## Table T14-0110

## Decrease 39.6 Percent Individual Income Tax Rate to 38.6 Percent

Baseline: Current Law
Distribution of Federal Tax Change by Expanded Cash Income Percentile, $2015{ }^{1}$
Summary Table

| Expanded Cash Income Percentile ${ }^{2,3}$ | Tax Units with Tax Increase or Cut ${ }^{4}$ |  |  |  | Percent Change <br> in After-Tax Income ${ }^{5}$ | Share of Total Federal Tax Change | Average Federal Tax Change (\$) | Average Federal Tax Rate ${ }^{6}$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | With Tax Cut |  | With Tax Increase |  |  |  |  | Change (\% | Under the |
|  | Pct of Tax Units | Avg Tax Cut | Pct of Tax Units | Avg Tax Increase |  |  |  | Points) | Proposal |
| Lowest Quintile | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 3.1 |
| Second Quintile | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 8.3 |
| Middle Quintile | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 13.9 |
| Fourth Quintile | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 17.0 |
| Top Quintile | 3.8 | -10,905 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.2 | 100.0 | -415 | -0.1 | 25.6 |
| All | 0.5 | -10,905 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.1 | 100.0 | -59 | -0.1 | 19.6 |
| Addendum |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 80-90 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 19.1 |
| 90-95 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 21.0 |
| 95-99 | 2.0 | -627 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0.6 | -12 | 0.0 | 24.3 |
| Top 1 Percent | 66.9 | -12,092 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.6 | 99.4 | -8,092 | -0.4 | 33.9 |
| Top 0.1 Percent | 79.8 | -58,664 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.8 | 59.1 | -46,804 | -0.5 | 36.1 |

Source: Urban-Brookings Tax Policy Center Microsimulation Model (version 0613-5).
Number of AMT Taxpayers (millions). Baseline: 4.5 Proposal: 4.5

* Less than 0.05
** Insufficient data
(1) Calendar year. Baseline is current law. Proposal would reduce the 39.6 percent individual income tax rate to 38.6 percent, effective 01/01/15. For a description of TPC's current law baseline, see
http://www.taxpolicycenter.org/taxtopics/Baseline-Definitions.cfm
(2) Includes both filing and non-filing units but excludes those that are dependents of other tax units. Tax units with negative adjusted gross income are excluded from their respective income class but are included in the totals. For a description of expanded cash income, see
http://www.taxpolicycenter.org/TaxModel/income.cfm
(3) The income percentile classes used in this table are based on the income distribution for the entire population and contain an equal number of people, not tax units. The breaks are (in 2013 dollars): $20 \%$ \$24,845; 40\% \$48,287; 60\% \$82,190; 80\% \$137,656; 90\% \$188,947; 95\% \$271,775; 99\% \$637,969; 99.9\% \$3,278,014.
(4) Includes tax units with a change in federal tax burden of $\$ 10$ or more in absolute value.
(5) After-tax income is expanded cash income less: individual income tax net of refundable credits; corporate income tax; payroll taxes (Social Security and Medicare); and estate tax.
(6) Average federal tax (includes individual and corporate income tax, payroll taxes for Social Security and Medicare, and the estate tax) as a percentage of average expanded cash income.

Table T14-0110
Decrease 39.6 Percent Individual Income Tax Rate to $\mathbf{3 8 . 6}$ Percent
Baseline: Current Law
Distribution of Federal Tax Change by Expanded Cash Income Percentile, $2015{ }^{1}$ Detail Table

| Expanded Cash Income Percentile ${ }^{2,3}$ | Percent of Tax Units ${ }^{4}$ |  | Percent Change in After-Tax Income ${ }^{5}$ | Share of Total Federal Tax Change | Average Federal Tax Change |  | Share of Federal Taxes |  | Average Federal Tax Rate ${ }^{6}$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | With Tax Cut | With Tax Increase |  |  | Dollars | Percent | Change (\% Points) | Under the Proposal | Change (\% Points) | Under the Proposal |
| Lowest Quintile | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.7 | 0.0 | 3.1 |
| Second Quintile | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 3.9 | 0.0 | 8.3 |
| Middle Quintile | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 10.4 | 0.0 | 13.9 |
| Fourth Quintile | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0.1 | 17.5 | 0.0 | 17.0 |
| Top Quintile | 3.8 | 0.0 | 0.2 | 100.0 | -415 | -0.5 | -0.1 | 67.2 | -0.1 | 25.6 |
| All | 0.5 | 0.0 | 0.1 | 100.0 | -59 | -0.3 | 0.0 | 100.0 | -0.1 | 19.6 |
| Addendum |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 80-90 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 12.8 | 0.0 | 19.1 |
| 90-95 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 9.8 | 0.0 | 21.0 |
| 95-99 | 2.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.6 | -12 | 0.0 | 0.1 | 15.2 | 0.0 | 24.3 |
| Top 1 Percent | 66.9 | 0.0 | 0.6 | 99.4 | -8,092 | -1.1 | -0.2 | 29.5 | -0.4 | 33.9 |
| Top 0.1 Percent | 79.8 | 0.0 | 0.8 | 59.1 | -46,804 | -1.3 | -0.2 | 14.8 | -0.5 | 36.1 |

Baseline Distribution of Income and Federal Taxes
by Expanded Cash Income Percentile, $2015{ }^{1}$

| Expanded Cash Income Percentile ${ }^{2,3}$ | Tax Units |  | Pre-Tax Income |  | Federal Tax Burden |  | After-Tax Income ${ }^{5}$ |  | Average Federal Tax Rate ${ }^{6}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { Number } \\ \text { (thousands) } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { Percent of } \\ \text { Total } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | Average (dollars) | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { Percent of } \\ \text { Total } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | Average (dollars) | Percent of | Average (dollars) | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { Percent of } \\ \text { Total } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |  |
| Lowest Quintile | 43,476 | 26.5 | 15,007 | 4.5 | 465 | 0.7 | 14,542 | 5.4 | 3.1 |
| Second Quintile | 36,374 | 22.2 | 37,121 | 9.2 | 3,097 | 3.9 | 34,025 | 10.5 | 8.3 |
| Middle Quintile | 32,413 | 19.8 | 66,181 | 14.7 | 9,222 | 10.4 | 56,960 | 15.7 | 13.9 |
| Fourth Quintile | 26,570 | 16.2 | 111,246 | 20.2 | 18,917 | 17.4 | 92,329 | 20.9 | 17.0 |
| Top Quintile | 23,247 | 14.2 | 325,050 | 51.6 | 83,522 | 67.3 | 241,528 | 47.7 | 25.7 |
| All | 163,798 | 100.0 | 89,403 | 100.0 | 17,604 | 100.0 | 71,799 | 100.0 | 19.7 |
| Addendum |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 80-90 | 11,609 | 7.1 | 165,126 | 13.1 | 31,609 | 12.7 | 133,517 | 13.2 | 19.1 |
| 90-95 | 5,784 | 3.5 | 232,948 | 9.2 | 48,825 | 9.8 | 184,123 | 9.1 | 21.0 |
| 95-99 | 4,668 | 2.9 | 383,687 | 12.2 | 93,404 | 15.1 | 290,283 | 11.5 | 24.3 |
| Top 1 Percent | 1,186 | 0.7 | 2,108,850 | 17.1 | 721,985 | 29.7 | 1,386,865 | 14.0 | 34.2 |
| Top 0.1 Percent | 122 | 0.1 | 9,673,972 | 8.1 | 3,539,462 | 15.0 | 6,134,510 | 6.4 | 36.6 |

Source: Urban-Brookings Tax Policy Center Microsimulation Model (version 0613-5).
Proposal: 4.5
Number of AMT Taxpayers (millions). Baseline: 4.5
Proposal: 4.5

* Less than 0.05
 see
htp:///www.taxpolicycenter.org/taxtopics/Baseline-Definitions.cfm
(2) Includes both filing and non-filing units but excludes those that are dependents of other tax units. Tax units with negative adjusted gross income are excluded from their respective income class but are included in the totals. For a description of expanded cash income, see
(3) The income percentile classes used in this table are based on the income distribution for the entire population and contain an equal number of people, not tax units. The breaks are (in 2013 dollars): $20 \%$ \$24,845; 40\% \$48,287; $60 \%$ \$82,190; 80\% \$137,656; $90 \%$ \$188,947; 95\% \$271,775; 99\% \$637,969; 99.9\% \$3,278,014.

4) Includes tax units with a change in federal tax burden of $\$ 10$ or more in absolute value.
(5) After-tax income is expanded cash income less: individual income tax net of refundable credits; corporate income tax; payroll taxes (Social Security and Medicare); and estate tax.
(6) Average federal tax (includes individual and corporate income tax, payroll taxes for Social Security and Medicare, and the estate tax) as a percentage of average expanded cash income.

## Table T14-0110 <br> Decrease 39.6 Percent Individual Income Tax Rate to 38.6 Percent <br> Baseline: Current Law <br> Distribution of Federal Tax Change by Expanded Cash Income Percentile Adjusted for Family Size, 2015

 Detail Table| Expanded Cash Income Percentile ${ }^{2,3}$ | Percent of Tax Units ${ }^{4}$ |  | Percent Change in After-Tax Income ${ }^{5}$ | Share of Total Federal Tax Change | Average Federal Tax Change |  | Share of Federal Taxes |  | Average Federal Tax Rate ${ }^{6}$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | With Tax Cut | With Tax Increase |  |  | Dollars | Percent | Change (\% Points) | Under the Proposal | Change (\% Points) | Under the Proposal |
| Lowest Quintile | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | -0.1 | 0.0 | -0.6 |
| Second Quintile | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 2.6 | 0.0 | 6.5 |
| Middle Quintile | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 8.0 | 0.0 | 12.3 |
| Fourth Quintile | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0.1 | 16.7 | 0.0 | 16.5 |
| Top Quintile | 2.9 | 0.0 | 0.2 | 100.0 | -319 | -0.5 | -0.1 | 72.5 | -0.1 | 25.3 |
| All | 0.5 | 0.0 | 0.1 | 100.0 | -59 | -0.3 | 0.0 | 100.0 | -0.1 | 19.6 |
| Addendum |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 80-90 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0.1 | 14.4 | 0.0 | 19.2 |
| 90-95 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 11.1 | 0.0 | 21.3 |
| 95-99 | 1.5 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.8 | -14 | 0.0 | 0.1 | 16.5 | 0.0 | 24.0 |
| Top 1 Percent | 56.4 | 0.0 | 0.6 | 99.2 | -6,782 | -1.1 | -0.2 | 30.5 | -0.4 | 33.7 |
| Top 0.1 Percent | 77.5 | 0.0 | 0.8 | 60.8 | -40,814 | -1.3 | -0.2 | 15.5 | -0.5 | 36.1 |

Baseline Distribution of Income and Federal Taxes
by Expanded Cash Income Percentile Adjusted for Family Size, $2015{ }^{1}$

| Expanded Cash Income Percentile ${ }^{2,3}$ | Tax Units |  | Pre-Tax Income |  | Federal Tax Burden |  | After-Tax Income ${ }^{5}$ |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Average } \\ \text { Federal Tax } \\ \text { Rate }^{6} \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Number } \\ \text { (thousands) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { Percent of } \\ \text { Total } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | Average (dollars) | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { Percent of } \\ \text { Total } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | Average (dollars) | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { Percent of } \\ \text { Total } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | Average (dollars) | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { Percent of } \\ \text { Total } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |  |
| Lowest Quintile | 35,362 | 21.6 | 14,169 | 3.4 | -90 | -0.1 | 14,259 | 4.3 | -0.6 |
| Second Quintile | 33,994 | 20.8 | 33,077 | 7.7 | 2,162 | 2.6 | 30,914 | 8.9 | 6.5 |
| Middle Quintile | 32,189 | 19.7 | 58,387 | 12.8 | 7,173 | 8.0 | 51,214 | 14.0 | 12.3 |
| Fourth Quintile | 30,309 | 18.5 | 96,485 | 20.0 | 15,868 | 16.7 | 80,617 | 20.8 | 16.5 |
| Top Quintile | 30,227 | 18.5 | 272,302 | 56.2 | 69,270 | 72.6 | 203,032 | 52.2 | 25.4 |
| All | 163,798 | 100.0 | 89,403 | 100.0 | 17,604 | 100.0 | 71,799 | 100.0 | 19.7 |
| Addendum |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 80-90 | 15,282 | 9.3 | 141,170 | 14.7 | 27,122 | 14.4 | 114,048 | 14.8 | 19.2 |
| 90-95 | 7,611 | 4.7 | 196,622 | 10.2 | 41,939 | 11.1 | 154,683 | 10.0 | 21.3 |
| 95-99 | 5,922 | 3.6 | 333,084 | 13.5 | 80,053 | 16.4 | 253,031 | 12.7 | 24.0 |
| Top 1 Percent | 1,412 | 0.9 | 1,844,927 | 17.8 | 627,662 | 30.7 | 1,217,265 | 14.6 | 34.0 |
| Top 0.1 Percent | 144 | 0.1 | 8,563,559 | 8.4 | 3,130,202 | 15.6 | 5,433,357 | 6.6 | 36.6 |

Source: Urban-Brookings Tax Policy Center Microsimulation Model (version 0613-5).
umber of AMT Taxpayers (millions). Baseline: 4.5
(1) Calendar year. Baseline is current law. Proposal would reduce the 39.6 percent individual income tax rate to 38.6 percent, effective $01 / 01 / 15$. For a description of TPC's current law baseline see
http://www.taxpolicycenter.org/taxtopics/Baseline-Definitions.cfm
(2) Includes both filing and non-filing units but excludes those that are dependents of other tax units. Tax units with negative adjusted gross income are excluded from their respective income class but are included in the totals. For a description of expanded cash income, see
http://www.taxpolicycenter.org/TaxModel/income.cfm
(3) The income percentile classes used in this table are based on the income distribution for the entire population and contain an equal number of people, not tax units. The incomes used are justed for family size by dividing by the square root of the number of people
(4) Includes tax units with a change in federal tax burden of $\$ 10$ or more in absolute value.
(5) After-tax income is expanded cash income less: individual income tax net of refundable credits; corporate income tax; payroll taxes (Social Security and Medicare); and estate tax.
(6) Average federal tax (includes individual and corporate income tax, payroll taxes for Social Security and Medicare, and the estate tax) as a percentage of average expanded cash income.

Decrease 39.6 Percent Individual Income Tax Rate to $\mathbf{3 8 . 6}$ Percent
Baseline: Current Law
Distribution of Federal Tax Change by Expanded Cash Income Percentile Adjusted for Family Size, $2015{ }^{1}$
Detail Table - Single Tax Units

| Expanded Cash Income Percentile ${ }^{2,3}$ | Percent of Tax Units ${ }^{4}$ |  | Percent Change in After-Tax Income ${ }^{5}$ | Share of Total Federal Tax Change | Average Federal Tax Change |  | Share of Federal Taxes |  | Average Federal Tax Rate ${ }^{6}$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | With Tax Cut | With Tax Increase |  |  | Dollars | Percent | Change (\% Points) | Under the Proposal | Change (\% Points) | Under the Proposal |
| Lowest Quintile | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 1.8 | 0.0 | 4.8 |
| Second Quintile | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 6.1 | 0.0 | 8.9 |
| Middle Quintile | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 12.7 | 0.0 | 13.8 |
| Fourth Quintile | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 21.5 | 0.0 | 18.7 |
| Top Quintile | 1.3 | 0.0 | 0.1 | 100.0 | -128 | -0.3 | -0.1 | 57.7 | -0.1 | 25.8 |
| All | 0.2 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 100.0 | -15 | -0.2 | 0.0 | 100.0 | 0.0 | 18.7 |
| Addendum |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 80-90 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 14.5 | 0.0 | 21.2 |
| 90-95 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 11.1 | 0.0 | 23.1 |
| 95-99 | 0.1 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 12.2 | 0.0 | 24.5 |
| Top 1 Percent | 36.8 | 0.0 | 0.5 | 100.0 | -3,664 | -0.8 | -0.1 | 19.8 | -0.3 | 34.8 |
| Top 0.1 Percent | 68.7 | 0.0 | 0.7 | 72.6 | -26,593 | -1.1 | -0.1 | 10.5 | -0.4 | 38.0 |

Baseline Distribution of Income and Federal Taxes
by Expanded Cash Income Percentile Adjusted for Family Size, $2015{ }^{1}$

| Expanded Cash Income Percentile ${ }^{2,3}$ | Tax Units |  | Pre-Tax Income |  | Federal Tax Burden |  | After-Tax Income ${ }^{5}$ |  | Average Federal Tax Rate ${ }^{6}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Number } \\ \text { (thousands) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { Percent of } \\ \text { Total } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | Average (dollars) | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { Percent of } \\ \text { Total } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | Average (dollars) | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { Percent of } \\ \text { Total } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | Average (dollars) | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { Percent of } \\ \text { Total } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |  |
| Lowest Quintile | 21,755 | 29.2 | 11,103 | 6.8 | 532 | 1.7 | 10,571 | 8.0 | 4.8 |
| Second Quintile | 17,975 | 24.1 | 25,210 | 12.8 | 2,242 | 6.1 | 22,969 | 14.3 | 8.9 |
| Middle Quintile | 14,157 | 19.0 | 43,012 | 17.2 | 5,946 | 12.7 | 37,066 | 18.2 | 13.8 |
| Fourth Quintile | 11,192 | 15.0 | 68,399 | 21.6 | 12,756 | 21.5 | 55,643 | 21.6 | 18.7 |
| Top Quintile | 8,552 | 11.5 | 173,160 | 41.8 | 44,839 | 57.7 | 128,321 | 38.1 | 25.9 |
| All | 74,471 | 100.0 | 47,610 | 100.0 | 8,921 | 100.0 | 38,689 | 100.0 | 18.7 |
| Addendum |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 80-90 | 4,540 | 6.1 | 99,933 | 12.8 | 21,191 | 14.5 | 78,741 | 12.4 | 21.2 |
| 90-95 | 2,300 | 3.1 | 138,521 | 9.0 | 32,060 | 11.1 | 106,462 | 8.5 | 23.1 |
| 95-99 | 1,414 | 1.9 | 234,545 | 9.4 | 57,349 | 12.2 | 177,196 | 8.7 | 24.5 |
| Top 1 Percent | 299 | 0.4 | 1,262,697 | 10.6 | 443,575 | 19.9 | 819,123 | 8.5 | 35.1 |
| Top 0.1 Percent | 30 | 0.0 | 6,144,114 | 5.2 | 2,360,832 | 10.6 | 3,783,282 | 3.9 | 38.4 |

## Source: Urban-Brookings Tax Policy Center Microsimulation Model (version 0613-5).

* Less than 0.05
(1) Calendar year. Baseline is current law. Proposal would reduce the 39.6 percent individual income tax rate to 38.6 percent, effective 01/01/15. For a description of TPC's current law baseline, see
http:///
http://www.taxpolicycenter.org/taxtopics/Baseline-Definitions.cfm
(2) Includes both filing and non-filing units but excludes those that are dependents of other tax units. Tax units with negative adjusted gross income are excluded from their respective income class but are included in the totals. For a description of expanded cash income, see
http://www.taxpolicycenter.org/TaxModel/income.cfm
adjusted fore percentile classes used in this table are based on the income distribution for the entire population and contain an equal number of people, not tax units. The incomes used are ajusted for family size by dividing by the square root of the number of people in the tax unit. The resulting percentile breaks are (in 2013 dollars): $20 \% \$ 17,272 ; 40 \% \$ 31,840 ; 60 \% \$ 52,012 ; 80 \%$ \$82,159; 90\% \$114,160; 95\% \$160,290; 99\% \$376,761; 99.9\% \$1,971,702.
(4) Includes tax units with a change in federal tax burden of $\$ 10$ or more in absolute value.
(5) After-tax income is expanded cash income less: individual income tax net of refundable credits; corporate income tax; payroll taxes (Social Security and Medicare); and estate tax.
(6) Average federal tax (includes individual and corporate income tax, payroll taxes for Social Security and Medicare, and the estate tax) as a percentage of average expanded cash income.

Decrease 39.6 Percent Individual Income Tax Rate to $\mathbf{3 8 . 6}$ Percent
Baseline: Current Law
Distribution of Federal Tax Change by Expanded Cash Income Percentile Adjusted for Family Size, $2015{ }^{1}$
Detail Table - Married Tax Units Filing Jointly

| Expanded Cash Income Percentile ${ }^{2,3}$ | Percent of Tax Units ${ }^{4}$ |  | Percent Change in After-Tax Income ${ }^{5}$ | Share of Total <br> Federal Tax Change | Average Federal Tax Change |  | Share of Federal Taxes |  | Average Federal Tax Rate ${ }^{6}$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | With Tax Cut | With Tax Increase |  |  | Dollars | Percent | Change (\% Points) | Under the Proposal | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { Change (\% } \\ \text { Points) } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | Under the Proposal |
| Lowest Quintile | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | -0.1 | 0.0 | -1.6 |
| Second Quintile | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 1.1 | 0.0 | 5.7 |
| Middle Quintile | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 5.0 | 0.0 | 11.1 |
| Fourth Quintile | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0.1 | 14.3 | 0.0 | 15.4 |
| Top Quintile | 3.7 | 0.0 | 0.2 | 100.0 | -401 | -0.5 | -0.1 | 79.5 | -0.1 | 25.1 |
| All | 1.2 | 0.0 | 0.1 | 100.0 | -129 | -0.4 | 0.0 | 100.0 | -0.1 | 20.9 |
| Addendum |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 80-90 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0.1 | 14.5 | 0.0 | 18.5 |
| 90-95 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0.1 | 11.5 | 0.0 | 20.7 |
| 95-99 | 2.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 1.0 | -18 | 0.0 | 0.1 | 18.7 | 0.0 | 23.8 |
| Top 1 Percent | 62.3 | 0.0 | 0.6 | 99.0 | -7,561 | -1.1 | -0.3 | 34.8 | -0.4 | 33.5 |
| Top 0.1 Percent | 80.2 | 0.0 | 0.8 | 58.2 | -44,494 | -1.3 | -0.2 | 17.2 | -0.5 | 35.8 |

Baseline Distribution of Income and Federal Taxes
by Expanded Cash Income Percentile Adjusted for Family Size, $2015{ }^{1}$

| Expanded Cash Income Percentile ${ }^{2,3}$ | Tax Units |  | Pre-Tax Income |  | Federal Tax Burden |  | After-Tax Income ${ }^{5}$ |  | Average Federal Tax Rate ${ }^{6}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { Percent of } \\ \text { Total } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | Average (dollars) | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { Percent of } \\ \text { Total } \end{gathered}$ | Average (dollars) | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { Percent of } \\ \text { Total } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | Average (dollars) | Percent of Total |  |
| Lowest Quintile | 5,322 | 8.6 | 20,019 | 1.1 | -327 | -0.1 | 20,346 | 1.4 | -1.6 |
| Second Quintile | 8,305 | 13.3 | 44,648 | 3.9 | 2,552 | 1.1 | 42,097 | 4.6 | 5.7 |
| Middle Quintile | 12,243 | 19.7 | 74,499 | 9.5 | 8,262 | 5.0 | 66,237 | 10.7 | 11.1 |
| Fourth Quintile | 15,778 | 25.3 | 117,944 | 19.4 | 18,154 | 14.2 | 99,790 | 20.8 | 15.4 |
| Top Quintile | 19,977 | 32.1 | 318,199 | 66.3 | 80,350 | 79.6 | 237,849 | 62.7 | 25.3 |
| All | 62,259 | 100.0 | 154,110 | 100.0 | 32,398 | 100.0 | 121,712 | 100.0 | 21.0 |
| Addendum |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 80-90 | 9,741 | 15.7 | 162,023 | 16.5 | 29,968 | 14.5 | 132,055 | 17.0 | 18.5 |
| 90-95 | 4,910 | 7.9 | 226,520 | 11.6 | 46,865 | 11.4 | 179,654 | 11.6 | 20.7 |
| 95-99 | 4,277 | 6.9 | 368,139 | 16.4 | 87,794 | 18.6 | 280,345 | 15.8 | 23.9 |
| Top 1 Percent | 1,049 | 1.7 | 1,993,439 | 21.8 | 674,395 | 35.1 | 1,319,044 | 18.3 | 33.8 |
| Top 0.1 Percent | 105 | 0.2 | 9,185,257 | 10.0 | 3,333,500 | 17.3 | 5,851,757 | 8.1 | 36.3 |

## Source: Urban-Brookings Tax Policy Center Microsimulation Model (version 0613-5).

* Less than 0.05
(1) Calendar year. Baseline is current law. Proposal would reduce the 39.6 percent individual income tax rate to 38.6 percent, effective 01/01/15. For a description of TPC's current law baseline, see
http:///
http://www.taxpolicycenter.org/taxtopics/Baseline-Definitions.cfm

2) Includes both filing and non-filing units but excludes those that are dependents of other tax units. Tax units with negative adjusted gross income are excluded from their respective income class but are included in the totals. For a description of expanded cash income, see
http://www.taxpolicycenter.org/TaxModel/income.cfm
adjusted for percentile classes used in this table are based on the income distribution for the entire population and contain an equal number of people, not tax units. The incomes used are ajusted for family size by dividing by the square root of the number of people in the tax unit. The resulting percentile breaks are (in 2013 dollars): $20 \% \$ 17,272 ; 40 \% \$ 31,840 ; 60 \% \$ 52,012 ; 80 \%$ \$82,159; 90\% \$114,160; 95\% \$160,290; 99\% \$376,761; 99.9\% \$1,971,702.
(4) Includes tax units with a change in federal tax burden of $\$ 10$ or more in absolute value.
(5) After-tax income is expanded cash income less: individual income tax net of refundable credits; corporate income tax; payroll taxes (Social Security and Medicare); and estate tax.
(6) Average federal tax (includes individual and corporate income tax, payroll taxes for Social Security and Medicare, and the estate tax) as a percentage of average expanded cash income.

Decrease 39.6 Percent Individual Income Tax Rate to $\mathbf{3 8 . 6}$ Percent
Baseline: Current Law
Distribution of Federal Tax Change by Expanded Cash Income Percentile Adjusted for Family Size, $2015{ }^{1}$
Detail Table - Head of Household Tax Units

| Expanded Cash Income Percentile ${ }^{2,3}$ | Percent of Tax Units ${ }^{4}$ |  | Percent Change in After-Tax Income ${ }^{5}$ | Share of Total Federal Tax Change | Average Federal Tax Change |  | Share of Federal Taxes |  | Average Federal Tax Rate ${ }^{6}$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | With Tax Cut | With Tax Increase |  |  | Dollars | Percent | Change (\% Points) | Under the Proposal | Change (\% Points) | Under the Proposal |
| Lowest Quintile | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | -10.0 | 0.0 | -9.0 |
| Second Quintile | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 7.4 | 0.0 | 3.5 |
| Middle Quintile | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 29.5 | 0.0 | 12.4 |
| Fourth Quintile | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0.1 | 30.8 | 0.0 | 17.0 |
| Top Quintile | 1.8 | 0.0 | 0.1 | 100.0 | -179 | -0.4 | -0.1 | 42.2 | -0.1 | 24.3 |
| All | 0.1 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 100.0 | -8 | -0.2 | 0.0 | 100.0 | 0.0 | 10.9 |
| Addendum |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 80-90 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 14.5 | 0.0 | 20.4 |
| 90-95 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 6.4 | 0.0 | 21.7 |
| 95-99 | 0.9 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.5 | -7 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 8.6 | 0.0 | 24.5 |
| Top 1 Percent | 60.4 | 0.0 | 0.6 | 99.5 | -6,549 | -1.2 | -0.1 | 12.7 | -0.4 | 33.0 |
| Top 0.1 Percent | 76.9 | 0.0 | 0.8 | 61.4 | -43,304 | -1.5 | -0.1 | 6.2 | -0.5 | 35.3 |

Baseline Distribution of Income and Federal Taxes
by Expanded Cash Income Percentile Adjusted for Family Size, $2015{ }^{1}$

| Expanded Cash Income Percentile ${ }^{2,3}$ | Tax Units |  | Pre-Tax Income |  | Federal Tax Burden |  | After-Tax Income ${ }^{5}$ |  | Average Federal Tax Rate ${ }^{6}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { Percent of } \\ \text { Total } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | Average (dollars) | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { Percent of } \\ & \text { Total } \end{aligned}$ | Average (dollars) | Percent of Total | Average (dollars) | Percent of Total |  |
| Lowest Quintile | 7,977 | 33.2 | 18,689 | 12.1 | -1,679 | -10.0 | 20,368 | 14.8 | -9.0 |
| Second Quintile | 7,174 | 29.9 | 39,601 | 23.1 | 1,379 | 7.4 | 38,222 | 25.0 | 3.5 |
| Middle Quintile | 4,992 | 20.8 | 63,864 | 25.9 | 7,894 | 29.5 | 55,970 | 25.5 | 12.4 |
| Fourth Quintile | 2,596 | 10.8 | 93,385 | 19.7 | 15,849 | 30.8 | 77,535 | 18.4 | 17.0 |
| Top Quintile | 1,111 | 4.6 | 209,563 | 18.9 | 50,988 | 42.3 | 158,575 | 16.1 | 24.3 |
| All | 24,016 | 100.0 | 51,175 | 100.0 | 5,573 | 100.0 | 45,602 | 100.0 | 10.9 |
| Addendum |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 80-90 | 706 | 2.9 | 134,547 | 7.7 | 27,480 | 14.5 | 107,067 | 6.9 | 20.4 |
| 90-95 | 218 | 0.9 | 181,689 | 3.2 | 39,411 | 6.4 | 142,278 | 2.8 | 21.7 |
| 95-99 | 156 | 0.7 | 297,940 | 3.8 | 73,072 | 8.5 | 224,869 | 3.2 | 24.5 |
| Top 1 Percent | 30 | 0.1 | 1,706,864 | 4.2 | 569,822 | 12.9 | 1,137,042 | 3.1 | 33.4 |
| Top 0.1 Percent | 3 | 0.0 | 8,273,545 | 1.9 | 2,962,399 | 6.2 | 5,311,145 | 1.4 | 35.8 |

## Source: Urban-Brookings Tax Policy Center Microsimulation Model (version 0613-5).

* Less than 0.05
(1) Calendar year. Baseline is current law. Proposal would reduce the 39.6 percent individual income tax rate to 38.6 percent, effective 01/01/15. For a description of TPC's current law baseline, see
http://
http://www.taxpolicycenter.org/taxtopics/Baseline-Definitions.cfm

2) Includes both filing and non-filing units but excludes those that are dependents of other tax units. Tax units with negative adjusted gross income are excluded from their respective income class but are included in the totals. For a description of expanded cash income, see
http.//www.taxpolicycenter.org/TaxModel/income.cfm
adjusted for percentile classes used in this table are based on the income distribution for the entire population and contain an equal number of people, not tax units. The incomes used are ajusted for family size by dividing by the square root of the number of people in the tax unit. The resulting percentile breaks are (in 2013 dollars): $20 \% \$ 17,272 ; 40 \% \$ 31,840 ; 60 \% \$ 52,012 ; 80 \%$ \$82,159; 90\% \$114,160; 95\% \$160,290; 99\% \$376,761; 99.9\% \$1,971,702.
(4) Includes tax units with a change in federal tax burden of $\$ 10$ or more in absolute value.
(5) After-tax income is expanded cash income less: individual income tax net of refundable credits; corporate income tax; payroll taxes (Social Security and Medicare); and estate tax.
(6) Average federal tax (includes individual and corporate income tax, payroll taxes for Social Security and Medicare, and the estate tax) as a percentage of average expanded cash income.

## Table T14-0110 <br> Decrease 39.6 Percent Individual Income Tax Rate to $\mathbf{3 8 . 6}$ Percent

Baseline: Current Law
Distribution of Federal Tax Change by Expanded Cash Income Percentile Adjusted for Family Size, $2015{ }^{1}$
Detail Table - Tax Units with Children

| Expanded Cash Income Percentile ${ }^{2,3}$ | Percent of Tax Units ${ }^{4}$ |  | Percent Change in After-Tax Income ${ }^{5}$ | Share of Total Federal Tax Change | Average Federal Tax Change |  | Share of Federal Taxes |  | Average Federal Tax Rate ${ }^{6}$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | With Tax Cut | With Tax Increase |  |  | Dollars | Percent | Change (\% Points) | Under the Proposal | Change (\% Points) | Under the Proposal |
| Lowest Quintile | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | -2.0 | 0.0 | -10.2 |
| Second Quintile | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 1.6 | 0.0 | 3.6 |
| Middle Quintile | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 9.1 | 0.0 | 12.3 |
| Fourth Quintile | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0.1 | 19.3 | 0.0 | 16.2 |
| Top Quintile | 4.9 | 0.0 | 0.2 | 100.0 | -510 | -0.6 | -0.1 | 71.9 | -0.1 | 25.4 |
| All | 0.8 | 0.0 | 0.1 | 100.0 | -87 | $-0.4$ | 0.0 | 100.0 | -0.1 | 18.6 |
| Addendum |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 80-90 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0.1 | 14.3 | 0.0 | 19.0 |
| 90-95 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 11.0 | 0.0 | 21.1 |
| 95-99 | 5.2 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 1.8 | -47 | 0.0 | 0.1 | 16.3 | 0.0 | 24.5 |
| Top 1 Percent | 79.0 | 0.0 | 0.7 | 98.2 | -10,167 | -1.3 | -0.3 | 30.3 | -0.5 | 33.8 |
| Top 0.1 Percent | 85.0 | 0.0 | 0.8 | 51.1 | -56,809 | -1.5 | -0.2 | 14.1 | -0.5 | 36.0 |

Baseline Distribution of Income and Federal Taxes
by Expanded Cash Income Percentile Adjusted for Family Size, $2015{ }^{1}$

| Expanded Cash Income Percentile ${ }^{2,3}$ | Tax Units |  | Pre-Tax Income |  | Federal Tax Burden |  | After-Tax Income ${ }^{5}$ |  | Average Federal Tax Rate ${ }^{6}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Number } \\ \text { (thousands) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { Percent of } \\ \text { Total } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | Average (dollars) | Percent of Total | Average (dollars) | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { Percent of } \\ \text { Total } \end{gathered}$ | Average (dollars) | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { Percent of } \\ \text { Total } \end{gathered}$ |  |
| Lowest Quintile | 10,705 | 20.9 | 19,909 | 3.6 | -2,038 | -2.0 | 21,948 | 4.9 | -10.2 |
| Second Quintile | 10,704 | 20.9 | 45,014 | 8.1 | 1,630 | 1.6 | 43,384 | 9.6 | 3.6 |
| Middle Quintile | 10,325 | 20.2 | 78,907 | 13.7 | 9,674 | 9.0 | 69,234 | 14.8 | 12.3 |
| Fourth Quintile | 10,260 | 20.1 | 128,289 | 22.2 | 20,716 | 19.2 | 107,573 | 22.8 | 16.2 |
| Top Quintile | 8,772 | 17.1 | 355,864 | 52.5 | 90,832 | 72.0 | 265,033 | 48.1 | 25.5 |
| All | 51,185 | 100.0 | 116,093 | 100.0 | 21,626 | 100.0 | 94,468 | 100.0 | 18.6 |
| Addendum |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 80-90 | 4,492 | 8.8 | 184,253 | 13.9 | 35,075 | 14.2 | 149,179 | 13.9 | 19.0 |
| 90-95 | 2,159 | 4.2 | 265,880 | 9.7 | 56,167 | 11.0 | 209,713 | 9.4 | 21.1 |
| 95-99 | 1,689 | 3.3 | 434,111 | 12.3 | 106,560 | 16.3 | 327,550 | 11.4 | 24.6 |
| Top 1 Percent | 432 | 0.8 | 2,283,986 | 16.6 | 782,296 | 30.5 | 1,501,690 | 13.4 | 34.3 |
| Top 0.1 Percent | 40 | 0.1 | 10,697,087 | 7.3 | 3,904,273 | 14.2 | 6,792,813 | 5.7 | 36.5 |

Source: Urban-Brookings Tax Policy Center Microsimulation Model (version 0613-5).
"Less than 0.05
Note: Tax units with children are those claiming an exemption for children at home or away from home
(1) Calendar year. Baseline is current law. Proposal would reduce the 39.6 percent individual income tax rate to 38.6 percent, effective $01 / 01 / 15$. For a description of TPC's current law baseline, see
Ittp://www.taxpolicycenter.org/taxtopics/Baseline-Definitions.cfm
(2) Includes both filing and non-filing units but excludes those that are dependents of other tax units. Tax units with negative adjusted gross income are excluded from their respective income llass but are included in the totals. For a description of expanded cash income, see
ttp://www.taxpolicycenter.org/TaxModel/income.cfm
(3) The income percentile classes used in this table are based on the income distribution for the entire population and contain an equal number of people, not tax units. The incomes used are adjusted for family size by dividing by the square root of the number of people in the tax unit. The resulting percentile breaks are (in 2013 dollars): $20 \% \$ 17,272 ; 40 \% \$ 31,840 ; 60 \%$ \$52,012; $80 \%$ \$82,159; $90 \%$ \$114,160; 95\% \$160,290; 99\% \$376,761; 99.9\% \$1,971,702.
(4) Includes tax units with a change in federal tax burden of $\$ 10$ or more in absolute value
5) After-tax income is expanded cash income less: individual income tax net of refundable credits; corporate income tax; payroll taxes (Social Security and Medicare); and estate tax
(6) Average federal tax (includes individual and corporate income tax, payroll taxes for Social Security and Medicare, and the estate tax) as a percentage of average expanded cash income.

## Table T14-0110 <br> Decrease 39.6 Percent Individual Income Tax Rate to $\mathbf{3 8 . 6}$ Percent <br> Baseline: Current Law <br> Distribution of Federal Tax Change by Expanded Cash Income Percentile Adjusted for Family Size, 2015

 Detail Table - Elderly Tax Units| Expanded Cash Income Percentile ${ }^{2,3}$ | Percent of Tax Units ${ }^{4}$ |  | Percent Change in After-Tax Income ${ }^{5}$ | Share of Total Federal Tax Change | Average Federal Tax Change |  | Share of Federal Taxes |  | Average Federal Tax Rate ${ }^{6}$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | With Tax Cut | With Tax Increase |  |  | Dollars | Percent | Change (\% Points) | Under the Proposal | Change (\% Points) | Under the Proposal |
| Lowest Quintile | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.1 | 0.0 | 0.7 |
| Second Quintile | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 1.3 | 0.0 | 2.5 |
| Middle Quintile | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 5.4 | 0.0 | 6.4 |
| Fourth Quintile | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 13.1 | 0.0 | 12.1 |
| Top Quintile | 2.0 | 0.0 | 0.1 | 100.0 | -230 | -0.4 | -0.1 | 79.9 | -0.1 | 24.7 |
| All | 0.3 | 0.0 | 0.1 | 100.0 | -38 | -0.3 | 0.0 | 100.0 | -0.1 | 17.1 |
| Addendum |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 80-90 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 12.6 | 0.0 | 16.0 |
| 90-95 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 9.4 | 0.0 | 19.4 |
| 95-99 | 0.1 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.1 | -1 | 0.0 | 0.1 | 18.0 | 0.0 | 23.0 |
| Top 1 Percent | 35.8 | 0.0 | 0.4 | 99.9 | -4,110 | -0.7 | -0.2 | 39.8 | -0.2 | 34.1 |
| Top 0.1 Percent | 61.7 | 0.0 | 0.5 | 68.9 | -26,390 | -0.9 | -0.1 | 20.8 | -0.3 | 36.5 |

Baseline Distribution of Income and Federal Taxes
by Expanded Cash Income Percentile Adjusted for Family Size, $2015{ }^{1}$

| Expanded Cash Income Percentile ${ }^{2,3}$ | Tax Units |  | Pre-Tax Income |  | Federal Tax Burden |  | After-Tax Income ${ }^{5}$ |  | Average Federal Tax Rate ${ }^{6}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Number } \\ \text { (thousands) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { Percent of } \\ \text { Total } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | Average (dollars) | Percent of Total | $\underline{\text { Average (dollars) }}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { Percent of } \\ \text { Total } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | Average (dollars) | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { Percent of } \\ \text { Total } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |  |
| Lowest Quintile | 6,891 | 18.6 | 13,327 | 3.1 | 98 | 0.1 | 13,229 | 3.7 | 0.7 |
| Second Quintile | 9,256 | 24.9 | 28,007 | 8.8 | 697 | 1.3 | 27,310 | 10.3 | 2.5 |
| Middle Quintile | 8,323 | 22.4 | 51,356 | 14.5 | 3,268 | 5.4 | 48,089 | 16.4 | 6.4 |
| Fourth Quintile | 6,308 | 17.0 | 86,349 | 18.5 | 10,466 | 13.1 | 75,882 | 19.6 | 12.1 |
| Top Quintile | 6,186 | 16.7 | 262,805 | 55.1 | 65,255 | 79.9 | 197,551 | 50.0 | 24.8 |
| All | 37,154 | 100.0 | 79,411 | 100.0 | 13,594 | 100.0 | 65,817 | 100.0 | 17.1 |
| Addendum |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 80-90 | 3,138 | 8.5 | 126,823 | 13.5 | 20,240 | 12.6 | 106,584 | 13.7 | 16.0 |
| 90-95 | 1,393 | 3.8 | 175,639 | 8.3 | 34,120 | 9.4 | 141,519 | 8.1 | 19.4 |
| 95-99 | 1,309 | 3.5 | 301,753 | 13.4 | 69,349 | 18.0 | 232,404 | 12.4 | 23.0 |
| Top 1 Percent | 346 | 0.9 | 1,700,803 | 19.9 | 583,772 | 40.0 | 1,117,031 | 15.8 | 34.3 |
| Top 0.1 Percent | 37 | 0.1 | 7,753,958 | 9.8 | 2,854,689 | 21.0 | 4,899,269 | 7.4 | 36.8 |

Source: Urban-Brookings Tax Policy Center Microsimulation Model (version 0613-5).
Less than 0.05
Note: Elderly tax units are those with either head or spouse (if filing jointly) age 65 or older.
(1) Calendar year. Baseline is current law. Proposal would reduce the 39.6 percent individual income tax rate to 38.6 percent, effective $01 / 01 / 15$. For a description of TPC's current law baseline, see
ittp://www.taxpolicycenter.org/taxtopics/Baseline-Definitions.cfm
2) Includes both filing and non-filing units but excludes those that are dependents of other tax units. Tax units with negative adjusted gross income are excluded from their respective income class but are included in the totals. For a description of expanded cash income, see
http://www.taxpolicycenter.org/TaxModel/income.cfm
3) The income percentile classes used in this table are based on the income distribution for the entire population and contain an equal number of people, not tax units. The incomes used are adjusted for family size by dividing by the square root of the number of people in the tax unit. The resulting percentile breaks are (in 2013 dollars): $20 \% \$ 17,272 ; 40 \% \$ 31,840 ; 60 \%$ \$52,012; $80 \%$ \$82,159; 90\% \$114,160; 95\% \$160,290; 99\% \$376,761; 99.9\% \$1,971,702.
4) Includes tax units with a change in federal tax burden of $\$ 10$ or more in absolute value
5) After-tax income is expanded cash income less: individual income tax net of refundable credits; corporate income tax; payroll taxes (Social Security and Medicare); and estate tax
(6) Average federal tax (includes individual and corporate income tax, payroll taxes for Social Security and Medicare, and the estate tax) as a percentage of average expanded cash income.

