Table T13-0077

## Tax Benefit of Deduction for State and Local Taxes

Distribution of Federal Tax Change by Cash Income Percentile, $2015{ }^{1}$
Detail Table

| Cash Income Percentile ${ }^{2,3}$ | Percent of Tax Units ${ }^{4}$ |  | Benefit as a Percent of AfterTax Income ${ }^{5}$ | Share of Total Benefit | Average Benefit |  | Share of Federal Taxes |  | Average Federal Tax Rate ${ }^{6}$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | With Benefit | Without Benefit |  |  | Dollars | $\begin{gathered} \text { Percent of } \\ \text { Federal Taxes } \end{gathered}$ | With Provision | Without Provision | $\begin{gathered} \text { With } \\ \text { Provision } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | Without Provision |
| Lowest Quintile | 0.9 | 99.1 | 0.0 | 0.1 | 2 | 0.5 | 0.5 | 0.5 | 2.5 | 2.5 |
| Second Quintile | 8.7 | 91.3 | 0.1 | 1.1 | 28 | 0.8 | 4.5 | 4.4 | 10.5 | 10.6 |
| Middle Quintile | 29.1 | 70.9 | 0.4 | 5.6 | 166 | 1.8 | 10.3 | 10.2 | 16.3 | 16.6 |
| Fourth Quintile | 54.6 | 45.4 | 0.7 | 14.5 | 522 | 2.9 | 16.6 | 16.5 | 19.5 | 20.1 |
| Top Quintile | 79.2 | 20.8 | 1.6 | 78.8 | 3,196 | 3.9 | 68.1 | 68.4 | 29.3 | 30.4 |
| All | 28.7 | 71.3 | 1.0 | 100.0 | 596 | 3.3 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 22.7 | 23.5 |
| Addendum |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 80-90 | 74.0 | 26.0 | 1.2 | 15.5 | 1,251 | 4.2 | 12.3 | 12.4 | 22.3 | 23.2 |
| 90-95 | 84.1 | 15.9 | 1.6 | 13.6 | 2,220 | 5.0 | 9.2 | 9.3 | 23.9 | 25.1 |
| 95-99 | 84.0 | 16.0 | 1.3 | 15.3 | 3,112 | 3.6 | 14.3 | 14.4 | 27.1 | 28.1 |
| Top 1 Percent | 87.4 | 12.6 | 2.1 | 34.4 | 28,036 | 3.6 | 32.3 | 32.3 | 37.6 | 38.9 |
| Top 0.1 Percent | 89.0 | 11.0 | 2.0 | 15.2 | 121,171 | 3.0 | 17.1 | 17.0 | 40.0 | 41.2 |

Baseline Distribution of Income and Federal Taxes
by Cash Income Percentile, $2015{ }^{1}$

| Cash Income Percentile ${ }^{2,3}$ | Tax Units |  | Pre-Tax Income |  | Federal Tax Burden |  | After-Tax Income ${ }^{5}$ |  | Average Federal Tax Rate ${ }^{6}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Number (thousands) | $\begin{gathered} \text { Percent of } \\ \text { Total } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | Average (dollars) | Percent of Total | Average (dollars) | Percent of Total | Average (dollars) | Percent of Total |  |
| Lowest Quintile | 40,970 | 25.6 | 12,881 | 4.2 | 322 | 0.5 | 12,559 | 5.3 | 2.5 |
| Second Quintile | 36,414 | 22.7 | 33,491 | 9.7 | 3,504 | 4.5 | 29,987 | 11.2 | 10.5 |
| Middle Quintile | 31,949 | 19.9 | 56,816 | 14.4 | 9,252 | 10.3 | 47,564 | 15.6 | 16.3 |
| Fourth Quintile | 26,517 | 16.5 | 91,848 | 19.3 | 17,910 | 16.6 | 73,938 | 20.1 | 19.5 |
| Top Quintile | 23,568 | 14.7 | 282,330 | 52.8 | 82,712 | 68.1 | 199,618 | 48.3 | 29.3 |
| All | 160,282 | 100.0 | 78,595 | 100.0 | 17,872 | 100.0 | 60,723 | 100.0 | 22.7 |
| Addendum |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 80-90 | 11,852 | 7.4 | 133,354 | 12.6 | 29,674 | 12.3 | 103,681 | 12.6 | 22.3 |
| 90-95 | 5,855 | 3.7 | 187,816 | 8.7 | 44,834 | 9.2 | 142,982 | 8.6 | 23.9 |
| 95-99 | 4,687 | 2.9 | 323,122 | 12.0 | 87,666 | 14.3 | 235,456 | 11.3 | 27.1 |
| Top 1 Percent | 1,174 | 0.7 | 2,095,258 | 19.5 | 787,453 | 32.3 | 1,307,805 | 15.8 | 37.6 |
| Top 0.1 Percent | 120 | 0.1 | 10,186,310 | 9.7 | 4,077,262 | 17.1 | 6,109,049 | 7.5 | 40.0 |

Source: Urban-Brookings Tax Policy Center Microsimulation Model (version 0412-8)
Number of AMT Taxpayers (millions). Baseline: 4.0

* Less than 0.05
(1) Calendar year. Baseline is current law. Proposal is current law without the deduction for state and local taxes. For a description of TPC's current law baseline, see
.tp://www taxpolicycenter org/taxtopics/Baseline-Definitions cfm

2) Includes both filing and non-filing units but excludes those that are dependents of other tax units. Tax units with negative cash income are excluded from the lowest income class but are included in the totals. or a description of cash income, see
ttp://www.taxpolicycenter.org/TaxModel/income.cfm
(3) The income percentile classes used in this table are based on the income distribution for the entire population and contain an equal number of people, not tax units. The breaks are (in 2012 dollars): $20 \%$ \$22,008; 40\% \$42,597; 60\% \$67,608; 80\% \$112,412; 90\% \$147,742; 95\% \$227,595; 99\% \$573,930; 99.9\% \$3,274,341.
(4) Includes tax units with a change in federal tax burden of $\$ 10$ or more in absolute value.
(5) After-tax income is cash income less: individual income tax net of refundable credits; corporate income tax; payroll taxes (Social Security and Medicare); and estate tax.
(6) Average federal tax (includes individual and corporate income tax, payroll taxes for Social Security and Medicare, and the estate tax) as a percentage of average cash income.
