Click on PDF or Excel link above for additional tables containing more detail and breakdowns by filing status and demographic groups.

Table T14-0029 21st Century Worker Tax Cut Act: Deduction for Dual-Earner Families Baseline: Current Law Distribution of Federal Tax Change by Expanded Cash Income Percentile, 2015¹

Summary Table

		Tax Units with Ta	ax Increase or Cut ⁴		Percent Change	Share of Total	Average	Average Fede	eral Tax Rate ⁶
Expanded Cash Income Percentile ^{2,3}	With Ta	ax Cut	With Tax I	With Tax Increase		Federal Tax	Federal Tax	Change (9/	Under the
Percentile	Pct of Tax Units	Avg Tax Cut	Pct of Tax Units	Avg Tax Increase	Income ⁵	Change	Change (\$)	Change (% Points)	Proposal
Lowest Quintile	*	**	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	3.1
Second Quintile	2.0	-413	0.0	0	0.0	4.3	-8	0.0	8.3
Middle Quintile	6.6	-557	0.0	0	0.1	17.1	-37	-0.1	13.9
Fourth Quintile	17.6	-772	0.0	0	0.2	51.9	-136	-0.1	16.9
Top Quintile	8.6	-928	0.0	0	0.0	26.6	-80	0.0	25.7
All	5.8	-729	0.0	0	0.1	100.0	-42	-0.1	19.6
Addendum									
80-90	17.0	-931	0.0	0	0.1	26.4	-158	-0.1	19.1
90-95	0.4	-673	0.0	0	0.0	0.2	-3	0.0	21.0
95-99	*	**	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	24.3
Top 1 Percent	*	**	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	34.2
Top 0.1 Percent	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	36.6

Source: Urban-Brookings Tax Policy Center Microsimulation Model (version 0613-3).

Number of AMT Taxpayers (millions). Baseline: 4.5 Proposal: 4.5

* Less than 0.05

** Insufficient data

(1) Baseline is current law. Proposal would allow an above-the-line deduction equal to 20 percent of the lesser of \$60,000 or the earned income of the spouse with the lower amount of earned income in the taxable year. The deduction would only be available to married taxpayers filing jointly with at least one qualifying child under the age of 12. The deduction would phase out for taxpayers with AGI in excess of \$110,000 over a \$20,000 range. The phase-out of the earned income tax credit (EITC) would also be calculated based on earned income less the amount of the above-the-line deduction. For a description of TPC's current law baseline, see:

http://www.taxpolicycenter.org/taxtopics/Baseline-Definitions.cfm

(2) Includes both filing and non-filing units but excludes those that are dependents of other tax units. Tax units with negative adjusted gross income are excluded from their respective income class but are included in the totals. For a description of expanded cash income, see

http://www.taxpolicycenter.org/TaxModel/income.cfm

(3) The income percentile classes used in this table are based on the income distribution for the entire population and contain an equal number of people, not tax units. The breaks are (in 2013 dollars): 20% \$24,844; 40% \$48,286; 60% \$82,182; 80% \$137,646; 90% \$188,937; 95% \$271,750; 99% \$638,232; 99.9% \$3,279,269.

(4) Includes tax units with a change in federal tax burden of \$10 or more in absolute value.

(5) After-tax income is expanded cash income less: individual income tax net of refundable credits; corporate income tax; payroll taxes (Social Security and Medicare); and estate tax.

Table T14-0029 21st Century Worker Tax Cut Act: Deduction for Dual-Earner Families Baseline: Current Law Distribution of Federal Tax Change by Expanded Cash Income Percentile, 2015 ¹ Detail Table

Expanded Cash Income			Percent Change in After-Tax	Share of Total Federal Tax –	Average Feder	al Tax Change	Share of Fee	leral Taxes	Average Federal Tax Rate ⁶	
Percentile ^{2,3}	With Tax Cut	With Tax Increase	Income ⁵	Change	Dollars	Percent	Change (% Points)	Under the Proposal	Change (% Points)	Under the Proposal
Lowest Quintile	*	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0.7	0.0	3.1
Second Quintile	2.0	0.0	0.0	4.3	-8	-0.3	0.0	3.9	0.0	8.3
Middle Quintile	6.6	0.0	0.1	17.1	-37	-0.4	0.0	10.4	-0.1	13.9
Fourth Quintile	17.6	0.0	0.2	51.9	-136	-0.7	-0.1	17.4	-0.1	16.9
Top Quintile	8.6	0.0	0.0	26.6	-80	-0.1	0.1	67.4	0.0	25.7
All	5.8	0.0	0.1	100.0	-42	-0.2	0.0	100.0	-0.1	19.6
Addendum										
80-90	17.0	0.0	0.1	26.4	-158	-0.5	0.0	12.7	-0.1	19.1
90-95	0.4	0.0	0.0	0.2	-3	0.0	0.0	9.8	0.0	21.0
95-99	*	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	15.1	0.0	24.3
Top 1 Percent	*	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.1	29.8	0.0	34.2
Top 0.1 Percent	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	15.0	0.0	36.6

Baseline Distribution of Income and Federal Taxes

by Expanded Cash Income Percentile, 2015¹

Expanded Cash Income	Tax U	Inits	Pre-Tax Income		Federal Tax	Burden	After-Tax In	come ⁵	Average
Percentile ^{2,3}	Number (thousands)	Percent of Total	Average (dollars)	Percent of Total	Average (dollars)	Percent of Total	Average (dollars)	Percent of Total	Federal Tax Rate ⁶
Lowest Quintile	43,476	26.5	15,006	4.5	466	0.7	14,541	5.4	3.1
Second Quintile	36,374	22.2	37,120	9.2	3,097	3.9	34,023	10.5	8.3
Middle Quintile	32,412	19.8	66,179	14.7	9,220	10.4	56,958	15.7	13.9
Fourth Quintile	26,575	16.2	111,245	20.2	18,925	17.4	92,320	20.9	17.0
Top Quintile	23,244	14.2	325,092	51.6	83,522	67.3	241,570	47.7	25.7
All	163,798	100.0	89,403	100.0	17,604	100.0	71,799	100.0	19.7
Addendum									
80-90	11,605	7.1	165,124	13.1	31,623	12.7	133,502	13.2	19.2
90-95	5,784	3.5	232,934	9.2	48,827	9.8	184,107	9.1	21.0
95-99	4,668	2.9	383,706	12.2	93,287	15.1	290,419	11.5	24.3
Top 1 Percent	1,186	0.7	2,109,944	17.1	722,424	29.7	1,387,520	14.0	34.2
Top 0.1 Percent	122	0.1	9,678,353	8.1	3,542,476	15.0	6,135,877	6.4	36.6

Source: Urban-Brookings Tax Policy Center Microsimulation Model (version 0613-3).

Number of AMT Taxpayers (millions). Baseline: 4.5 Proposal: 4.5

* Less than 0.05

(1) Baseline is current law. Proposal would allow an above-the-line deduction equal to 20 percent of the lesser of \$60,000 or the earned income of the spouse with the lower amount of earned income in the taxable year. The deduction would only be available to married taxpayers filing jointly with at least one qualifying child under the age of 12. The deduction would phase out for taxpayers with AGI in excess of \$110,000 over a \$20,000 range. The phase-out of the earned income tax credit (EITC) would also be calculated based on

earned income less the amount of the above-the-line deduction. For a description of TPC's current law baseline, see:

http://www.taxpolicycenter.org/taxtopics/Baseline-Definitions.cfm

(2) Includes both filing and non-filing units but excludes those that are dependents of other tax units. Tax units with negative adjusted gross income are excluded from their respective income class but are included in the totals. For a description of expanded cash income, see

http://www.taxpolicycenter.org/TaxModel/income.cfm

(3) The income percentile classes used in this table are based on the income distribution for the entire population and contain an equal number of people, not tax units. The breaks are (in 2013 dollars): 20% \$24,844; 40% \$48,286; 60% \$82,182; 80% \$137,646; 90% \$188,937; 95% \$271,750; 99% \$638,232; 99.9% \$3,279,269.

(4) Includes tax units with a change in federal tax burden of \$10 or more in absolute value.

(5) After-tax income is expanded cash income less: individual income tax net of refundable credits; corporate income tax; payroll taxes (Social Security and Medicare); and estate tax.

Table T14-0029 21st Century Worker Tax Cut Act: Deduction for Dual-Earner Families Baseline: Current Law Distribution of Federal Tax Change by Expanded Cash Income Percentile Adjusted for Family Size, 2015 ¹ Detail Table

Expanded Cash Income	Percent of 1	ax Units ⁴	Percent Change	Share of Total	Average Feder	al Tax Change	Share of Fee	leral Taxes	Average Fede	eral Tax Rate ⁶
Percentile ^{2,3}	With Tax Cut	With Tax Increase	in After-Tax Income⁵	Federal Tax Change	Dollars	Percent	Change (% Points)	Under the Proposal	Change (% Points)	Under the Proposal
Lowest Quintile	0.6	0.0	0.0	1.0	-2	2.2	0.0	-0.1	0.0	-0.6
Second Quintile	4.1	0.0	0.1	10.6	-22	-1.0	0.0	2.5	-0.1	6.5
Middle Quintile	9.3	0.0	0.1	25.2	-54	-0.8	0.0	8.0	-0.1	12.2
Fourth Quintile	14.1	0.0	0.2	54.3	-125	-0.8	-0.1	16.6	-0.1	16.3
Top Quintile	2.2	0.0	0.0	8.8	-20	0.0	0.2	72.8	0.0	25.4
All	5.8	0.0	0.1	100.0	-42	-0.2	0.0	100.0	-0.1	19.6
ddendum										
80-90	4.3	0.0	0.0	8.8	-40	-0.2	0.0	14.4	0.0	19.2
90-95	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.1	0	0.0	0.0	11.1	0.0	21.3
95-99	*	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	16.5	0.0	24.0
Top 1 Percent	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.1	30.8	0.0	34.0
Top 0.1 Percent	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	15.7	0.0	36.6

Baseline Distribution of Income and Federal Taxes

by Expanded Cash Income Percentile Adjusted for Family Size, 2015¹

Expanded Cash Income	Tax U	Inits	Pre-Tax Income		Federal Tax	Burden	After-Tax In	come ⁵	Average — Federal Tax
Percentile ^{2,3}	Number (thousands)	Percent of Total	Average (dollars)	Percent of Total	Average (dollars)	Percent of Total	Average (dollars)	Percent of Total	Rate ⁶
Lowest Quintile	35,361	21.6	14,169	3.4	-86	-0.1	14,255	4.3	-0.6
Second Quintile	33,995	20.8	33,076	7.7	2,165	2.6	30,911	8.9	6.5
Middle Quintile	32,189	19.7	58,384	12.8	7,167	8.0	51,217	14.0	12.3
Fourth Quintile	30,310	18.5	96,483	20.0	15,872	16.7	80,610	20.8	16.5
Top Quintile	30,227	18.5	272,313	56.2	69,267	72.6	203,046	52.2	25.4
All	163,798	100.0	89,403	100.0	17,604	100.0	71,799	100.0	19.7
Addendum									
80-90	15,280	9.3	141,165	14.7	27,135	14.4	114,030	14.8	19.2
90-95	7,613	4.7	196,601	10.2	41,934	11.1	154,667	10.0	21.3
95-99	5,921	3.6	333,072	13.5	79,978	16.4	253,094	12.7	24.0
Top 1 Percent	1,412	0.9	1,845,253	17.8	627,750	30.7	1,217,503	14.6	34.0
Top 0.1 Percent	144	0.1	8,564,806	8.4	3,131,551	15.6	5,433,255	6.7	36.6

Source: Urban-Brookings Tax Policy Center Microsimulation Model (version 0613-3).

Number of AMT Taxpayers (millions). Baseline: 4.5 Proposal: 4.5

* Less than 0.05

(1) Baseline is current law. Proposal would allow an above-the-line deduction equal to 20 percent of the lesser of \$60,000 or the earned income of the spouse with the lower amount of earned income in the taxable year. The deduction would only be available to married taxpayers filing jointly with at least one qualifying child under the age of 12. The deduction would phase out for taxpayers with AGI in excess of \$10,000 over a \$20,000 range. The phase-out of the earned income tax credit (EITC) would also be calculated based on earned income less the amount of the above-the-line deduction. For a description of TPC's current law baseline, see:

http://www.taxpolicycenter.org/taxtopics/Baseline-Definitions.cfm

(2) Includes both filing and non-filing units but excludes those that are dependents of other tax units. Tax units with negative adjusted gross income are excluded from their respective income class but are included in the totals. For a description of expanded cash income, see

http://www.taxpolicycenter.org/TaxModel/income.cfm

(3) The income percentile classes used in this table are based on the income distribution for the entire population and contain an equal number of people, not tax units. The incomes used are adjusted for family size by dividing by the square root of the number of people in the tax unit. The resulting percentile breaks are (in 2013 dollars): 20% 517,272; 40% 531,839; 60% 552,010; 80% 582,156; 90% \$114,150; 95% 5160,2776; 99% 537,676; 99% 537,676; 99% 537,699 \$1,971,618.

(4) Includes tax units with a change in federal tax burden of \$10 or more in absolute value.

(5) After-tax income is expanded cash income less: individual income tax net of refundable credits; corporate income tax; payroll taxes (Social Security and Medicare); and estate tax. (6) Average federal tax (includes individual and corporate income tax, payroll taxes for Social Security and Medicare, and the estate tax) as a percentage of average expanded cash income.

Table T14-0029 21st Century Worker Tax Cut Act: Deduction for Dual-Earner Families Baseline: Current Law Distribution of Federal Tax Change by Expanded Cash Income Percentile Adjusted for Family Size, 2015 ¹ Detail Table - Single Tax Units

Expanded Cash Income	Percent of T	ax Units ⁴	Percent Change in After-Tax	Share of Total Federal Tax – Change	Average Federa	al Tax Change	Share of Fee	leral Taxes	Average Federal Tax Rate ⁶	
Percentile ^{2,3}	With Tax Cut	With Tax Increase			Dollars	Percent	Change (% Points)	Under the Proposal	Change (% Points)	Under the Proposal
Lowest Quintile	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	1.8	0.0	4.8
Second Quintile	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	6.1	0.0	8.9
Middle Quintile	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	12.7	0.0	13.8
Fourth Quintile	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	21.5	0.0	18.7
Top Quintile	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	57.7	0.0	25.9
All	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	100.0	0.0	18.7
Addendum										
80-90	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	14.5	0.0	21.2
90-95	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	11.1	0.0	23.2
95-99	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	12.2	0.0	24.5
Top 1 Percent	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	19.9	0.0	35.1
Top 0.1 Percent	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	10.6	0.0	38.4

Baseline Distribution of Income and Federal Taxes

by Expanded Cash Income Percentile Adjusted for Family Size, 2015¹

Expanded Cash Income	Tax U	Inits	Pre-Tax Income		Federal Tax	Burden	After-Tax In	come ⁵	Average — Federal Tax
Percentile ^{2,3}	Number (thousands)	Percent of Total	Average (dollars)	Percent of Total	Average (dollars)	Percent of Total	Average (dollars)	Percent of Total	Federal Tax Rate ⁶
Lowest Quintile	21,755	29.2	11,102	6.8	533	1.8	10,569	8.0	4.8
Second Quintile	17,975	24.1	25,209	12.8	2,238	6.1	22,971	14.3	8.9
Middle Quintile	14,155	19.0	43,007	17.2	5,941	12.7	37,066	18.2	13.8
Fourth Quintile	11,194	15.0	68,398	21.6	12,761	21.5	55,637	21.6	18.7
Top Quintile	8,551	11.5	173,155	41.8	44,838	57.7	128,317	38.1	25.9
All	74,471	100.0	47,608	100.0	8,920	100.0	38,688	100.0	18.7
Addendum									
80-90	4,538	6.1	99,922	12.8	21,205	14.5	78,718	12.4	21.2
90-95	2,301	3.1	138,499	9.0	32,067	11.1	106,432	8.5	23.2
95-99	1,414	1.9	234,525	9.4	57,330	12.2	177,195	8.7	24.5
Top 1 Percent	299	0.4	1,262,728	10.6	443,315	19.9	819,413	8.5	35.1
Top 0.1 Percent	30	0.0	6,143,359	5.2	2,360,001	10.6	3,783,358	3.9	38.4

Source: Urban-Brookings Tax Policy Center Microsimulation Model (version 0613-3).

* Less than 0.05

(1) Baseline is current law. Proposal would allow an above-the-line deduction equal to 20 percent of the lesser of \$60,000 or the earned income of the spouse with the lower amount of earned income in the taxable year. The deduction would only be available to married taxpayers filing jointly with at least one qualifying child under the age of 12. The deduction would phase out for taxpayers with AGI in excess of \$110,000 over a \$20,000 range. The phase-out of the earned income tax credit (EITC) would also be calculated based on

earned income less the amount of the above-the-line deduction. For a description of TPC's current law baseline, see:

http://www.taxpolicycenter.org/taxtopics/Baseline-Definitions.cfm

(2) Includes both filing and non-filing units but excludes those that are dependents of other tax units. Tax units with negative adjusted gross income are excluded from their respective income class but are included in the totals. For a description of expanded cash income, see

http://www.taxpolicycenter.org/TaxModel/income.cfm

(3) The income percentile classes used in this table are based on the income distribution for the entire population and contain an equal number of people, not tax units. The incomes used are adjusted for family size by dividing by the square root of the number of people in the tax unit. The resulting percentile breaks are (in 2013 dollars): 20% \$17,272; 40% \$31,839; 60% \$52,010; 80% \$82,156; 90% \$114,150; 95% \$160,278; 99% \$376,776; 99.9% \$1,971,618.

(4) Includes tax units with a change in federal tax burden of \$10 or more in absolute value.

(5) After-tax income is expanded cash income less: individual income tax net of refundable credits; corporate income tax; payroll taxes (Social Security and Medicare); and estate tax.

Table T14-0029 21st Century Worker Tax Cut Act: Deduction for Dual-Earner Families Baseline: Current Law Distribution of Federal Tax Change by Expanded Cash Income Percentile Adjusted for Family Size, 2015 ¹ Detail Table - Married Tax Units Filing Jointly

Expanded Cash Income	Percent of 1	ax Units ⁴	Percent Change in After-Tax	Share of Total Federal Tax —	Average Feder	al Tax Change	Share of Fee	leral Taxes	Average Federal Tax Rate ⁶	
Percentile ^{2,3}	With Tax Cut	With Tax Increase	Income ⁵ Change		Dollars	Percent	Change (% Points)	Under the Proposal	Change (% Points)	Under the Proposal
Lowest Quintile	4.0	0.0	0.1	1.0	-13	3.9	0.0	-0.1	-0.1	-1.7
Second Quintile	16.6	0.0	0.2	10.6	-89	-3.5	0.0	1.0	-0.2	5.5
Middle Quintile	24.3	0.0	0.2	25.2	-143	-1.7	-0.1	4.9	-0.2	10.9
Fourth Quintile	27.2	0.0	0.2	54.3	-239	-1.3	-0.1	14.1	-0.2	15.2
Top Quintile	3.3	0.0	0.0	8.8	-31	0.0	0.2	79.8	0.0	25.2
All	15.3	0.0	0.1	100.0	-112	-0.3	0.0	100.0	-0.1	21.0
Addendum										
80-90	6.8	0.0	0.1	8.8	-63	-0.2	0.0	14.5	0.0	18.5
90-95	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.1	-1	0.0	0.0	11.5	0.0	20.7
95-99	*	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.1	18.7	0.0	23.8
Top 1 Percent	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.1	35.2	0.0	33.8
Top 0.1 Percent	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.1	17.4	0.0	36.3

Baseline Distribution of Income and Federal Taxes

by Expanded Cash Income Percentile Adjusted for Family Size, 2015¹

Expanded Cash Income	Tax Units		Pre-Tax Income		Federal Tax	Burden	After-Tax In	come ⁵	Average — Federal Tax
Percentile ^{2,3}	ntile ^{2,3} Number Per (thousands) T		Average (dollars)	Percent of Total	Average (dollars)	Percent of Total	Average (dollars)	Percent of Total	Rate ⁶
Lowest Quintile	5,320	8.6	20,017	1.1	-322	-0.1	20,339	1.4	-1.6
Second Quintile	8,306	13.3	44,644	3.9	2,563	1.1	42,080	4.6	5.7
Middle Quintile	12,244	19.7	74,496	9.5	8,252	5.0	66,243	10.7	11.1
Fourth Quintile	15,779	25.3	117,945	19.4	18,157	14.2	99,788	20.8	15.4
Top Quintile	19,975	32.1	318,232	66.3	80,351	79.6	237,881	62.7	25.3
All	62,259	100.0	154,113	100.0	32,397	100.0	121,717	100.0	21.0
Addendum									
80-90	9,739	15.6	162,018	16.5	29,980	14.5	132,038	17.0	18.5
90-95	4,911	7.9	226,510	11.6	46,855	11.4	179,654	11.6	20.7
95-99	4,276	6.9	368,149	16.4	87,711	18.6	280,438	15.8	23.8
Top 1 Percent	1,049	1.7	1,993,841	21.8	674,583	35.1	1,319,258	18.3	33.8
Top 0.1 Percent	105	0.2	9,187,150	10.0	3,335,598	17.3	5,851,553	8.1	36.3

Source: Urban-Brookings Tax Policy Center Microsimulation Model (version 0613-3).

* Less than 0.05

(1) Baseline is current law. Proposal would allow an above-the-line deduction equal to 20 percent of the lesser of \$60,000 or the earned income of the spouse with the lower amount of earned income in the taxable year. The deduction would only be available to married taxapyers filing jointly with at least one qualifying child under the age of 12. The deduction would phase out for taxpayers with AGI in excess of \$110,000 over a \$20,000 range. The phase-out of the earned income tax credit (EITC) would also be calculated based on earned income less the amount of the above-the-line deduction. For a description of TPC's current law baseline, see:

http://www.taxpolicycenter.org/taxtopics/Baseline-Definitions.cfm

(2) Includes both filing and non-filing units but excludes those that are dependents of other tax units. Tax units with negative adjusted gross income are excluded from their respective income class but are included in the totals. For a description of expanded cash income, see

http://www.taxpolicycenter.org/TaxModel/income.cfm

(3) The income percentile classes used in this table are based on the income distribution for the entire population and contain an equal number of people, not tax units. The incomes used are adjusted for family size by dividing by the square root of the number of people in the tax unit. The resulting percentile breaks are (in 2013 dollars): 20% \$17,272; 40% \$31,839; 60% \$52,010; 80% \$82,156; 90% \$114,150; 95% \$160,278; 99% \$376,776; 99.9% \$1,971,618.

(4) Includes tax units with a change in federal tax burden of \$10 or more in absolute value.

(5) After-tax income is expanded cash income less: individual income tax net of refundable credits; corporate income tax; payroll taxes (Social Security and Medicare); and estate tax.

Table T14-0029 21st Century Worker Tax Cut Act: Deduction for Dual-Earner Families Baseline: Current Law Distribution of Federal Tax Change by Expanded Cash Income Percentile Adjusted for Family Size, 2015 ¹ Detail Table - Head of Household Tax Units

Expanded Cash Income			Percent Change in After-Tax	Share of Total Federal Tax —	Average Feder	al Tax Change	Share of Federal Taxes		Average Federal Tax Rate ⁶	
Percentile ^{2,3}	With Tax Cut	With Tax Increase	Income ⁵	Change	Dollars	Percent	Change (% Points)	Under the Proposal	Change (% Points)	Under the Proposal
Lowest Quintile	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	-10.0	0.0	-9.0
Second Quintile	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	7.4	0.0	3.5
Middle Quintile	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	29.4	0.0	12.4
Fourth Quintile	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	30.7	0.0	17.0
Top Quintile	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	42.3	0.0	24.3
All	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	100.0	0.0	10.9
Addendum										
80-90	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	14.5	0.0	20.4
90-95	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	6.4	0.0	21.7
95-99	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	8.5	0.0	24.4
Top 1 Percent	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	12.9	0.0	33.4
Top 0.1 Percent	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	6.2	0.0	35.8

Baseline Distribution of Income and Federal Taxes

by Expanded Cash Income Percentile Adjusted for Family Size, 2015¹

Expanded Cash Income	Tax U	Jnits	Pre-Tax Income		Federal Tax	Burden	After-Tax In	come ⁵	Average — Federal Tax
Percentile ^{2,3}	Number (thousands)	Percent of Total	Average (dollars)	Percent of Total	Average (dollars)	Percent of Total	Average (dollars)	Percent of Total	Federal Tax Rate ⁶
Lowest Quintile	7,977	33.2	18,688	12.1	-1,672	-10.0	20,360	14.8	-9.0
Second Quintile	7,174	29.9	39,600	23.1	1,385	7.4	38,215	25.0	3.5
Middle Quintile	4,992	20.8	63,863	25.9	7,893	29.4	55,969	25.5	12.4
Fourth Quintile	2,595	10.8	93,366	19.7	15,855	30.7	77,512	18.4	17.0
Top Quintile	1,112	4.6	209,453	19.0	50,927	42.3	158,526	16.1	24.3
All	24,016	100.0	51,174	100.0	5,576	100.0	45,597	100.0	10.9
Addendum									
80-90	707	2.9	134,514	7.7	27,486	14.5	107,028	6.9	20.4
90-95	218	0.9	181,693	3.2	39,406	6.4	142,288	2.8	21.7
95-99	157	0.7	297,777	3.8	72,752	8.5	225,026	3.2	24.4
Top 1 Percent	30	0.1	1,707,169	4.2	570,036	12.9	1,137,133	3.1	33.4
Top 0.1 Percent	3	0.0	8,275,375	1.9	2,964,172	6.2	5,311,204	1.4	35.8

Source: Urban-Brookings Tax Policy Center Microsimulation Model (version 0613-3).

* Less than 0.05

(1) Baseline is current law. Proposal would allow an above-the-line deduction equal to 20 percent of the lesser of \$60,000 or the earned income of the spouse with the lower amount of earned income in the taxable year. The deduction would only be available to married taxpayers filing jointly with at least one qualifying child under the age of 12. The deduction would phase out for taxpayers with AGI in excess of \$110,000 over a \$20,000 range. The phase-out of the earned income tax credit (EITC) would also be calculated based on

earned income less the amount of the above-the-line deduction. For a description of TPC's current law baseline, see:

http://www.taxpolicycenter.org/taxtopics/Baseline-Definitions.cfm

(2) Includes both filing and non-filing units but excludes those that are dependents of other tax units. Tax units with negative adjusted gross income are excluded from their respective income class but are included in the totals. For a description of expanded cash income, see

http://www.taxpolicycenter.org/TaxModel/income.cfm

(3) The income percentile classes used in this table are based on the income distribution for the entire population and contain an equal number of people, not tax units. The incomes used are adjusted for family size by dividing by the square root of the number of people in the tax unit. The resulting percentile breaks are (in 2013 dollars): 20% \$17,272; 40% \$31,839; 60% \$52,010; 80% \$82,156; 90% \$114,150; 95% \$160,278; 99% \$376,776; 99.9% \$1,971,618.

(4) Includes tax units with a change in federal tax burden of \$10 or more in absolute value.

(5) After-tax income is expanded cash income less: individual income tax net of refundable credits; corporate income tax; payroll taxes (Social Security and Medicare); and estate tax.

Table T14-0029 21st Century Worker Tax Cut Act: Deduction for Dual-Earner Families Baseline: Current Law Distribution of Federal Tax Change by Expanded Cash Income Percentile Adjusted for Family Size, 2015 ¹ Detail Table - Tax Units with Children

Expanded Cash Income	Percent of T	ax Units ⁴	Percent Change	Share of Total Federal Tax —	Average Feder	al Tax Change	Share of Fee	leral Taxes	Average Federal Tax Rate ⁶	
Percentile ^{2,3}	With Tax Cut	With Tax Increase	in After-Tax Income⁵	Federal Tax Change	Dollars	Percent	Change (% Points)	Under the Proposal	Change (% Points)	Under the Proposal
Lowest Quintile	2.0	0.0	0.0	1.0	-6	0.3	0.0	-2.0	0.0	-10.2
Second Quintile	12.8	0.0	0.2	10.7	-69	-4.2	-0.1	1.5	-0.2	3.5
Middle Quintile	28.7	0.0	0.2	25.2	-169	-1.7	-0.1	8.9	-0.2	12.0
Fourth Quintile	41.5	0.0	0.3	54.3	-365	-1.8	-0.2	19.0	-0.3	15.9
Top Quintile	7.5	0.0	0.0	8.8	-69	-0.1	0.4	72.4	0.0	25.5
All	18.5	0.0	0.1	100.0	-135	-0.6	0.0	100.0	-0.1	18.5
Addendum										
80-90	14.6	0.0	0.1	8.7	-134	-0.4	0.0	14.3	-0.1	19.0
90-95	0.2	0.0	0.0	0.1	-1	0.0	0.1	11.0	0.0	21.1
95-99	*	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.1	16.3	0.0	24.5
Top 1 Percent	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.2	30.7	0.0	34.3
Top 0.1 Percent	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.1	14.3	0.0	36.5

Baseline Distribution of Income and Federal Taxes

by Expanded Cash Income Percentile Adjusted for Family Size, 2015¹

Expanded Cash Income Percentile ^{2,3}	Tax Units		Pre-Tax Income		Federal Tax	Burden	After-Tax Income 5		Average
	Number (thousands)	Percent of Total	Average (dollars)	Percent of Total	Average (dollars)	Percent of Total	Average (dollars)	Percent of Total	Federal Tax Rate ⁶
Lowest Quintile	10,705	20.9	19,909	3.6	-2,030	-2.0	21,938	4.9	-10.2
Second Quintile	10,704	20.9	45,013	8.1	1,643	1.6	43,370	9.6	3.7
Middle Quintile	10,325	20.2	78,905	13.7	9,671	9.0	69,234	14.8	12.3
Fourth Quintile	10,260	20.0	128,289	22.2	20,729	19.2	107,560	22.8	16.2
Top Quintile	8,772	17.1	355,880	52.5	90,823	72.0	265,057	48.1	25.5
All	51,185	100.0	116,097	100.0	21,631	100.0	94,466	100.0	18.6
Addendum									
80-90	4,493	8.8	184,228	13.9	35,080	14.2	149,148	13.9	19.0
90-95	2,159	4.2	265,866	9.7	56,141	11.0	209,725	9.4	21.1
95-99	1,689	3.3	434,087	12.3	106,402	16.2	327,685	11.4	24.5
Top 1 Percent	432	0.8	2,284,464	16.6	782,710	30.6	1,501,754	13.4	34.3
Top 0.1 Percent	40	0.1	10,700,967	7.3	3,907,987	14.2	6,792,980	5.7	36.5

Source: Urban-Brookings Tax Policy Center Microsimulation Model (version 0613-3).

* Less than 0.05

Note: Tax units with children are those claiming an exemption for children at home or away from home.

(1) Baseline is current law. Proposal would allow an above-the-line deduction equal to 20 percent of the lesser of \$60,000 or the earned income of the spouse with the lower amount of earned income in the taxable year. The deduction would only be available to married taxpayers filing jointly with at least one qualifying child under the age of 12. The

deduction would phase out for taxpayers with AGI in excess of \$110,000 over a \$20,000 range. The phase-out of the earned income tax credit (EITC) would also be calculated based on earned income less the amount of the above-the-line deduction. For a description of TPC's current law baseline, see:

http://www.taxpolicycenter.org/taxtopics/Baseline-Definitions.cfm

(2) Includes both filing and non-filing units but excludes those that are dependents of other tax units. Tax units with negative adjusted gross income are excluded from their respective income class but are included in the totals. For a description of expanded cash income, see

http://www.taxpolicycenter.org/TaxModel/income.cfm

(3) The income percentile classes used in this table are based on the income distribution for the entire population and contain an equal number of people, not tax units. The incomes used are adjusted for family size by dividing by the square root of the number of people in the tax unit. The resulting percentile breaks are (in 2013 dollars): 20% \$17,272; 40% \$31,839; 60% \$52,010; 80% \$82,156; 90% \$114,150; 95% \$160,276: 99.% \$76: 99.% \$10,2176: 99.\% \$10,2176: 99.\% \$10,2176: 99.\% \$10,2176: 99.\% \$10,2176: 99.\% \$10,2176: 99.\% \$10,2176: 99.\% \$10

(4) Includes tax units with a change in federal tax burden of \$10 or more in absolute value.

(5) After-tax income is expanded cash income less: individual income tax net of refundable credits; corporate income tax; payroll taxes (Social Security and Medicare); and estate tax. (6) Average federal tax (includes individual and corporate income tax, payroll taxes for Social Security and Medicare, and the estate tax) as a percentage of average expanded cash income.

Table T14-0029 21st Century Worker Tax Cut Act: Deduction for Dual-Earner Families Baseline: Current Law Distribution of Federal Tax Change by Expanded Cash Income Percentile Adjusted for Family Size, 2015 ¹ Detail Table - Elderly Tax Units

Expanded Cash Income Percentile ^{2,3}	Percent of Tax Units ⁴		Percent Change	Share of Total	Average Federal Tax Change		Share of Federal Taxes		Average Federal Tax Rate ⁶	
	With Tax Cut	With Tax Increase	in After-Tax Income⁵	Federal Tax Change	Dollars	Percent	Change (% Points)	Under the Proposal	Change (% Points)	Under the Proposal
Lowest Quintile	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.7
Second Quintile	0.2	0.0	0.0	9.7	-1	-0.1	0.0	1.3	0.0	2.5
Middle Quintile	0.6	0.0	0.0	33.7	-3	-0.1	0.0	5.4	0.0	6.4
Fourth Quintile	1.0	0.0	0.0	43.0	-5	-0.1	0.0	13.1	0.0	12.1
Top Quintile	0.2	0.0	0.0	13.6	-2	0.0	0.0	79.9	0.0	24.8
All	0.4	0.0	0.0	100.0	-2	0.0	0.0	100.0	0.0	17.1
Addendum										
80-90	0.4	0.0	0.0	13.6	-3	0.0	0.0	12.6	0.0	16.0
90-95	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	9.4	0.0	19.4
95-99	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	18.0	0.0	23.0
Top 1 Percent	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	40.0	0.0	34.3
Top 0.1 Percent	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	21.0	0.0	36.8

Baseline Distribution of Income and Federal Taxes

by Expanded Cash Income Percentile Adjusted for Family Size, 2015¹

Expanded Cash Income Percentile ^{2,3}	Tax Units		Pre-Tax Income		Federal Tax Burden		After-Tax Income ⁵		Average Federal Tax
	Number (thousands)	Percent of Total	Average (dollars)	Percent of Total	Average (dollars)	Percent of Total	Average (dollars)	Percent of Total	Rate ⁶
Lowest Quintile	6,889	18.5	13,324	3.1	98	0.1	13,227	3.7	0.7
Second Quintile	9,257	24.9	28,006	8.8	695	1.3	27,310	10.3	2.5
Middle Quintile	8,322	22.4	51,350	14.5	3,264	5.4	48,086	16.4	6.4
Fourth Quintile	6,310	17.0	86,346	18.5	10,475	13.1	75,871	19.6	12.1
Top Quintile	6,185	16.7	262,801	55.1	65,237	79.9	197,564	50.0	24.8
All	37,154	100.0	79,405	100.0	13,590	100.0	65,815	100.0	17.1
Addendum									
80-90	3,138	8.4	126,820	13.5	20,265	12.6	106,554	13.7	16.0
90-95	1,393	3.8	175,624	8.3	34,137	9.4	141,487	8.1	19.4
95-99	1,309	3.5	301,720	13.4	69,296	18.0	232,425	12.4	23.0
Top 1 Percent	346	0.9	1,700,630	19.9	583,255	39.9	1,117,375	15.8	34.3
Top 0.1 Percent	37	0.1	7,752,932	9.8	2,853,283	21.0	4,899,649	7.4	36.8

Source: Urban-Brookings Tax Policy Center Microsimulation Model (version 0613-3).

* Less than 0.05

Note: Elderly tax units are those with either head or spouse (if filing jointly) age 65 or older.

(1) Baseline is current law. Proposal would allow an above-the-line deduction equal to 20 percent of the lesser of \$60,000 or the earned income of the spouse with the lower amount of earned income in the taxable year. The deduction would only be available to married taxpayers filing jointly with at least one qualifying child under the age of 12. The

deduction would phase out for taxpayers with AGI in excess of \$110,000 over a \$20,000 range. The phase-out of the earned income tax credit (EITC) would also be calculated based on earned income less the amount of the above-the-line deduction. For a description of TPC's current law baseline, see:

http://www.taxpolicycenter.org/taxtopics/Baseline-Definitions.cfm

(2) Includes both filing and non-filing units but excludes those that are dependents of other tax units. Tax units with negative adjusted gross income are excluded from their respective income class but are included in the totals. For a description of expanded cash income, see

http://www.taxpolicycenter.org/TaxModel/income.cfm

(3) The income percentile classes used in this table are based on the income distribution for the entire population and contain an equal number of people, not tax units. The incomes used are adjusted for family size by dividing by the square root of the number of people in the tax unit. The resulting percentile breaks are (in 2013 dollars): 20% \$17,272; 40% \$31,839; 60% \$52,010; 80% \$82,156; 90% \$114,150; 95% \$160,276: 99.% \$76: 99.% \$10,2176: 99.\% \$10,2176: 99.\% \$10,2176: 99.\% \$10,2176: 99.\% \$10,2176: 99.\% \$10,2176: 99.\% \$10,2176: 99.\% \$10

(4) Includes tax units with a change in federal tax burden of \$10 or more in absolute value.

(5) After-tax income is expanded cash income less: individual income tax net of refundable credits; corporate income tax; payroll taxes (Social Security and Medicare); and estate tax. (6) Average federal tax (includes individual and corporate income tax, payroll taxes for Social Security and Medicare, and the estate tax) as a percentage of average expanded cash income.