Click on PDF or Excel link above for additional tables containing more detail and breakdowns by filing status and demographic groups.

Table T12-0212 Fiscal Cliff Analysis

Step 5 of 9: Stimulus Legislation EITC, CTC, and AOTC Distribution of Federal Tax Change by Cash Income Percentile, 2013 Summary Table

2.11.23	Тах І	Jnits ⁴	Percent Change in	Share of Total	Average	Average Fed	eral Tax Rate ⁶
Cash Income Percentile ^{2,3}	Number (thousands)	Percent of Total	After-Tax Income ⁵	Federal Tax Change	Federal Tax Change (\$)	Change (% Points)	Under the Proposal
Lowest Quintile	40,520	25.6	-1.9	37.1	209	1.9	3.5
Second Quintile	36,208	22.9	-0.7	29.4	185	0.6	9.9
Middle Quintile	31,370	19.8	-0.2	14.2	103	0.2	15.5
Fourth Quintile	26,062	16.5	-0.1	8.4	73	0.1	18.8
Top Quintile	23,189	14.7	-0.1	10.5	103	0.0	27.8
All	158,260	100.0	-0.3	100.0	144	0.2	21.6
Addendum							
80-90	11,692	7.4	-0.1	5.9	115	0.1	21.3
90-95	5,736	3.6	-0.1	4.5	179	0.1	23.1
95-99	4,615	2.9	0.0	0.1	4	0.0	25.9
Top 1 Percent	1,147	0.7	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	36.4
Top 0.1 Percent	117	0.1	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	38.8

Source: Urban-Brookings Tax Policy Center Microsimulation Model (version 0412-7).

Number of AMT Taxpayers (millions). Baseline: 3.3

Proposal: 3.3

(1) Calendar year. Initial baseline is current policy with the following modifications: extension of 2 percent payroll tax cut; repeal of the health care legislation taxes on earnings, and investment income; repeal of the 10 percent limitation on the deductibility of medical expenses; and extension of certain business and other provisions. Baseline for this step is that modified form of current policy plus step 1 through 4 of the fiscal cliff analysis. For a description of the fiscal cliff provisions, see:

http://www.taxpolicycenter.org/publications/url.cfm?ID=412666

For a description of TPC's current policy baseline, see:

http://www.taxpolicycenter.org/T11-0270

(2) Tax units with negative cash income are excluded from the lowest income class but are included in the totals. For a description of cash income, see

http://www.taxpolicycenter.org/TaxModel/income.cfm

- (3) The income percentile classes used in this table are based on the income distribution for the entire population and contain an equal number of people, not tax units. The breaks are (in 2012 dollars): 20% \$20,113; 40% \$39,790; 60% \$64,484; 80% \$108,266; 90% \$143,373; 95% \$204,296; 99% \$506,210; 99.9% \$2,655,675.
- (4) Includes both filing and non-filing units but excludes those that are dependents of other tax units.
- (5) After-tax income is cash income less: individual income tax net of refundable credits; corporate income tax; payroll taxes (Social Security and Medicare); and estate tax.
- (6) Average federal tax (includes individual and corporate income tax, payroll taxes for Social Security and Medicare, and the estate tax) as a percentage of average cash income.

Table T12-0212 Fiscal Cliff Analysis

Step 5 of 9: Stimulus Legislation EITC, CTC, and AOTC

Distribution of Federal Tax Change by Cash Income Percentile, 2013 ¹ Detail Table

2.2	Percent Change in	Share of Total	Average Federa	l Tax Change	Share of Fed	eral Taxes	Average Federa	l Tax Rate ⁶
Cash Income Percentile ^{2,3}	After-Tax Income ⁵	Federal Tax Change	Dollars	Percent	Change (% Points)	Under the Proposal	Change (% Points)	Under the Proposal
Lowest Quintile	-1.9	37.1	209	109.1	0.4	0.7	1.9	3.5
Second Quintile	-0.7	29.4	185	6.7	0.2	4.5	0.6	9.9
Middle Quintile	-0.2	14.2	103	1.3	0.0	10.7	0.2	15.5
Fourth Quintile	-0.1	8.4	73	0.5	-0.1	17.5	0.1	18.8
Top Quintile	-0.1	10.5	103	0.2	-0.5	66.4	0.0	27.8
All	-0.3	100.0	144	1.0	0.0	100.0	0.2	21.6
addendum								
80-90	-0.1	5.9	115	0.4	-0.1	13.2	0.1	21.3
90-95	-0.1	4.5	179	0.5	-0.1	9.3	0.1	23.1
95-99	0.0	0.1	4	0.0	-0.1	14.5	0.0	25.9
Top 1 Percent	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	-0.3	29.4	0.0	36.4
Top 0.1 Percent	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	-0.2	15.2	0.0	38.8

Baseline Distribution of Income and Federal Taxes by Cash Income Percentile, 2013 ¹

22	Tax U	nits ⁴	Pre-Tax In	Pre-Tax Income		Federal Tax Burden		After-Tax Income ⁵	
Cash Income Percentile ^{2,3}	Number (thousands)	Percent of Total	Average (dollars)	Percent of Total	Average (dollars)	Percent of Total	Average (dollars)	Percent of Total	Federal Tax Rate ⁶
Lowest Quintile	40,520	25.6	11,290	4.2	191	0.3	11,098	5.2	1.7
Second Quintile	36,208	22.9	30,031	9.9	2,780	4.3	27,251	11.4	9.3
Middle Quintile	31,370	19.8	52,294	14.9	8,016	10.7	44,277	16.1	15.3
Fourth Quintile	26,062	16.5	84,355	20.0	15,816	17.5	68,539	20.6	18.8
Top Quintile	23,189	14.7	244,576	51.5	67,871	67.0	176,705	47.4	27.8
All	158,260	100.0	69,527	100.0	14,847	100.0	54,680	100.0	21.4
Addendum									
80-90	11,692	7.4	125,820	13.4	26,717	13.3	99,103	13.4	21.2
90-95	5,736	3.6	166,808	8.7	38,348	9.4	128,460	8.5	23.0
95-99	4,615	2.9	287,453	12.1	74,334	14.6	213,119	11.4	25.9
Top 1 Percent	1,147	0.7	1,671,536	17.4	609,022	29.7	1,062,515	14.1	36.4
Top 0.1 Percent	117	0.1	7,985,826	8.5	3,100,646	15.4	4,885,180	6.6	38.8

Source: Urban-Brookings Tax Policy Center Microsimulation Model (version 0412-7).

Number of AMT Taxpayers (millions). Baseline: 3.3

Proposal: 3.3

(1) Calendar year. Initial baseline is current policy with the following modifications: extension of 2 percent payroll tax cut; repeal of the health care legislation taxes on earnings, and investment income; repeal of the 10 percent limitation on the deductibility of medical expenses; and extension of certain business and other provisions. Baseline for this step is that modified form of current policy plus step 1 through 4 of the fiscal cliff analysis. For a description of the fiscal cliff provisions, see:

http://www.taxpolicycenter.org/publications/url.cfm?ID=412666

For a description of TPC's current policy baseline, see:

http://www.taxpolicycenter.org/T11-0270

(2) Tax units with negative cash income are excluded from the lowest income class but are included in the totals. For a description of cash income, see http://www.taxpolicycenter.org/TaxModel/income.cfm

(3) The income percentile classes used in this table are based on the income distribution for the entire population and contain an equal number of people, not tax units. The breaks are (in 2012 dollars): 20% \$20,113; 40% \$39,790; 60% \$64,484; 80% \$108,266; 90% \$143,373; 95% \$204,296; 99% \$506,210; 99.9% \$2,655,675.

(4) Includes both filing and non-filing units but excludes those that are dependents of other tax units.

(5) After-tax income is cash income less: individual income tax net of refundable credits; corporate income tax; payroll taxes (Social Security and Medicare); and estate tax.

(6) Average federal tax (includes individual and corporate income tax, payroll taxes for Social Security and Medicare, and the estate tax) as a percentage of average cash income.

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Table T12-0212 Fiscal Cliff Analysis

Step 5 of 9: Stimulus Legislation EITC, CTC, and AOTC

Distribution of Federal Tax Change by Cash Income Percentile Adjusted for Family Size, 2013 Detail Table

2.3	Percent Change in	Share of Total	Average Federa	Average Federal Tax Change Share		leral Taxes	Average Feder	ral Tax Rate ⁶
Cash Income Percentile ^{2,3}	After-Tax Income ⁵	Federal Tax Change	Dollars	Percent	Change (% Points)	Under the Proposal	Change (% Points)	Under the Proposal
Lowest Quintile	-3.0	47.2	322	-109.7	0.5	0.0	3.1	0.3
Second Quintile	-0.7	24.4	171	8.8	0.2	2.9	0.6	7.9
Middle Quintile	-0.2	9.8	72	1.1	0.0	8.5	0.2	13.9
Fourth Quintile	-0.1	9.7	74	0.6	-0.1	17.0	0.1	18.4
Top Quintile	0.0	8.5	64	0.1	-0.6	71.4	0.0	27.4
All	-0.3	100.0	144	1.0	0.0	100.0	0.2	21.6
Addendum								
80-90	-0.1	6.8	104	0.5	-0.1	14.4	0.1	21.3
90-95	0.0	1.6	46	0.1	-0.1	11.0	0.0	23.0
95-99	0.0	0.1	2	0.0	-0.2	15.7	0.0	25.5
Top 1 Percent	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	-0.3	30.4	0.0	36.2
Top 0.1 Percent	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	-0.2	15.9	0.0	38.8

Baseline Distribution of Income and Federal Taxes by Cash Income Percentile Adjusted for Family Size, 2013 ¹

22	Tax U	nits ⁴	Pre-Tax In	Pre-Tax Income		Federal Tax Burden		After-Tax Income ⁵	
Cash Income Percentile ^{2,3}	Number (thousands)	Percent of Total	Average (dollars)	Percent of Total	Average (dollars)	Percent of Total	Average (dollars)	Percent of Total	Federal Tax Rate ⁶
Lowest Quintile	33,405	21.1	10,552	3.2	-293	-0.4	10,845	4.2	-2.8
Second Quintile	32,563	20.6	26,837	7.9	1,949	2.7	24,888	9.4	7.3
Middle Quintile	31,164	19.7	46,562	13.2	6,405	8.5	40,157	14.5	13.8
Fourth Quintile	29,985	19.0	73,219	20.0	13,367	17.1	59,852	20.7	18.3
Top Quintile	30,233	19.1	204,490	56.2	55,962	72.0	148,528	51.9	27.4
All	158,260	100.0	69,527	100.0	14,847	100.0	54,680	100.0	21.4
Addendum									
80-90	14,991	9.5	106,847	14.6	22,613	14.4	84,234	14.6	21.2
90-95	7,896	5.0	142,978	10.3	32,883	11.1	110,095	10.1	23.0
95-99	5,972	3.8	244,529	13.3	62,421	15.9	182,108	12.6	25.5
Top 1 Percent	1,374	0.9	1,448,832	18.1	524,199	30.7	924,633	14.7	36.2
Top 0.1 Percent	139	0.1	6,989,966	8.9	2,711,613	16.1	4,278,352	6.9	38.8

Source: Urban-Brookings Tax Policy Center Microsimulation Model (version 0412-7).

Number of AMT Taxpayers (millions). Baseline: 3.3

Proposal: 3.3

(1) Calendar year. Initial baseline is current policy with the following modifications: extension of 2 percent payroll tax cut; repeal of the health care legislation taxes on earnings, and investment income; repeal of the 10 percent limitation on the deductibility of medical expenses; and extension of certain business and other provisions. Baseline for this step is that modified form of current policy plus step 1 through 4 of the fiscal cliff analysis. For a description of the fiscal cliff provisions, see:

http://www.taxpolicycenter.org/publications/url.cfm?ID=412666

For a description of TPC's current policy baseline, see:

http://www.taxpolicycenter.org/T11-0270

(2) Tax units with negative cash income are excluded from the lowest income class but are included in the totals. For a description of cash income, see

http://www.taxpolicycenter.org/TaxModel/income.cfm

(3) The income percentile classes used in this table are based on the income distribution for the entire population and contain an equal number of people, not tax units. The incomes used are adjusted for family size by dividing by the square root of the number of people in the tax unit. The resulting percentile breaks are (in 2012 dollars): 20% \$13,941; 40% \$26,136; 60% \$41,226; 80% \$64,003; 90% \$88,398; 95% \$122,605; 99% \$295,996; 99.9% \$1,565,087.

- (4) Includes both filing and non-filing units but excludes those that are dependents of other tax units.
- (5) After-tax income is cash income less: individual income tax net of refundable credits; corporate income tax; payroll taxes (Social Security and Medicare); and estate tax.
- (6) Average federal tax (includes individual and corporate income tax, payroll taxes for Social Security and Medicare, and the estate tax) as a percentage of average cash income.

Table T12-0212 Fiscal Cliff Analysis

Step 5 of 9: Stimulus Legislation EITC, CTC, and AOTC

Distribution of Federal Tax Change by Cash Income Percentile Adjusted for Family Size, 2013 ¹ Detail Table - Single Tax Units

2.2	Percent Change in	Share of Total	Average Federa	l Tax Change	Share of Fed	eral Taxes	Average Federa	Tax Rate ⁶
Cash Income Percentile ^{2,3}	After-Tax Income ⁵	Federal Tax Change	Dollars	Percent	Change (% Points)	Under the Proposal	Change (% Points)	Under the Proposal
Lowest Quintile	-1.4	50.5	106	25.4	0.4	1.8	1.3	6.4
Second Quintile	-0.3	19.4	46	2.4	0.1	5.8	0.2	9.6
Middle Quintile	-0.2	15.1	46	0.9	0.0	12.1	0.1	14.9
Fourth Quintile	-0.1	9.3	33	0.3	-0.1	21.3	0.1	20.0
Top Quintile	0.0	5.3	23	0.1	-0.4	58.8	0.0	27.4
All	-0.2	100.0	57	0.7	0.0	100.0	0.2	20.5
Addendum								
80-90	-0.1	4.3	37	0.2	-0.1	14.2	0.1	22.8
90-95	0.0	1.0	17	0.1	-0.1	10.6	0.0	24.2
95-99	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	-0.1	13.9	0.0	25.8
Top 1 Percent	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	-0.1	20.2	0.0	36.9
Top 0.1 Percent	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	-0.1	10.8	0.0	40.8

Baseline Distribution of Income and Federal Taxes by Cash Income Percentile Adjusted for Family Size, 2013 ¹

-	Tax U	nits ⁴	Pre-Tax In	come	Federal Tax	Burden	After-Tax In	come ⁵	Average
Cash Income Percentile ^{2,3}	Number (thousands)	Percent of Total	Average (dollars)	Percent of Total	Average (dollars)	Percent of Total	Average (dollars)	Percent of Total	Federal Tax Rate ⁶
Lowest Quintile	19,721	27.4	8,091	5.7	415	1.4	7,676	6.7	5.1
Second Quintile	17,211	23.9	20,316	12.4	1,908	5.7	18,409	14.1	9.4
Middle Quintile	13,567	18.8	34,462	16.6	5,099	12.1	29,363	17.7	14.8
Fourth Quintile	11,717	16.3	52,696	21.9	10,491	21.4	42,205	22.0	19.9
Top Quintile	9,354	13.0	132,560	44.0	36,334	59.2	96,226	40.1	27.4
All	72,035	100.0	39,146	100.0	7,967	100.0	31,179	100.0	20.4
Addendum									
80-90	4,749	6.6	75,578	12.7	17,196	14.2	58,382	12.3	22.8
90-95	2,416	3.4	104,552	9.0	25,313	10.7	79,239	8.5	24.2
95-99	1,849	2.6	168,798	11.1	43,529	14.0	125,270	10.3	25.8
Top 1 Percent	340	0.5	931,104	11.2	343,093	20.3	588,011	8.9	36.9
Top 0.1 Percent	31	0.0	4,955,926	5.4	2,019,338	10.8	2,936,588	4.0	40.8

Source: Urban-Brookings Tax Policy Center Microsimulation Model (version 0412-7).

(1) Calendar year. Initial baseline is current policy with the following modifications: extension of 2 percent payroll tax cut; repeal of the health care legislation taxes on earnings, and investment income; repeal of the 10 percent limitation on the deductibility of medical expenses; and extension of certain business and other provisions. Baseline for this step is that modified form of current policy plus step 1 through 4 of the fiscal cliff analysis. For a description of the fiscal cliff provisions, see:

http://www.taxpolicycenter.org/publications/url.cfm?ID=412666

For a description of TPC's current policy baseline, see:

http://www.taxpolicycenter.org/T11-0270

(2) Tax units with negative cash income are excluded from the lowest income class but are included in the totals. For a description of cash income, see http://www.taxpolicycenter.org/TaxModel/income.cfm

(3) The income percentile classes used in this table are based on the income distribution for the entire population and contain an equal number of people, not tax units. The incomes used are adjusted for family size by dividing by the square root of the number of people in the tax unit. The resulting percentile breaks are (in 2012 dollars): 20% \$13,941; 40% \$26,136; 60% \$41,226; 80% \$64,003; 90% \$88,398; 95% \$122,605; 99% \$295,996; 99.9% \$1,565,087.

(4) Includes both filing and non-filing units but excludes those that are dependents of other tax units.

(5) After-tax income is cash income less: individual income tax net of refundable credits; corporate income tax; payroll taxes (Social Security and Medicare); and estate tax.

(6) Average federal tax (includes individual and corporate income tax, payroll taxes for Social Security and Medicare, and the estate tax) as a percentage of average cash income.

Table T12-0212 Fiscal Cliff Analysis

Step 5 of 9: Stimulus Legislation EITC, CTC, and AOTC

Distribution of Federal Tax Change by Cash Income Percentile Adjusted for Family Size, 2013 ¹ Detail Table - Married Tax Units Filing Jointly

23	Percent Change in	Share of Total	Average Federa	l Tax Change	Share of Fed	eral Taxes	Average Federa	l Tax Rate ⁶
Cash Income Percentile ^{2,3}	After-Tax Income ⁵	Federal Tax Change	Dollars	Percent	Change (% Points)	Under the Proposal	Change (% Points)	Under the Proposal
Lowest Quintile	-3.1	26.4	472	-82.0	0.2	0.0	3.3	-0.7
Second Quintile	-1.0	29.2	347	14.8	0.2	1.3	1.0	7.3
Middle Quintile	-0.2	10.5	81	1.1	0.0	5.7	0.1	12.6
Fourth Quintile	-0.1	15.5	98	0.6	0.0	14.7	0.1	17.4
Top Quintile	-0.1	17.7	89	0.1	-0.4	78.2	0.0	27.3
All	-0.2	100.0	158	0.6	0.0	100.0	0.1	22.9
ddendum								
80-90	-0.2	14.2	148	0.6	0.0	14.6	0.1	20.7
90-95	-0.1	3.4	63	0.2	-0.1	11.5	0.0	22.6
95-99	0.0	0.1	3	0.0	-0.1	17.1	0.0	25.3
Top 1 Percent	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	-0.2	35.1	0.0	36.1
Top 0.1 Percent	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	-0.1	18.0	0.0	38.6

Baseline Distribution of Income and Federal Taxes by Cash Income Percentile Adjusted for Family Size, 2013 ¹

22	Tax U	nits ⁴	Pre-Tax In	come	Federal Tax	Burden	After-Tax In	Average	
Cash Income Percentile ^{2,3}	Number (thousands)	Percent of Total	Average (dollars)	Percent of Total	Average (dollars)	Percent of Total	Average (dollars)	Percent of Total	Federal Tax Rate ⁶
Lowest Quintile	5,376	8.9	14,486	1.1	-576	-0.2	15,062	1.5	-4.0
Second Quintile	8,093	13.3	36,595	4.2	2,339	1.2	34,257	5.1	6.4
Middle Quintile	12,453	20.5	58,915	10.4	7,356	5.7	51,559	11.7	12.5
Fourth Quintile	15,271	25.1	89,679	19.3	15,513	14.7	74,166	20.7	17.3
Top Quintile	19,208	31.6	241,961	65.5	66,061	78.5	175,900	61.7	27.3
All	60,744	100.0	116,746	100.0	26,599	100.0	90,147	100.0	22.8
Addendum									
80-90	9,257	15.2	123,947	16.2	25,454	14.6	98,493	16.7	20.5
90-95	5,109	8.4	162,264	11.7	36,522	11.6	125,742	11.7	22.5
95-99	3,865	6.4	282,834	15.4	71,675	17.2	211,159	14.9	25.3
Top 1 Percent	977	1.6	1,615,663	22.3	583,247	35.3	1,032,416	18.4	36.1
Top 0.1 Percent	101	0.2	7,547,627	10.7	2,909,924	18.1	4,637,702	8.5	38.6

Source: Urban-Brookings Tax Policy Center Microsimulation Model (version 0412-7).

(1) Calendar year. Initial baseline is current policy with the following modifications: extension of 2 percent payroll tax cut; repeal of the health care legislation taxes on earnings, and investment income; repeal of the 10 percent limitation on the deductibility of medical expenses; and extension of certain business and other provisions. Baseline for this step is that modified form of current policy plus step 1 through 4 of the fiscal cliff analysis. For a description of the fiscal cliff provisions, see:

http://www.taxpolicycenter.org/publications/url.cfm?ID=412666

For a description of TPC's current policy baseline, see:

http://www.taxpolicycenter.org/T11-0270

(2) Tax units with negative cash income are excluded from the lowest income class but are included in the totals. For a description of cash income, see http://www.taxpolicycenter.org/TaxModel/income.cfm

- (4) Includes both filing and non-filing units but excludes those that are dependents of other tax units.
- (5) After-tax income is cash income less: individual income tax net of refundable credits; corporate income tax; payroll taxes (Social Security and Medicare); and estate tax.
- (6) Average federal tax (includes individual and corporate income tax, payroll taxes for Social Security and Medicare, and the estate tax) as a percentage of average cash income.

⁽³⁾ The income percentile classes used in this table are based on the income distribution for the entire population and contain an equal number of people, not tax units. The incomes used are adjusted for family size by dividing by the square root of the number of people in the tax unit. The resulting percentile breaks are (in 2012 dollars): 20% \$13,941; 40% \$26,136; 60% \$41,226; 80% \$64,003; 90% \$88,398; 95% \$122,605; 99% \$295,996; 99.9% \$1,565,087.

Table T12-0212 Fiscal Cliff Analysis

Step 5 of 9: Stimulus Legislation EITC, CTC, and AOTC

Distribution of Federal Tax Change by Cash Income Percentile Adjusted for Family Size, 2013 ¹ Detail Table - Head of Household Tax Units

2.2	Percent Change in	Share of Total	Average Federa	l Tax Change	Share of Fed	eral Taxes	Average Federa	l Tax Rate ⁶
Cash Income Percentile ^{2,3}	After-Tax Income ⁵	Federal Tax Change	Dollars	Percent	Change (% Points)	Under the Proposal	Change (% Points)	Under the Proposal
Lowest Quintile	-4.8	67.7	759	-40.1	6.0	-7.4	5.4	-8.1
Second Quintile	-0.9	21.6	285	19.3	0.9	9.8	0.9	5.5
Middle Quintile	-0.3	6.6	134	1.8	-1.7	27.9	0.3	15.4
Fourth Quintile	-0.2	3.7	135	1.0	-1.9	28.3	0.2	19.4
Top Quintile	0.0	0.2	14	0.0	-3.3	41.3	0.0	26.0
All	-1.1	100.0	390	7.9	0.0	100.0	1.0	13.3
addendum								
80-90	0.0	0.2	19	0.1	-1.1	13.8	0.0	22.3
90-95	0.0	0.0	12	0.0	-0.6	7.1	0.0	23.9
95-99	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	-0.7	8.4	0.0	25.8
Top 1 Percent	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	-1.0	12.1	0.0	34.4
Top 0.1 Percent	0.0	0.0	1	0.0	-0.5	6.1	0.0	36.8

Baseline Distribution of Income and Federal Taxes by Cash Income Percentile Adjusted for Family Size, 2013 ¹

	Tax U	nits ⁴	Pre-Tax In	come	Federal Tax	Burden	After-Tax In	come ⁵	Average
Cash Income Percentile ^{2,3}	Number (thousands)	Percent of Total	Average (dollars)	Percent of Total	Average (dollars)	Percent of Total	Average (dollars)	Percent of Total	Federal Tax Rate ⁶
Lowest Quintile	8,034	34.8	13,983	12.2	-1,891	-13.4	15,874	15.7	-13.5
Second Quintile	6,829	29.6	31,795	23.5	1,474	8.8	30,322	25.6	4.6
Middle Quintile	4,455	19.3	49,950	24.1	7,567	29.6	42,382	23.3	15.2
Fourth Quintile	2,489	10.8	71,792	19.3	13,811	30.2	57,981	17.8	19.2
Top Quintile	1,222	5.3	160,037	21.2	41,512	44.6	118,525	17.9	25.9
All	23,101	100.0	40,006	100.0	4,926	100.0	35,079	100.0	12.3
Addendum									
80-90	740	3.2	102,711	8.2	22,831	14.9	79,879	7.3	22.2
90-95	273	1.2	133,416	4.0	31,840	7.7	101,577	3.4	23.9
95-99	176	0.8	226,780	4.3	58,408	9.0	168,372	3.7	25.8
Top 1 Percent	32	0.1	1,339,304	4.7	460,773	13.0	878,531	3.5	34.4
Top 0.1 Percent	3	0.0	6,750,433	2.2	2,486,377	6.6	4,264,056	1.6	36.8

Source: Urban-Brookings Tax Policy Center Microsimulation Model (version 0412-7).

(1) Calendar year. Initial baseline is current policy with the following modifications: extension of 2 percent payroll tax cut; repeal of the health care legislation taxes on earnings, and investment income; repeal of the 10 percent limitation on the deductibility of medical expenses; and extension of certain business and other provisions. Baseline for this step is that modified form of current policy plus step 1 through 4 of the fiscal cliff analysis. For a description of the fiscal cliff provisions, see:

http://www.taxpolicycenter.org/publications/url.cfm?ID=412666

For a description of TPC's current policy baseline, see:

http://www.taxpolicycenter.org/T11-0270

(2) Tax units with negative cash income are excluded from the lowest income class but are included in the totals. For a description of cash income, see http://www.taxpolicycenter.org/TaxModel/income.cfm

- (4) Includes both filing and non-filing units but excludes those that are dependents of other tax units.
- (5) After-tax income is cash income less: individual income tax net of refundable credits; corporate income tax; payroll taxes (Social Security and Medicare); and estate tax.
- (6) Average federal tax (includes individual and corporate income tax, payroll taxes for Social Security and Medicare, and the estate tax) as a percentage of average cash income.

⁽³⁾ The income percentile classes used in this table are based on the income distribution for the entire population and contain an equal number of people, not tax units. The incomes used are adjusted for family size by dividing by the square root of the number of people in the tax unit. The resulting percentile breaks are (in 2012 dollars): 20% \$13,941; 40% \$26,136; 60% \$41,226; 80% \$64,003; 90% \$88,398; 95% \$122,605; 99% \$295,996; 99.9% \$1,565,087.

1-Oct-12 PRELIMINARY RESULTS http://www.taxpolicycenter.org

Table T12-0212 Fiscal Cliff Analysis

Step 5 of 9: Stimulus Legislation EITC, CTC, and AOTC

Distribution of Federal Tax Change by Cash Income Percentile Adjusted for Family Size, 2013 Detail Table - Tax Units with Children

2.3	Percent Change in	Share of Total	Average Federa	l Tax Change	Share of Fed	eral Taxes	Average Federal Tax Rate ⁶	
Cash Income Percentile ^{2,3}	After-Tax Income ⁵	Federal Tax Change	Dollars	Percent	Change (% Points)	Under the Proposal	Change (% Points)	Under the Proposal
Lowest Quintile	-4.9	49.1	814	-37.2	1.0	-1.6	5.6	-9.5
Second Quintile	-1.2	25.2	428	24.3	0.5	2.5	1.2	6.0
Middle Quintile	-0.3	7.9	141	1.5	-0.1	10.3	0.2	15.4
Fourth Quintile	-0.2	8.9	166	0.9	-0.2	19.5	0.2	19.2
Top Quintile	-0.1	8.4	182	0.2	-1.2	69.1	0.1	28.3
All	-0.5	100.0	362	2.0	0.0	100.0	0.4	21.3
Addendum								
80-90	-0.3	7.0	275	0.9	-0.2	15.1	0.2	22.3
90-95	-0.1	1.4	150	0.3	-0.1	8.5	0.1	23.9
95-99	0.0	0.0	3	0.0	-0.3	15.3	0.0	26.7
Top 1 Percent	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	-0.6	30.3	0.0	36.1
Top 0.1 Percent	0.0	0.0	1	0.0	-0.3	14.5	0.0	38.3

Baseline Distribution of Income and Federal Taxes by Cash Income Percentile Adjusted for Family Size, 2013 ¹

Cash Income Percentile ^{2,3}	Tax Units ⁴		Pre-Tax Income		Federal Tax Burden		After-Tax Income ⁵		Average
	Number (thousands)	Percent of Total	Average (dollars)	Percent of Total	Average (dollars)	Percent of Total	Average (dollars)	Percent of Total	Federal Tax Rate ⁶
Lowest Quintile	10,949	21.8	14,497	3.6	-2,190	-2.6	16,688	5.2	-15.1
Second Quintile	10,714	21.4	36,326	8.8	1,759	2.1	34,567	10.6	4.8
Middle Quintile	10,166	20.3	62,074	14.3	9,410	10.4	52,664	15.4	15.2
Fourth Quintile	9,735	19.4	97,977	21.6	18,659	19.7	79,318	22.2	19.0
Top Quintile	8,378	16.7	273,829	52.1	77,319	70.3	196,510	47.2	28.2
All	50,150	100.0	87,888	100.0	18,370	100.0	69,519	100.0	20.9
Addendum									
80-90	4,581	9.1	139,259	14.5	30,721	15.3	108,537	14.3	22.1
90-95	1,696	3.4	196,218	7.6	46,721	8.6	149,497	7.3	23.8
95-99	1,662	3.3	322,508	12.2	86,192	15.6	236,316	11.3	26.7
Top 1 Percent	439	0.9	1,792,201	17.9	647,644	30.9	1,144,556	14.4	36.1
Top 0.1 Percent	40	0.1	8,825,262	8.1	3,378,597	14.8	5,446,665	6.3	38.3

Source: Urban-Brookings Tax Policy Center Microsimulation Model (version 0412-7).

Note: Tax units with children are those claiming an exemption for children at home or away from home.

(1) Calendar year. Initial baseline is current policy with the following modifications: extension of 2 percent payroll tax cut; repeal of the health care legislation taxes on earnings, and investment income; repeal of the 10 percent limitation on the deductibility of medical expenses; and extension of certain business and other provisions. Baseline for this step is that modified form of current policy plus step 1 through 4 of the fiscal cliff analysis. For a description of the fiscal cliff provisions, see:

http://www.taxpolicycenter.org/publications/url.cfm?ID=412666

For a description of TPC's current policy baseline, see:

http://www.taxpolicycenter.org/T11-0270

(2) Tax units with negative cash income are excluded from the lowest income class but are included in the totals. For a description of cash income, see

http://www.taxpolicycenter.org/TaxModel/income.cfm

(3) The income percentile classes used in this table are based on the income distribution for the entire population and contain an equal number of people, not tax units. The incomes used are adjusted for family size by dividing by the square root of the number of people in the tax unit. The resulting percentile breaks are (in 2012 dollars): 20% \$13,941; 40% \$26,136; 60% \$41,226; 80% \$64,003; 90% \$88,398; 95% \$122,605; 99% \$295,996; 99.9% \$1,565,087.

- (4) Includes both filing and non-filing units but excludes those that are dependents of other tax units.
- (5) After-tax income is cash income less: individual income tax net of refundable credits; corporate income tax; payroll taxes (Social Security and Medicare); and estate tax.
- (6) Average federal tax (includes individual and corporate income tax, payroll taxes for Social Security and Medicare, and the estate tax) as a percentage of average cash income.

1-Oct-12 PRELIMINARY RESULTS http://www.taxpolicycenter.org

Table T12-0212 Fiscal Cliff Analysis

Step 5 of 9: Stimulus Legislation EITC, CTC, and AOTC

Distribution of Federal Tax Change by Cash Income Percentile Adjusted for Family Size, 2013 Detail Table - Elderly Tax Units

23	Percent Change in	Share of Total	Average Federa	l Tax Change	Share of Fed	eral Taxes	Average Federal Tax Rate ⁶		
Cash Income Percentile ^{2,3}	After-Tax Income ⁵	Federal Tax Change	Dollars	Percent	Change (% Points)	Under the Proposal	Change (% Points)	Under the Proposal	
Lowest Quintile	-0.1	5.2	5	6.3	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.8	
Second Quintile	-0.1	34.5	18	5.4	0.0	0.8	0.1	1.6	
Middle Quintile	0.0	25.8	15	0.8	0.0	3.9	0.0	4.5	
Fourth Quintile	0.0	20.1	15	0.2	0.0	10.7	0.0	9.9	
Top Quintile	0.0	14.3	10	0.0	-0.1	84.4	0.0	24.7	
All	0.0	100.0	13	0.1	0.0	100.0	0.0	16.6	
Addendum									
80-90	0.0	8.0	12	0.1	0.0	11.4	0.0	14.6	
90-95	0.0	6.2	16	0.1	0.0	11.1	0.0	17.9	
95-99	0.0	0.1	0	0.0	0.0	19.0	0.0	22.3	
Top 1 Percent	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	-0.1	43.0	0.0	36.9	
Top 0.1 Percent	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	23.1	0.0	40.1	

Baseline Distribution of Income and Federal Taxes by Cash Income Percentile Adjusted for Family Size, 2013 ¹

Cash Income Percentile ^{2,3}	Tax Units ⁴		Pre-Tax Income		Federal Tax Burden		After-Tax Income 5		Average
	Number (thousands)	Percent of Total	Average (dollars)	Percent of Total	Average (dollars)	Percent of Total	Average (dollars)	Percent of Total	Federal Tax Rate ⁶
Lowest Quintile	5,152	14.7	10,284	2.3	75	0.1	10,210	2.7	0.7
Second Quintile	8,903	25.3	22,201	8.6	329	0.8	21,873	10.1	1.5
Middle Quintile	8,102	23.1	41,688	14.6	1,841	3.9	39,847	16.7	4.4
Fourth Quintile	6,300	17.9	66,058	18.0	6,497	10.7	59,562	19.5	9.8
Top Quintile	6,648	18.9	197,406	56.7	48,836	84.5	148,570	51.2	24.7
All	35,135	100.0	65,837	100.0	10,934	100.0	54,903	100.0	16.6
Addendum									
80-90	3,052	8.7	98,141	13.0	14,305	11.4	83,836	13.3	14.6
90-95	1,778	5.1	133,313	10.3	23,885	11.1	109,428	10.1	17.9
95-99	1,463	4.2	223,287	14.1	49,892	19.0	173,394	13.2	22.3
Top 1 Percent	354	1.0	1,267,910	19.4	467,403	43.1	800,508	14.7	36.9
Top 0.1 Percent	35	0.1	6,252,940	9.6	2,507,683	23.1	3,745,257	6.9	40.1

Source: Urban-Brookings Tax Policy Center Microsimulation Model (version 0412-7).

Note: Elderly tax units are those with either head or spouse (if filing jointly) age 65 or older.

(1) Calendar year. Initial baseline is current policy with the following modifications: extension of 2 percent payroll tax cut; repeal of the health care legislation taxes on earnings, and investment income; repeal of the 10 percent limitation on the deductibility of medical expenses; and extension of certain business and other provisions. Baseline for this step is that modified form of current policy plus step 1 through 4 of the fiscal cliff analysis. For a description of the fiscal cliff provisions, see:

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For a description of TPC's current policy baseline, see:

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- (4) Includes both filing and non-filing units but excludes those that are dependents of other tax units.
- (5) After-tax income is cash income less: individual income tax net of refundable credits; corporate income tax; payroll taxes (Social Security and Medicare); and estate tax.
- (6) Average federal tax (includes individual and corporate income tax, payroll taxes for Social Security and Medicare, and the estate tax) as a percentage of average cash income.