Table T03-0100

Jobs and Growth Tax Relief Reconciliation Act of 2003 as Passed by the Senate:

Distribution of Income Tax Change by AGI Class, 2004¹

AGI Class (thousands of 2002 dollars) ²	Tax Units ³ Number Percent of Percent with			Percent Change in After-Tax	Percent of Total Income	Average Tax	Average Income Tax Rate ⁴	
	(thousands)	Total	Tax Cut	Income ³	Tax Change	Change (\$)	Current Law	Proposal
Less than 10	33,461	23.7	0.8	0.1	0.1	-2	-9.9	-9.9
10-20	23,246	16.5	63.3	0.6	2.6	-104	-4.0	-4.7
20-30	18,563	13.2	94.8	1.0	4.7	-242	3.6	2.6
30-40	13,624	9.7	98.0	1.0	4.8	-337	7.0	6.1
40-50	10,550	7.5	99.2	1.1	5.0	-453	8.7	7.8
50-75	18,217	12.9	99.4	1.2	13.3	-696	10.0	8.9
75-100	9,955	7.1	99.8	2.0	16.3	-1,555	12.2	10.5
100-200	9,614	6.8	99.8	2.0	23.2	-2,293	15.9	14.2
200-500	2,299	1.6	98.3	2.0	10.9	-4,526	22.8	21.3
500-1,000	384	0.3	94.8	2.5	5.3	-13,021	27.5	25.7
More than 1,000	200	0.1	95.8	3.0	13.7	-64,878	28.7	26.6
All	141,030	100.0	68.7	1.6	100.0	-674	13.4	12.0

Source: Urban-Brookings Tax Policy Center Microsimulation Model (version 0503-1).

- (2) Tax units with negative AGI are excluded from the lowest income class but are included in the totals.
- (3) Includes both filing and non-filing units. Tax units that are dependents of other taxpayers are excluded from the analysis.
- (4) After-tax income is AGI less individual income tax net of refundable credits.
- (5) Average income tax, net of refundable credits, as a percentage of average AGI.

^{*} Less than 0.05 percent. ** Less than \$1 in absolute value.

⁽¹⁾ Calendar year. Baseline is current law. Includes the following provisions: increase child tax credit to \$1,000; increase refundability rate for additional child tax credit to 15 percent; expand size of the 10-percent bracket to \$7,000 for singles and \$14,000 for married couples, indexed for inflation after 2003; expand width of the 15-percent bracket for married couples to twice that for singles; reduce top four tax rates to 25, 28, 33, and 35 percent; increase AMT exemption by \$12,000 for married couples and \$6,000 for others; exclude 100 percent of dividend income from taxable income (would not apply to income that is currently reported on tax returns as dividends but represents distributions of interest income from mutual funds). The amount of the exclusion would be included in adjusted gross income.