18-Mar-04 Preliminary Results http://www.taxpolicycenter.org

Table T04-0014
Combined Effect of EGTRRA and JGTRRA:
Distribution of Individual Income Tax Change by Cash Income Class, 2010¹

Cash Income Class (thousands of 2003	Tax Units ³ Number Percent of Percent with			Percent Change in After-Tax	Percent of Total Income	Average Income Tax	Average Income Tax Rate ⁵	
dollars) ²	(thousands)	Total	Tax Cut	Income ⁴	Tax Change	Change (\$)	Pre-EGTRRA	Current Law
Less than 10	20,778	13.4	6.1	0.1	0.1	-5	-6.4	-6.5
10-20	27,922	18.0	53.3	1.2	3.1	-198	-3.2	-4.4
20-30	21,368	13.7	80.1	2.2	6.4	-535	2.2	0.3
30-40	16,583	10.7	83.2	1.8	5.7	-615	5.5	4.0
40-50	12,285	7.9	88.8	1.8	5.2	-749	7.1	5.7
50-75	20,286	13.1	96.0	2.0	12.4	-1,090	9.4	7.9
75-100	12,859	8.3	97.1	2.2	12.0	-1,655	11.2	9.5
100-200	17,035	11.0	94.7	1.7	18.6	-1,939	14.0	12.8
200-500	4,610	3.0	84.9	1.3	7.8	-3,010	19.0	18.1
500-1,000	779	0.5	91.1	3.7	8.8	-20,000	22.1	19.5
More than 1,000	373	0.2	91.8	4.4	19.9	-94,723	24.4	21.5
All	155,433	100.0	71.5	2.1	100.0	-1,144	12.9	11.3

Source: Urban-Brookings Tax Policy Center Microsimulation Model (version 0304-1).

⁽¹⁾ Calendar year. Baseline is pre-EGTRRA law. Includes provisions affecting the following: marginal tax rates; the 10-percent bracket; the child tax credit; the child and dependent care credit; the AMT; the personal exemption phaseout (PEP); the limitation on itemized deductions (Pease); the standard deduction, 15-percent bracket, and EITC for married couples; tax rates on long-term capital gains and dividends; pension and IRA provisions. Excludes education provisions and phaseout of the estate tax.

⁽²⁾ Tax units with negative cash income are excluded from the lowest income class but are included in the totals. For a description of cash income, see http://taxpolicycenter.org/TaxModel/income.cfm

⁽³⁾ Includes both filing and non-filing units. Tax units that are dependents of other taxpayers are excluded from the analysis.

⁽⁴⁾ After-tax income is cash income less: individual income tax net of refundable credits; corporate income tax; payroll taxes (Social Security and Medicare); and estate tax.

⁽⁵⁾ Average individual income tax, net of refundable credits, as a percentage of average cash income.