

**Table T02-0010**  
**Accelerate 2006 Income Tax Rate Cuts:**  
**Distribution of Income Tax Change by AGI Class, 2003<sup>1</sup>**

AGI Class (thousands of 2001 dollars) <sup>2</sup>	Returns		Income Tax Change		Average Tax Change (\$)	Percent Change in After-Tax Income <sup>3</sup>
	Number (thousands)	Percent of Total	Dollars (millions)	Percent of Total		
<b>Less than 10</b>	25,755	19.2	0	0.0	0	0.0
<b>10-20</b>	23,602	17.6	0	0.0	0	0.0
<b>20-30</b>	18,644	13.9	0	0.0	0	0.0
<b>30-40</b>	13,534	10.1	-135	0.3	-10	*
<b>40-50</b>	10,307	7.7	-697	1.7	-68	0.2
<b>50-75</b>	17,875	13.4	-2,600	6.4	-145	0.3
<b>75-100</b>	10,226	7.6	-3,924	9.7	-384	0.5
<b>100-200</b>	9,906	7.4	-8,897	21.9	-898	0.8
<b>200-500</b>	2,392	1.8	-5,014	12.3	-2,096	0.9
<b>500-1,000</b>	418	0.3	-5,004	12.3	-11,971	2.4
<b>More than 1,000</b>	226	0.2	-14,337	35.3	-63,416	2.8
<b>All</b>	133,835	100.0	-40,606	100.0	-303	0.7

Source: Urban-Brookings Tax Policy Center Microsimulation Model.

\* Less than 0.05 percent.

(1) Calendar Year. The top four statutory income tax rates currently slated for 2006 -- 25, 28, 33, and 35 percent -- would take effect in 2003.

(2) Returns with negative AGI are excluded from the lowest income class but are included in the totals.

(3) After-tax income is AGI less individual income tax net of refundable credits.

Preliminary - November 18, 2002