17-Dec-12

Click on PDF or Excel link above for additional tables containing more detail and breakdowns by filing status and demographic groups.

# Table T12-0416

# Allow Child Tax Credit, Earned Income Tax Credit, and Child and Dependent Care Tax Credit to Revert to pre-2001 Values But Let Child Tax Credit and Earned Income Tax Credit Remain Allowable Against the AMT

# **Baseline: Current Policy**

Distribution of Federal Tax Change by Cash Income Level, 2013<sup>1</sup>

# **Summary Table**

Cash Income Level		Tax Units with Tax	Increase or Cut	1	Percent Change in	Share of	Average	Average Fed	eral Tax Rate
(thousands of 2012	With	Tax Cut	With Tax	Increase	Change in After-Tax	Total	Federal Tax	Change (9/	Under the
dollars) <sup>2</sup>	Pct of Tax Units	Avg Tax Cut	Pct of Tax Units	Avg Tax Increase	Income <sup>4</sup>	Federal Tax Change	Change (\$)	Change (% Points)	Proposal
Less than 10	0.0	0	12.6	478	-1.2	2.1	60	1.1	4.0
10-20	0.0	0	20.5	1,199	-1.7	13.2	246	1.6	3.2
20-30	0.0	0	25.7	1,679	-1.9	18.5	432	1.7	8.5
30-40	0.0	0	25.7	1,626	-1.3	16.2	418	1.2	12.7
40-50	0.0	0	27.5	1,395	-1.0	11.8	383	0.8	14.8
50-75	0.0	0	28.6	958	-0.5	15.5	274	0.4	17.5
75-100	0.0	0	34.5	921	-0.4	10.3	317	0.4	19.5
100-200	0.0	0	30.1	886	-0.3	11.9	267	0.2	22.1
200-500	0.0	0	3.7	224	0.0	0.1	8	0.0	26.0
500-1,000	0.0	0	2.4	210	0.0	0.0	5	0.0	30.8
More than 1,000	0.0	0	1.7	211	0.0	0.0	4	0.0	34.2
All	0.0	0	24.7	1,157	-0.5	100.0	286	0.4	21.4

Source: Urban-Brookings Tax Policy Center Microsimulation Model (version 0412-8).

Number of AMT Taxpayers (millions). Baseline: 4.0

Proposal: 4.0

\* Less than 0.05

\*\* Insufficient data

(1) Calendar year. Baseline is current policy. Proposal would revert the Child Tax Credit, Earned Income Tax Credit, and Child and Dependent Care Tax Credit to pre-EGTRRA tax law but keep the CTC and EITC allowable against the AMT. For the CTC, the proposal would decrease the per child amount to \$500, and only allow refundability under the Full Refundability for Excess Dependents provision. For the EITC, the proposal would calculate EITC using a modified form of AGI, remove the addition to the plateau for married couples filing jointly, and not allow special rules for tax units with three or more children. For the CDCTC, the per child amount would decrease to \$2,400, the maximum credit rate would decrease to 30 percent, and the phase down structure would change. For a description of TPC's current law and current policy baselines, see

http://www.taxpolicycenter.org/T11-0270

(2) Includes both filing and non-filing units but excludes those that are dependents of other tax units. Tax units with negative cash income are excluded from the lowest income class but are included in the totals. For a description of cash income, see

http://www.taxpolicycenter.org/TaxModel/income.cfm

(3) Includes tax units with a change in federal tax burden of \$10 or more in absolute value.

(4) After-tax income is cash income less: individual income tax net of refundable credits; corporate income tax; payroll taxes (Social Security and Medicare); and estate tax.

#### http://www.taxpolicycenter.org

### Table T12-0416

### Allow Child Tax Credit, Earned Income Tax Credit, and Child and Dependent Care Tax Credit to Revert to pre-2001 Values But Let Child Tax Credit and Earned Income Tax Credit Remain Allowable Against the AMT

# Baseline: Current Policy Distribution of Federal Tax Change by Cash Income Level, 2013 <sup>1</sup>

Detail Table

Cash Income Level	Percent of Tax Units <sup>3</sup>		Percent Change	Share of Total Federal Tax –	Average Federal Tax Change		Share of Fed	leral Taxes	Average Federal Tax Rate <sup>5</sup>	
(thousands of 2012 dollars) <sup>2</sup>	With Tax Cut	With Tax Increase	in After-Tax Income <sup>4</sup>	Change	Dollars	Percent	Change (% Points)	Under the Proposal	Change (% Points)	Under the Proposal
Less than 10	0.0	12.6	-1.2	2.1	60	38.9	0.0	0.2	1.1	4.0
10-20	0.0	20.5	-1.7	13.2	246	101.2	0.3	0.5	1.6	3.2
20-30	0.0	25.7	-1.9	18.5	432	25.6	0.3	1.7	1.7	8.5
30-40	0.0	25.7	-1.3	16.2	418	10.2	0.3	3.4	1.2	12.7
40-50	0.0	27.5	-1.0	11.8	383	6.0	0.2	4.0	0.8	14.8
50-75	0.0	28.6	-0.5	15.5	274	2.6	0.1	11.8	0.4	17.5
75-100	0.0	34.5	-0.4	10.3	317	1.9	0.0	10.7	0.4	19.5
100-200	0.0	30.1	-0.3	11.9	267	0.9	-0.3	25.4	0.2	22.1
200-500	0.0	3.7	0.0	0.1	8	0.0	-0.3	15.0	0.0	26.0
500-1,000	0.0	2.4	0.0	0.0	5	0.0	-0.1	6.5	0.0	30.8
More than 1,000	0.0	1.7	0.0	0.0	4	0.0	-0.4	20.8	0.0	34.2
All	0.0	24.7	-0.5	100.0	286	2.0	0.0	100.0	0.4	21.4

## Baseline Distribution of Income and Federal Taxes by Cash Income Level, 2013 <sup>1</sup>

Cash Income Level	Tax U	nits	Pre-Tax In	Pre-Tax Income		Burden	After-Tax In	come <sup>4</sup>	Average — Federal Tax
(thousands of 2012 dollars) <sup>2</sup>	Number (thousands)	Percent of Total	Average (dollars)	Percent of Total	Average (dollars)	Percent of Total	Average (dollars)	Percent of Total	Rate 5
Less than 10	16,041	10.1	5,390	0.8	155	0.1	5,235	1.0	2.9
10-20	24,243	15.3	15,105	3.3	243	0.3	14,862	4.1	1.6
20-30	19,317	12.2	25,084	4.4	1,690	1.4	23,393	5.2	6.7
30-40	17,482	11.1	35,579	5.7	4,091	3.1	31,488	6.3	11.5
40-50	13,879	8.8	45,612	5.8	6,352	3.8	39,260	6.3	13.9
50-75	25,633	16.2	62,053	14.5	10,559	11.7	51,493	15.2	17.0
75-100	14,610	9.2	88,235	11.7	16,918	10.7	71,317	12.0	19.2
100-200	20,204	12.8	133,782	24.6	29,260	25.6	104,522	24.3	21.9
200-500	4,780	3.0	283,732	12.3	73,680	15.3	210,051	11.5	26.0
500-1,000	728	0.5	683,264	4.5	210,273	6.6	472,991	4.0	30.8
More than 1,000	433	0.3	3,295,487	13.0	1,127,085	21.2	2,168,402	10.8	34.2
All	158,260	100.0	69,527	100.0	14,576	100.0	54,950	100.0	21.0

Source: Urban-Brookings Tax Policy Center Microsimulation Model (version 0412-8).

Number of AMT Taxpayers (millions). Baseline: 4.0 Proposal: 4.0

\* Less than 0.05

(1) Calendar year. Baseline is current policy. Proposal would revert the Child Tax Credit, Earned Income Tax Credit, and Child and Dependent Care Tax Credit to pre-EGTRRA tax law but keep the CTC and EITC allowable against the AMT. For the CTC, the proposal would decrease the per child amount to \$500, and only allow refundability under the Full Refundability for Excess Dependents provision. For the EITC, the proposal would calculate EITC using a modified form of AGI, remove the addition to the plateau for married couples filing jointly, and not allow special rules for tax units with three or more children. For the CDCCC, the per child amount would decrease to \$2,400, the maximum credit rate would decrease to 30 percent, and the phase down structure would change. For a description of TPC's current law and current policy baselines, see

#### http://www.taxpolicycenter.org/T11-0270

(2) Includes both filing and non-filing units but excludes those that are dependents of other tax units. Tax units with negative cash income are excluded from the lowest income class but are included in the totals. For a description of cash income, see

#### http://www.taxpolicycenter.org/TaxModel/income.cfm

(3) Includes tax units with a change in federal tax burden of \$10 or more in absolute value.

(4) After-tax income is cash income less: individual income tax net of refundable credits; corporate income tax; payroll taxes (Social Security and Medicare); and estate tax.

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### Table T12-0416

# Allow Child Tax Credit, Earned Income Tax Credit, and Child and Dependent Care Tax Credit to Revert to pre-2001 Values But Let Child Tax Credit and Earned Income Tax Credit Remain Allowable Against the AMT

## Baseline: Current Policy Distribution of Federal Tax Change by Cash Income Level, 2013<sup>1</sup> Detail Table - Single Tax Units

Cash Income Level	Percent of T	ax Units <sup>3</sup>	Percent Change	Share of Total Federal Tax —	Average Feder	al Tax Change	Share of Fee	leral Taxes	Average Federal Tax Rate⁵	
(thousands of 2012 dollars) <sup>2</sup>	With Tax Cut	With Tax Increase	in After-Tax Income <sup>4</sup>	Federal Tax Change	Dollars	Percent	Change (% Points)	Under the Proposal	Change (% Points)	Under the Proposal
Less than 10	0.0	3.9	-0.3	10.5	15	4.2	0.0	0.8	0.3	7.1
10-20	0.0	4.3	-0.3	40.5	44	4.6	0.1	2.8	0.3	6.6
20-30	0.0	3.4	-0.2	25.4	40	1.4	0.1	5.8	0.2	11.7
30-40	0.0	2.3	-0.1	9.8	18	0.3	0.0	8.8	0.1	15.2
40-50	0.0	2.1	0.0	5.4	15	0.2	0.0	9.4	0.0	18.8
50-75	0.0	1.6	0.0	5.7	11	0.1	-0.1	21.3	0.0	21.4
75-100	0.0	2.0	0.0	2.2	13	0.1	0.0	11.3	0.0	23.7
100-200	0.0	0.9	0.0	0.4	2	0.0	-0.1	16.1	0.0	25.3
200-500	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	8.4	0.0	28.7
500-1,000	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	3.4	0.0	32.0
More than 1,000	0.0	*	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	11.8	0.0	36.7
All	0.0	3.0	-0.1	100.0	25	0.3	0.0	100.0	0.1	20.3

# Baseline Distribution of Income and Federal Taxes by Cash Income Level, 2013<sup>1</sup>

Cash Income Level	Tax U	nits	Pre-Tax In	Pre-Tax Income		Burden	After-Tax In	come <sup>4</sup>	Average Federal Tax
(thousands of 2012 dollars) <sup>2</sup>	Number (thousands)	Percent of Total	Average (dollars)	Percent of Total	Average (dollars)	Percent of Total	Average (dollars)	Percent of Total	Rate <sup>5</sup>
Less than 10	12,280	17.1	5,327	2.3	361	0.8	4,966	2.7	6.8
10-20	16,353	22.7	14,997	8.7	951	2.7	14,046	10.2	6.3
20-30	11,329	15.7	24,885	10.0	2,872	5.7	22,013	11.1	11.5
30-40	9,396	13.0	35,554	11.9	5,371	8.8	30,183	12.6	15.1
40-50	6,306	8.8	45,513	10.2	8,523	9.4	36,991	10.4	18.7
50-75	9,292	12.9	61,373	20.2	13,089	21.3	48,283	20.0	21.3
75-100	3,125	4.3	87,575	9.7	20,711	11.3	66,865	9.3	23.7
100-200	2,763	3.8	132,172	13.0	33,376	16.2	98,796	12.1	25.3
200-500	581	0.8	286,777	5.9	82,236	8.4	204,541	5.3	28.7
500-1,000	89	0.1	684,999	2.2	219,379	3.4	465,620	1.8	32.0
More than 1,000	56	0.1	3,307,366	6.5	1,213,782	11.8	2,093,584	5.2	36.7
All	72,035	100.0	39,146	100.0	7,927	100.0	31,219	100.0	20.3

Source: Urban-Brookings Tax Policy Center Microsimulation Model (version 0412-8).

\* Less than 0.05

(1) Calendar year. Baseline is current policy. Proposal would revert the Child Tax Credit, Earned Income Tax Credit, and Child and Dependent Care Tax Credit to pre-EGTRRA tax law but keep the CTC and EITC allowable against the AMT. For the CTC, the proposal would decrease the per child amount to \$500, and only allow refundability under the Full Refundability for Excess Dependents provision. For the EITC, the proposal would calculate EITC using a modified form of AGI, remove the addition to the plateau for married couples filing jointly, and not allow special rules for tax units with three or more children. For the CDCTC, the per child amount would decrease to \$2,400, the maximum credit rate would decrease to 30 percent, and the phase down structure would change. For a description of TPC's current law and current policy baselines, see

### http://www.taxpolicycenter.org/T11-0270

(2) Includes both filing and non-filing units but excludes those that are dependents of other tax units. Tax units with negative cash income are excluded from the lowest income class but are included in the totals. For a description of cash income, see

#### http://www.taxpolicycenter.org/TaxModel/income.cfm

(3) Includes tax units with a change in federal tax burden of \$10 or more in absolute value.

(4) After-tax income is cash income less: individual income tax net of refundable credits; corporate income tax; payroll taxes (Social Security and Medicare); and estate tax.

### Allow Child Tax Credit, Earned Income Tax Credit, and Child and Dependent Care Tax Credit to Revert to pre-2001 Values But Let Child Tax Credit and Earned Income Tax Credit Remain Allowable Against the AMT

# Baseline: Current Policy Distribution of Federal Tax Change by Cash Income Level, 2013<sup>1</sup> Detail Table - Married Tax Units Filing Jointly

Cash Income Level	Percent of T	Percent of Tax Units <sup>3</sup>		Share of Total Federal Tax —	Average Fede	ral Tax Change	Share of Fee	leral Taxes	Average Federal Tax Rate⁵	
(thousands of 2012 dollars) <sup>2</sup>	With Tax Cut	With Tax Increase	in After-Tax Income <sup>4</sup>	Federal Tax Change	Dollars	Percent	Change (% Points)	Under the Proposal	Change (% Points)	Under the Proposal
Less than 10	0.0	12.6	-1.9	0.4	82	58.4	0.0	0.0	1.8	4.9
10-20	0.0	35.8	-2.9	4.9	462	-194.0	0.1	0.0	3.0	1.4
20-30	0.0	37.8	-3.7	11.3	925	294.0	0.2	0.3	3.6	4.9
30-40	0.0	40.5	-3.1	15.4	1,037	53.6	0.3	0.8	2.9	8.3
40-50	0.0	40.2	-1.8	13.1	749	21.2	0.2	1.3	1.6	9.3
50-75	0.0	40.1	-0.8	19.2	423	5.0	0.2	6.8	0.7	14.2
75-100	0.0	42.5	-0.6	15.1	405	2.6	0.1	10.1	0.5	18.1
100-200	0.0	35.8	-0.3	19.6	320	1.1	-0.2	29.7	0.2	21.4
200-500	0.0	4.2	0.0	0.1	10	0.0	-0.3	18.2	0.0	25.5
500-1,000	0.0	2.7	0.0	0.0	6	0.0	-0.1	8.0	0.0	30.6
More than 1,000	0.0	1.9	0.0	0.0	4	0.0	-0.4	24.7	0.0	33.9
All	0.0	35.3	-0.5	100.0	446	1.7	0.0	100.0	0.4	22.6

## Baseline Distribution of Income and Federal Taxes by Cash Income Level, 2013<sup>1</sup>

Cash Income Level	Tax U	Inits	Pre-Tax Income		Federal Tax	Burden	After-Tax In	come <sup>4</sup>	Average — Federal Tax
(thousands of 2012 dollars) <sup>2</sup>	Number (thousands)	Percent of Total	Average (dollars)	Percent of Total	Average (dollars)	Percent of Total	Average (dollars)	Percent of Total	Federal Tax Rate <sup>5</sup>
Less than 10	1,457	2.4	4,559	0.1	140	0.0	4,419	0.1	3.1
10-20	2,877	4.7	15,669	0.6	-238	0.0	15,908	0.8	-1.5
20-30	3,317	5.5	25,449	1.2	315	0.1	25,134	1.5	1.2
30-40	4,027	6.6	35,715	2.0	1,934	0.5	33,781	2.5	5.4
40-50	4,740	7.8	45,931	3.1	3,539	1.1	42,393	3.6	7.7
50-75	12,272	20.2	62,784	10.9	8,465	6.6	54,319	12.1	13.5
75-100	10,124	16.7	88,587	12.7	15,607	10.0	72,979	13.4	17.6
100-200	16,567	27.3	134,301	31.4	28,428	29.9	105,873	31.8	21.2
200-500	4,043	6.7	283,374	16.2	72,191	18.5	211,183	15.5	25.5
500-1,000	616	1.0	683,221	5.9	209,184	8.2	474,038	5.3	30.6
More than 1,000	360	0.6	3,245,436	16.5	1,099,512	25.1	2,145,923	14.0	33.9
All	60,744	100.0	116,746	100.0	25,963	100.0	90,783	100.0	22.2

Source: Urban-Brookings Tax Policy Center Microsimulation Model (version 0412-8).

\* Less than 0.05

(1) Calendar year. Baseline is current policy. Proposal would revert the Child Tax Credit, Earned Income Tax Credit, and Child and Dependent Care Tax Credit to pre-EGTRRA tax law but keep the CTC and EITC allowable against the AMT. For the CTC, the proposal would decrease the per child amount to \$500, and only allow refundability under the Full Refundability for Excess Dependents provision. For the EITC, the proposal would calculate EITC using a modified form of AGI, remove the addition to the plateau for married couples filing jointly, and not allow special rules for tax units with three or more children. For the CDCTC, the per child amount would decrease to \$2,400, the maximum credit rate would decrease to 30 percent, and the phase down structure would change. For a description of TPC's current law and current policy baselines, see

### http://www.taxpolicycenter.org/T11-0270

(2) Includes both filing and non-filing units but excludes those that are dependents of other tax units. Tax units with negative cash income are excluded from the lowest income class but are included in the totals. For a description of cash income, see

#### http://www.taxpolicycenter.org/TaxModel/income.cfm

(3) Includes tax units with a change in federal tax burden of \$10 or more in absolute value.

(4) After-tax income is cash income less: individual income tax net of refundable credits; corporate income tax; payroll taxes (Social Security and Medicare); and estate tax.

### Allow Child Tax Credit, Earned Income Tax Credit, and Child and Dependent Care Tax Credit to Revert to pre-2001 Values But Let Child Tax Credit and Earned Income Tax Credit Remain Allowable Against the AMT

## Baseline: Current Policy Distribution of Federal Tax Change by Cash Income Level, 2013<sup>1</sup> Detail Table - Head of Household Tax Units

Cash Income Level	Percent of T	ax Units <sup>3</sup>	Percent Change	Share of Total Federal Tax —	Average Feder	ral Tax Change	Share of Fee	leral Taxes	Average Federal Tax Rate <sup>5</sup>	
(thousands of 2012 dollars) <sup>2</sup>	With Tax Cut	With Tax Increase	in After-Tax Income <sup>4</sup>	Federal Tax Change	Dollars	Percent	Change (% Points)	Under the Proposal	Change (% Points)	Under the Proposal
Less than 10	0.0	62.6	-4.1	4.1	304	-29.6	0.8	-1.2	4.8	-11.4
10-20	0.0	67.8	-4.8	24.2	817	-40.9	4.0	-4.3	5.4	-7.8
20-30	0.0	75.3	-4.2	29.7	1,093	-229.7	3.9	2.1	4.3	2.4
30-40	0.0	71.5	-2.5	18.1	809	28.7	1.1	10.1	2.3	10.2
40-50	0.0	67.1	-1.6	10.0	636	10.7	-0.4	12.8	1.4	14.6
50-75	0.0	59.9	-0.9	10.1	458	4.3	-2.9	30.6	0.8	18.3
75-100	0.0	55.5	-0.6	3.0	415	2.4	-1.8	16.0	0.5	20.3
100-200	0.0	19.1	-0.1	0.5	110	0.4	-2.4	17.2	0.1	23.6
200-500	0.0	6.1	0.0	0.0	9	0.0	-1.0	6.8	0.0	27.0
500-1,000	0.0	7.8	0.0	0.0	13	0.0	-0.3	2.3	0.0	29.6
More than 1,000	0.0	5.9	0.0	0.0	11	0.0	-1.1	7.6	0.0	32.8
All	0.0	65.4	-2.0	100.0	696	14.1	0.0	100.0	1.7	14.1

## Baseline Distribution of Income and Federal Taxes by Cash Income Level, 2013<sup>1</sup>

Cash Income Level	Tax U	nits	Pre-Tax In	Pre-Tax Income		Burden	After-Tax In	come <sup>4</sup>	Average — Federal Tax
(thousands of 2012 dollars) <sup>2</sup>	Number (thousands)	Percent of Total	Average (dollars)	Percent of Total	Average (dollars)	Percent of Total	Average (dollars)	Percent of Total	Federal Tax Rate <sup>5</sup>
Less than 10	2,173	9.4	6,307	1.5	-1,025	-2.0	7,332	2.0	-16.3
10-20	4,761	20.6	15,129	7.8	-1,996	-8.3	17,125	10.1	-13.2
20-30	4,367	18.9	25,305	12.0	-476	-1.8	25,781	13.9	-1.9
30-40	3,599	15.6	35,454	13.8	2,822	8.9	32,631	14.5	8.0
40-50	2,531	11.0	45,338	12.4	5,961	13.2	39,377	12.3	13.2
50-75	3,553	15.4	61,312	23.6	10,732	33.5	50,580	22.2	17.5
75-100	1,170	5.1	87,387	11.1	17,347	17.8	70,040	10.1	19.9
100-200	734	3.2	129,043	10.3	30,385	19.6	98,658	8.9	23.6
200-500	117	0.5	280,322	3.5	75,524	7.7	204,798	3.0	26.9
500-1.000	15	0.1	673.865	1.1	199,235	2.6	474.630	0.9	29.6
More than 1,000	10	0.0	3,141,640	3.3	1,029,600	8.7	2,112,040	2.5	32.8
All	23,101	100.0	40,006	100.0	4,932	100.0	35,073	100.0	12.3

Source: Urban-Brookings Tax Policy Center Microsimulation Model (version 0412-8).

\* Less than 0.05

(1) Calendar year. Baseline is current policy. Proposal would revert the Child Tax Credit, Earned Income Tax Credit, and Child and Dependent Care Tax Credit to pre-EGTRRA tax law but keep the CTC and EITC allowable against the AMT. For the CTC, the proposal would decrease the per child amount to \$500, and only allow refundability under the Full Refundability for Excess Dependents provision. For the EITC, the proposal would calculate EITC using a modified form of AGI, remove the addition to the plateau for married couples filing jointly, and not allow special rules for tax units with three or more children. For the CDCTC, the per child amount would decrease to \$2,400, the maximum credit rate would decrease to 30 percent, and the phase down structure would change. For a description of TPC's current law and current policy baselines, see

#### http://www.taxpolicycenter.org/T11-0270

(2) Includes both filing and non-filing units but excludes those that are dependents of other tax units. Tax units with negative cash income are excluded from the lowest income class but are included in the totals. For a description of cash income, see

#### http://www.taxpolicycenter.org/TaxModel/income.cfm

(3) Includes tax units with a change in federal tax burden of \$10 or more in absolute value.

(4) After-tax income is cash income less: individual income tax net of refundable credits; corporate income tax; payroll taxes (Social Security and Medicare); and estate tax.

### Allow Child Tax Credit, Earned Income Tax Credit, and Child and Dependent Care Tax Credit to Revert to pre-2001 Values But Let Child Tax Credit and Earned Income Tax Credit Remain Allowable Against the AMT

### Baseline: Current Policy Distribution of Federal Tax Change by Cash Income Level, 2013<sup>1</sup> Detail Table - Tax Units with Children

Cash Income Level	Percent of T	ax Units <sup>3</sup>	Percent Change	Share of Total Federal Tax –	Average Fede	ral Tax Change	Share of Fee	leral Taxes	Average Federal Tax Rate⁵	
(thousands of 2012 dollars) <sup>2</sup>	With Tax Cut	With Tax Increase	in After-Tax Income <sup>4</sup>	Federal Tax Change	Dollars	Percent	Change (% Points)	Under the Proposal	Change (% Points)	Under the Proposal
Less than 10	0.0	54.8	-4.0	1.9	273	-25.5	0.1	-0.3	4.7	-13.8
10-20	0.0	73.2	-5.3	12.5	937	-37.8	0.7	-1.0	6.1	-10.1
20-30	0.0	85.3	-5.6	18.2	1,479	-121.3	0.9	0.2	5.8	1.0
30-40	0.0	87.4	-4.4	16.3	1,466	77.1	0.7	1.7	4.1	9.5
40-50	0.0	86.2	-3.1	11.8	1,271	26.8	0.5	2.6	2.8	13.2
50-75	0.0	82.9	-1.5	15.8	800	8.2	0.3	9.6	1.3	16.9
75-100	0.0	80.4	-1.0	10.6	742	4.6	0.0	11.1	0.8	19.2
100-200	0.0	64.3	-0.5	12.4	571	2.0	-0.8	29.1	0.4	21.8
200-500	0.0	7.9	0.0	0.1	18	0.0	-0.8	17.5	0.0	25.9
500-1,000	0.0	5.0	0.0	0.0	11	0.0	-0.4	7.6	0.0	30.6
More than 1,000	0.0	3.8	0.0	0.0	8	0.0	-1.0	21.7	0.0	33.6
All	0.0	73.0	-1.2	100.0	866	4.8	0.0	100.0	1.0	21.5

## Baseline Distribution of Income and Federal Taxes by Cash Income Level, 2013 <sup>1</sup>

Cash Income Level	Tax U	nits	Pre-Tax In	come	Federal Tax	Burden	After-Tax In	come <sup>4</sup>	Average — Federal Tax
(thousands of 2012 dollars) <sup>2</sup>	Number (thousands)	Percent of Total	Average (dollars)	Percent of Total	Average (dollars)	Percent of Total	Average (dollars)	Percent of Total	Rate <sup>5</sup>
Less than 10	2,962	5.9	5,794	0.4	-1,072	-0.4	6,866	0.6	-18.5
10-20	5,804	11.6	15,260	2.0	-2,481	-1.6	17,740	2.9	-16.3
20-30	5,335	10.6	25,332	3.1	-1,219	-0.7	26,551	4.0	-4.8
30-40	4,816	9.6	35,564	3.9	1,901	1.0	33,663	4.6	5.3
40-50	4,037	8.1	45,576	4.2	4,743	2.1	40,833	4.7	10.4
50-75	8,599	17.2	62,528	12.2	9,766	9.3	52,762	12.9	15.6
75-100	6,206	12.4	88,416	12.5	16,215	11.2	72,201	12.8	18.3
100-200	9,390	18.7	134,200	28.6	28,739	29.9	105,462	28.3	21.4
200-500	2,258	4.5	283,593	14.5	73,345	18.4	210,248	13.5	25.9
500-1,000	345	0.7	680,629	5.3	207,914	7.9	472,715	4.7	30.6
More than 1,000	193	0.4	3,158,341	13.8	1,060,441	22.7	2,097,901	11.6	33.6
All	50,150	100.0	87,888	100.0	17,985	100.0	69,903	100.0	20.5

Source: Urban-Brookings Tax Policy Center Microsimulation Model (version 0412-8).

\* Less than 0.05

Note: Tax units with children are those claiming an exemption for children at home or away from home.

(1) Calendar year. Baseline is current policy. Proposal would revert the Child Tax Credit, Earned Income Tax Credit, and Child and Dependent Care Tax Credit to pre-EGTRRA tax law but keep the CTC and EITC allowable against the AMT. For the CTC, the proposal would decrease the per child amount to \$500, and only allow refundability under the Full Refundability for Excess Dependents provision. For the EITC, the proposal would calculate EITC using a modified form of AGI, remove the addition to the plateau for married couples filing jointly, and not allow special rules for tax units with three or more children. For the CDCTC, the per child amount would decrease to \$2,400, the maximum credit rate would decrease to 30 percent, and the phase down structure would change. For a description of TPC's current law and current policy baselines, see

#### http://www.taxpolicycenter.org/T11-0270

(2) Includes both filing and non-filing units but excludes those that are dependents of other tax units. Tax units with negative cash income are excluded from the lowest income class but are included in the totals. For a description of cash income, see

#### http://www.taxpolicycenter.org/TaxModel/income.cfm

(3) Includes tax units with a change in federal tax burden of \$10 or more in absolute value.

(4) After-tax income is cash income less: individual income tax net of refundable credits; corporate income tax; payroll taxes (Social Security and Medicare); and estate tax.

### Allow Child Tax Credit, Earned Income Tax Credit, and Child and Dependent Care Tax Credit to Revert to pre-2001 Values But Let Child Tax Credit and Earned Income Tax Credit Remain Allowable Against the AMT

## Baseline: Current Policy Distribution of Federal Tax Change by Cash Income Level, 2013<sup>1</sup> Detail Table - Elderly Tax Units

Cash Income Level	Percent of T	ax Units <sup>3</sup>	Percent Change	Share of Total Federal Tax —	Average Federa	al Tax Change	Share of Fed	eral Taxes	Average Federal Tax Rate⁵	
(thousands of 2012 dollars) <sup>2</sup>	With Tax Cut	With Tax Increase	in After-Tax Income <sup>4</sup>	Federal Tax Change	Dollars	Percent	Change (% Points)	Under the Proposal	Change (% Points)	Under the Proposal
Less than 10	0.0	*	0.0	0.1	0	0.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.3
10-20	0.0	0.2	0.0	1.1	1	0.9	0.0	0.2	0.0	0.7
20-30	0.0	0.8	0.0	4.5	6	1.0	0.0	0.8	0.0	2.5
30-40	0.0	2.2	-0.1	11.6	17	1.3	0.0	1.6	0.1	4.0
40-50	0.0	6.3	-0.1	29.4	54	2.2	0.0	2.3	0.1	5.6
50-75	0.0	4.4	-0.1	37.3	40	0.7	0.1	8.7	0.1	9.1
75-100	0.0	2.2	0.0	6.7	14	0.1	0.0	8.7	0.0	13.0
100-200	0.0	2.2	0.0	9.3	16	0.1	0.0	23.0	0.0	17.8
200-500	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	17.9	0.0	24.5
500-1,000	0.0	0.3	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	8.4	0.0	31.1
More than 1,000	0.0	*	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	-0.1	28.3	0.0	35.5
All	0.0	2.2	0.0	100.0	18	0.2	0.0	100.0	0.0	16.3

## Baseline Distribution of Income and Federal Taxes by Cash Income Level, 2013 <sup>1</sup>

Cash Income Level (thousands of 2012 dollars) <sup>2</sup>	Tax Units		Pre-Tax Income		Federal Tax Burden		After-Tax Income <sup>4</sup>		Average
	Number (thousands)	Percent of Total	Average (dollars)	Percent of Total	Average (dollars)	Percent of Total	Average (dollars)	Percent of Total	Federal Tax Rate <sup>5</sup>
Less than 10	2,099	6.0	6,146	0.6	78	0.0	6,068	0.7	1.3
10-20	7,199	20.5	15,399	4.8	107	0.2	15,291	5.7	0.7
20-30	4,736	13.5	24,906	5.1	604	0.8	24,301	5.9	2.4
30-40	4,155	11.8	35,411	6.4	1,388	1.5	34,023	7.3	3.9
40-50	3,401	9.7	45,731	6.7	2,502	2.3	43,229	7.6	5.5
50-75	5,792	16.5	61,846	15.5	5,614	8.7	56,232	16.8	9.1
75-100	2,864	8.2	87,420	10.8	11,381	8.7	76,039	11.2	13.0
100-200	3,657	10.4	133,081	21.0	23,649	23.0	109,432	20.7	17.8
200-500	962	2.7	285,711	11.9	69,988	17.9	215,722	10.7	24.5
500-1,000	148	0.4	687,513	4.4	213,977	8.4	473,536	3.6	31.1
More than 1,000	91	0.3	3,301,216	13.0	1,170,684	28.4	2,130,533	10.0	35.5
All	35,135	100.0	65,837	100.0	10,692	100.0	55,145	100.0	16.2

Source: Urban-Brookings Tax Policy Center Microsimulation Model (version 0412-8).

\* Less than 0.05

Note: Elderly tax units are those with either head or spouse (if filing jointly) age 65 or older.

(1) Calendar year. Baseline is current policy. Proposal would revert the Child Tax Credit, Earned Income Tax Credit, and Child and Dependent Care Tax Credit to pre-EGTRRA tax law but keep the CTC and EITC allowable against the AMT. For the CTC, the proposal would decrease the per child amount to \$500, and only allow refundability under the Full Refundability for Excess Dependents provision. For the EITC, the proposal would calculate EITC using a modified form of AGI, remove the addition to the plateau for married couples filing jointly, and not allow special rules for tax units with three or more children. For the CDCTC, the per child amount would decrease to \$2,400, the maximum credit rate would decrease to 30 percent, and the phase down structure would change. For a description of TPC's current law and current policy baselines, see

http://www.taxpolicycenter.org/T11-0270

(2) Includes both filing and non-filing units but excludes those that are dependents of other tax units. Tax units with negative cash income are excluded from the lowest income class but are included in the totals. For a description of cash income, see

#### http://www.taxpolicycenter.org/TaxModel/income.cfm

(3) Includes tax units with a change in federal tax burden of \$10 or more in absolute value.

(4) After-tax income is cash income less: individual income tax net of refundable credits; corporate income tax; payroll taxes (Social Security and Medicare); and estate tax.