Table T04-0035

Current-Law Distribution of Individual Income Tax By Cash Income Percentile, 2004<sup>1</sup>

Cash Income Class <sup>2</sup>	Tax Units (thousands)	Income Tax <sup>3</sup>		Average Income
		Amount (\$ millions)	Percent of Total	Tax Rate (Percent)
<b>Lowest Quintile</b>	28,145	-12,009	-1.6	-5.8
<b>Second Quintile</b>	28,699	-13,955	-1.8	-2.7
Middle Quintile	28,703	28,690	3.8	2.9
Fourth Quintile	28,704	108,481	14.3	6.4
<b>Top Quintile</b>	28,701	648,129	85.4	13.3
All	143,509	759,240	100.0	9.2
Addendum				
Top 10 Percent	14,351	537,897	70.8	15.3
<b>Top 5 Percent</b>	7,176	440,402	58.0	17.0
Top 1 Percent	1,435	265,420	35.0	19.5
Top 0.5 Percent	718	211,467	27.9	20.0
Top 0.1 Percent	144	124,544	16.4	20.7

Source: Urban-Brookings Tax Policy Center Microsimulation Model (version 0304-2).

http://taxpolicycenter.org/TaxModel/tmdb/TMTemplate.cfm?DocID=574.

(3) Income tax is net of refundable credits.

<sup>(1)</sup> Calendar year.

<sup>(2)</sup> Tax units with negative income are excluded from the lowest income class but are included in the totals. Includes both filing and nonfiling units. Tax units that are dependents of other taxpayers are excluded from the analysis. For a definition of income qualifiers, see "Explanation of Income Measures," at