits; corporate income tax; payroll taxes (Social Security and Medicare); and estate tax.
(5) Average federal tax (includes individual and corporate income tax, payroll taxes for Social Security and Medicare, and the estate tax) as a percentage of average cash income.

