## Table T14-0002

Sen. Mike Lee (R-UT)'s Tax Reform Plan: The Family Fairness and Opportunity Tax Reform Act
Baseline: Current Law
Distribution of Federal Tax Change by Expanded Cash Income Level, $2015{ }^{1}$ Summary Table

| Expanded Cash Income Level (thousands of 2013 dollars) ${ }^{2}$ | Tax Units with Tax Increase or Cut ${ }^{3}$ |  |  |  | Percent Change in After-Tax Income ${ }^{4}$ | Share of Total Federal Tax Change | Average Federal Tax Change (\$) | Average Federal Tax Rate ${ }^{5}$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | With Tax Cut |  | With Tax Increase |  |  |  |  | Change | Under the |
|  | Pct of Tax Units | Avg Tax Cut | Pct of Tax Units | Avg Tax Increase |  |  |  | Points) | Proposal |
| Less than 10 | 5.9 | -476 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.5 | 0.1 | -29 | -0.5 | 4.0 |
| 10-20 | 25.7 | -353 | 1.5 | 267 | 0.6 | 0.8 | -88 | -0.6 | 1.9 |
| 20-30 | 46.8 | -371 | 7.0 | 407 | 0.6 | 1.2 | -146 | -0.6 | 4.4 |
| 30-40 | 65.3 | -594 | 12.7 | 509 | 1.0 | 2.1 | -324 | -0.9 | 7.0 |
| 40-50 | 69.3 | -883 | 17.8 | 557 | 1.2 | 2.7 | -513 | -1.1 | 9.3 |
| 50-75 | 77.7 | -1,525 | 17.9 | 849 | 1.9 | 10.3 | -1,033 | -1.6 | 12.1 |
| 75-100 | 80.6 | -2,608 | 18.0 | 1,059 | 2.5 | 12.3 | -1,911 | -2.1 | 13.9 |
| 100-200 | 84.2 | -3,686 | 15.4 | 2,005 | 2.4 | 32.4 | -2,798 | -2.0 | 16.4 |
| 200-500 | 83.6 | -7,230 | 16.4 | 6,490 | 2.2 | 17.6 | -5,012 | -1.7 | 20.9 |
| 500-1,000 | 74.3 | -11,300 | 25.7 | 11,776 | 1.1 | 2.4 | -5,480 | -0.8 | 27.4 |
| More than 1,000 | 86.3 | -92,488 | 13.7 | 80,422 | 3.3 | 17.7 | -69,390 | -2.1 | 32.8 |
| All | 61.5 | -2,843 | 12.0 | 1,958 | 2.1 | 100.0 | -1,520 | -1.7 | 18.0 |

Source: Urban-Brookings Tax Policy Center Microsimulation Model (version 0613-2).
Number of AMT Taxpayers (millions). Baseline: $4.5 \quad$ Proposal: 0

* Less than 0.05
** Insufficient data
(1) Baseline is current law. Proposal would: implement two-rate structure of 15 percent on taxable income up to $\$ 87,850$ ( $\$ 175,700$ for married couples filing a joint return) and 35 percent on taxable income above that threshold; threshold would be indexed for inflation after 2013; repeal head of household filing status; repeal individual and corporate AMT; repeal standard deduction and all itemized deductions other than those for home mortgage interest and charitable contributions; restrict mortgage interest deduction to interest on first $\$ 300,000$ (unindexed) of acquisition debt; repeal personal exemption for the primary taxpayer and spouse; repeal ACA surtaxes of 0.9 percent on wages and 3.8 percent on net investment income; implement a personal credit of $\$ 2,000$ for singles ( $\$ 4,000$ for married couples filing a joint return), indexed for inflation after 2013; implement an additional child tax credit of $\$ 2,500$ per child, which could offset individual income tax liability plus any Social Security and Medicare taxes in excess of the earned income tax credit; the $\$ 2,500$ per child amount would be indexed for inflation after 2013 and the credit would not phase out at higher incomes. Proposal would be effective 01/01/14. For a description of TPC's current law baseline, see:
http://www.taxpolicycenter.org/taxtopics/Baseline-Definitions.cfm
(2) Includes both filing and non-filing units but excludes those that are dependents of other tax units. Tax units with negative adjusted gross income are excluded from their respective income class but are included in the totals. For a description of expanded cash income, see
http://www.taxpolicycenter.org/TaxModel/income.cfm
(3) Includes tax units with a change in federal tax burden of $\$ 10$ or more in absolute value.
(4) After-tax income is expanded cash income less: individual income tax net of refundable credits; corporate income tax; payroll taxes (Social Security and Medicare); and estate tax.
(5) Average federal tax (includes individual and corporate income tax, payroll taxes for Social Security and Medicare, and the estate tax) as a percentage of average expanded cash income.

Table T14-0002
Sen. Mike Lee (R-UT)'s Tax Reform Plan: The Family Fairness and Opportunity Tax Reform Act
Baseline: Current Law
Distribution of Federal Tax Change by Expanded Cash Income Level, $2015{ }^{1}$
Detail Table

| Expanded Cash Income Level (thousands of 2013 dollars) ${ }^{2}$ | Percent of Tax Units ${ }^{3}$ |  | Percent Change in After-Tax Income ${ }^{4}$ | Share of Total Federal Tax Change | Average Federal Tax Change |  | Share of Federal Taxes |  | Average Federal Tax Rate ${ }^{5}$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | With Tax Cut | With Tax Increase |  |  | Dollars | Percent | Change (\% Points) | Under the Proposal | Change (\% Points) | Under the Proposal |
| Less than 10 | 5.9 | 0.0 | 0.5 | 0.1 | -29 | -10.6 | 0.0 | 0.1 | -0.5 | 4.0 |
| 10-20 | 25.7 | 1.5 | 0.6 | 0.8 | -88 | -23.0 | -0.1 | 0.3 | -0.6 | 1.9 |
| 20-30 | 46.8 | 7.0 | 0.6 | 1.2 | -146 | -11.5 | 0.0 | 0.8 | -0.6 | 4.4 |
| 30-40 | 65.3 | 12.7 | 1.0 | 2.1 | -324 | -11.3 | -0.1 | 1.6 | -0.9 | 7.0 |
| 40-50 | 69.3 | 17.8 | 1.2 | 2.7 | -513 | -10.6 | -0.1 | 2.2 | -1.1 | 9.3 |
| 50-75 | 77.7 | 17.9 | 1.9 | 10.3 | -1,033 | -11.7 | -0.3 | 7.3 | -1.6 | 12.1 |
| 75-100 | 80.6 | 18.0 | 2.5 | 12.3 | -1,911 | -13.3 | -0.4 | 7.6 | -2.1 | 13.9 |
| 100-200 | 84.2 | 15.4 | 2.4 | 32.4 | -2,798 | -10.7 | -0.6 | 25.6 | -2.0 | 16.4 |
| 200-500 | 83.6 | 16.4 | 2.2 | 17.6 | -5,012 | -7.5 | 0.3 | 20.6 | -1.7 | 20.9 |
| 500-1,000 | 74.3 | 25.7 | 1.1 | 2.4 | -5,480 | -2.8 | 0.5 | 7.8 | -0.8 | 27.4 |
| More than 1,000 | 86.3 | 13.7 | 3.3 | 17.7 | -69,390 | -6.1 | 0.7 | 25.9 | -2.1 | 32.8 |
| All | 61.5 | 12.0 | 2.1 | 100.0 | -1,520 | -8.6 | 0.0 | 100.0 | -1.7 | 18.0 |

Baseline Distribution of Income and Federal Taxes
by Expanded Cash Income Level, 2015

| Expanded Cash Income Level (thousands of 2013 dollars) ${ }^{2}$ | Tax Units |  | Pre-Tax Income |  | Federal Tax Burden |  | After-Tax Income ${ }^{4}$ |  | Average Federal Tax Rate ${ }^{5}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Number (thousands) | Percent of Total | Average (dollars) | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { Percent of } \\ \text { Total } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | Average (dollars) | $\begin{gathered} \text { Percent of } \\ \text { Total } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | Average (dollars) | Percent of |  |
| Less than 10 | 11,178 | 6.8 | 6,076 | 0.5 | 270 | 0.1 | 5,807 | 0.6 | 4.4 |
| 10-20 | 22,170 | 13.5 | 15,744 | 2.4 | 381 | 0.3 | 15,363 | 2.9 | 2.4 |
| 20-30 | 19,574 | 12.0 | 25,753 | 3.4 | 1,276 | 0.9 | 24,477 | 4.1 | 5.0 |
| 30-40 | 15,956 | 9.7 | 36,289 | 4.0 | 2,880 | 1.6 | 33,410 | 4.5 | 7.9 |
| 40-50 | 13,025 | 8.0 | 46,641 | 4.1 | 4,858 | 2.2 | 41,783 | 4.6 | 10.4 |
| 50-75 | 24,877 | 15.2 | 64,010 | 10.9 | 8,806 | 7.6 | 55,203 | 11.7 | 13.8 |
| 75-100 | 15,960 | 9.7 | 89,951 | 9.8 | 14,382 | 8.0 | 75,569 | 10.2 | 16.0 |
| 100-200 | 28,866 | 17.6 | 142,712 | 28.1 | 26,181 | 26.2 | 116,532 | 28.5 | 18.4 |
| 200-500 | 8,762 | 5.4 | 296,194 | 17.7 | 66,954 | 20.3 | 229,241 | 17.0 | 22.6 |
| 500-1,000 | 1,076 | 0.7 | 700,541 | 5.1 | 197,409 | 7.4 | 503,132 | 4.6 | 28.2 |
| More than 1,000 | 637 | 0.4 | 3,278,122 | 14.2 | 1,143,360 | 25.2 | 2,134,761 | 11.5 | 34.9 |
| All | 163,798 | 100.0 | 89,591 | 100.0 | 17,610 | 100.0 | 71,982 | 100.0 | 19.7 |

Source: Urban-Brookings Tax Policy Center Microsimulation Model (version 0613-2).
Number of AMT Taxpayers (millions). Baseline: 4.5

* Less than 0.05

1) Baseline is current law. Proposal would: implement two-rate structure of 15 percent on taxable income up to $\$ 87,850$ ( $\$ 175,700$ for married couples filing a joint return) and 5 percent on taxable income above that threshold; threshold would be indexed for inflation after 2013; repeal head of household filing status; repeal individual and corporate AMT; repeal standard deduction and all itemized deductions other than those for home mortgage interest and charitable contributions; restrict mortgage interest deduction to interest on first $\$ 300,000$ (unindexed) of acquisition debt; repeal personal exemption for the primary taxpayer and spouse; repeal ACA surtaxes of 0.9 percent on wages and 3.8 percent on net investment income; implement a personal credit of $\$ 2,000$ for singles ( $\$ 4,000$ for married couples filing a joint return), indexed for inflation after 2013;
mplement an additional child tax credit of $\$ 2,500$ per child, which could offset individual income tax liability plus any Social Security and Medicare taxes in excess of the
arned income tax credit; the $\$ 2,500$ per child amount would be indexed for inflation after 2013 and the credit would not phase out at higher incomes. Proposal would be
thective $01 /$ www.taxpolicycenter.org/taxtopics/Baseline-Definitions..ff
2) Includes both filing and non-filing units but excludes those that are dependents of other tax units. Tax units with negative adjusted gross income are excluded from their respective income class but are included in the otals. For a description of expanded cash income, see
ttp://www.taxpolicycenter.org/TaxModel/income.cfm
3) Includes tax units with a change in federal tax burden of $\$ 10$ or more in absolute value.
(4) After-tax income is expanded cash income less: individual income tax net of refundable credits; corporate income tax; payroll taxes (Social Security and Medicare); and estate tax.
(5) Average federal tax (includes individual and corporate income tax, payroll taxes for Social Security and Medicare, and the estate tax) as a percentage of average expanded cash income.

## Table T14-0002

Sen. Mike Lee (R-UT)'s Tax Reform Plan: The Family Fairness and Opportunity Tax Reform Act
Baseline: Current Law
Distribution of Federal Tax Change by Expanded Cash Income Level, 2015
Detail Table - Single Tax Units

| Expanded Cash Income Level (thousands of 2013 dollars) ${ }^{2}$ | Percent of Tax Units ${ }^{3}$ |  | Percent Change in After-Tax Income ${ }^{4}$ | Share of Total Federal Tax Change | Average Federal Tax Change |  | Share of Federal Taxes |  | Average Federal Tax Rate ${ }^{5}$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | With Tax Cut | With Tax Increase |  |  | Dollars | Percent | Change (\% Points) | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Under the } \\ & \text { Proposal } \end{aligned}$ | Change (\% Points) | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Under the } \\ & \text { Proposal } \end{aligned}$ |
| Less than 10 | 3.6 | 0.0 | 0.3 | 0.8 | -18 | -4.5 | 0.0 | 0.5 | -0.3 | 6.3 |
| 10-20 | 28.6 | 0.6 | 0.5 | 5.4 | -71 | -8.4 | -0.1 | 2.0 | -0.5 | 4.9 |
| 20-30 | 53.9 | 3.8 | 0.4 | 4.9 | -86 | -3.8 | 0.0 | 4.1 | -0.3 | 8.5 |
| 30-40 | 75.1 | 11.8 | 0.3 | 4.5 | -110 | -2.6 | 0.0 | 5.6 | -0.3 | 11.5 |
| 40-50 | 74.3 | 21.3 | 0.2 | 2.5 | -83 | -1.2 | 0.1 | 6.6 | -0.2 | 14.5 |
| 50-75 | 78.6 | 19.6 | 0.7 | 18.2 | -369 | -3.2 | 0.0 | 18.3 | -0.6 | 17.4 |
| 75-100 | 84.6 | 14.6 | 2.2 | 36.9 | -1,576 | -8.6 | -0.8 | 13.0 | -1.8 | 18.7 |
| 100-200 | 76.8 | 22.8 | 1.3 | 27.4 | -1,317 | -4.3 | -0.2 | 20.5 | -1.0 | 21.9 |
| 200-500 | 17.5 | 82.2 | -2.2 | -20.0 | 4,688 | 6.2 | 1.0 | 11.3 | 1.6 | 27.3 |
| 500-1,000 | 41.6 | 58.4 | -0.7 | -2.0 | 3,493 | 1.7 | 0.2 | 4.0 | 0.5 | 30.5 |
| More than 1,000 | 79.3 | 20.7 | 2.9 | 21.1 | -60,449 | -4.8 | -0.2 | 13.8 | -1.8 | 35.7 |
| All | 52.5 | 10.2 | 0.7 | 100.0 | -287 | -3.2 | 0.0 | 100.0 | -0.6 | 18.1 |

Baseline Distribution of Income and Federal Taxe
by Expanded Cash Income Level, 2015

| Expanded Cash Income Level (thousands of 2013 dollars) ${ }^{2}$ | Tax Units |  | Pre-Tax Income |  | Federal Tax Burden |  | After-Tax Income ${ }^{4}$ |  | Average Federal Tax Rate ${ }^{5}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Number } \\ \text { (thousands) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { Percent of } \\ \text { Total } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | Average (dollars) | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { Percent of } \\ \text { Total } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | Average (dollars) | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { Percent of } \\ \text { Total } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | Average (dollars) | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { Percent of } \\ \text { Total } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |  |
| Less than 10 | 9,172 | 12.3 | 6,047 | 1.6 | 398 | 0.6 | 5,649 | 1.8 | 6.6 |
| 10-20 | 16,267 | 21.8 | 15,651 | 7.2 | 842 | 2.1 | 14,809 | 8.4 | 5.4 |
| 20-30 | 12,067 | 16.2 | 25,560 | 8.7 | 2,251 | 4.1 | 23,310 | 9.8 | 8.8 |
| 30-40 | 8,699 | 11.7 | 36,250 | 8.9 | 4,260 | 5.6 | 31,991 | 9.7 | 11.8 |
| 40-50 | 6,316 | 8.5 | 46,496 | 8.3 | 6,809 | 6.5 | 39,686 | 8.7 | 14.7 |
| 50-75 | 10,551 | 14.2 | 63,958 | 19.0 | 11,507 | 18.3 | 52,451 | 19.2 | 18.0 |
| 75-100 | 4,998 | 6.7 | 89,284 | 12.6 | 18,302 | 13.8 | 70,982 | 12.3 | 20.5 |
| 100-200 | 4,453 | 6.0 | 135,426 | 17.0 | 30,931 | 20.7 | 104,494 | 16.1 | 22.8 |
| 200-500 | 911 | 1.2 | 292,810 | 7.5 | 75,244 | 10.3 | 217,566 | 6.9 | 25.7 |
| 500-1,000 | 122 | 0.2 | 692,771 | 2.4 | 208,062 | 3.8 | 484,709 | 2.1 | 30.0 |
| More than 1,000 | 75 | 0.1 | 3,333,982 | 7.0 | 1,248,871 | 14.0 | 2,085,111 | 5.4 | 37.5 |
| All | 74,471 | 100.0 | 47,634 | 100.0 | 8,922 | 100.0 | 38,712 | 100.0 | 18.7 |

Source: Urban-Brookings Tax Policy Center Microsimulation Model (version 0613-2)
Less than 0.05
(1) Baseline is current law. Proposal would: implement two-rate structure of 15 percent on taxable income up to $\$ 87,850$ ( $\$ 175,700$ for married couples filing a joint return) and 35 percent on taxable income above that threshold; threshold would be indexed for inflation after 2013; repeal head of household filing status; repeal individual and corporate AMT; repeal standard deduction and all itemized deductions other than those for home mortgage interest and charitable contributions; restrict mortgage interest deduction to
 percent on net investment income; implement a personal credit of $\$ 2,000$ for singles ( $\$ 4,000$ for married couples filing a joint return), indexed for inflation after 2013;
mplement an additional child tax credit of $\$ 2,500$ per child, which could offset individual income tax liability plus any Social Security and Medicare taxes in excess of the
earned income tax credit; the $\$ 2,500$ per child amount would be indexed for inflation after 2013 and the credit would not phase out at higher incomes. Proposal would be
effective 01/01/14. For a description of TPC's current law baseline, se
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3) Includes tax units with a change in federal tax burden of $\$ 10$ or more in absolute value
(4) After-tax income is expanded cash income less: individual income tax net of refundable credits; corporate income tax; payroll taxes (Social Security and Medicare); and estate tax.
(5) Average federal tax (includes individual and corporate income tax, payroll taxes for Social Security and Medicare, and the estate tax) as a percentage of average expanded cash income.

## Table T14-0002

Sen. Mike Lee (R-UT)'s Tax Reform Plan: The Family Fairness and Opportunity Tax Reform Act
Baseline: Current Law
Distribution of Federal Tax Change by Expanded Cash Income Level, $2015{ }^{1}$
Detail Table - Married Tax Units Filing Jointly

| Expanded Cash Income Level (thousands of 2013 dollars) ${ }^{2}$ | Percent of Tax Units ${ }^{3}$ |  | Percent Change in After-Tax Income ${ }^{4}$ | Share of Total Federal Tax Change | Average Federal Tax Change |  | Share of Federal Taxes |  | Average Federal Tax Rate ${ }^{5}$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | With Tax Cut | With Tax Increase |  |  | Dollars | Percent | Change (\% Points) | Under the Proposal | Change (\% Points) | Under the Proposal |
| Less than 10 | 12.3 | 0.0 | 0.6 | 0.0 | -34 | -27.2 | 0.0 | 0.0 | -0.6 | 1.7 |
| 10-20 | 17.0 | 0.0 | 0.7 | 0.1 | -111 | -147.4 | 0.0 | 0.0 | -0.7 | -0.2 |
| 20-30 | 39.6 | 0.2 | 0.9 | 0.3 | -228 | -45.9 | 0.0 | 0.1 | -0.9 | 1.0 |
| 30-40 | 54.9 | 0.6 | 1.5 | 0.9 | -539 | -41.6 | -0.1 | 0.1 | -1.5 | 2.1 |
| 40-50 | 68.2 | 2.4 | 2.0 | 1.6 | -902 | -34.2 | -0.1 | 0.3 | -1.9 | 3.7 |
| 50-75 | 81.9 | 9.5 | 2.7 | 7.2 | -1,596 | -26.0 | -0.5 | 2.3 | -2.5 | 7.1 |
| 75-100 | 81.1 | 16.9 | 2.7 | 8.9 | -2,125 | -17.7 | -0.4 | 4.6 | -2.3 | 10.9 |
| 100-200 | 86.9 | 12.8 | 2.6 | 34.7 | -3,121 | -12.4 | -0.8 | 27.3 | -2.2 | 15.2 |
| 200-500 | 93.0 | 7.0 | 2.8 | 23.9 | -6,345 | -9.7 | 0.1 | 24.8 | -2.1 | 20.0 |
| 500-1,000 | 79.5 | 20.5 | 1.4 | 3.2 | -6,884 | -3.5 | 0.7 | 9.6 | -1.0 | 26.9 |
| More than 1,000 | 87.4 | 12.6 | 3.4 | 18.9 | -71,243 | -6.4 | 1.2 | 30.7 | -2.2 | 32.3 |
| All | 77.5 | 9.7 | 2.7 | 100.0 | -3,244 | -10.0 | 0.0 | 100.0 | -2.1 | 18.9 |

Baseline Distribution of Income and Federal Taxe
by Expanded Cash Income Level, 2015

| Expanded Cash Income Level (thousands of 2013 dollars) ${ }^{2}$ | Tax Units |  | Pre-Tax Income |  | Federal Tax Burden |  | After-Tax Income ${ }^{4}$ |  | Average Federal Tax Rate ${ }^{5}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Number } \\ \text { (thousands) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { Percent of } \\ \text { Total } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | Average (dollars) | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { Percent of } \\ \text { Total } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | Average (dollars) | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { Percent of } \\ \text { Total } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | Average (dollars) | Percent of Total |  |
| Less than 10 | 850 | 1.4 | 5,409 | 0.1 | 124 | 0.0 | 5,285 | 0.1 | 2.3 |
| 10-20 | 1,869 | 3.0 | 16,299 | 0.3 | 75 | 0.0 | 16,224 | 0.4 | 0.5 |
| 20-30 | 3,039 | 4.9 | 26,098 | 0.8 | 498 | 0.1 | 25,600 | 1.0 | 1.9 |
| 30-40 | 3,256 | 5.2 | 36,414 | 1.2 | 1,296 | 0.2 | 35,118 | 1.5 | 3.6 |
| 40-50 | 3,586 | 5.8 | 46,902 | 1.8 | 2,636 | 0.5 | 44,266 | 2.1 | 5.6 |
| 50-75 | 9,047 | 14.5 | 64,385 | 6.1 | 6,139 | 2.8 | 58,245 | 6.9 | 9.5 |
| 75-100 | 8,453 | 13.6 | 90,693 | 8.0 | 12,014 | 5.0 | 78,679 | 8.7 | 13.3 |
| 100-200 | 22,471 | 36.1 | 145,047 | 33.9 | 25,144 | 28.0 | 119,903 | 35.4 | 17.3 |
| 200-500 | 7,593 | 12.2 | 296,620 | 23.4 | 65,660 | 24.7 | 230,959 | 23.1 | 22.1 |
| 500-1,000 | 924 | 1.5 | 701,261 | 6.7 | 195,700 | 9.0 | 505,561 | 6.1 | 27.9 |
| More than 1,000 | 536 | 0.9 | 3,217,492 | 17.9 | 1,110,779 | 29.5 | 2,106,713 | 14.9 | 34.5 |
| All | 62,259 | 100.0 | 154,563 | 100.0 | 32,404 | 100.0 | 122,159 | 100.0 | 21.0 |

Source: Urban-Br
Less than 0.05

1) Baseline is current law. Proposal would: implement two-rate structure of 15 percent on taxable income up to $\$ 87,850$ ( $\$ 175,700$ for married couples filing a joint return) and 35 percent on taxable income above that threshold; threshold would be indexed for inflation after 2013; repeal head of household filing status; repeal individual and corporate AMT; repeal standard deduction and all itemized deductions other than those for home mortgage interest and charitable contributions; restrict mortgage interest deduction to interest on first $\$ 300,000$ (unindexed) of acquisition debt; repeal personal exemption for the primary taxpayer and spouse; repeal ACA surtaxes of 0.9 percent on wages and 3.8 percent on net investment income; implement a personal credit of $\$ 2,000$ for singles ( $\$ 4,000$ for married couples filing a joint return), indexed for inflation after 2013;
mplement an additional child tax credit of $\$ 2,500$ per child, which could offset individual income tax liability plus any Social Security and Medicare taxes in excess of the
earned income tax credit; the $\$ 2,500$ per child amount would be indexed for inflation after 2013 and the credit would not phase out at higher incomes. Proposal would be
ffective 01/01/14. For a description of TPC's current law baseline, see
(2) Includes both filing and non-filing units but excludes those that are dependents of other tax units. Tax units with negative adjusted gross income are excluded from their respective income class but are included in the totals. For a description of expanded cash income, see
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(5) Average federal tax (includes individual and corporate income tax, payroll taxes for Social Security and Medicare, and the estate tax) as a percentage of average expanded cash income.

## Table T14-0002

Sen. Mike Lee (R-UT)'s Tax Reform Plan: The Family Fairness and Opportunity Tax Reform Act
Baseline: Current Law
Distribution of Federal Tax Change by Expanded Cash Income Level, $2015{ }^{1}$
Detail Table - Head of Household Tax Units

| Expanded Cash Income Level (thousands of 2013 dollars) ${ }^{2}$ | Percent of Tax Units ${ }^{3}$ |  | Percent Change in After-Tax Income ${ }^{4}$ | Share of Total Federal Tax Change | Average Federal Tax Change |  | Share of Federal Taxes |  | Average Federal Tax Rate ${ }^{5}$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | With Tax Cut | With Tax Increase |  |  | Dollars | Percent | Change (\% Points) | Under the Proposal | Change (\% Points) | Under the Proposal |
| Less than 10 | 15.2 | 0.0 | 1.3 | 0.6 | -97 | 12.4 | -0.2 | -0.8 | -1.4 | -12.8 |
| 10-20 | 14.7 | 5.7 | 0.8 | 2.9 | -131 | 8.7 | -1.1 | -5.4 | -0.8 | -10.3 |
| 20-30 | 27.5 | 21.5 | 0.8 | 4.8 | -207 | 17.7 | -1.3 | -4.9 | -0.8 | -5.3 |
| 30-40 | 48.0 | 26.5 | 1.6 | 11.7 | -571 | -78.1 | -1.5 | 0.5 | -1.6 | 0.4 |
| 40-50 | 56.9 | 30.9 | 2.1 | 14.7 | -928 | -31.2 | -1.3 | 4.9 | -2.0 | 4.4 |
| 50-75 | 66.0 | 31.6 | 2.5 | 37.0 | -1,422 | -18.8 | -1.7 | 24.2 | -2.2 | 9.7 |
| 75-100 | 66.9 | 32.4 | 2.1 | 18.1 | -1,546 | -11.2 | 0.5 | 21.8 | -1.7 | 13.9 |
| 100-200 | 64.7 | 34.6 | 1.1 | 10.1 | -1,121 | -4.4 | 3.0 | 33.2 | -0.9 | 18.5 |
| 200-500 | 18.9 | 81.0 | -2.0 | -4.8 | 4,418 | 6.3 | 2.2 | 12.2 | 1.5 | 25.6 |
| 500-1,000 | 24.5 | 75.5 | -1.4 | -0.8 | 7,140 | 3.6 | 0.5 | 3.3 | 1.0 | 29.3 |
| More than 1,000 | 77.5 | 22.5 | 2.9 | 4.4 | -59,208 | -5.6 | 0.9 | 11.2 | -1.9 | 32.4 |
| All | 44.6 | 24.0 | 1.6 | 100.0 | -734 | -13.1 | 0.0 | 100.0 | -1.4 | 9.5 |

Baseline Distribution of Income and Federal Taxe
by Expanded Cash Income Level, 2015

| Expanded Cash Income Level (thousands of 2013 dollars) ${ }^{2}$ | Tax Units |  | Pre-Tax Income |  | Federal Tax Burden |  | After-Tax Income ${ }^{4}$ |  | Average Federal Tax Rate ${ }^{5}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Number } \\ \text { (thousands) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Percent of } \\ \text { Total } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | Average (dollars) | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { Percent of } \\ \text { Total } \end{gathered}$ | Average (dollars) | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { Percent of } \\ \text { Total } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | Average (dollars) | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { Percent of } \\ \text { Total } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |  |
| Less than 10 | 1,041 | 4.3 | 6,861 | 0.6 | -784 | -0.6 | 7,645 | 0.7 | -11.4 |
| 10-20 | 3,834 | 16.0 | 15,876 | 5.0 | -1,497 | -4.3 | 17,373 | 6.1 | -9.4 |
| 20-30 | 4,122 | 17.2 | 26,043 | 8.7 | -1,171 | -3.6 | 27,214 | 10.2 | -4.5 |
| 30-40 | 3,620 | 15.1 | 36,244 | 10.7 | 731 | 2.0 | 35,513 | 11.7 | 2.0 |
| 40-50 | 2,789 | 11.6 | 46,656 | 10.6 | 2,970 | 6.2 | 43,685 | 11.1 | 6.4 |
| 50-75 | 4,580 | 19.1 | 63,472 | 23.6 | 7,581 | 25.9 | 55,891 | 23.4 | 11.9 |
| 75-100 | 2,060 | 8.6 | 88,731 | 14.9 | 13,859 | 21.3 | 74,872 | 14.1 | 15.6 |
| 100-200 | 1,581 | 6.6 | 132,072 | 17.0 | 25,577 | 30.1 | 106,495 | 15.4 | 19.4 |
| 200-500 | 191 | 0.8 | 289,609 | 4.5 | 69,814 | 10.0 | 219,795 | 3.8 | 24.1 |
| 500-1,000 | 19 | 0.1 | 698,748 | 1.1 | 197,309 | 2.7 | 501,440 | 0.9 | 28.2 |
| More than 1,000 | 13 | 0.1 | 3,098,222 | 3.3 | 1,061,595 | 10.3 | 2,036,627 | 2.4 | 34.3 |
| All | 24,016 | 100.0 | 51,196 | 100.0 | 5,589 | 100.0 | 45,606 | 100.0 | 10.9 |

Source: Urban-Brookings Tax Policy Center Microsimulation Model (version 0613-2)
Less than 0.05
(1) Baseline is current law. Proposal would: implement two-rate structure of 15 percent on taxable income up to $\$ 87,850$ ( $\$ 175,700$ for married couples filing a joint return) and 35 percent on taxable income above that threshold; threshold would be indexed for inflation after 2013; repeal head of household filing status; repeal individual and corporate AMT; repeal standard deduction and all itemized deductions other than those for home mortgage interest and charitable contributions; restrict mortgage interest deduction to
 percent on net investment income; implement a personal credit of $\$ 2,000$ for singles ( $\$ 4,000$ for married couples filing a joint return), indexed for inflation after 2013;
mplement an additional child tax credit of $\$ 2,500$ per child, which could offset individual income tax liability plus any Social Security and Medicare taxes in excess of the
earned income tax credit; the $\$ 2,500$ per child amount would be indexed for inflation after 2013 and the credit would not phase out at higher incomes. Proposal would be
effective 01/01/14. For a description of TPC's current law baseline, se
(2) Includes both filing and non-filing units but excludes those that are dependents of other tax units. Tax units with negative adjusted gross income are excluded from their respective income class but are included in the totals. For a description of expanded cash income, see
ttp://www.taxpolicycenter.org/TaxModel/income.cfm
3) Includes tax units with a change in federal tax burden of $\$ 10$ or more in absolute value.
(4) After-tax income is expanded cash income less: individual income tax net of refundable credits; corporate income tax; payroll taxes (Social Security and Medicare); and estate tax.
(5) Average federal tax (includes individual and corporate income tax, payroll taxes for Social Security and Medicare, and the estate tax) as a percentage of average expanded cash income.

Table T14-0002
Sen. Mike Lee (R-UT)'s Tax Reform Plan: The Family Fairness and Opportunity Tax Reform Act
Baseline: Current Law
Distribution of Federal Tax Change by Expanded Cash Income Level, $2015{ }^{1}$
Detail Table - Tax Units with Children

| Expanded Cash Income Level (thousands of 2013 dollars) ${ }^{2}$ | Percent of Tax Units ${ }^{3}$ |  | Percent Change in After-Tax Income ${ }^{4}$ | Share of Total Federal Tax Change | Average Federal Tax Change |  | Share of Federal Taxes |  | Average Federal Tax Rate ${ }^{5}$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | With Tax Cut | With Tax Increase |  |  | Dollars | Percent | Change (\% Points) | Under the Proposal | Change (\% Points) | Under the Proposal |
| Less than 10 | 4.6 | 0.0 | 0.5 | 0.0 | -34 | 3.4 | 0.0 | -0.2 | -0.5 | -16.1 |
| 10-20 | 8.5 | 3.1 | 0.4 | 0.2 | -73 | 3.5 | -0.2 | -1.0 | -0.5 | -13.4 |
| 20-30 | 29.0 | 12.1 | 1.0 | 0.8 | -270 | 15.3 | -0.3 | -1.1 | -1.0 | -7.8 |
| 30-40 | 53.2 | 13.1 | 2.3 | 2.3 | -845 | 1,179.4 | -0.4 | -0.4 | -2.3 | -2.5 |
| 40-50 | 66.8 | 14.4 | 3.4 | 3.4 | -1,494 | -70.8 | -0.5 | 0.3 | -3.2 | 1.3 |
| 50-75 | 81.9 | 13.2 | 4.6 | 12.2 | -2,659 | -41.0 | -1.4 | 3.1 | -4.2 | 6.0 |
| 75-100 | 85.6 | 13.6 | 4.7 | 12.6 | -3,675 | -30.0 | -1.1 | 5.2 | -4.1 | 9.5 |
| 100-200 | 89.2 | 10.7 | 3.7 | 34.9 | -4,416 | -18.0 | -1.0 | 28.2 | -3.0 | 13.9 |
| 200-500 | 93.4 | 6.6 | 3.3 | 19.6 | -7,683 | -11.9 | 0.9 | 25.7 | -2.6 | 19.2 |
| 500-1,000 | 80.2 | 19.8 | 1.3 | 2.0 | -6,604 | -3.4 | 1.2 | 10.1 | -0.9 | 26.7 |
| More than 1,000 | 87.6 | 12.3 | 3.3 | 11.4 | -68,051 | -6.3 | 2.8 | 29.9 | -2.2 | 32.3 |
| All | 67.7 | 10.7 | 3.4 | 100.0 | -3,262 | -15.1 | 0.0 | 100.0 | -2.8 | 15.8 |

Baseline Distribution of Income and Federal Taxes
by Expanded Cash Income Level, 2015

| Expanded Cash Income Level (thousands of 2013 dollars) ${ }^{2}$ | Tax Units |  | Pre-Tax Income |  | Federal Tax Burden |  | After-Tax Income ${ }^{4}$ |  | Average Federal Tax Rate ${ }^{5}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Number } \\ \text { (thousands) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Percent of } \\ \text { Total } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | Average (dollars) | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { Percent of } \\ \text { Total } \end{gathered}$ | Average (dollars) | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { Percent of } \\ \text { Total } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | Average (dollars) | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { Percent of } \\ \text { Total } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |  |
| Less than 10 | 1,373 | 2.7 | 6,549 | 0.2 | -1,017 | -0.1 | 7,566 | 0.2 | -15.5 |
| 10-20 | 4,412 | 8.6 | 15,963 | 1.2 | -2,067 | -0.8 | 18,030 | 1.6 | -13.0 |
| 20-30 | 5,023 | 9.8 | 25,966 | 2.2 | -1,759 | -0.8 | 27,725 | 2.9 | -6.8 |
| 30-40 | 4,528 | 8.9 | 36,268 | 2.8 | -72 | 0.0 | 36,340 | 3.4 | -0.2 |
| 40-50 | 3,818 | 7.5 | 46,711 | 3.0 | 2,109 | 0.7 | 44,602 | 3.5 | 4.5 |
| 50-75 | 7,643 | 14.9 | 64,137 | 8.2 | 6,481 | 4.5 | 57,655 | 9.1 | 10.1 |
| 75-100 | 5,719 | 11.2 | 90,283 | 8.7 | 12,248 | 6.3 | 78,036 | 9.2 | 13.6 |
| 100-200 | 13,208 | 25.8 | 145,050 | 32.2 | 24,515 | 29.2 | 120,534 | 32.8 | 16.9 |
| 200-500 | 4,253 | 8.3 | 296,498 | 21.2 | 64,605 | 24.8 | 231,893 | 20.3 | 21.8 |
| 500-1,000 | 509 | 1.0 | 699,625 | 6.0 | 193,226 | 8.9 | 506,398 | 5.3 | 27.6 |
| More than 1,000 | 280 | 0.6 | 3,114,034 | 14.6 | 1,073,249 | 27.2 | 2,040,786 | 11.8 | 34.5 |
| All | 51,185 | 100.0 | 116,431 | 100.0 | 21,643 | 100.0 | 94,788 | 100.0 | 18.6 |

Source: Urban-Brookings Tax Policy Center Microsimulation Model (version 0613-2),
Less than 0.05
ote: Tax units with children are those claiming an exemption for children at home or away from home.
(1) Baseline is current law. Proposal would: implement two-rate structure of 15 percent on taxable income up to $\$ 87,850$ ( $\$ 175,700$ for married couples filing a joint return) and 35 percent on taxable income above that threshold; threshold would be indexed for inflation after 2013; repeal head of household filing status; repeal individual and corporate IT; repeal standard deduction and all itemized deductions other than those for home mortgage interest and charitable contributions; restrict mortgage interest deduction to interest on first $\$ 300,000$ (unindexed) of acquisition debt; repeal personal exemption for the primary taxpayer and spouse; repeal ACA surtaxes of 0.9 percent on wages and 3.8 ercent on net investment income; implement a personal credit of $\$ 2,000$ for singles ( $\$ 4,000$ for married couples filing a joint return), indexed for inflation after 2013;
mplement an additional child tax credit of $\$ 2,500$ per child, which could offset individual income tax liability plus any Social Security and Medicare taxes in excess of the
arned income tax credit; the $\$ 2,500$ per child amount would be indexed for inflation after 2013 and the credit would not phase out at higher incomes. Proposal would be
thective $01 /$ www.taxpolicycenter.org/taxtopics/Baseline-Definitions..ff
2) Includes both filing and non-filing units but excludes those that are dependents of other tax units. Tax units with negative adjusted gross income are excluded from their respective income class but are included in the totals. For a description of expanded cash income, see
http://www.taxpolicycenter.org/TaxModel/income.cfm
3) Includes tax units with a change in federal tax burden of $\$ 10$ or more in absolute value
(4) After-tax income is expanded cash income less: individual income tax net of refundable credits; corporate income tax; payroll taxes (Social Security and Medicare); and estate tax.
(5) Average federal tax (includes individual and corporate income tax, payroll taxes for Social Security and Medicare, and the estate tax) as a percentage of average expanded cash income.

## Table T14-0002

Sen. Mike Lee (R-UT)'s Tax Reform Plan: The Family Fairness and Opportunity Tax Reform Act
Baseline: Current Law
Distribution of Federal Tax Change by Expanded Cash Income Level, $2015{ }^{1}$
Detail Table - Elderly Tax Units

| Expanded Cash Income Level (thousands of 2013 dollars) ${ }^{2}$ | Percent of Tax Units ${ }^{3}$ |  | Percent Change in After-Tax Income ${ }^{4}$ | Share of Total Federal Tax Change | Average Federal Tax Change |  | Share of Federal Taxes |  | Average Federal Tax Rate ${ }^{5}$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | With Tax Cut | With Tax Increase |  |  | Dollars | Percent | Change (\% Points) | Under the Proposal | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { Change (\% } \\ \text { Points) } \end{gathered}$ | Under the Proposal |
| Less than 10 | 3.3 | 0.0 | 0.1 | 0.0 | -4 | -4.4 | 0.0 | 0.0 | -0.1 | 1.2 |
| 10-20 | 3.0 | 0.2 | 0.0 | 0.1 | -4 | -4.3 | 0.0 | 0.1 | 0.0 | 0.6 |
| 20-30 | 17.7 | 4.3 | 0.1 | 0.3 | -11 | -2.0 | 0.0 | 0.6 | -0.1 | 2.2 |
| 30-40 | 47.2 | 17.7 | 0.1 | 0.7 | -37 | -2.5 | 0.0 | 1.2 | -0.1 | 4.0 |
| 40-50 | 42.7 | 34.5 | 0.0 | -0.2 | 12 | 0.4 | 0.1 | 1.9 | 0.0 | 5.9 |
| 50-75 | 59.8 | 30.0 | 0.2 | 2.9 | -108 | -1.9 | 0.2 | 6.6 | -0.2 | 8.8 |
| 75-100 | 60.1 | 36.1 | 0.5 | 7.2 | -424 | -3.8 | 0.0 | 8.1 | -0.5 | 12.0 |
| 100-200 | 68.6 | 30.3 | 0.7 | 19.2 | -815 | -3.6 | 0.1 | 22.2 | -0.6 | 15.7 |
| 200-500 | 75.0 | 24.9 | 1.2 | 19.2 | -2,716 | -4.0 | 0.0 | 20.0 | -0.9 | 21.8 |
| 500-1,000 | 77.8 | 22.2 | 1.9 | 8.8 | -9,223 | -4.5 | 0.0 | 8.0 | -1.3 | 27.7 |
| More than 1,000 | 87.5 | 12.4 | 3.1 | 41.6 | -65,052 | -5.5 | -0.4 | 31.1 | -2.0 | 33.6 |
| All | 40.2 | 18.9 | 0.9 | 100.0 | -567 | -4.2 | 0.0 | 100.0 | -0.7 | 16.4 |

Baseline Distribution of Income and Federal Taxe
by Expanded Cash Income Level, 2015

| Expanded Cash Income Level (thousands of 2013 dollars) ${ }^{2}$ | Tax Units |  | Pre-Tax Income |  | Federal Tax Burden |  | After-Tax Income ${ }^{4}$ |  | Average Federal Tax Rate ${ }^{5}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Number (thousands) | Percent of Total | Average (dollars) | Percent of Total | Average (dollars) | Percent of Total | Average (dollars) | Percent of Total |  |
| Less than 10 | 1,600 | 4.3 | 6,404 | 0.4 | 83 | 0.0 | 6,321 | 0.4 | 1.3 |
| 10-20 | 6,764 | 18.2 | 15,959 | 3.7 | 96 | 0.1 | 15,863 | 4.4 | 0.6 |
| 20-30 | 5,182 | 14.0 | 25,430 | 4.5 | 571 | 0.6 | 24,859 | 5.3 | 2.3 |
| 30-40 | 4,055 | 10.9 | 36,345 | 5.0 | 1,486 | 1.2 | 34,859 | 5.8 | 4.1 |
| 40-50 | 3,258 | 8.8 | 46,607 | 5.2 | 2,752 | 1.8 | 43,854 | 5.8 | 5.9 |
| 50-75 | 5,716 | 15.4 | 63,444 | 12.3 | 5,718 | 6.5 | 57,726 | 13.5 | 9.0 |
| 75-100 | 3,604 | 9.7 | 90,042 | 11.0 | 11,267 | 8.1 | 78,775 | 11.6 | 12.5 |
| 100-200 | 4,957 | 13.3 | 137,874 | 23.2 | 22,441 | 22.1 | 115,434 | 23.4 | 16.3 |
| 200-500 | 1,493 | 4.0 | 296,736 | 15.0 | 67,415 | 20.0 | 229,321 | 14.0 | 22.7 |
| 500-1,000 | 200 | 0.5 | 700,067 | 4.8 | 203,031 | 8.1 | 497,036 | 4.1 | 29.0 |
| More than 1,000 | 135 | 0.4 | 3,311,335 | 15.1 | 1,178,223 | 31.5 | 2,133,112 | 11.8 | 35.6 |
| All | 37,154 | 100.0 | 79,431 | 100.0 | 13,580 | 100.0 | 65,851 | 100.0 | 17.1 |

Source: Urban-Brookings Tax Policy Center Microsimulation Model (version 0613-2).
Less than 0.05
Note: Elderly tax units are those with either head or spouse (if filing jointly) age 65 or older.
(1) Baseline is current law. Proposal would: implement two-rate structure of 15 percent on taxable income up to $\$ 87,850$ ( $\$ 175,700$ for married couples filing a joint return) and 35 percent on taxable income above that threshold; threshold would be indexed for inflation after 2013; repeal head of household filing status; repeal individual and corporate I, repeal standard deduction and all itemized deductions other than those for home mortgage interest and charitable contributions, restrict mortgage interest deduction to interest on first $\$ 300,000$ (unindexed) of acquisition debt; repeal personal exemption for the primary taxpayer and spouse; repeal ACA surtaxes of 0.9 percent on wages and 3.8 percent on net investment income; implement a personal credit of $\$ 2,000$ for singles ( $\$ 4,000$ for married couples filing a joint return), indexed for inflation after 2013;
mplement an additional child tax credit of $\$ 2,500$ per child, which could offset individual income tax liability plus any Social Security and Medicare taxes in excess of the
earned income tax credit; the $\$ 2,500$ per child amount would be indexed for inflation after 2013 and the credit would not phase out at higher incomes. Proposal would be
http://www.taxpolicycenter.org/taxtopics/Baseline-Definitions..ffm
(2) Includes both filing and non-filing units but excludes those that are dependents of other tax units. Tax units with negative adjusted gross income are excluded from their respective income class but are included in the otals. For a description of expanded cash income, see
ttp://www.taxpolicycenter.org/TaxMode//income.cfm
3) Includes tax units with a change in federal tax burden of $\$ 10$ or more in absolute value
(4) After-tax income is expanded cash income less: individual income tax net of refundable credits; corporate income tax; payroll taxes (Social Security and Medicare); and estate tax.
(5) Average federal tax (includes individual and corporate income tax, payroll taxes for Social Security and Medicare, and the estate tax) as a percentage of average expanded cash income.

