## Table T05-0135

Repealing the Alternative Minimum Tax:
Distribution of Federal Tax Change by Cash Income Class, $2005{ }^{1}$

| Cash Income Class (thousands of 2005 dollars) ${ }^{2}$ | Percent of Tax Units ${ }^{3}$ |  | Percent Change in After-Tax Income ${ }^{4}$ | Share of Total Federal Tax Change | Average Federal Tax Change |  | Share of Federal Taxes |  | Average Federal Tax Rate ${ }^{5}$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | With Tax Cut | With Tax Increase |  |  | Dollars | Percent | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { Change (\% } \\ \text { Points) } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | Under the Proposal | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { Change (\% } \\ \text { Points) } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | Under the Proposal |
| Less than 10 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.2 | 0.0 | 3.6 |
| 10-20 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 1.0 | 0.0 | 4.7 |
| 20-30 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.2 | -2 | -0.1 | 0.0 | 2.8 | 0.0 | 10.1 |
| 30-40 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0.1 | 4.3 | 0.0 | 14.4 |
| 40-50 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0.1 | 4.9 | 0.0 | 16.7 |
| 50-75 | 0.3 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.4 | -4 | 0.0 | 0.1 | 13.1 | 0.0 | 18.4 |
| 75-100 | 1.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 1.1 | -19 | -0.1 | 0.1 | 11.5 | 0.0 | 20.0 |
| 100-200 | 6.8 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 11.0 | -149 | -0.5 | 0.1 | 23.8 | -0.1 | 22.2 |
| 200-500 | 51.0 | 2.6 | 1.1 | 44.9 | -2,312 | -3.2 | -0.3 | 14.9 | -0.8 | 24.5 |
| 500-1,000 | 35.5 | 1.6 | 1.0 | 16.1 | -4,902 | -2.7 | -0.1 | 6.4 | -0.7 | 26.5 |
| More than 1,000 | 25.1 | 0.3 | 0.8 | 26.1 | -15,201 | -1.7 | -0.1 | 16.9 | -0.5 | 30.7 |
| All | 2.4 | 0.1 | 0.3 | 100.0 | -135 | -1.1 | 0.0 | 100.0 | -0.2 | 20.5 |

Baseline Distribution of Income and Federal Taxes
by Cash Income Class, $2005{ }^{1}$

| Cash Income Class (thousands of 2005 dollars) ${ }^{2}$ | Tax Units ${ }^{3}$ |  | Average Income (Dollars) | Average Federal Tax Burden (Dollars) | Average <br> After-Tax <br> Income ${ }^{4}$ <br> (Dollars) | Average Federal Tax Rate ${ }^{5}$ | Share of Pre- <br> Tax Income <br> Percent of <br> Total | Share of Post- <br> Tax Income <br> Percent of <br> Total | Share of Federal Taxes |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Number (thousands) | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { Percent of } \\ \text { Total } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { Percent of } \\ \text { Total } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |
| Less than 10 | 19,560 | 13.5 | 5,618 | 200 | 5,418 | 3.6 | 1.3 | 1.5 | 0.2 |
| 10-20 | 25,611 | 17.7 | 14,885 | 706 | 14,179 | 4.7 | 4.4 | 5.2 | 1.0 |
| 20-30 | 19,953 | 13.8 | 24,715 | 2,488 | 22,227 | 10.1 | 5.6 | 6.4 | 2.7 |
| 30-40 | 15,289 | 10.6 | 34,863 | 5,023 | 29,840 | 14.4 | 6.1 | 6.6 | 4.2 |
| 40-50 | 11,738 | 8.1 | 44,824 | 7,501 | 37,323 | 16.7 | 6.0 | 6.3 | 4.9 |
| 50-75 | 20,700 | 14.3 | 61,482 | 11,337 | 50,145 | 18.4 | 14.5 | 15.0 | 12.9 |
| 75-100 | 11,936 | 8.3 | 86,246 | 17,262 | 68,984 | 20.0 | 11.8 | 11.9 | 11.4 |
| 100-200 | 14,432 | 10.0 | 133,489 | 29,747 | 103,742 | 22.3 | 22.0 | 21.6 | 23.7 |
| 200-500 | 3,797 | 2.6 | 287,471 | 72,867 | 214,603 | 25.4 | 12.5 | 11.7 | 15.3 |
| 500-1,000 | 642 | 0.4 | 678,426 | 184,535 | 493,891 | 27.2 | 5.0 | 4.6 | 6.5 |
| More than 1,000 | 335 | 0.2 | 2,943,745 | 919,574 | 2,024,170 | 31.2 | 11.3 | 9.8 | 17.0 |
| All | 144,573 | 100.0 | 60,566 | 12,544 | 48,021 | 20.7 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 |

Source: Urban-Brookings Tax Policy Center Microsimulation Model (version 0305-3a).
(1) Baseline is current law.
(2) Tax units with negative cash income are excluded from the lowest income class but are included in the totals. For a description of cash income, see
http://www.taxpolicycenter.org/TaxModel/income.cfm
(3) Includes both filing and non-filing units. Tax units that are dependents of other taxpayers are excluded from the analysis.
(4) After-tax income is cash income less: individual income tax net of refundable credits; corporate income tax; payroll taxes (Social Security and Medicare); and estate tax.
(5) Average federal tax (includes individual and corporate income tax, payroll taxes for Social Security and Medicare, and the estate tax) as a percentage of average cash income.

