Click on PDF or Excel link above for additional tables containing more detail and breakdowns by filing status and demographic groups.

Table T11-0393 20 Percent Reduction in Statutory Individual Income Tax Rates and AMT Rates Baseline: Current Law Distribution of Federal Tax Change by Cash Income Percentile, 2015 Summary Table

| | 1 | ax Units with Tax | Increase or Cut 4 | | Percent | Share of | | Average Fed | eral Tax Rate ⁶ |
|---------------------------------------|---------------------|-------------------|---------------------|---------------------|------------------------|-----------------------|-----------------|----------------------|----------------------------|
| Cash Income Percentile ^{2,3} | With | Tax Cut | With Tax Increase | | Change in After-Tax | Total | Average Federal | Cl (0/ | Unalan Alan |
| | Pct of Tax Units | Avg Tax Cut | Pct of Tax Units | Avg Tax Increase | Income ⁵ | Federal Tax Change | Tax Change (\$) | Change (% Points) | Under the Proposal |
| Lowest Quintile | 13.0 | -277 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.3 | 0.4 | -36 | -0.3 | 3.7 |
| Second Quintile | 59.2 | -738 | 0.0 | 0 | 1.6 | 4.0 | -437 | -1.4 | 10.2 |
| Middle Quintile | 90.7 | -1,359 | 0.0 | 0 | 2.7 | 9.9 | -1,232 | -2.2 | 15.9 |
| Fourth Quintile | 97.6 | -2,589 | 0.0 | 0 | 3.4 | 16.9 | -2,528 | -2.6 | 19.6 |
| Top Quintile | 99.0 | -11,746 | 0.0 | 0 | 5.5 | 68.8 | -11,627 | -3.9 | 25.4 |
| All | 65.1 | -3,778 | 0.0 | 0 | 4.0 | 100.0 | -2,459 | -3.1 | 20.9 |
| Addendum | | | | | | | | | |
| 80-90 | 99.0 | -4,518 | 0.0 | 0 | 4.0 | 13.3 | -4,473 | -3.0 | 22.3 |
| 90-95 | 99.1 | -6,495 | 0.0 | 0 | 4.1 | 9.4 | -6,435 | -3.0 | 23.4 |
| 95-99 | 98.9 | -13,489 | 0.0 | 0 | 5.0 | 15.9 | -13,341 | -3.6 | 24.8 |
| Top 1 Percent | 98.8 | -101,800 | 0.0 | 0 | 8.0 | 30.3 | -100,532 | -5.2 | 29.3 |
| Top 0.1 Percent | 97.9 | -446,168 | 0.0 | 0 | 8.4 | 13.5 | -436,740 | -5.2 | 32.7 |

Source: Urban-Brookings Tax Policy Center Microsimulation Model (version 0411-2).

Number of AMT Taxpayers (millions). Baseline: 27.0 Proposal: 44.7

http://www.taxpolicycenter.org/T11-0270

^{*} Less than 0.05

^{**} Insufficient data

⁽¹⁾ Calendar year. Baseline is current law. Proposal would reduce statutory individual income tax rates to 8, 12, 20, 23, 27, and 28 percent and individual AMT rates to 21 and 23 percent. For a description of TPC's current law and current policy baselines, see

⁽²⁾ Tax units with negative cash income are excluded from the lowest income class but are included in the totals. For a description of cash income, see http://www.taxpolicycenter.org/TaxModel/income.cfm

⁽³⁾ The cash income percentile classes used in this table are based on the income distribution for the entire population and contain an equal number of people, not tax units. The breaks are (in 2011 dollars): 20% \$19,342; 40% \$39,862; 60% \$69,074; 80% \$119,546; 90% \$169,987; 95% \$242,597; 99% \$629,809; 99.9% \$2,868,534.

⁽⁴⁾ Includes both filing and non-filing units but excludes those that are dependents of other tax units.

⁽⁵⁾ After-tax income is cash income less: individual income tax net of refundable credits; corporate income tax; payroll taxes (Social Security and Medicare); and estate tax.

⁽⁶⁾ Average federal tax (includes individual and corporate income tax, payroll taxes for Social Security and Medicare, and the estate tax) as a percentage of average cash income.

Table T11-0393 20 Percent Reduction in Statutory Individual Income Tax Rates and AMT Rates Baseline: Current Law Distribution of Federal Tax Change by Cash Income Percentile, 2015 Detail Table

| 13 | Percent of T | ax Units ⁴ | Percent Change in | Share of Total | Average Federa | l Tax Change | Share of Fed | leral Taxes | Average Fed | eral Tax Rate ⁶ |
|---------------------------------------|--------------|-----------------------|-------------------------------|-----------------------|----------------|--------------|----------------------|-----------------------|----------------------|----------------------------|
| Cash Income Percentile ^{2,3} | With Tax Cut | With Tax Increase | After-Tax Income ⁵ | Federal Tax Change | Dollars | Percent | Change (% Points) | Under the Proposal | Change (% Points) | Under the Proposal |
| Lowest Quintile | 13.0 | 0.0 | 0.3 | 0.4 | -36 | -8.0 | 0.0 | 0.6 | -0.3 | 3.7 |
| Second Quintile | 59.2 | 0.0 | 1.6 | 4.0 | -437 | -12.2 | 0.0 | 4.2 | -1.4 | 10.2 |
| Middle Quintile | 90.7 | 0.0 | 2.7 | 9.9 | -1,232 | -12.1 | 0.1 | 10.5 | -2.2 | 15.9 |
| Fourth Quintile | 97.6 | 0.0 | 3.4 | 16.9 | -2,528 | -11.7 | 0.2 | 18.6 | -2.6 | 19.6 |
| Top Quintile | 99.0 | 0.0 | 5.5 | 68.8 | -11,627 | -13.2 | -0.4 | 66.0 | -3.9 | 25.4 |
| All | 65.1 | 0.0 | 4.0 | 100.0 | -2,459 | -12.7 | 0.0 | 100.0 | -3.1 | 20.9 |
| Addendum | | | | | | | | | | |
| 80-90 | 99.0 | 0.0 | 4.0 | 13.3 | -4,473 | -11.8 | 0.2 | 14.6 | -3.0 | 22.3 |
| 90-95 | 99.1 | 0.0 | 4.1 | 9.4 | -6,435 | -11.4 | 0.2 | 10.6 | -3.0 | 23.4 |
| 95-99 | 98.9 | 0.0 | 5.0 | 15.9 | -13,341 | -12.5 | 0.0 | 16.1 | -3.6 | 24.8 |
| Top 1 Percent | 98.8 | 0.0 | 8.0 | 30.3 | -100,532 | -15.2 | -0.7 | 24.7 | -5.2 | 29.3 |
| Top 0.1 Percent | 97.9 | 0.0 | 8.4 | 13.5 | -436,740 | -13.8 | -0.2 | 12.4 | -5.2 | 32.7 |

Baseline Distribution of Income and Federal Taxes by Cash Income Percentile, 2015 ¹

| 22 | Tax U | nits ⁴ | Pre-Tax In | come | Federal Tax | Burden | After-Tax In | come ⁵ | Average |
|---------------------------------------|--------------------|---------------------|-------------------|---------------------|-------------------|---------------------|-------------------|---------------------|----------------------------------|
| Cash Income Percentile ^{2,3} | Number (thousands) | Percent of Total | Average (dollars) | Percent of Total | Average (dollars) | Percent of Total | Average (dollars) | Percent of Total | Federal Tax Rate ⁶ |
| Lowest Quintile | 43,801 | 25.9 | 11,368 | 3.7 | 451 | 0.6 | 10,917 | 4.6 | 4.0 |
| Second Quintile | 38,297 | 22.7 | 30,850 | 8.7 | 3,580 | 4.2 | 27,270 | 10.1 | 11.6 |
| Middle Quintile | 33,246 | 19.7 | 56,491 | 13.8 | 10,200 | 10.4 | 46,291 | 14.9 | 18.1 |
| Fourth Quintile | 27,764 | 16.4 | 97,100 | 19.8 | 21,571 | 18.3 | 75,529 | 20.3 | 22.2 |
| Top Quintile | 24,598 | 14.6 | 301,089 | 54.4 | 88,046 | 66.3 | 213,043 | 50.6 | 29.2 |
| All | 168,946 | 100.0 | 80,584 | 100.0 | 19,325 | 100.0 | 61,258 | 100.0 | 24.0 |
| Addendum | | | | | | | | | |
| 80-90 | 12,369 | 7.3 | 150,582 | 13.7 | 37,990 | 14.4 | 112,592 | 13.5 | 25.2 |
| 90-95 | 6,040 | 3.6 | 213,273 | 9.5 | 56,407 | 10.4 | 156,866 | 9.2 | 26.5 |
| 95-99 | 4,936 | 2.9 | 375,241 | 13.6 | 106,392 | 16.1 | 268,850 | 12.8 | 28.4 |
| Top 1 Percent | 1,253 | 0.7 | 1,918,232 | 17.7 | 662,489 | 25.4 | 1,255,743 | 15.2 | 34.5 |
| Top 0.1 Percent | 129 | 0.1 | 8,360,965 | 7.9 | 3,172,325 | 12.5 | 5,188,640 | 6.5 | 37.9 |

Source: Urban-Brookings Tax Policy Center Microsimulation Model (version 0411-2).

Number of AMT Taxpayers (millions). Baseline: 27.0

* Less than 0.05

(1) Calendar year. Baseline is current law. Proposal would reduce statutory individual income tax rates to 8, 12, 20, 23, 27, and 28 percent and individual AMT rates to 21 and 23 percent. For a description of http://www.taxpolicycenter.org/T11-0270

Proposal: 44.7

⁽²⁾ Tax units with negative cash income are excluded from the lowest income class but are included in the totals. For a description of cash income, see http://www.taxpolicycenter.org/TaxModel/income.cfm

⁽³⁾ The cash income percentile classes used in this table are based on the income distribution for the entire population and contain an equal number of people, not tax units. The breaks are (in 2011 dollars): 20% \$19,342; 40% \$39,862; 60% \$69,074; 80% \$119,546; 90% \$169,987; 95% \$242,597; 99% \$629,809; 99.9% \$2,868,534.

⁽⁴⁾ Includes both filing and non-filing units but excludes those that are dependents of other tax units.

⁽⁵⁾ After-tax income is cash income less: individual income tax net of refundable credits; corporate income tax; payroll taxes (Social Security and Medicare); and estate tax.

⁽⁶⁾ Average federal tax (includes individual and corporate income tax, payroll taxes for Social Security and Medicare, and the estate tax) as a percentage of average cash income.

Table T11-0393

20 Percent Reduction in Statutory Individual Income Tax Rates and AMT Rates Baseline: Current Law

Detail Table

Distribution of Federal Tax Change by Cash Income Percentile Adjusted for Family Size, 2015 $^{\mathrm{1}}$

| 12 | Percent of T | ax Units ⁴ | Percent Change in | Share of Total | Average Federa | l Tax Change | Share of Fed | leral Taxes | Average Fed | eral Tax Rate ⁶ |
|---------------------------------------|--------------|-----------------------|-------------------------------|-----------------------|----------------|--------------|----------------------|-----------------------|----------------------|----------------------------|
| Cash Income Percentile ^{2,3} | With Tax Cut | With Tax Increase | After-Tax Income ⁵ | Federal Tax Change | Dollars | Percent | Change (% Points) | Under the Proposal | Change (% Points) | Under the Proposal |
| Lowest Quintile | 6.6 | 0.0 | 0.1 | 0.1 | -7 | -4.2 | 0.0 | 0.2 | -0.1 | 1.6 |
| Second Quintile | 50.2 | 0.0 | 1.3 | 2.7 | -313 | -11.0 | 0.1 | 3.1 | -1.1 | 9.2 |
| Middle Quintile | 85.3 | 0.0 | 2.2 | 7.4 | -912 | -11.1 | 0.2 | 8.6 | -1.8 | 14.6 |
| Fourth Quintile | 97.5 | 0.0 | 3.1 | 15.3 | -2,051 | -11.2 | 0.3 | 17.8 | -2.4 | 19.2 |
| Top Quintile | 98.6 | 0.0 | 5.5 | 74.6 | -9,868 | -13.4 | -0.6 | 70.1 | -3.9 | 25.0 |
| All | 65.1 | 0.0 | 4.0 | 100.0 | -2,459 | -12.7 | 0.0 | 100.0 | -3.1 | 20.9 |
| Addendum | | | | | | | | | | |
| 80-90 | 98.7 | 0.0 | 4.1 | 15.0 | -3,952 | -12.4 | 0.1 | 15.4 | -3.1 | 21.7 |
| 90-95 | 98.7 | 0.0 | 4.4 | 11.4 | -5,951 | -12.4 | 0.0 | 11.7 | -3.3 | 23.0 |
| 95-99 | 98.6 | 0.0 | 5.0 | 17.4 | -11,556 | -12.8 | 0.0 | 17.2 | -3.6 | 24.4 |
| Top 1 Percent | 98.2 | 0.0 | 7.8 | 30.9 | -84,931 | -14.8 | -0.6 | 25.9 | -5.1 | 29.2 |
| Top 0.1 Percent | 97.5 | 0.0 | 8.3 | 14.0 | -384,586 | -13.7 | -0.1 | 12.9 | -5.2 | 32.8 |

Baseline Distribution of Income and Federal Taxes by Cash Income Percentile Adjusted for Family Size, 2015 ¹

| 22 | Tax U | nits ⁴ | Pre-Tax In | come | Federal Tax | Burden | After-Tax In | come ⁵ | Average |
|---------------------------------------|--------------------|---------------------|-------------------|---------------------|-------------------|---------------------|-------------------|---------------------|----------------------------------|
| Cash Income Percentile ^{2,3} | Number (thousands) | Percent of Total | Average (dollars) | Percent of Total | Average (dollars) | Percent of Total | Average (dollars) | Percent of Total | Federal Tax Rate ⁶ |
| Lowest Quintile | 36,457 | 21.6 | 10,602 | 2.8 | 175 | 0.2 | 10,427 | 3.7 | 1.7 |
| Second Quintile | 35,217 | 20.9 | 27,635 | 7.2 | 2,857 | 3.1 | 24,777 | 8.4 | 10.3 |
| Middle Quintile | 33,605 | 19.9 | 49,901 | 12.3 | 8,210 | 8.5 | 41,691 | 13.5 | 16.5 |
| Fourth Quintile | 31,021 | 18.4 | 84,761 | 19.3 | 18,362 | 17.5 | 66,399 | 19.9 | 21.7 |
| Top Quintile | 31,406 | 18.6 | 254,525 | 58.7 | 73,494 | 70.7 | 181,032 | 54.9 | 28.9 |
| All | 168,946 | 100.0 | 80,584 | 100.0 | 19,325 | 100.0 | 61,258 | 100.0 | 24.0 |
| Addendum | | | | | | | | | |
| 80-90 | 15,725 | 9.3 | 128,613 | 14.9 | 31,882 | 15.4 | 96,731 | 14.7 | 24.8 |
| 90-95 | 7,925 | 4.7 | 182,258 | 10.6 | 47,894 | 11.6 | 134,363 | 10.3 | 26.3 |
| 95-99 | 6,244 | 3.7 | 320,925 | 14.7 | 89,994 | 17.2 | 230,931 | 13.9 | 28.0 |
| Top 1 Percent | 1,512 | 0.9 | 1,668,229 | 18.5 | 572,160 | 26.5 | 1,096,069 | 16.0 | 34.3 |
| Top 0.1 Percent | 151 | 0.1 | 7,425,020 | 8.3 | 2,816,378 | 13.1 | 4,608,642 | 6.7 | 37.9 |

Source: Urban-Brookings Tax Policy Center Microsimulation Model (version 0411-2).

Number of AMT Taxpayers (millions). Baseline: 27.0

* Less than 0.05

(1) Calendar year. Baseline is current law. Proposal would reduce statutory individual income tax rates to 8, 12, 20, 23, 27, and 28 percent and individual AMT rates to 21 and 23 percent. For a description of http://www.taxpolicycenter.org/T11-0270

(2) Tax units with negative cash income are excluded from the lowest income class but are included in the totals. For a description of cash income, see http://www.taxpolicycenter.org/TaxModel/income.cfm

(3) The cash income percentile classes used in this table are based on the income distribution for the entire population and contain an equal number of people, not tax units. The incomes used are adjusted for family size by dividing by the square root of the number of people in the tax unit. The resulting percentile breaks are (in 2011 dollars): 20% \$13,687; 40% \$26,567; 60% \$44,163; 80% \$72,423; 90% \$104,181; 95% \$147,975; 99% \$384,375; 99.9% \$1,764,281.

(4) Includes both filing and non-filing units but excludes those that are dependents of other tax units.

(5) After-tax income is cash income less: individual income tax net of refundable credits; corporate income tax; payroll taxes (Social Security and Medicare); and estate tax.

Proposal: 44.7

(6) Average federal tax (includes individual and corporate income tax, payroll taxes for Social Security and Medicare, and the estate tax) as a percentage of average cash income.

Table T11-0393

20 Percent Reduction in Statutory Individual Income Tax Rates and AMT Rates

Baseline: Current Law

Distribution of Federal Tax Change by Cash Income Percentile Adjusted for Family Size, 2015 Detail Table - Single Tax Units

| 12 | Percent of 1 | Tax Units ⁴ | Percent Change in | Share of Total | Average Federa | l Tax Change | Share of Fed | leral Taxes | Average Fed | eral Tax Rate ⁶ |
|---------------------------------------|--------------|------------------------|-------------------------------|-----------------------|----------------|--------------|----------------------|-----------------------|----------------------|----------------------------|
| Cash Income Percentile ^{2,3} | With Tax Cut | With Tax Increase | After-Tax Income ⁵ | Federal Tax Change | Dollars | Percent | Change (% Points) | Under the Proposal | Change (% Points) | Under the Proposal |
| Lowest Quintile | 8.9 | 0.0 | 0.1 | 0.2 | -10 | -2.0 | 0.2 | 1.6 | -0.1 | 5.7 |
| Second Quintile | 42.2 | 0.0 | 1.2 | 4.6 | -238 | -11.8 | 0.0 | 5.0 | -1.1 | 8.4 |
| Middle Quintile | 83.8 | 0.0 | 2.4 | 11.9 | -757 | -12.4 | 0.0 | 12.0 | -2.0 | 14.2 |
| Fourth Quintile | 97.1 | 0.0 | 3.7 | 20.7 | -1,744 | -12.9 | -0.1 | 20.0 | -2.9 | 19.4 |
| Top Quintile | 97.6 | 0.0 | 5.4 | 62.5 | -6,320 | -12.7 | -0.2 | 61.3 | -3.8 | 25.9 |
| All | 55.3 | 0.0 | 3.6 | 100.0 | -1,237 | -12.5 | 0.0 | 100.0 | -2.8 | 19.7 |
| Addendum | | | | | | | | | | |
| 80-90 | 97.7 | 0.0 | 4.9 | 17.3 | -3,358 | -14.1 | -0.3 | 15.0 | -3.6 | 22.1 |
| 90-95 | 97.8 | 0.0 | 5.2 | 12.4 | -4,976 | -13.9 | -0.2 | 11.0 | -3.8 | 23.5 |
| 95-99 | 97.3 | 0.0 | 4.7 | 14.2 | -7,603 | -11.8 | 0.1 | 15.1 | -3.4 | 25.2 |
| Top 1 Percent | 96.3 | 0.0 | 6.8 | 18.6 | -48,670 | -11.6 | 0.2 | 20.2 | -4.3 | 32.7 |
| Top 0.1 Percent | 93.7 | 0.0 | 8.1 | 8.8 | -257,503 | -11.6 | 0.1 | 9.6 | -4.8 | 36.3 |

Baseline Distribution of Income and Federal Taxes by Cash Income Percentile Adjusted for Family Size, 2015 ¹

| 2.2 | Tax U | nits ⁴ | Pre-Tax In | come | Federal Tax | Burden | After-Tax In | come ⁵ | Average |
|---------------------------------------|--------------------|---------------------|-------------------|---------------------|-------------------|---------------------|-------------------|---------------------|----------------------------------|
| Cash Income Percentile ^{2,3} | Number (thousands) | Percent of Total | Average (dollars) | Percent of Total | Average (dollars) | Percent of Total | Average (dollars) | Percent of Total | Federal Tax Rate ⁶ |
| Lowest Quintile | 23,196 | 28.5 | 8,395 | 5.4 | 485 | 1.4 | 7,910 | 6.6 | 5.8 |
| Second Quintile | 19,667 | 24.2 | 21,310 | 11.7 | 2,020 | 4.9 | 19,290 | 13.6 | 9.5 |
| Middle Quintile | 15,891 | 19.5 | 37,519 | 16.6 | 6,100 | 12.0 | 31,419 | 18.0 | 16.3 |
| Fourth Quintile | 11,931 | 14.7 | 60,761 | 20.2 | 13,554 | 20.1 | 47,206 | 20.3 | 22.3 |
| Top Quintile | 9,954 | 12.2 | 167,534 | 46.5 | 49,782 | 61.5 | 117,753 | 42.1 | 29.7 |
| All | 81,336 | 100.0 | 44,116 | 100.0 | 9,914 | 100.0 | 34,202 | 100.0 | 22.5 |
| Addendum | | | | | | | | | |
| 80-90 | 5,175 | 6.4 | 92,340 | 13.3 | 23,776 | 15.3 | 68,565 | 12.8 | 25.8 |
| 90-95 | 2,512 | 3.1 | 131,560 | 9.2 | 35,882 | 11.2 | 95,679 | 8.6 | 27.3 |
| 95-99 | 1,882 | 2.3 | 225,150 | 11.8 | 64,386 | 15.0 | 160,764 | 10.9 | 28.6 |
| Top 1 Percent | 385 | 0.5 | 1,132,088 | 12.1 | 418,934 | 20.0 | 713,155 | 9.9 | 37.0 |
| Top 0.1 Percent | 34 | 0.0 | 5,399,109 | 5.2 | 2,219,627 | 9.5 | 3,179,482 | 3.9 | 41.1 |

Source: Urban-Brookings Tax Policy Center Microsimulation Model (version 0411-2).

^{*} Less than 0.05

⁽¹⁾ Calendar year. Baseline is current law. Proposal would reduce statutory individual income tax rates to 8, 12, 20, 23, 27, and 28 percent and individual AMT rates to 21 and 23 percent. For a description of http://www.taxpolicycenter.org/T11-0270

⁽²⁾ Tax units with negative cash income are excluded from the lowest income class but are included in the totals. For a description of cash income, see http://www.taxpolicycenter.org/TaxModel/income.cfm

⁽³⁾ The cash income percentile classes used in this table are based on the income distribution for the entire population and contain an equal number of people, not tax units. The incomes used are adjusted for family size by dividing by the square root of the number of people in the tax unit. The resulting percentile breaks are (in 2011 dollars): 20% \$13,687; 40% \$26,567; 60% \$44,163; 80% \$72,423; 90% \$104,181; 95% \$147,975; 99% \$384,375; 99.9% \$1,764,281.

⁽⁴⁾ Includes both filing and non-filing units but excludes those that are dependents of other tax units.

⁽⁵⁾ After-tax income is cash income less: individual income tax net of refundable credits; corporate income tax; payroll taxes (Social Security and Medicare); and estate tax.

⁽⁶⁾ Average federal tax (includes individual and corporate income tax, payroll taxes for Social Security and Medicare, and the estate tax) as a percentage of average cash income.

Table T11-0393

20 Percent Reduction in Statutory Individual Income Tax Rates and AMT Rates Baseline: Current Law

Distribution of Federal Tax Change by Cash Income Percentile Adjusted for Family Size, 2015 ¹

Detail Table - Married Tax Units Filing Jointly

| | Percent of 1 | Γax Units⁴ | Percent Change in | Share of Total Federal Tax — | Average Federa | l Tax Change | Share of Fed | eral Taxes | Average Fede | eral Tax Rate ⁶ |
|---------------------------------------|--------------|----------------------|-------------------------------|------------------------------|----------------|--------------|----------------------|-----------------------|----------------------|----------------------------|
| Cash Income Percentile ^{2,3} | With Tax Cut | With Tax Increase | After-Tax Income ⁵ | Federal Tax Change | Dollars | Percent | Change (% Points) | Under the Proposal | Change (% Points) | Under the Proposal |
| Lowest Quintile | 2.2 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | -3 | -1.1 | 0.0 | 0.1 | 0.0 | 1.7 |
| Second Quintile | 55.4 | 0.0 | 1.2 | 1.0 | -419 | -9.1 | 0.1 | 1.5 | -1.1 | 10.7 |
| Middle Quintile | 83.5 | 0.0 | 2.0 | 4.5 | -1,063 | -10.5 | 0.2 | 5.7 | -1.6 | 14.1 |
| Fourth Quintile | 97.8 | 0.0 | 2.8 | 12.8 | -2,330 | -10.6 | 0.4 | 16.0 | -2.2 | 19.0 |
| Top Quintile | 99.2 | 0.0 | 5.5 | 81.8 | -11,856 | -13.7 | -0.7 | 76.6 | -3.9 | 24.7 |
| All | 82.5 | 0.0 | 4.4 | 100.0 | -4,835 | -12.9 | 0.0 | 100.0 | -3.3 | 22.2 |
| Addendum | | | | | | | | | | |
| 80-90 | 99.3 | 0.0 | 3.8 | 14.4 | -4,355 | -11.9 | 0.2 | 15.9 | -2.9 | 21.5 |
| 90-95 | 99.3 | 0.0 | 4.2 | 11.6 | -6,505 | -12.0 | 0.1 | 12.6 | -3.1 | 22.9 |
| 95-99 | 99.2 | 0.0 | 5.1 | 19.4 | -13,516 | -13.2 | -0.1 | 19.0 | -3.7 | 24.3 |
| Top 1 Percent | 98.9 | 0.0 | 8.0 | 36.4 | -97,345 | -15.7 | -1.0 | 29.1 | -5.3 | 28.4 |
| Top 0.1 Percent | 98.8 | 0.0 | 8.4 | 16.1 | -422,844 | -14.2 | -0.2 | 14.5 | -5.3 | 32.0 |

Baseline Distribution of Income and Federal Taxes by Cash Income Percentile Adjusted for Family Size, 2015 ¹

| 22 | Tax U | nits ⁴ | Pre-Tax In | Pre-Tax Income | | Burden | After-Tax In | come ⁵ | Average |
|---------------------------------------|-----------------------|---------------------|-------------------|---------------------|-------------------|---------------------|-------------------|---------------------|----------------------------------|
| Cash Income Percentile ^{2,3} | Number (thousands) | Percent of Total | Average (dollars) | Percent of Total | Average (dollars) | Percent of Total | Average (dollars) | Percent of Total | Federal Tax Rate ⁶ |
| Lowest Quintile | 4,463 | 7.6 | 15,631 | 0.8 | 268 | 0.1 | 15,363 | 1.1 | 1.7 |
| Second Quintile | 6,865 | 11.7 | 39,057 | 3.1 | 4,589 | 1.4 | 34,468 | 3.7 | 11.8 |
| Middle Quintile | 11,932 | 20.3 | 64,653 | 8.9 | 10,149 | 5.5 | 54,504 | 10.1 | 15.7 |
| Fourth Quintile | 15,574 | 26.5 | 104,032 | 18.8 | 22,040 | 15.6 | 81,992 | 19.8 | 21.2 |
| Top Quintile | 19,635 | 33.4 | 302,339 | 68.7 | 86,545 | 77.3 | 215,794 | 65.8 | 28.6 |
| All | 58,870 | 100.0 | 146,762 | 100.0 | 37,356 | 100.0 | 109,406 | 100.0 | 25.5 |
| Addendum | | | | | | | | | |
| 80-90 | 9,415 | 16.0 | 149,979 | 16.3 | 36,583 | 15.7 | 113,396 | 16.6 | 24.4 |
| 90-95 | 5,079 | 8.6 | 208,633 | 12.3 | 54,169 | 12.5 | 154,464 | 12.2 | 26.0 |
| 95-99 | 4,077 | 6.9 | 367,942 | 17.4 | 102,760 | 19.1 | 265,182 | 16.8 | 27.9 |
| Top 1 Percent | 1,065 | 1.8 | 1,845,234 | 22.7 | 620,630 | 30.1 | 1,224,604 | 20.2 | 33.6 |
| Top 0.1 Percent | 108 | 0.2 | 7,994,782 | 10.0 | 2,977,692 | 14.7 | 5,017,089 | 8.4 | 37.3 |

Source: Urban-Brookings Tax Policy Center Microsimulation Model (version 0411-2).

^{*} Less than 0.05

⁽¹⁾ Calendar year. Baseline is current law. Proposal would reduce statutory individual income tax rates to 8, 12, 20, 23, 27, and 28 percent and individual AMT rates to 21 and 23 percent. For a description of http://www.taxpolicycenter.org/T11-0270

⁽²⁾ Tax units with negative cash income are excluded from the lowest income class but are included in the totals. For a description of cash income, see http://www.taxpolicycenter.org/TaxModel/income.cfm

⁽³⁾ The cash income percentile classes used in this table are based on the income distribution for the entire population and contain an equal number of people, not tax units. The incomes used are adjusted for family size by dividing by the square root of the number of people in the tax unit. The resulting percentile breaks are (in 2011 dollars): 20% \$13,687; 40% \$26,567; 60% \$44,163; 80% \$72,423; 90% \$104,181; 95% \$147,975; 99% \$384,375; 99.9% \$1,764,281.

⁽⁴⁾ Includes both filing and non-filing units but excludes those that are dependents of other tax units.

⁽⁵⁾ After-tax income is cash income less: individual income tax net of refundable credits; corporate income tax; payroll taxes (Social Security and Medicare); and estate tax.

⁽⁶⁾ Average federal tax (includes individual and corporate income tax, payroll taxes for Social Security and Medicare, and the estate tax) as a percentage of average cash income.

Table T11-0393

20 Percent Reduction in Statutory Individual Income Tax Rates and AMT Rates Baseline: Current Law

Distribution of Federal Tax Change by Cash Income Percentile Adjusted for Family Size, 2015 ¹

Detail Table - Head of Household Tax Units

| 12 | Percent of 1 | Tax Units ⁴ | Percent Change in | Share of Total | Average Federa | l Tax Change | Share of Fed | leral Taxes | Average Fed | eral Tax Rate ⁶ |
|---------------------------------------|--------------|------------------------|-------------------------------|-----------------------|----------------|--------------|----------------------|-----------------------|----------------------|----------------------------|
| Cash Income Percentile ^{2,3} | With Tax Cut | With Tax Increase | After-Tax Income ⁵ | Federal Tax Change | Dollars | Percent | Change (% Points) | Under the Proposal | Change (% Points) | Under the Proposal |
| Lowest Quintile | 2.1 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.1 | -1 | 0.2 | -0.4 | -3.7 | 0.0 | -5.4 |
| Second Quintile | 62.6 | 0.0 | 1.3 | 14.3 | -391 | -11.8 | -0.1 | 13.8 | -1.2 | 8.8 |
| Middle Quintile | 93.2 | 0.0 | 2.3 | 23.1 | -1,032 | -10.2 | 0.4 | 26.3 | -1.9 | 16.5 |
| Fourth Quintile | 98.0 | 0.0 | 2.9 | 23.8 | -1,851 | -9.8 | 0.5 | 28.2 | -2.2 | 20.3 |
| Top Quintile | 98.4 | 0.0 | 4.8 | 38.8 | -6,694 | -12.4 | -0.4 | 35.3 | -3.4 | 24.2 |
| All | 54.2 | 0.0 | 2.3 | 100.0 | -863 | -11.5 | 0.0 | 100.0 | -1.9 | 14.9 |
| Addendum | | | | | | | | | | |
| 80-90 | 98.8 | 0.0 | 3.7 | 12.8 | -3,423 | -10.8 | 0.1 | 13.6 | -2.8 | 22.7 |
| 90-95 | 97.1 | 0.0 | 3.9 | 5.2 | -4,921 | -11.1 | 0.0 | 5.4 | -2.9 | 23.1 |
| 95-99 | 98.4 | 0.0 | 4.7 | 8.7 | -10,107 | -13.0 | -0.1 | 7.6 | -3.4 | 23.1 |
| Top 1 Percent | 97.3 | 0.0 | 7.9 | 12.2 | -78,267 | -15.2 | -0.4 | 8.8 | -5.2 | 29.1 |
| Top 0.1 Percent | 93.5 | 0.0 | 8.4 | 5.0 | -375,620 | -13.6 | -0.1 | 4.1 | -5.2 | 33.0 |

Baseline Distribution of Income and Federal Taxes by Cash Income Percentile Adjusted for Family Size, 2015 ¹

| 22 | Tax U | nits ⁴ | Pre-Tax In | come | Federal Tax | Burden | After-Tax In | come ⁵ | Average |
|---------------------------------------|--------------------|---------------------|-------------------|---------------------|-------------------|---------------------|-------------------|---------------------|----------------------------------|
| Cash Income Percentile ^{2,3} | Number (thousands) | Percent of Total | Average (dollars) | Percent of Total | Average (dollars) | Percent of Total | Average (dollars) | Percent of Total | Federal Tax Rate ⁶ |
| Lowest Quintile | 8,554 | 32.8 | 13,984 | 10.3 | -750 | -3.3 | 14,734 | 13.0 | -5.4 |
| Second Quintile | 8,234 | 31.5 | 33,302 | 23.5 | 3,310 | 13.9 | 29,992 | 25.5 | 9.9 |
| Middle Quintile | 5,041 | 19.3 | 54,971 | 23.8 | 10,107 | 25.9 | 44,864 | 23.4 | 18.4 |
| Fourth Quintile | 2,893 | 11.1 | 83,770 | 20.8 | 18,823 | 27.7 | 64,947 | 19.4 | 22.5 |
| Top Quintile | 1,307 | 5.0 | 194,776 | 21.8 | 53,798 | 35.7 | 140,978 | 19.0 | 27.6 |
| All | 26,121 | 100.0 | 44,620 | 100.0 | 7,531 | 100.0 | 37,089 | 100.0 | 16.9 |
| Addendum | | | | | | | | | |
| 80-90 | 840 | 3.2 | 124,047 | 8.9 | 31,567 | 13.5 | 92,479 | 8.0 | 25.5 |
| 90-95 | 238 | 0.9 | 171,264 | 3.5 | 44,531 | 5.4 | 126,733 | 3.1 | 26.0 |
| 95-99 | 194 | 0.7 | 293,736 | 4.9 | 77,988 | 7.7 | 215,748 | 4.3 | 26.6 |
| Top 1 Percent | 35 | 0.1 | 1,501,783 | 4.5 | 515,740 | 9.2 | 986,043 | 3.6 | 34.3 |
| Top 0.1 Percent | 3 | 0.0 | 7,219,902 | 1.9 | 2,755,009 | 4.2 | 4,464,893 | 1.4 | 38.2 |

Source: Urban-Brookings Tax Policy Center Microsimulation Model (version 0411-2).

^{*} Less than 0.05

⁽¹⁾ Calendar year. Baseline is current law. Proposal would reduce statutory individual income tax rates to 8, 12, 20, 23, 27, and 28 percent and individual AMT rates to 21 and 23 percent. For a description of http://www.taxpolicycenter.org/T11-0270

⁽²⁾ Tax units with negative cash income are excluded from the lowest income class but are included in the totals. For a description of cash income, see http://www.taxpolicycenter.org/TaxModel/income.cfm

⁽³⁾ The cash income percentile classes used in this table are based on the income distribution for the entire population and contain an equal number of people, not tax units. The incomes used are adjusted for family size by dividing by the square root of the number of people in the tax unit. The resulting percentile breaks are (in 2011 dollars): 20% \$13,687; 40% \$26,567; 60% \$44,163; 80% \$72,423; 90% \$104,181; 95% \$147,975; 99% \$384,375; 99.9% \$1,764,281.

⁽⁴⁾ Includes both filing and non-filing units but excludes those that are dependents of other tax units.

⁽⁵⁾ After-tax income is cash income less: individual income tax net of refundable credits; corporate income tax; payroll taxes (Social Security and Medicare); and estate tax.

⁽⁶⁾ Average federal tax (includes individual and corporate income tax, payroll taxes for Social Security and Medicare, and the estate tax) as a percentage of average cash income.

Table T11-0393

20 Percent Reduction in Statutory Individual Income Tax Rates and AMT Rates Baseline: Current Law

Distribution of Federal Tax Change by Cash Income Percentile Adjusted for Family Size, 2015 Detail Table - Tax Units with Children

| 22 | Percent of 1 | Tax Units ⁴ | Percent Change in | Share of Total | Average Federa | l Tax Change | Share of Fed | leral Taxes | Average Fed | eral Tax Rate ⁶ |
|---------------------------------------|--------------|------------------------|-------------------------------|-----------------------|----------------|--------------|----------------------|-----------------------|----------------------|----------------------------|
| Cash Income Percentile ^{2,3} | With Tax Cut | With Tax Increase | After-Tax Income ⁵ | Federal Tax Change | Dollars | Percent | Change (% Points) | Under the Proposal | Change (% Points) | Under the Proposal |
| Lowest Quintile | 1.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | -1 | 0.1 | -0.1 | -1.0 | 0.0 | -6.8 |
| Second Quintile | 65.0 | 0.0 | 1.3 | 3.2 | -453 | -11.0 | 0.1 | 3.7 | -1.2 | 9.7 |
| Middle Quintile | 94.4 | 0.0 | 2.2 | 7.7 | -1,200 | -9.3 | 0.4 | 10.7 | -1.8 | 17.3 |
| Fourth Quintile | 99.0 | 0.0 | 2.8 | 15.6 | -2,408 | -9.1 | 0.8 | 22.2 | -2.1 | 21.4 |
| Top Quintile | 99.5 | 0.0 | 6.0 | 73.5 | -13,799 | -14.0 | -1.2 | 64.2 | -4.2 | 25.7 |
| All | 70.1 | 0.0 | 4.1 | 100.0 | -3,131 | -12.5 | 0.0 | 100.0 | -3.1 | 21.5 |
| Addendum | | | | | | | | | | |
| 80-90 | 99.6 | 0.0 | 3.7 | 13.2 | -4,696 | -10.5 | 0.4 | 16.1 | -2.7 | 23.5 |
| 90-95 | 99.5 | 0.0 | 4.3 | 9.7 | -7,618 | -11.3 | 0.1 | 10.8 | -3.1 | 24.2 |
| 95-99 | 99.4 | 0.0 | 5.9 | 18.4 | -18,244 | -14.4 | -0.4 | 15.6 | -4.2 | 25.0 |
| Top 1 Percent | 99.2 | 0.0 | 9.6 | 32.2 | -134,964 | -17.4 | -1.3 | 21.7 | -6.2 | 29.3 |
| Top 0.1 Percent | 99.0 | 0.0 | 9.4 | 13.0 | -581,059 | -15.1 | -0.3 | 10.4 | -5.8 | 32.5 |

Baseline Distribution of Income and Federal Taxes by Cash Income Percentile Adjusted for Family Size, 2015 ¹

| Cash Income Percentile ^{2,3} | Tax Units ⁴ | | Pre-Tax Income | | Federal Tax Burden | | After-Tax Income ⁵ | | Average |
|---------------------------------------|------------------------|---------------------|-------------------|---------------------|--------------------|---------------------|-------------------------------|---------------------|----------------------------------|
| | Number (thousands) | Percent of Total | Average (dollars) | Percent of Total | Average (dollars) | Percent of Total | Average (dollars) | Percent of Total | Federal Tax Rate ⁶ |
| Lowest Quintile | 10,299 | 20.5 | 14,919 | 3.0 | -1,019 | -0.8 | 15,939 | 4.2 | -6.8 |
| Second Quintile | 10,995 | 21.9 | 37,962 | 8.1 | 4,132 | 3.6 | 33,830 | 9.6 | 10.9 |
| Middle Quintile | 10,131 | 20.2 | 67,712 | 13.3 | 12,882 | 10.4 | 54,830 | 14.3 | 19.0 |
| Fourth Quintile | 10,153 | 20.2 | 112,761 | 22.3 | 26,568 | 21.4 | 86,193 | 22.6 | 23.6 |
| Top Quintile | 8,372 | 16.7 | 329,225 | 53.6 | 98,408 | 65.4 | 230,817 | 49.8 | 29.9 |
| All | 50,185 | 100.0 | 102,460 | 100.0 | 25,118 | 100.0 | 77,343 | 100.0 | 24.5 |
| Addendum | | | | | | | | | |
| 80-90 | 4,416 | 8.8 | 171,499 | 14.7 | 44,910 | 15.7 | 126,589 | 14.4 | 26.2 |
| 90-95 | 1,992 | 4.0 | 245,849 | 9.5 | 67,183 | 10.6 | 178,666 | 9.2 | 27.3 |
| 95-99 | 1,588 | 3.2 | 434,482 | 13.4 | 126,794 | 16.0 | 307,688 | 12.6 | 29.2 |
| Top 1 Percent | 375 | 0.8 | 2,183,049 | 15.9 | 773,801 | 23.0 | 1,409,247 | 13.6 | 35.5 |
| Top 0.1 Percent | 35 | 0.1 | 10,034,824 | 6.9 | 3,840,320 | 10.7 | 6,194,504 | 5.6 | 38.3 |

Source: Urban-Brookings Tax Policy Center Microsimulation Model (version 0411-2).

Note: Tax units with children are those claiming an exemption for children at home or away from home.

^{*} Less than 0.05

⁽¹⁾ Calendar year. Baseline is current law. Proposal would reduce statutory individual income tax rates to 8, 12, 20, 23, 27, and 28 percent and individual AMT rates to 21 and 23 percent. For a description of http://www.taxpolicycenter.org/T11-0270

⁽²⁾ Tax units with negative cash income are excluded from the lowest income class but are included in the totals. For a description of cash income, see http://www.taxpolicycenter.org/TaxModel/income.cfm

⁽³⁾ The cash income percentile classes used in this table are based on the income distribution for the entire population and contain an equal number of people, not tax units. The incomes used are adjusted for family size by dividing by the square root of the number of people in the tax unit. The resulting percentile breaks are (in 2011 dollars): 20% \$13,687; 40% \$26,567; 60% \$44,163; 80% \$72,423; 90% \$104,181; 95% \$147,975; 99% \$384,375; 99.9% \$1,764,281.

⁽⁴⁾ Includes both filing and non-filing units but excludes those that are dependents of other tax units.

⁽⁵⁾ After-tax income is cash income less: individual income tax net of refundable credits; corporate income tax; payroll taxes (Social Security and Medicare); and estate tax.

⁽⁶⁾ Average federal tax (includes individual and corporate income tax, payroll taxes for Social Security and Medicare, and the estate tax) as a percentage of average cash income.

Table T11-0393

20 Percent Reduction in Statutory Individual Income Tax Rates and AMT Rates **Baseline: Current Law**

Distribution of Federal Tax Change by Cash Income Percentile Adjusted for Family Size, 2015 ¹ **Detail Table - Elderly Tax Units**

| Cash Income Percentile ^{2,3} | Percent of Tax Units ⁴ | | Percent Change in | Share of Total | Average Federal Tax Change | | Share of Federal Taxes | | Average Federal Tax Rate ⁶ | |
|---------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|----------------------|-------------------------------|-----------------------|----------------------------|---------|------------------------|-----------------------|---------------------------------------|-----------------------|
| | With Tax Cut | With Tax Increase | After-Tax Income ⁵ | Federal Tax Change | Dollars | Percent | Change (% Points) | Under the Proposal | Change (% Points) | Under the Proposal |
| Lowest Quintile | 0.2 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0 | -0.1 | 0.0 | 0.1 | 0.0 | 0.8 |
| Second Quintile | 4.9 | 0.0 | 0.1 | 0.3 | -23 | -5.2 | 0.1 | 0.8 | -0.1 | 1.8 |
| Middle Quintile | 63.6 | 0.0 | 1.1 | 5.0 | -443 | -14.9 | -0.1 | 4.1 | -1.0 | 5.7 |
| Fourth Quintile | 94.2 | 0.0 | 2.7 | 14.6 | -1,762 | -16.4 | -0.5 | 10.5 | -2.3 | 11.7 |
| Top Quintile | 97.7 | 0.0 | 4.6 | 80.1 | -8,666 | -11.8 | 0.6 | 84.5 | -3.3 | 24.6 |
| All | 48.8 | 0.0 | 3.2 | 100.0 | -1,974 | -12.4 | 0.0 | 100.0 | -2.5 | 17.9 |
| Addendum | | | | | | | | | | |
| 80-90 | 97.5 | 0.0 | 3.8 | 15.0 | -3,588 | -15.8 | -0.5 | 11.3 | -3.1 | 16.3 |
| 90-95 | 98.0 | 0.0 | 4.0 | 12.0 | -5,201 | -13.7 | -0.2 | 10.7 | -3.1 | 19.6 |
| 95-99 | 98.2 | 0.0 | 4.0 | 18.5 | -8,672 | -10.9 | 0.3 | 21.2 | -2.9 | 23.8 |
| Top 1 Percent | 97.0 | 0.0 | 5.8 | 34.6 | -55,734 | -10.6 | 0.8 | 41.3 | -3.7 | 31.5 |
| Top 0.1 Percent | 98.0 | 0.0 | 6.6 | 16.7 | -268,046 | -10.4 | 0.5 | 20.4 | -4.0 | 34.9 |

Baseline Distribution of Income and Federal Taxes by Cash Income Percentile Adjusted for Family Size, 2015 1

| Cash Income Percentile ^{2,3} | Tax Units ⁴ | | Pre-Tax Income | | Federal Tax Burden | | After-Tax Income 5 | | Average |
|---------------------------------------|------------------------|---------------------|-------------------|---------------------|--------------------|---------------------|--------------------|---------------------|----------------------------------|
| | Number (thousands) | Percent of Total | Average (dollars) | Percent of Total | Average (dollars) | Percent of Total | Average (dollars) | Percent of Total | Federal Tax Rate ⁶ |
| Lowest Quintile | 6,748 | 17.4 | 10,638 | 2.4 | 84 | 0.1 | 10,554 | 2.9 | 0.8 |
| Second Quintile | 9,924 | 25.5 | 22,647 | 7.4 | 439 | 0.7 | 22,207 | 9.1 | 1.9 |
| Middle Quintile | 8,724 | 22.4 | 44,646 | 12.8 | 2,966 | 4.2 | 41,680 | 15.0 | 6.6 |
| Fourth Quintile | 6,359 | 16.4 | 77,029 | 16.1 | 10,755 | 11.0 | 66,274 | 17.4 | 14.0 |
| Top Quintile | 7,090 | 18.2 | 263,589 | 61.4 | 73,479 | 83.9 | 190,111 | 55.7 | 27.9 |
| All | 38,882 | 100.0 | 78,233 | 100.0 | 15,963 | 100.0 | 62,270 | 100.0 | 20.4 |
| Addendum | | | | | | | | | |
| 80-90 | 3,205 | 8.2 | 117,227 | 12.4 | 22,710 | 11.7 | 94,516 | 12.5 | 19.4 |
| 90-95 | 1,775 | 4.6 | 166,728 | 9.7 | 37,867 | 10.8 | 128,860 | 9.5 | 22.7 |
| 95-99 | 1,634 | 4.2 | 296,750 | 15.9 | 79,399 | 20.9 | 217,351 | 14.7 | 26.8 |
| Top 1 Percent | 476 | 1.2 | 1,495,891 | 23.4 | 527,576 | 40.5 | 968,314 | 19.1 | 35.3 |
| Top 0.1 Percent | 48 | 0.1 | 6,639,891 | 10.5 | 2,585,194 | 19.9 | 4,054,697 | 8.0 | 38.9 |

Source: Urban-Brookings Tax Policy Center Microsimulation Model (version 0411-2).

Note: Elderly tax units are those with either head or spouse (if filing jointly) age 65 or older.

⁽¹⁾ Calendar year. Baseline is current law. Proposal would reduce statutory individual income tax rates to 8, 12, 20, 23, 27, and 28 percent and individual AMT rates to 21 and 23 percent. For a description of http://www.taxpolicycenter.org/T11-0270

⁽²⁾ Tax units with negative cash income are excluded from the lowest income class but are included in the totals. For a description of cash income, see http://www.taxpolicycenter.org/TaxModel/income.cfm

⁽³⁾ The cash income percentile classes used in this table are based on the income distribution for the entire population and contain an equal number of people, not tax units. The incomes used are adjusted for family size by dividing by the square root of the number of people in the tax unit. The resulting percentile breaks are (in 2011 dollars): 20% \$13,687; 40% \$26,567; 60% \$44,163; 80% \$72,423; 90% \$104,181; 95% \$147,975; 99% \$384,375; 99.9% \$1,764,281.

⁽⁴⁾ Includes both filing and non-filing units but excludes those that are dependents of other tax units.

⁽⁵⁾ After-tax income is cash income less: individual income tax net of refundable credits; corporate income tax; payroll taxes (Social Security and Medicare); and estate tax.

⁽⁶⁾ Average federal tax (includes individual and corporate income tax, payroll taxes for Social Security and Medicare, and the estate tax) as a percentage of average cash income.