18-May-05 Preliminary Results http://www.taxpolicycenter.org

Table T05-0229. Option 7: Make CDCTC Fully Refundable; Raise Top Credit Rate to 50 Percent, Phased Out Starting at \$30,000 Distribution of Federal Tax Change by Cash Income Class, 2005 <sup>1</sup>

Cash Income Class (thousands of 2005 dollars) <sup>2</sup>	Percent of Tax Units <sup>3</sup>		Percent Change in	Share of	Average Federal Tax Change		Share of Federal Taxes		Average Federal Tax Rate <sup>5</sup>	
	With Tax Cut	With Tax Increase	After-Tax Income <sup>4</sup>	Total Federal Tax Change	Dollars	Percent	Change (% Points)	Under the Proposal	Change (% Points)	Under the Proposal
Less than 10	2.8	0.0	0.5	16.0	-28	-14.0	0.0	0.2	-0.5	3.1
10-20	3.7	0.0	0.3	35.5	-48	-6.7	-0.1	0.9	-0.3	4.4
20-30	3.9	0.0	0.2	18.9	-33	-1.3	0.0	2.7	-0.1	10.0
30-40	5.4	0.0	0.1	14.4	-32	-0.6	0.0	4.2	-0.1	14.3
40-50	4.9	0.0	0.1	7.6	-22	-0.3	0.0	4.9	-0.1	16.7
50-75	4.8	0.0	0.0	6.9	-11	-0.1	0.0	13.0	0.0	18.5
75-100	0.2	0.0	0.0	0.3	-1	0.0	0.0	11.4	0.0	20.0
100-200	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.2	-1	0.0	0.0	23.7	0.0	22.3
200-500	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	15.3	0.0	25.4
500-1,000	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	6.5	0.0	27.2
More than 1,000	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	17.0	0.0	31.2
All	3.3	0.0	0.1	100.0	-24	-0.2	0.0	100.0	0.0	20.7

## Baseline Distribution of Income and Federal Taxes by Cash Income Class, 2005 $^1$

Cash Income Class (thousands of 2005 dollars) <sup>2</sup>	Tax Units <sup>3</sup>		Average	Average Federal Tax	Average After-Tax	Average Federal Tax	Share of Pre- Tax Income	Share of Post- Tax Income	Share of Federal Taxes
	Number (thousands)	Percent of Total	(Dollars)	Burden (Dollars)	Income <sup>4</sup> (Dollars)	Rate <sup>5</sup>	Percent of Total	Percent of Total	Percent of Total
Less than 10	19,560	13.5	5,618	200	5,418	3.6	1.3	1.5	0.2
10-20	25,611	17.7	14,885	707	14,178	4.8	4.4	5.2	1.0
20-30	19,953	13.8	24,715	2,491	22,224	10.1	5.6	6.4	2.7
30-40	15,289	10.6	34,863	5,028	29,835	14.4	6.1	6.6	4.2
40-50	11,738	8.1	44,824	7,511	37,312	16.8	6.0	6.3	4.9
50-75	20,700	14.3	61,482	11,355	50,127	18.5	14.5	15.0	13.0
75-100	11,936	8.3	86,246	17,287	68,959	20.0	11.8	11.9	11.4
100-200	14,432	10.0	133,489	29,794	103,694	22.3	22.0	21.6	23.7
200-500	3,797	2.6	287,471	72,943	214,528	25.4	12.5	11.7	15.3
500-1,000	642	0.4	678,426	184,607	493,819	27.2	5.0	4.6	6.5
More than 1,000	335	0.2	2,943,745	919,666	2,024,078	31.2	11.3	9.8	17.0
All	144,573	100.0	60,566	12,558	48,008	20.7	100.0	100.0	100.0

Source: Urban-Brookings Tax Policy Center Microsimulation Model (version 0305-2).

<sup>(1)</sup> Calendar year. Baseline is current law. The maximum credit rate would be increased from 35 percent to 50 percent. The credit rate would be reduced by one percentage point for each \$1,000 (or fraction thereof) by which AGI exceeds \$30,000. The credit would be available regardless of tax liability.

<sup>(2)</sup> Tax units with negative cash income are excluded from the lowest income class but are included in the totals. For a description of cash income, see http://www.taxpolicycenter.org/TaxModel/income.cfm

<sup>(3)</sup> Includes both filing and non-filing units. Tax units that are dependents of other taxpayers are excluded from the analysis.

<sup>(4)</sup> After-tax income is cash income less: individual income tax net of refundable credits; corporate income tax; payroll taxes (Social Security and Medicare); and estate tax.

<sup>(5)</sup> Average federal tax (includes individual and corporate income tax, payroll taxes for Social Security and Medicare, and the estate tax) as a percentage of average cash income.