## Table T12-0428

The American Taxpayer Relief Act of 2012 (ATRA) as Passed by the Senate

## Major Individual Income Tax and Estate Tax Provisions

Excludes Certain Business Extenders and other Provisions
Baseline: Patched 2012 Law (Payroll Cut Extended, No Health Taxes, AMT Fix)
Distribution of Federal Tax Change by Cash Income Level, $2013{ }^{1}$
Summary Table

| Cash Income Level (thousands of 2012 dollars) ${ }^{2}$ | Tax Units with Tax Increase or Cut ${ }^{3}$ |  |  |  | Percent Change in After-Tax Income ${ }^{4}$ | Share of Total Federal Tax Change | Average <br> Federal Tax <br> Change (\$) | Average Federal Tax Rate ${ }^{5}$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | With Tax Cut |  | With Tax Increase |  |  |  |  | Change (\% | Under the |
|  | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { Pct of Tax } \\ \text { Units } \end{gathered}$ | Avg Tax Cut | Pct of Tax Units | Avg Tax Increase |  |  |  | Points) | Proposal |
| Less than 10 | 0.0 | 0 | 64.2 | 106 | -1.3 | 0.6 | 68 | 1.3 | 3.0 |
| 10-20 | * | ** | 61.4 | 249 | -1.0 | 1.9 | 153 | 1.0 | 1.7 |
| 20-30 | * | ** | 72.9 | 406 | -1.3 | 2.9 | 297 | 1.2 | 6.8 |
| 30-40 | 0.0 | 0 | 77.8 | 572 | -1.4 | 3.9 | 445 | 1.3 | 11.6 |
| 40-50 | 0.1 | -28 | 79.9 | 724 | -1.5 | 4.0 | 579 | 1.3 | 14.0 |
| 50-75 | 0.2 | -103 | 83.5 | 985 | -1.6 | 10.6 | 822 | 1.3 | 17.1 |
| 75-100 | 0.2 | -150 | 86.3 | 1,399 | -1.7 | 8.9 | 1,206 | 1.4 | 19.3 |
| 100-200 | 0.3 | -215 | 89.6 | 1,991 | -1.7 | 18.1 | 1,784 | 1.3 | 22.0 |
| 200-500 | 1.7 | -287 | 93.1 | 2,976 | -1.3 | 6.5 | 2,711 | 1.0 | 26.2 |
| 500-1,000 | 0.4 | -153 | 99.5 | 15,055 | -3.1 | 5.4 | 14,812 | 2.2 | 32.1 |
| More than 1,000 | * | ** | 99.9 | 171,330 | -7.8 | 37.1 | 170,341 | 5.2 | 38.5 |
| All | 0.1 | -220 | 77.1 | 1,635 | -2.3 | 100.0 | 1,257 | 1.8 | 21.7 |

Source: Urban-Brookings Tax Policy Center Microsimulation Model (version 0412-8).
Number of AMT Taxpayers (millions). Baseline: 4.0
Proposal: 3.4

* Less than 0.05
** Insufficient data
(1) Calendar year. Baseline is current policy with the following modifications: extension of 2 percent payroll tax cut; repeal of the health care legislation taxes on earnings, and investment income; repeal of the 10 percent limitation on the deductibility of medical expenses. Proposal would extend the tax cuts in TPC's current policy baseline with the following exceptions and modifications: (1) raise statutory individual income tax rate to 39.6 percent on taxable income greater than $\$ 450,000$ for married couples filing a joint return (MFJ), $\$ 400,000$ for singles, and $\$ 425,000$ for heads of household ( HoH ), indexed for inflation after 2013; (2) reinstate the personal exemption phaseout (PEP) and the limitation on itemized deductions (Pease) for those with adjusted gross incomes greater than $\$ 300,000$ for MFJ, $\$ 250,000$ for singles, and $\$ 275,000$ for HoH, indexed for inflation after 2013; (3) raise rate on long-term capital gains and qualified dividends to 20 percent for those otherwise in the top 39.6 percent tax bracket; (4) raise estate tax rate from 35 to 40 percent; (4) set AMT exemption at $\$ 78,750$ for MFJ, $\$ 50,600$ for singles, indexed for inflation after 2012; and (5) index the AMT exemption phaseout threshold and tax bracket threshold for inflation after 2012. Includes impact of extending the sales tax deduction, the above-the-line deductions for education expenses, and the educator deduction but excludes the impact of certain business and other extenders. For a description of TPC's current law and current policy baselines, see
http://www.taxpolicycenter.org/T11-0270
(2) Includes both filing and non-filing units but excludes those that are dependents of other tax units. Tax units with negative cash income are excluded from the lowest income class but are included in the totals. For a description of cash income, se
http://www.taxpolicycenter.org/TaxModel/income.cfm
(3) Includes tax units with a change in federal tax burden of $\$ 10$ or more in absolute value.
(4) After-tax income is cash income less: individual income tax net of refundable credits; corporate income tax; payroll taxes (Social Security and Medicare); and estate tax.
(5) Average federal tax (includes individual and corporate income tax, payroll taxes for Social Security and Medicare, and the estate tax) as a percentage of average cash income.

The American Taxpayer Relief Act of 2012 (ATRA) as Passed by the Senate
Major Individual Income Tax and Estate Tax Provisions
Excludes Certain Business Extenders and other Provisions
Baseline: Patched 2012 Law (Payroll Cut Extended, No Health Taxes, AMT Fix)
Distribution of Federal Tax Change by Cash Income Level, 2013
Detail Table

| Cash Income Level (thousands of 2012 dollars) ${ }^{2}$ | Percent of Tax Units ${ }^{3}$ |  | Percent Change in After-Tax Income ${ }^{4}$ | Share of Total Federal Tax Change | Average Federal Tax Change |  | Share of Federal Taxes |  | Average Federal Tax Rate ${ }^{5}$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | With Tax Cut | With Tax Increase |  |  | Dollars | Percent | Change (\% Points) | Under the Proposal | Change (\% Points) | Under the Proposal |
| Less than 10 | 0.0 | 64.2 | -1.3 | 0.6 | 68 | 73.0 | 0.0 | 0.1 | 1.3 | 3.0 |
| 10-20 | * | 61.4 | -1.0 | 1.9 | 153 | 151.0 | 0.2 | 0.3 | 1.0 | 1.7 |
| 20-30 | * | 72.9 | -1.3 | 2.9 | 297 | 21.0 | 0.1 | 1.4 | 1.2 | 6.8 |
| 30-40 | 0.0 | 77.8 | -1.4 | 3.9 | 445 | 12.1 | 0.1 | 3.0 | 1.3 | 11.6 |
| 40-50 | 0.1 | 79.9 | -1.5 | 4.0 | 579 | 10.0 | 0.0 | 3.7 | 1.3 | 14.0 |
| 50-75 | 0.2 | 83.5 | -1.6 | 10.6 | 822 | 8.4 | -0.1 | 11.4 | 1.3 | 17.1 |
| 75-100 | 0.2 | 86.3 | -1.7 | 8.9 | 1,206 | 7.6 | -0.1 | 10.4 | 1.4 | 19.3 |
| 100-200 | 0.3 | 89.6 | -1.7 | 18.1 | 1,784 | 6.5 | -0.6 | 24.9 | 1.3 | 22.0 |
| 200-500 | 1.7 | 93.1 | -1.3 | 6.5 | 2,711 | 3.8 | -0.8 | 14.9 | 1.0 | 26.2 |
| 500-1,000 | 0.4 | 99.5 | -3.1 | 5.4 | 14,812 | 7.2 | -0.1 | 6.7 | 2.2 | 32.1 |
| More than 1,000 | * | 99.9 | -7.8 | 37.1 | 170,341 | 15.5 | 1.3 | 23.0 | 5.2 | 38.5 |
| All | 0.1 | 77.1 | -2.3 | 100.0 | 1,257 | 9.1 | 0.0 | 100.0 | 1.8 | 21.7 |

Baseline Distribution of Income and Federal Taxes
by Cash Income Level, $2013{ }^{1}$

| Cash Income Level (thousands of 2012 dollars) ${ }^{2}$ | Tax Units |  | Pre-Tax Income |  | Federal Tax Burden |  | After-Tax Income ${ }^{4}$ |  | Average Federal Tax Rate ${ }^{5}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Number } \\ \text { (thousands) } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { Percent of } \\ \text { Total } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | Average (dollars) | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { Percent of } \\ \text { Total } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | Average (dollars) | $\begin{gathered} \text { Percent of } \\ \text { Total } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | Average (dollars) | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { Percent of } \\ \text { Total } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |  |
| Less than 10 | 16,041 | 10.1 | 5,390 | 0.8 | 93 | 0.1 | 5,297 | 1.0 | 1.7 |
| 10-20 | 24,243 | 15.3 | 15,105 | 3.3 | 101 | 0.1 | 15,004 | 4.1 | 0.7 |
| 20-30 | 19,317 | 12.2 | 25,084 | 4.4 | 1,415 | 1.3 | 23,669 | 5.2 | 5.6 |
| 30-40 | 17,482 | 11.1 | 35,579 | 5.7 | 3,672 | 2.9 | 31,907 | 6.3 | 10.3 |
| 40-50 | 13,879 | 8.8 | 45,612 | 5.8 | 5,807 | 3.7 | 39,805 | 6.3 | 12.7 |
| 50-75 | 25,633 | 16.2 | 62,053 | 14.5 | 9,786 | 11.5 | 52,267 | 15.2 | 15.8 |
| 75-100 | 14,610 | 9.2 | 88,235 | 11.7 | 15,789 | 10.6 | 72,446 | 12.0 | 17.9 |
| 100-200 | 20,204 | 12.8 | 133,782 | 24.6 | 27,634 | 25.5 | 106,148 | 24.3 | 20.7 |
| 200-500 | 4,780 | 3.0 | 283,732 | 12.3 | 71,573 | 15.7 | 212,158 | 11.5 | 25.2 |
| 500-1,000 | 728 | 0.5 | 683,264 | 4.5 | 204,780 | 6.8 | 478,484 | 4.0 | 30.0 |
| More than 1,000 | 433 | 0.3 | 3,295,487 | 13.0 | 1,098,670 | 21.8 | 2,196,818 | 10.8 | 33.3 |
| All | 158,260 | 100.0 | 69,527 | 100.0 | 13,816 | 100.0 | 55,710 | 100.0 | 19.9 |

Surce: Urban-Brookings Tax Policy Center Microsimulation Model (version 0412-8).
umber of AMT Taxpayers (millions). Baseline: 4.0
Proposal: 3.4
Less than $0 .{ }^{2}$

1) Calendar year. Baseline is current policy with the following modifications: extension of 2 percent payroll tax cut; repeal of the health care legislation taxes on earnings, and investment income; repeal of the 0 percent limitation on the deductibility of medical expenses. Proposal would extend the tax cuts in TPC's current policy baseline with the following exceptions and modifications: (1) raise statutory individual come tax rate to 39.6 percent on taxable income greater than $\$ 450,000$ for married couples filing a joint return (MF), $\$ 400,000$ for singles, and $\$ 425,000$ for heads of household (HoH), indexed for inflation ter 2013; (2) reinstate the personal exemption phaseout (PEP) and the limitation on itemized deductions (Pease) for those with adjusted gross incomes greater than $\$ 300,000$ for MFJ, $\$ 250,000$ for singles, and 275,000 for HoH , indexed for inflation after 2013; (3) raise rate on long-term capital gains and qualified dividends to 20 percent for those otherwise in the top 39.6 percent tax bracket; (4) raise estate tax rate Fom 35 to 40 percent; ( 4 ) set AMT exemption at $\$ 78,750$ for MFJ, $\$ 50,600$ for singles, indexed for inflation after 2012; and (5) index the AMT exemption phaseout threshold and tax bracket threshold for inflation after 2012. Includes impact of extending the sales tax deduction, the above-the-line deductions for education expenses, and the educator deduction but excludes the impact of certain business and other xtenders. For a description of TPC's current law and current policy baselines, se
ttp://www.taxpolicycenter.org/T11-0270
. or a description of cash income, see
htt://www.taxpolicycenter.org/TaxModel/income.cfm
2) Includes tax units with a change in federal tax burden of $\$ 10$ or more in absolute value.
(4) After-tax income is cash income less: individual income tax net of refundable credits; corporate income tax; payroll taxes (Social Security and Medicare); and estate tax
3) Average federal tax (includes individual and corporate income tax, payroll taxes for Social Security and Medicare, and the estate tax) as a percentage of average cash income.

The American Taxpayer Relief Act of 2012 (ATRA) as Passed by the Senate
Major Individual Income Tax and Estate Tax Provisions
Excludes Certain Business Extenders and other Provisions
Baseline: Patched 2012 Law (Payroll Cut Extended, No Health Taxes, AMT Fix)
Distribution of Federal Tax Change by Cash Income Level, 2013
Detail Table - Single Tax Units

| Cash Income Level (thousands of 2012 dollars) ${ }^{2}$ | Percent of Tax Units ${ }^{3}$ |  | Percent Change in After-Tax Income ${ }^{4}$ | Share of Total Federal Tax Change | Average Federal Tax Change |  | Share of Federal Taxes |  | Average Federal Tax Rate ${ }^{5}$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | With Tax Cut | With Tax Increase |  |  | Dollars | Percent | Change (\% Points) | Under the Proposal | Change (\% Points) | Under the Proposal |
| Less than 10 | 0.0 | 61.7 | -1.3 | 1.9 | 63 | 20.9 | 0.1 | 0.8 | 1.2 | 6.9 |
| 10-20 | * | 50.6 | -0.9 | 4.8 | 123 | 14.7 | 0.2 | 2.7 | 0.8 | 6.4 |
| 20-30 | 0.0 | 66.7 | -1.2 | 7.2 | 265 | 10.1 | 0.1 | 5.6 | 1.1 | 11.6 |
| 30-40 | 0.0 | 72.9 | -1.4 | 9.4 | 418 | 8.4 | 0.1 | 8.7 | 1.2 | 15.2 |
| 40-50 | 0.0 | 78.7 | -1.6 | 9.2 | 608 | 7.6 | 0.0 | 9.2 | 1.3 | 18.8 |
| 50-75 | * | 80.0 | -1.7 | 18.2 | 822 | 6.7 | -0.2 | 20.9 | 1.3 | 21.4 |
| 75-100 | 0.1 | 78.3 | -1.6 | 8.2 | 1,098 | 5.6 | -0.2 | 11.1 | 1.3 | 23.8 |
| 100-200 | 0.6 | 74.2 | -1.4 | 9.1 | 1,386 | 4.3 | -0.5 | 15.9 | 1.1 | 25.5 |
| 200-500 | 2.5 | 89.6 | -1.4 | 3.9 | 2,809 | 3.5 | -0.3 | 8.3 | 1.0 | 29.2 |
| 500-1,000 | 1.1 | 98.3 | -3.8 | 3.8 | 18,076 | 8.4 | 0.0 | 3.5 | 2.6 | 34.0 |
| More than 1,000 | 0.1 | 99.6 | -8.6 | 24.2 | 182,637 | 15.4 | 0.9 | 13.0 | 5.5 | 41.3 |
| All | 0.1 | 66.6 | -1.8 | 100.0 | 581 | 7.7 | 0.0 | 100.0 | 1.5 | 20.7 |

Baseline Distribution of Income and Federal Taxes
by Cash Income Level, $2013{ }^{1}$

| Cash Income Level (thousands of 2012 dollars) ${ }^{2}$ | Tax Units |  | Pre-Tax Income |  | Federal Tax Burden |  | After-Tax Income ${ }^{4}$ |  | Average Federal Tax Rate ${ }^{5}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Number } \\ \text { (thousands) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Percent of } \\ \text { Total } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | Average (dollars) | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { Percent of } \\ \text { Total } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | Average (dollars) | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { Percent of } \\ \text { Total } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | Average (dollars) | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { Percent of } \\ \text { Total } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |  |
| Less than 10 | 12,280 | 17.1 | 5,327 | 2.3 | 303 | 0.7 | 5,024 | 2.7 | 5.7 |
| 10-20 | 16,353 | 22.7 | 14,997 | 8.7 | 837 | 2.5 | 14,160 | 10.2 | 5.6 |
| 20-30 | 11,329 | 15.7 | 24,885 | 10.0 | 2,630 | 5.5 | 22,255 | 11.1 | 10.6 |
| 30-40 | 9,396 | 13.0 | 35,554 | 11.9 | 4,980 | 8.6 | 30,574 | 12.6 | 14.0 |
| 40-50 | 6,306 | 8.8 | 45,513 | 10.2 | 7,950 | 9.2 | 37,564 | 10.4 | 17.5 |
| 50-75 | 9,292 | 12.9 | 61,373 | 20.2 | 12,322 | 21.1 | 49,051 | 20.0 | 20.1 |
| 75-100 | 3,125 | 4.3 | 87,575 | 9.7 | 19,727 | 11.4 | 67,849 | 9.3 | 22.5 |
| 100-200 | 2,763 | 3.8 | 132,172 | 13.0 | 32,281 | 16.5 | 99,891 | 12.1 | 24.4 |
| 200-500 | 581 | 0.8 | 286,777 | 5.9 | 81,037 | 8.7 | 205,740 | 5.3 | 28.3 |
| 500-1,000 | 89 | 0.1 | 684,999 | 2.2 | 214,605 | 3.5 | 470,394 | 1.8 | 31.3 |
| More than 1,000 | 56 | 0.1 | 3,307,366 | 6.5 | 1,184,243 | 12.1 | 2,123,123 | 5.2 | 35.8 |
| All | 72,035 | 100.0 | 39,146 | 100.0 | 7,530 | 100.0 | 31,617 | 100.0 | 19.2 |

Source: Urban-Brookings Tax Policy Center Microsimulation Model (version 0412-8).
Lest
(1) Calendar year. Baseline is current policy with the following modifications: extension of 2 percent payroll tax cut; repeal of the health care legislation taxes on earnings, and investment income; repeal of the 10 percent limitation on the deductibility of medical expenses. Proposal would extend the tax cuts in TPC's current policy baseline with the following exceptions and modifications: (1) raise statutory individual income tax rate to 39.6 percent on taxable income greater than $\$ 450,000$ for married couples filing a joint return (MFJ), $\$ 400,000$ for singles, and $\$ 425,000$ for heads of household (HoH), indexed for inflation after 2013; (2) reinstate the personal exemption phaseout (PEP) and the limitation on itemized deductions (Pease) for those with adjusted gross incomes greater than $\$ 300,000$ for MFJ, $\$ 250,000$ for singles, and $\$ 275,000$ for HoH, indexed for inflation after 2013; (3) raise rate on long-term capital gains and qualified dividends to 20 percent for those otherwise in the top 39.6 percent tax bracket; (4) raise estate tax ate from 35 to 40 percent; (4) set AMT exemption at $\$ 78,750$ for MFJ, $\$ 50,600$ for singles, indexed for inflation after 2012; and (5) index the AMT exemption phaseout threshold and tax bracket threshold for
inflation after 2012. Includes impact of extending the sales tax deduction, the above-the-line deductions for education expenses, and the educator deduction but excludes the impact of certain business and other extenders. For a description of TPC's current law and current policy baselines, se
http://www.taxpolicycenter.org/T11-0270
(2) Includes both filing and non-filing units but excludes those that are dependents of other tax units. Tax units with negative cash income are excluded from the lowest income class but are included in the totals. For a description of cash income, see
http://www.taxpolicycenter.org/TaxModel/income.cfm
(4) After-tax in units with a change in federal tax burden of $\$ 10$ or more in absolute value
(
Average federal tax (includes individual and corporate income tax, payroll taxes for Social Security and Medicare, and the estate tax) as a percentage of average cash income.

The American Taxpayer Relief Act of 2012 (ATRA) as Passed by the Senate
Major Individual Income Tax and Estate Tax Provisions
Excludes Certain Business Extenders and other Provisions
Baseline: Patched 2012 Law (Payroll Cut Extended, No Health Taxes, AMT Fix)
Distribution of Federal Tax Change by Cash Income Level, 2013
Detail Table - Married Tax Units Filing Jointly

| Cash Income Level (thousands of 2012 dollars) ${ }^{2}$ | Percent of Tax Units ${ }^{3}$ |  | Percent Change <br> in After-Tax Income ${ }^{4}$ | Share of Total Federal Tax Change | Average Federal Tax Change |  | Share of Federal Taxes |  | Average Federal Tax Rate ${ }^{5}$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | With Tax Cut | With Tax Increase |  |  | Dollars | Percent | Change (\% Points) | Under the Proposal | Change (\% Points) | Under the Proposal |
| Less than 10 | 0.0 | 48.9 | -1.6 | 0.1 | 72 | 91.5 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 1.6 | 3.3 |
| 10-20 | 0.0 | 69.3 | -1.2 | 0.4 | 189 | -46.3 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 1.2 | -1.4 |
| 20-30 | 0.0 | 66.5 | -1.1 | 0.7 | 279 | 446.0 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 1.1 | 1.3 |
| 30-40 | 0.0 | 73.6 | -1.2 | 1.2 | 402 | 25.7 | 0.1 | 0.5 | 1.1 | 5.5 |
| 40-50 | 0.0 | 74.9 | -1.1 | 1.6 | 474 | 15.3 | 0.1 | 1.0 | 1.0 | 7.8 |
| 50-75 | 0.0 | 83.3 | -1.4 | 6.9 | 778 | 10.1 | 0.1 | 6.4 | 1.2 | 13.6 |
| 75-100 | 0.0 | 88.2 | -1.7 | 9.0 | 1,230 | 8.5 | -0.1 | 9.7 | 1.4 | 17.7 |
| 100-200 | * | 92.1 | -1.7 | 22.3 | 1,856 | 7.0 | -0.6 | 28.9 | 1.4 | 21.3 |
| 200-500 | 1.5 | 93.4 | -1.3 | 7.9 | 2,699 | 3.9 | -0.9 | 17.9 | 1.0 | 25.6 |
| 500-1,000 | 0.3 | 99.6 | -3.0 | 6.4 | 14,257 | 7.0 | -0.2 | 8.2 | 2.1 | 31.9 |
| More than 1,000 | * | 99.9 | -7.6 | 43.3 | 165,732 | 15.5 | 1.5 | 27.2 | 5.1 | 38.1 |
| All | 0.1 | 83.6 | -2.5 | 100.0 | 2,267 | 9.2 | 0.0 | 100.0 | 1.9 | 23.1 |

Baseline Distribution of Income and Federal Taxes
by Cash Income Level, $2013{ }^{1}$

| Cash Income Level (thousands of 2012 dollars) ${ }^{2}$ | Tax Units |  | Pre-Tax Income |  | Federal Tax Burden |  | After-Tax Income ${ }^{4}$ |  | Average Federal Tax Rate ${ }^{5}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { Number } \\ \text { (thousands) } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | Percent of Total | Average (dollars) | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { Percent of } \\ \text { Total } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | Average (dollars) | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { Percent of } \\ \text { Total } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | Average (dollars) | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { Percent of } \\ \text { Total } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |  |
| Less than 10 | 1,457 | 2.4 | 4,559 | 0.1 | 79 | 0.0 | 4,481 | 0.1 | 1.7 |
| 10-20 | 2,877 | 4.7 | 15,669 | 0.6 | -407 | -0.1 | 16,076 | 0.8 | -2.6 |
| 20-30 | 3,317 | 5.5 | 25,449 | 1.2 | 62 | 0.0 | 25,386 | 1.5 | 0.3 |
| 30-40 | 4,027 | 6.6 | 35,715 | 2.0 | 1,566 | 0.4 | 34,149 | 2.5 | 4.4 |
| 40-50 | 4,740 | 7.8 | 45,931 | 3.1 | 3,103 | 1.0 | 42,828 | 3.6 | 6.8 |
| 50-75 | 12,272 | 20.2 | 62,784 | 10.9 | 7,738 | 6.3 | 55,046 | 12.1 | 12.3 |
| 75-100 | 10,124 | 16.7 | 88,587 | 12.7 | 14,447 | 9.8 | 74,139 | 13.4 | 16.3 |
| 100-200 | 16,567 | 27.3 | 134,301 | 31.4 | 26,713 | 29.5 | 107,588 | 31.9 | 19.9 |
| 200-500 | 4,043 | 6.7 | 283,374 | 16.2 | 69,946 | 18.9 | 213,428 | 15.4 | 24.7 |
| 500-1,000 | 616 | 1.0 | 683,221 | 5.9 | 203,582 | 8.4 | 479,640 | 5.3 | 29.8 |
| More than 1,000 | 360 | 0.6 | 3,245,436 | 16.5 | 1,071,801 | 25.7 | 2,173,635 | 14.0 | 33.0 |
| All | 60,744 | 100.0 | 116,746 | 100.0 | 24,702 | 100.0 | 92,044 | 100.0 | 21.2 |

Source: Urban-Brookings Tax Policy Center Microsimulation Model (version 0412-8).

* Less than 0.05
(1) Calendar year. Baseline is current policy with the following modifications: extension of 2 percent payroll tax cut; repeal of the health care legislation taxes on earnings, and investment income; repeal of the 10 percent limitation on the deductibility of medical expenses. Proposal would extend the tax cuts in TPC's current policy baseline with the following exceptions and modifications: (1) raise statutory individual income tax rate to 39.6 percent on taxable income greater than $\$ 450,000$ for married couples filing a joint return (MFJ), $\$ 400,000$ for singles, and $\$ 425,000$ for heads of household (HOH), indexed
for inflation after 2013; (2) reinstate the personal exemption phaseout (PEP) and the limitation on itemized deductions (Pease) for those with adjusted gross incomes greater than $\$ 300,000$ for MFI, $\$ 250,00$ for singles, and $\$ 275,000$ for HoH , indexed for inflation after 2013; (3) raise rate on long-term capital gains and qualified dividends to 20 percent for those otherwise in the top 39.6 percent tax bracket; (4) raise estate tax rate from 35 to 40 percent; (4) set AMT exemption at $\$ 78,750$ for MFJ, $\$ 50,600$ for singles, indexed for inflation after 2012; and (5) index the AMT exemption phaseout threshold and tax bracket threshold for inflation after 2012. Includes impact of extending the sales tax deduction, the above-the-line deductions for education expenses, and the educator deduction but excludes the impact of certain business and other extenders. For a description of TPC's current law and current policy baselines, see
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filing units but excludes those that are dependents of other tax units. Tax units with negative cash income are excluded from the lowest income class but are included in the ootals. For a description of cash income, see
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(4) After-tax income is cash income less: individual income tax net of refundable credits; corporate income tax; payroll taxes (Social Security and Medicare); and estate tax.
(5) Average federal tax (includes individual and corporate income tax, payroll taxes for Social Security and Medicare, and the estate tax) as a percentage of average cash income.

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Major Individual Income Tax and Estate Tax Provisions
Excludes Certain Business Extenders and other Provisions
Baseline: Patched 2012 Law (Payroll Cut Extended, No Health Taxes, AMT Fix)
Distribution of Federal Tax Change by Cash Income Level, 2013
Detail Table - Head of Household Tax Units

| Cash Income Level (thousands of 2012 dollars) ${ }^{2}$ | Percent of Tax Units ${ }^{3}$ |  | Percent Change in After-Tax Income ${ }^{4}$ | Share of Total Federal Tax Change | Average Federal Tax Change |  | Share of Federal Taxes |  | Average Federal Tax Rate ${ }^{5}$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | With Tax Cut | With Tax Increase |  |  | Dollars | Percent | Change (\% Points) | Under the Proposal | Change (\% Points) | Under the Proposal |
| Less than 10 | 0.0 | 88.0 | -1.3 | 1.3 | 92 | -8.3 | 0.5 | -1.9 | 1.5 | -16.1 |
| 10-20 | 0.0 | 92.3 | -1.3 | 7.3 | 231 | -10.5 | 2.3 | -8.1 | 1.5 | -13.1 |
| 20-30 | * | 92.9 | -1.5 | 11.4 | 392 | -46.0 | 2.0 | -1.7 | 1.6 | -1.8 |
| 30-40 | 0.0 | 93.4 | -1.7 | 13.2 | 551 | 24.0 | 0.7 | 8.8 | 1.6 | 8.0 |
| 40-50 | 0.0 | 91.3 | -1.7 | 11.7 | 694 | 13.1 | -0.2 | 13.1 | 1.5 | 13.2 |
| 50-75 | 0.0 | 92.5 | -1.9 | 22.8 | 965 | 9.8 | -1.5 | 33.0 | 1.6 | 17.6 |
| 75-100 | * | 92.1 | -1.9 | 10.3 | 1,321 | 8.2 | -1.1 | 17.6 | 1.5 | 19.9 |
| 100-200 | 0.7 | 94.6 | -1.8 | 8.6 | 1,766 | 6.2 | -1.6 | 19.3 | 1.4 | 23.6 |
| 200-500 | 2.3 | 96.8 | -1.1 | 1.8 | 2,256 | 3.1 | -0.9 | 7.6 | 0.8 | 27.1 |
| 500-1,000 | 1.4 | 98.4 | -2.9 | 1.4 | 13,948 | 7.2 | -0.2 | 2.7 | 2.1 | 30.9 |
| More than 1,000 | * | 99.8 | -7.5 | 10.2 | 160,102 | 16.0 | 0.1 | 9.7 | 5.1 | 37.0 |
| All | * | 92.0 | -1.8 | 100.0 | 651 | 14.9 | 0.0 | 100.0 | 1.6 | 12.6 |

Baseline Distribution of Income and Federal Taxes
by Cash Income Level, $2013{ }^{1}$

| Cash Income Level (thousands of 2012 dollars) ${ }^{2}$ | Tax Units |  | Pre-Tax Income |  | Federal Tax Burden |  | After-Tax Income ${ }^{4}$ |  | Average Federal Tax Rate ${ }^{5}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { Number } \\ \text { (thousands) } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { Percent of } \\ \text { Total } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | Average (dollars) | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { Percent of } \\ \text { Total } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | Average (dollars) | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { Percent of } \\ \text { Total } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | Average (dollars) | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { Percent of } \\ \text { Total } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |  |
| Less than 10 | 2,173 | 9.4 | 6,307 | 1.5 | -1,110 | -2.4 | 7,417 | 2.0 | -17.6 |
| 10-20 | 4,761 | 20.6 | 15,129 | 7.8 | -2,212 | -10.4 | 17,341 | 10.0 | -14.6 |
| 20-30 | 4,367 | 18.9 | 25,305 | 12.0 | -852 | -3.7 | 26,157 | 13.9 | -3.4 |
| 30-40 | 3,599 | 15.6 | 35,454 | 13.8 | 2,291 | 8.2 | 33,163 | 14.5 | 6.5 |
| 40-50 | 2,531 | 11.0 | 45,338 | 12.4 | 5,290 | 13.3 | 40,047 | 12.3 | 11.7 |
| 50-75 | 3,553 | 15.4 | 61,312 | 23.6 | 9,800 | 34.5 | 51,512 | 22.2 | 16.0 |
| 75-100 | 1,170 | 5.1 | 87,387 | 11.1 | 16,081 | 18.6 | 71,306 | 10.1 | 18.4 |
| 100-200 | 734 | 3.2 | 129,043 | 10.3 | 28,704 | 20.9 | 100,339 | 9.0 | 22.2 |
| 200-500 | 117 | 0.5 | 280,322 | 3.5 | 73,750 | 8.5 | 206,572 | 2.9 | 26.3 |
| 500-1,000 | 15 | 0.1 | 673,865 | 1.1 | 194,567 | 2.9 | 479,298 | 0.9 | 28.9 |
| More than 1,000 | 10 | 0.0 | 3,141,640 | 3.3 | 1,003,507 | 9.6 | 2,138,133 | 2.5 | 31.9 |
| All | 23,101 | 100.0 | 40,006 | 100.0 | 4,368 | 100.0 | 35,637 | 100.0 | 10.9 |

Source: Urban-Brookings Tax Policy Center Microsimulation Model (version 0412-8).

* Less than 0.05
(1) Calendar year. Baseline is current policy with the following modifications: extension of 2 percent payroll tax cut; repeal of the health care legislation taxes on earnings, and investment income; repeal of the 10 percent limitation on the deductibility of medical expenses. Proposal would extend the tax cuts in TPC's current policy baseline with the following exceptions and modifications: (1) raise statutory individual income tax rate to 39.6 percent on taxable income greater than $\$ 450,000$ for married couples filing a joint return (MFI), $\$ 400,000$ for singles, and $\$ \$ 425,000$ for heads of household (HoH), indexed
for inflation after 2013 , (2) reinstate the personal exemption phaseout (PEP) and the limitation on itemized deductions (Pease) for those with adjusted gross incomes greater than $\$ 300,000$ for MFI, $\$ 250,000$ for singles, and $\$ 275,000$ for HoH, indexed for inflation after 2013; (3) raise rate on long-term capital gains and qualified dividends to 20 percent for those otherwise in the top 39.6 percent tax bracket; (4) raise estate tax rate from 35 to 40 percent; (4) set AMT exemption at $\$ 78,750$ for MFJ, $\$ 50,600$ for singles, indexed for inflation after 2012; and (5) index the AMT exemption phaseout threshold and tax bracket threshold for inflation after 2012. Includes impact of extending the sales tax deduction, the above-the-line deductions for education expenses, and the educator deduction but excludes the impact of certain business and other extenders. For a description of TPC's current law and current policy baselines, see
http://www.taxpolicycenter.org/T11-0270
 otals. For a description of cash income, see
del/income.cfm
(4) After-tax income is cash income less: individual income tax net of refundable credits; corporate income tax; payroll taxes (Social Security and Medicare); and estate tax.
(5) Average federal tax (includes individual and corporate income tax, payroll taxes for Social Security and Medicare, and the estate tax) as a percentage of average cash income.

The American Taxpayer Relief Act of 2012 (ATRA) as Passed by the Senate
Major Individual Income Tax and Estate Tax Provisions
Excludes Certain Business Extenders and other Provisions
Baseline: Patched 2012 Law (Payroll Cut Extended, No Health Taxes, AMT Fix)
Distribution of Federal Tax Change by Cash Income Level, 2013
Detail Table - Tax Units with Children

| Cash Income Level (thousands of 2012 dollars) ${ }^{2}$ | Percent of Tax Units ${ }^{3}$ |  | Percent Change in After-Tax Income ${ }^{4}$ | Share of Total <br> Federal Tax Change | Average Federal Tax Change |  | Share of Federal Taxes |  | Average Federal Tax Rate ${ }^{5}$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | With Tax Cut | With Tax Increase |  |  | Dollars | Percent | Change (\% Points) | Under the Proposal | Change (\% Points) | Under the Proposal |
| Less than 10 | 0.0 | 78.7 | -1.3 | 0.3 | 87 | -7.5 | 0.1 | -0.3 | 1.5 | -18.4 |
| 10-20 | 0.0 | 94.8 | -1.4 | 1.6 | 242 | -9.0 | 0.3 | -1.5 | 1.6 | -16.1 |
| 20-30 | * | 95.3 | -1.5 | 2.4 | 408 | -25.4 | 0.3 | -0.7 | 1.6 | -4.7 |
| 30-40 | 0.0 | 95.7 | -1.7 | 3.1 | 575 | 42.6 | 0.2 | 1.0 | 1.6 | 5.4 |
| 40-50 | 0.2 | 94.1 | -1.7 | 3.2 | 714 | 17.6 | 0.1 | 2.1 | 1.6 | 10.5 |
| 50-75 | 0.2 | 95.7 | -1.9 | 9.7 | 1,017 | 11.6 | 0.1 | 9.0 | 1.6 | 15.7 |
| 75-100 | 0.0 | 97.5 | -2.0 | 10.1 | 1,458 | 9.8 | -0.1 | 10.8 | 1.7 | 18.4 |
| 100-200 | 0.1 | 98.1 | -2.0 | 22.1 | 2,119 | 7.9 | -0.7 | 29.0 | 1.6 | 21.5 |
| 200-500 | 0.8 | 98.4 | -1.4 | 7.3 | 2,916 | 4.1 | -1.1 | 17.8 | 1.0 | 26.0 |
| 500-1,000 | 0.1 | 99.8 | -3.0 | 5.5 | 14,286 | 7.1 | -0.3 | 8.0 | 2.1 | 31.8 |
| More than 1,000 | * | 100.0 | -7.6 | 34.6 | 161,248 | 15.6 | 1.1 | 24.7 | 5.1 | 37.9 |
| All | 0.1 | 95.1 | -2.5 | 100.0 | 1,793 | 10.7 | 0.0 | 100.0 | 2.0 | 21.2 |

Baseline Distribution of Income and Federal Taxes
by Cash Income Level, $2013{ }^{1}$

| Cash Income Level (thousands of 2012 dollars) ${ }^{2}$ | Tax Units |  | Pre-Tax Income |  | Federal Tax Burden |  | After-Tax Income ${ }^{4}$ |  | Average Rate ${ }^{5}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { Number } \\ \text { (thousands) } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | Percent of Total | Average (dollars) | $\begin{gathered} \text { Percent of } \\ \text { Total } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | Average (dollars) | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { Percent of } \\ \text { Total } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | Average (dollars) | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { Percent of } \\ \text { Total } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |  |
| Less than 10 | 2,962 | 5.9 | 5,794 | 0.4 | -1,152 | -0.4 | 6,946 | 0.6 | -19.9 |
| 10-20 | 5,804 | 11.6 | 15,260 | 2.0 | -2,704 | -1.9 | 17,964 | 2.9 | -17.7 |
| 20-30 | 5,335 | 10.6 | 25,332 | 3.1 | -1,606 | -1.0 | 26,938 | 4.0 | -6.3 |
| 30-40 | 4,816 | 9.6 | 35,564 | 3.9 | 1,351 | 0.8 | 34,213 | 4.6 | 3.8 |
| 40-50 | 4,037 | 8.1 | 45,576 | 4.2 | 4,060 | 1.9 | 41,516 | 4.7 | 8.9 |
| 50-75 | 8,599 | 17.2 | 62,528 | 12.2 | 8,792 | 9.0 | 53,735 | 13.0 | 14.1 |
| 75-100 | 6,206 | 12.4 | 88,416 | 12.5 | 14,818 | 10.9 | 73,598 | 12.8 | 16.8 |
| 100-200 | 9,390 | 18.7 | 134,200 | 28.6 | 26,734 | 29.7 | 107,466 | 28.3 | 19.9 |
| 200-500 | 2,258 | 4.5 | 283,593 | 14.5 | 70,753 | 18.9 | 212,839 | 13.5 | 25.0 |
| 500-1,000 | 345 | 0.7 | 680,629 | 5.3 | 202,460 | 8.3 | 478,170 | 4.6 | 29.8 |
| More than 1,000 | 193 | 0.4 | 3,158,341 | 13.8 | 1,035,394 | 23.7 | 2,122,947 | 11.5 | 32.8 |
| All | 50,150 | 100.0 | 87,888 | 100.0 | 16,838 | 100.0 | 71,050 | 100.0 | 19.2 |

Source: Urban-Brookings Tax Policy Center Microsimulation Model (version 0412-8).
Less than 0.05
Note: Tax units with children are those claiming an exemption for children at home or away from home.

1) Calendar year. Baseline is current policy with the following modifications: extension of 2 percent payroll tax cut; repeal of the health care legislation taxes on earnings, and investment income; repeal of the 10 percent limitation on the deductibility of medical expenses. Proposal would extend the tax cuts in TPC's current policy baseline with the following exceptions and modifications: (1) raise statutory individual income tax rate to 39.6 percent on taxable income greater than $\$ 450,000$ for married couples filing a joint return (MFJ), $\$ 400,000$ for singles, and $\$ 425,000$ for heads of household (HoH), indexed for inflation ifter 2013; (2) reinstate the personal exemption phaseout (PEP) and the limitation on itemized deductions (Pease) for those with adjusted gross incomes greater than $\$ 300,000$ for MFJ, $\$ 250,000$ for singles, and 275,000 for HoH, indexed for inflation after 2013; (3) raise rate on long-term capital gains and qualified dividends to 20 percent for those otherwise in the top 39.6 percent tax bracket; (4) raise estate tax flation after 2012. Includes impact of extending the sales tax deduction, the above-the--ine deductions for education expenses, and the educator deduction but excludes the impact of certain business an ther extenders. For a description of TPC's current law and current policy taselines,
http://www.taxpolicycenter.org/T11-0270
(2) Includes both filing and non-filing units but excludes those that are dependents of other tax units. Tax units with negative cash income are excluded from the lowest income class but are included in the totals. For a description of cash income, see
敟//Mww.taxpolicycenter.org/TaxModel/income.cfm
(3) Includes tax units with a change in federal tax burden of $\$ 10$ or more in absolute value
(ther-tax income is cash income less: individual income tax net of refundable credits; corporate income tax; payroll taxes (Social Security and Medicare); and estate tax.
(5) Average federal tax (includes individual and corporate income tax, payroll taxes for Social Security and Medicare, and the estate tax) as a percentage of average cash income.

The American Taxpayer Relief Act of 2012 (ATRA) as Passed by the Senate
Major Individual Income Tax and Estate Tax Provisions
Excludes Certain Business Extenders and other Provisions
Baseline: Patched 2012 Law (Payroll Cut Extended, No Health Taxes, AMT Fix)
Distribution of Federal Tax Change by Cash Income Level, 2013
Detail Table - Elderly Tax Unit

| Cash Income Level (thousands of 2012 dollars) ${ }^{2}$ | Percent of Tax Units ${ }^{3}$ |  | Percent Change in After-Tax Income ${ }^{4}$ | Share of Total <br> Federal Tax Change | Average Federal Tax Change |  | Share of Federal Taxes |  | Average Federal Tax Rate ${ }^{5}$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | With Tax Cut | With Tax Increase |  |  | Dollars | Percent | Change (\% Points) | Under the Proposal | Change (\% Points) | Under the Proposal |
| Less than 10 | 0.0 | 4.7 | -0.1 | 0.0 | 4 | 5.8 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.1 | 1.3 |
| 10-20 | 0.0 | 4.9 | 0.0 | 0.2 | 6 | 5.4 | 0.0 | 0.2 | 0.0 | 0.7 |
| 20-30 | 0.0 | 18.0 | -0.1 | 0.7 | 34 | 5.7 | 0.0 | 0.8 | 0.1 | 2.5 |
| 30-40 | 0.0 | 29.0 | -0.2 | 1.2 | 69 | 5.1 | 0.0 | 1.5 | 0.2 | 4.0 |
| 40-50 | 0.0 | 36.8 | -0.3 | 1.6 | 114 | 4.7 | 0.0 | 2.2 | 0.3 | 5.6 |
| 50-75 | 0.2 | 45.4 | -0.4 | 4.8 | 206 | 3.8 | -0.2 | 8.4 | 0.3 | 9.2 |
| 75-100 | 0.6 | 45.9 | -0.4 | 3.5 | 308 | 2.8 | -0.3 | 8.4 | 0.4 | 13.2 |
| 100-200 | 0.6 | 54.2 | -0.5 | 8.2 | 560 | 2.4 | -1.0 | 22.3 | 0.4 | 18.0 |
| 200-500 | 4.8 | 73.7 | -0.8 | 6.9 | 1,796 | 2.6 | -0.7 | 17.4 | 0.6 | 25.0 |
| 500-1,000 | 0.9 | 98.6 | -3.3 | 9.2 | 15,577 | 7.5 | 0.1 | 8.4 | 2.3 | 32.7 |
| More than 1,000 | 0.1 | 99.7 | -8.1 | 63.7 | 174,288 | 15.3 | 2.3 | 30.3 | 5.3 | 39.7 |
| All | 0.3 | 30.3 | -1.3 | 100.0 | 709 | 6.8 | 0.0 | 100.0 | 1.1 | 17.0 |

Baseline Distribution of Income and Federal Taxes
by Cash Income Level, $2013{ }^{1}$

| Cash Income Level (thousands of 2012 dollars) ${ }^{2}$ | Tax Units |  | Pre-Tax Income |  | Federal Tax Burden |  | After-Tax Income ${ }^{4}$ |  | Average Rate ${ }^{5}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { Number } \\ \text { (thousands) } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | Percent of Total | $\underline{\text { Average (dollars) }}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Percent of } \\ \text { Total } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | Average (dollars) | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { Percent of } \\ \text { Total } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\underline{\text { Average (dollars) }}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { Percent of } \\ \text { Total } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |  |
| Less than 10 | 2,099 | 6.0 | 6,146 | 0.6 | 76 | 0.0 | 6,070 | 0.7 | 1.2 |
| 10-20 | 7,199 | 20.5 | 15,399 | 4.8 | 105 | 0.2 | 15,293 | 5.7 | 0.7 |
| 20-30 | 4,736 | 13.5 | 24,906 | 5.1 | 595 | 0.8 | 24,311 | 5.9 | 2.4 |
| 30-40 | 4,155 | 11.8 | 35,411 | 6.4 | 1,348 | 1.5 | 34,063 | 7.3 | 3.8 |
| 40-50 | 3,401 | 9.7 | 45,731 | 6.7 | 2,430 | 2.2 | 43,302 | 7.6 | 5.3 |
| 50-75 | 5,792 | 16.5 | 61,846 | 15.5 | 5,475 | 8.6 | 56,371 | 16.8 | 8.9 |
| 75-100 | 2,864 | 8.2 | 87,420 | 10.8 | 11,204 | 8.7 | 76,216 | 11.2 | 12.8 |
| 100-200 | 3,657 | 10.4 | 133,081 | 21.0 | 23,398 | 23.2 | 109,682 | 20.6 | 17.6 |
| 200-500 | 962 | 2.7 | 285,711 | 11.9 | 69,565 | 18.2 | 216,146 | 10.7 | 24.4 |
| 500-1,000 | 148 | 0.4 | 687,513 | 4.4 | 208,982 | 8.4 | 478,531 | 3.6 | 30.4 |
| More than 1,000 | 91 | 0.3 | 3,301,216 | 13.0 | 1,136,781 | 28.1 | 2,164,436 | 10.1 | 34.4 |
| All | 35,135 | 100.0 | 65,837 | 100.0 | 10,495 | 100.0 | 55,343 | 100.0 | 15.9 |

Source: Urban-Brookings Tax Policy Center Microsimulation Model (version 0412-8).
han 0.05

(1) Calendar year. Baseline is current policy with the following modifications: extension of 2 percent payroll tax cut; repeal of the health care legislation taxes on earnings, and investment income; repeal of the 10 percent limitation on the deductibility of medical expenses. Proposal would extend the tax cuts in TPC's current policy baseline with the following exceptions and modifications: (1) raise statutory individual income tax rate to 39.6 percent on taxable income greater than $\$ 450,000$ for married couples filing a joint return (MFJ), $\$ 400,000$ for singles, and $\$ 425,000$ for heads of household (HoH), indexed for inflation fter 2013; (2) reinstate the personal exemption phaseout (PEP) and the limitation on itemized deductions (Pease) for those with adjusted gross incomes greater than $\$ 300,000$ for MFF , $\$ 250,000$ for singles, and 275,000 for HoH, indexed for inflation after 2013; (3) raise rate on long-term capital gains and qualified dividends to 20 percent for those otherwise in the top 39.6 percent tax bracket; (4) raise estate tax rom 35 to 40 percent; (4) set AMT exemption at $\$ 78,750$ for MFI, $\$ 50,600$ for singles, indexed for inflation after 2012; and ( 5 ) index the AMT exemption phaseout threshold and tax bracket threshold for
inflation after 2012. Includes impact of extending the sales tax deduction, the above-the-line deductions for education expenses, and the educator deduction but excludes the impact of certain business an ther extenders. For a description of TPC's current law and current policy taselines,
http://www.taxpolicycenter.org/T11-0270
(2) Includes both filing and non-filing units but excludes those that are dependents of other tax units. Tax units with negative cash income are excluded from the lowest income class but are included in the otals. For a description of cash income, see
鲑./Aww.taxpolicycenter.org/TaxMode/income.cfm
(3) Includes tax units with a change in federal tax burden of $\$ 10$ or more in absolute value
4) After-tax income is cash income

At er-tax income is cash income less: individual income tax net of refundable credits; corporate income tax; payroll taxes (Social Security and Medicare); and estate tax.
(5) Average federal tax (includes individual and corporate income tax, payroll taxes for Social Security and Medicare, and the estate tax) as a percentage of average cash income.

