25-Jul-13 PRELIMINARY RESULTS http://www.taxpolicycenter.org

Table T13-0179 Share of Federal Taxes - All Tax Units By Expanded Cash Income Percentile, 2013

Baseline: Current Law

Expanded Cash Income Percentile ¹	Share of Total								
	Tax Units	Expanded Cash Income	Individual Income Tax ²	Payroll Tax ³	Corporate Income Tax	Estate Tax	All Federal Tax ⁴		
Lowest Quintile	26.8	4.7	-2.6	4.2	1.8	*	0.6		
Second Quintile	22.4	9.7	-1.5	10.3	4.5	0.1	4.0		
Middle Quintile	19.6	14.8	5.3	17.0	8.3	0.3	10.3		
Fourth Quintile	16.0	20.3	13.8	24.3	14.6	0.2	18.0		
Top Quintile	14.1	50.5	85.0	44.3	70.8	99.3	67.0		
All	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0		
Addendum									
80-90	7.1	13.7	12.0	17.1	11.6	1.7	14.0		
90-95	3.5	9.4	10.4	10.9	10.2	3.1	10.5		
95-99	2.8	12.1	19.2	10.7	16.0	19.9	15.4		
Top 1 Percent	0.7	15.3	43.3	5.6	33.0	74.6	27.1		
Top 0.1 Percent	0.1	7.2	22.4	1.7	19.1	46.7	13.8		

Source: Urban-Brookings Tax Policy Center Microsimulation Model (version 0613-1).

Notes: Data are for calendar year 2013.

- (2) After tax credits (including refundable portion of earned income and child tax credits).
- (3) Includes both the employee and employer portion of Social Security and Medicare tax.
- (4) Excludes customs duties and excise taxes.

^{*} Less than 0.05.

⁽¹⁾ The income percentile classes used in this table are based on the income distribution for the entire population and contain an equal number of people, not tax units. The incomes used are adjusted for family size by dividing by the square root of the number of people in the tax unit. The resulting percentile breaks are (in 2013 dollars): 20% \$16,387; 40% \$29,988; 60% \$48,111; 80% \$76,863; 90% \$107,546; 95% \$148,915; 99% \$328,103; 99.9% \$1,563,026. Includes both filing and non-filing units but excludes those that are dependents of other tax units. Tax units with negative adjusted gross income are excluded from their respective income class but are included in the totals. For a description of expanded cash income, see http://www.taxpolicycenter.org/TaxModel/income.cfm .

Table T13-0179 Share of Federal Taxes - All Tax Units By Expanded Cash Income Percentile, 2013

Baseline: Current Law

Expanded Cash Income Percentile ¹	Share of Total								
	Tax Units	Expanded Cash Income	Individual Income Tax ²	Payroll Tax ³	Corporate Income Tax	Estate Tax	All Federal Tax ⁴		
Lowest Quintile	21.9	3.6	-4.0	3.7	1.3	*	-0.3		
Second Quintile	20.7	8.0	-3.1	8.2	3.4	*	2.2		
Middle Quintile	19.8	13.2	3.0	14.8	6.6	0.1	8.2		
Fourth Quintile	18.6	20.3	12.7	24.8	13.0	0.4	17.6		
Top Quintile	18.1	54.9	91.5	48.5	75.7	99.5	72.3		
All	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0		
Addendum									
80-90	9.1	15.0	13.7	18.2	12.4	0.3	15.3		
90-95	4.5	10.4	11.9	12.1	10.7	0.3	11.8		
95-99	3.6	13.5	21.1	12.2	17.8	8.0	17.0		
Top 1 Percent	0.9	16.0	44.7	6.0	34.7	90.9	28.2		
Top 0.1 Percent	0.1	7.6	23.3	1.8	20.0	55.7	14.4		

Source: Urban-Brookings Tax Policy Center Microsimulation Model (version 0613-1).

Notes: Data are for calendar year 2013.

(1) The income percentile classes used in this table are based on the income distribution for the entire population and contain an equal number of people, not tax units. The incomes used are adjusted for family size by dividing by the square root of the number of people in the tax unit. The resulting percentile breaks are (in 2013 dollars): 20% \$16,387; 40% \$29,988; 60% \$48,111; 80% \$76,863; 90% \$107,546; 95% \$148,915; 99% \$328,103; 99.9% \$1,563,026. Includes both filing and non-filing units but excludes those that are dependents of other tax units. Tax units with negative adjusted gross income are excluded from their respective income class but are included in the totals. For a description of expanded cash income, see http://www.taxpolicycenter.org/TaxModel/income.cfm .

- (2) After tax credits (including refundable portion of earned income and child tax credits).
- (3) Includes both the employee and employer portion of Social Security and Medicare tax.
- (4) Excludes customs duties and excise taxes.

^{*} Less than 0.05.

Table T13-0179

Share of Federal Taxes - Single Tax Units

By Expanded Cash Income Percentile, 2013

Baseline: Current Law

Expanded Cash Income Percentile ¹	Share of Total								
	Tax Units	Expanded Cash Income	Individual Income Tax ²	Payroll Tax ³	Corporate Income Tax	Estate Tax	All Federal Tax ⁴		
Lowest Quintile	29.9	7.3	-2.6	6.3	2.6	*	1.7		
Second Quintile	23.9	13.3	1.5	11.4	6.2	*	6.1		
Middle Quintile	19.2	18.0	9.6	19.7	10.2	0.2	13.8		
Fourth Quintile	15.0	22.1	20.9	27.2	16.3	0.3	22.7		
Top Quintile	10.8	39.4	70.6	35.4	64.7	99.5	55.7		
All	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0		
Addendum									
80-90	5.8	12.7	15.8	15.1	13.0	0.1	14.9		
90-95	2.6	7.8	11.4	9.1	9.7	0.3	10.0		
95-99	1.9	9.4	16.1	8.2	15.4	9.3	12.6		
Top 1 Percent	0.4	9.5	27.3	3.1	26.6	89.8	18.2		
Top 0.1 Percent	0.0	4.4	14.3	0.8	14.4	50.5	9.3		

Source: Urban-Brookings Tax Policy Center Microsimulation Model (version 0613-1).

Notes: Data are for calendar year 2013.

(1) The income percentile classes used in this table are based on the income distribution for the entire population and contain an equal number of people, not tax units. The incomes used are adjusted for family size by dividing by the square root of the number of people in the tax unit. The resulting percentile breaks are (in 2013 dollars): 20% \$16,387; 40% \$29,988; 60% \$48,111; 80% \$76,863; 90% \$107,546; 95% \$148,915; 99% \$328,103; 99.9% \$1,563,026. Includes both filing and non-filing units but excludes those that are dependents of other tax units. Tax units with negative adjusted gross income are excluded from their respective income class but are included in the totals. For a description of expanded cash income, see http://www.taxpolicycenter.org/TaxModel/income.cfm .

- (2) After tax credits (including refundable portion of earned income and child tax credits).
- (3) Includes both the employee and employer portion of Social Security and Medicare tax.
- (4) Excludes customs duties and excise taxes.

^{*} Less than 0.05.

Table T13-0179 Share of Federal Taxes - Married Tax Units, Filing Jointly By Expanded Cash Income Percentile, 2013 Baseline: Current Law

Share of Total Expanded Cash Individual **Expanded Cash** Corporate Payroll Tax³ Income Percentile¹ All Federal Tax4 **Tax Units** Estate Tax Income Income Tax² **Income Tax** 0.7 **Lowest Quintile** 8.7 1.2 -1.4 1.3 -0.2 **Second Quintile** 13.0 3.9 -1.9 4.2 1.9 8.0 Middle Quintile 19.7 9.7 0.7 4.9 4.8 10.6 **Fourth Quintile** 25.4 19.7 8.7 24.4 11.8 0.2 14.8 **Top Quintile** 32.2 65.5 93.9 59.6 80.7 99.7 79.8 Αll 100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0 Addendum 80-90 15.4 16.9 12.2 21.3 12.6 1.0 15.6 90-95 8.3 12.4 11.7 15.0 11.5 0.3 12.9 95-99 6.9 16.4 22.0 15.5 19.2 3.0 19.2 **Top 1 Percent** 1.7 19.7 48.0 7.9 37.4 95.4 32.2 Top 0.1 Percent 0.2 9.1 24.5 2.3 21.4 76.2 16.1

Source: Urban-Brookings Tax Policy Center Microsimulation Model (version 0613-1).

Notes: Data are for calendar year 2013.

(1) The income percentile classes used in this table are based on the income distribution for the entire population and contain an equal number of people, not tax units. The incomes used are adjusted for family size by dividing by the square root of the number of people in the tax unit. The resulting percentile breaks are (in 2013 dollars): 20% \$16,387; 40% \$29,988; 60% \$48,111; 80% \$76,863; 90% \$107,546; 95% \$148,915; 99% \$328,103; 99.9% \$1,563,026. Includes both filing and non-filing units but excludes those that are dependents of other tax units. Tax units with negative adjusted gross income are excluded from their respective income class but are included in the totals. For a description of expanded cash income, see http://www.taxpolicycenter.org/TaxModel/income.cfm .

- (2) After tax credits (including refundable portion of earned income and child tax credits).
- (3) Includes both the employee and employer portion of Social Security and Medicare tax.
- (4) Excludes customs duties and excise taxes.

^{*} Less than 0.05.

Table T13-0179 Share of Federal Taxes - Head of Household Tax Units By Expanded Cash Income Percentile, 2013

Baseline: Current Law

Estate Tax	All Federal Tax ⁴
*	
	-12.8
*	3.4
*	30.5
3.2	33.7
96.8	45.1
100.0	100.0
0.1	15.9
0.0	6.4
9.0	10.5
87.7	12.3
59.1	6.1
	0.1 0.0 9.0 87.7

Source: Urban-Brookings Tax Policy Center Microsimulation Model (version 0613-1).

n/a: Since the total individual income tax paid by head of households tax units is small in absolute value, the shares paid by each income class can be misleading and are therefore not shown in this analysis.

Notes: Data are for calendar year 2013.

- (1) The income percentile classes used in this table are based on the income distribution for the entire population and contain an equal number of people, not tax units. The incomes used are adjusted for family size by dividing by the square root of the number of people in the tax unit. The resulting percentile breaks are (in 2013 dollars): 20% \$16,387; 40% \$29,988; 60% \$48,111; 80% \$76,863; 90% \$107,546; 95% \$148,915; 99% \$328,103; 99.9% \$1,563,026. Includes both filing and non-filing units but excludes those that are dependents of other tax units. Tax units with negative adjusted gross income are excluded from their respective income class but are included in the totals. For a description of expanded cash income, see http://www.taxpolicycenter.org/TaxModel/income.cfm.
- (2) After tax credits (including refundable portion of earned income and child tax credits).
- (3) Includes both the employee and employer portion of Social Security and Medicare tax.
- (4) Excludes customs duties and excise taxes.

^{*} Less than 0.05.

Table T13-0179

Share of Federal Taxes - Tax Units with Children

By Expanded Cash Income Percentile, 2013

Baseline: Current Law

Expanded Cash Income Percentile ¹	Share of Total								
	Tax Units	Expanded Cash Income	Individual Income Tax ²	Payroll Tax ³	Corporate Income Tax	Estate Tax	All Federal Tax ⁴		
Lowest Quintile	20.6	3.6	-11.4	4.1	1.5	*	-2.5		
Second Quintile	20.8	8.3	-10.8	9.3	3.5	0.2	0.5		
Middle Quintile	19.9	13.5	0.0	15.9	7.0	*	8.5		
Fourth Quintile	19.9	22.0	12.6	26.9	14.6	1.4	19.9		
Top Quintile	17.8	52.5	109.7	43.9	73.4	98.4	73.6		
All	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0		
Addendum									
80-90	9.3	15.1	15.0	17.9	13.0	0.5	16.3		
90-95	4.4	10.0	13.8	10.7	10.9	0.1	12.0		
95-99	3.3	12.3	25.6	9.9	16.1	5.4	16.9		
Top 1 Percent	0.9	15.1	55.2	5.4	33.3	92.4	28.4		
Top 0.1 Percent	0.1	6.7	26.6	1.6	19.1	73.4	13.5		

Source: Urban-Brookings Tax Policy Center Microsimulation Model (version 0613-1).

Notes: Data are for calendar year 2013. Tax units with children are those claiming an exemption for children at home or away from home. (1) The income percentile classes used in this table are based on the income distribution for the entire population and contain an equal number of people, not tax units. The incomes used are adjusted for family size by dividing by the square root of the number of people in the tax unit. The resulting percentile breaks are (in 2013 dollars): 20% \$16,387; 40% \$29,988; 60% \$48,111; 80% \$76,863; 90% \$107,546; 95% \$148,915; 99% \$328,103; 99.9% \$1,563,026. Includes both filing and non-filing units but excludes those that are dependents of other tax units. Tax units with negative adjusted gross income are excluded from their respective income class but are included in the totals. For a description of expanded cash income, see http://www.taxpolicycenter.org/TaxModel/income.cfm.

- (2) After tax credits (including refundable portion of earned income and child tax credits).
- (3) Includes both the employee and employer portion of Social Security and Medicare tax.
- (4) Excludes customs duties and excise taxes.

^{*} Less than 0.05.

Table T13-0179

Share of Federal Taxes - Elderly Tax Units

By Expanded Cash Income Percentile, 2013

Baseline: Current Law

Expanded Cash Income Percentile ¹	Share of Total								
	Tax Units	Expanded Cash Income	Individual Income Tax ²	Payroll Tax ³	Corporate Income Tax	Estate Tax	All Federal Tax⁴		
Lowest Quintile	18.8	3.4	-0.1	0.5	0.6	*	0.1		
Second Quintile	24.6	9.2	-0.1	3.7	3.1	*	1.1		
Middle Quintile	22.3	15.4	2.9	13.4	7.2	0.2	5.3		
Fourth Quintile	17.4	19.7	12.8	22.7	13.6	0.3	14.1		
Top Quintile	16.2	52.4	84.6	59.6	75.5	99.5	79.4		
All	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0		
Addendum									
80-90	8.3	14.2	13.8	19.3	13.0	0.3	14.0		
90-95	3.7	8.7	10.3	13.4	9.9	0.2	10.4		
95-99	3.4	13.0	19.7	16.6	18.3	9.1	18.6		
Top 1 Percent	0.9	16.5	40.7	10.3	34.2	89.9	36.4		
Top 0.1 Percent	0.1	8.2	21.9	3.6	18.8	52.5	19.5		

Source: Urban-Brookings Tax Policy Center Microsimulation Model (version 0613-1).

Notes: Data are for calendar year 2013. Elderly tax units are those with either head or spouse (if filing jointly) age 65 or older.

- (2) After tax credits (including refundable portion of earned income and child tax credits).
- (3) Includes both the employee and employer portion of Social Security and Medicare tax.
- (4) Excludes customs duties and excise taxes.

^{*} Less than 0.05.

⁽¹⁾ The income percentile classes used in this table are based on the income distribution for the entire population and contain an equal number of people, not tax units. The incomes used are adjusted for family size by dividing by the square root of the number of people in the tax unit. The resulting percentile breaks are (in 2013 dollars): 20% \$16,387; 40% \$29,988; 60% \$48,111; 80% \$76,863; 90% \$107,546; 95% \$148,915; 99% \$328,103; 99.9% \$1,563,026. Includes both filing and non-filing units but excludes those that are dependents of other tax units. Tax units with negative adjusted gross income are excluded from their respective income class but are included in the totals. For a description of expanded cash income, see http://www.taxpolicycenter.org/TaxModel/income.cfm .