## Table T11-0245

Limit Benefit of Specified Tax Expenditures to 2 Percent of AGI for High-Income Taxpayers
Baseline: Current Policy
Distribution of Federal Tax Change by Cash Income Level, $2013{ }^{1}$
Summary Table

| Cash Income Level (thousands of 2011 dollars) ${ }^{2}$ | Tax Units with Tax Increase or Cut ${ }^{3}$ |  |  |  | Percent <br> Change in After-Tax Income ${ }^{4}$ | Share of Total Federal Tax Change | Average <br> Federal Tax <br> Change (\$) | Average Federal Tax Rate ${ }^{5}$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | With Tax Cut |  | With Tax Increase |  |  |  |  |  | Under the |
|  | Pct of Tax Units | Avg Tax Cut | Pct of Tax Units | Avg Tax <br> Increase |  |  |  | Points) | Proposal |
| Less than 10 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 2.6 |
| 10-20 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 1.9 |
| 20-30 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 7.0 |
| 30-40 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 11.5 |
| 40-50 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 14.3 |
| 50-75 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 16.9 |
| 75-100 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 18.9 |
| 100-200 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.1 | 999 | 0.0 | 0.1 | 1 | 0.0 | 21.6 |
| 200-500 | 0.0 | 0 | 27.8 | 3,029 | -0.4 | 11.2 | 843 | 0.3 | 24.7 |
| 500-1,000 | 0.0 | 0 | 64.5 | 13,668 | -1.7 | 20.3 | 8,820 | 1.3 | 27.9 |
| More than 1,000 | 0.0 | 0 | 69.6 | 84,230 | -2.9 | 68.5 | 58,583 | 1.9 | 34.8 |
| All | 0.0 | 0 | 1.7 | 16,521 | -0.5 | 100.0 | 275 | 0.4 | 21.1 |

Source: Urban-Brookings Tax Policy Center Microsimulation Model (version 0411-2).
Number of AMT Taxpayers (millions). Baseline: $4.5 \quad$ Proposal: 3.9

* Less than 0.05
** Insufficient data
(1) Calendar year. Baseline is current policy, which makes 2001 tax law permanent with the exception of the temporary 2 percent reduction in Social Security payroll taxes,

Proposal would limit the value of itemized deductions, the exclusion for employer-sponsored health insurance premiums, and the child and dependent care and general business tax credits to two percent of a taxpayer's adjusted gross income. The cap would phase in for married couples with AGI between $\$ 250,000$ and $\$ 500,000$ and for singles and heads of household with AGI between $\$ 200,000$ and $\$ 400,000$, indexed for inflation after 2009.
(2) Tax units with negative cash income are excluded from the lowest income class but are included in the totals. For a description of cash income, see
http://www.taxpolicycenter.org/TaxModel/income.cfm
(3) Includes both filing and non-filing units but excludes those that are dependents of other tax units.
(4) After-tax income is cash income less: individual income tax net of refundable credits; corporate income tax; payroll taxes (Social Security and Medicare); and estate tax.
(5) Average federal tax (includes individual and corporate income tax, payroll taxes for Social Security and Medicare, and the estate tax) as a percentage of average cash income.

Table T11-0245
Limit Benefit of Specified Tax Expenditures to 2 Percent of AGI for High-Income Taxpayers
Baseline: Current Policy
Distribution of Federal Tax Change by Cash Income Level, $2013{ }^{1}$
Detail Table

| Cash Income Level (thousands of 2011 dollars) ${ }^{2}$ | Percent of Tax Units ${ }^{3}$ |  | Percent Change in After-Tax Income ${ }^{4}$ | Share of Total Federal Tax Change | Average Federal Tax Change |  | Share of Federal Taxes |  | Average Federal Tax Rate ${ }^{5}$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | With Tax Cut | With Tax Increase |  |  | Dollars | Percent | Change (\% Points) | Under the Proposal | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { Change (\% } \\ & \text { Points) } \end{aligned}$ | Under the Proposal |
| Less than 10 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.1 | 0.0 | 2.6 |
| 10-20 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.3 | 0.0 | 1.9 |
| 20-30 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 1.4 | 0.0 | 7.0 |
| 30-40 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | -0.1 | 2.8 | 0.0 | 11.5 |
| 40-50 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | -0.1 | 3.5 | 0.0 | 14.3 |
| 50-75 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | -0.2 | 9.6 | 0.0 | 16.9 |
| 75-100 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | -0.2 | 9.8 | 0.0 | 18.9 |
| 100-200 | 0.0 | 0.1 | 0.0 | 0.1 | 1 | 0.0 | -0.5 | 24.8 | 0.0 | 21.6 |
| 200-500 | 0.0 | 27.8 | -0.4 | 11.2 | 843 | 1.2 | -0.1 | 17.3 | 0.3 | 24.7 |
| 500-1,000 | 0.0 | 64.5 | -1.7 | 20.3 | 8,820 | 4.8 | 0.2 | 8.1 | 1.3 | 27.9 |
| More than 1,000 | 0.0 | 69.6 | -2.9 | 68.5 | 58,583 | 5.9 | 0.9 | 22.3 | 1.9 | 34.8 |
| All | 0.0 | 1.7 | -0.5 | 100.0 | 275 | 1.8 | 0.0 | 100.0 | 0.4 | 21.1 |

Baseline Distribution of Income and Federal Taxes
by Cash Income Level, 2013

| Cash Income Level (thousands of 2011 dollars) ${ }^{2}$ | Tax Units ${ }^{3}$ |  | Pre-Tax Income |  | Federal Tax Burden |  | After-Tax Income ${ }^{4}$ |  | Average Federal Tax Rate ${ }^{5}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Number } \\ \text { (thousands) } \end{gathered}$ | Percent of Total | Average (dollars) | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { Percent of } \\ \text { Total } \end{gathered}$ | Average (dollars) | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { Percent of } \\ \text { Total } \end{gathered}$ | Average (dollars) | Percent of Total |  |
| Less than 10 | 21,065 | 12.7 | 5,766 | 1.0 | 151 | 0.1 | 5,615 | 1.2 | 2.6 |
| 10-20 | 27,359 | 16.5 | 15,205 | 3.5 | 285 | 0.3 | 14,919 | 4.3 | 1.9 |
| 20-30 | 20,377 | 12.3 | 25,480 | 4.3 | 1,789 | 1.5 | 23,691 | 5.1 | 7.0 |
| 30-40 | 16,959 | 10.2 | 35,896 | 5.1 | 4,119 | 2.8 | 31,777 | 5.7 | 11.5 |
| 40-50 | 13,305 | 8.0 | 46,141 | 5.1 | 6,574 | 3.5 | 39,567 | 5.5 | 14.3 |
| 50-75 | 22,765 | 13.7 | 63,142 | 11.9 | 10,674 | 9.8 | 52,468 | 12.5 | 16.9 |
| 75-100 | 14,636 | 8.8 | 89,268 | 10.9 | 16,900 | 9.9 | 72,368 | 11.1 | 18.9 |
| 100-200 | 20,881 | 12.6 | 139,817 | 24.3 | 30,150 | 25.3 | 109,667 | 24.0 | 21.6 |
| 200-500 | 6,084 | 3.7 | 292,655 | 14.8 | 71,406 | 17.4 | 221,249 | 14.1 | 24.4 |
| 500-1,000 | 1,051 | 0.6 | 696,116 | 6.1 | 185,705 | 7.8 | 510,411 | 5.6 | 26.7 |
| More than 1,000 | 534 | 0.3 | 3,032,367 | 13.5 | 997,919 | 21.4 | 2,034,448 | 11.4 | 32.9 |
| All | 166,272 | 100.0 | 72,381 | 100.0 | 14,984 | 100.0 | 57,397 | 100.0 | 20.7 |

Source: Urban-Brookings Tax Policy Center Microsimulation Model (version 0411-2).
Number of AMT Taxpayers (millions). Baseline: 4.5

* Less than 0.05
(1) Calendar year. Baseline is current policy, which makes 2001 tax law permanent with the exception of the temporary 2 percent reduction in Social Security payroll taxes. Proposal would limit the value of itemized deductions, the exclusion for employer-sponsored health insurance premiums, and the child and dependent care and general business tax credits to two percent of a taxpayer's adjusted gross income. The cap would phase in for married couples with AGI between $\$ 250,000$ and $\$ 500,000$ and for singles and heads of household with AGI between $\$ 200,000$ and $\$ 400,000$, indexed for inflation after 2009 .
(2) Tax units with negative cash income are excluded from the lowest income class but are included in the totals. For a description of cash income, see
ttp./ Wlades both filisenter.org/TaxModel/income.cfm
(4) After-tax income is cash income less individual inco those that are dependents of other tax units.
(5) Average federal tax (includes individual andual income tax net of refundable credits; corporate income tax; payroll taxes (Social Security and Medicare); and estate tax.

5) Average federal tax (includes individual and corporate income tax, payroll taxes for Social Security and Medicare, and the estate tax) as a percentage of average cash income.

## Table T11-0245

Limit Benefit of Specified Tax Expenditures to 2 Percent of AGI for High-Income Taxpayers

## Baseline: Current Policy

Distribution of Federal Tax Change by Cash Income Level, $2013{ }^{1}$
Detail Table - Single Tax Units

| Cash Income Level (thousands of 2011 dollars) ${ }^{2}$ | Percent of Tax Units ${ }^{3}$ |  | Percent Change in After-Tax Income ${ }^{4}$ | Share of Total Federal Tax Change | Average Federal Tax Change |  | Share of Federal Taxes |  | Average Federal Tax Rate ${ }^{5}$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | With Tax Cut | With Tax Increase |  |  | Dollars | Percent | Change (\% Points) | Under the Proposal | Change (\% Points) | Under the Proposal |
| Less than 10 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.9 | 0.0 | 5.7 |
| 10-20 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 2.6 | 0.0 | 5.7 |
| 20-30 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | -0.1 | 5.6 | 0.0 | 11.3 |
| 30-40 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | -0.1 | 7.7 | 0.0 | 14.7 |
| 40-50 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | -0.1 | 8.2 | 0.0 | 18.7 |
| 50-75 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | -0.2 | 18.0 | 0.0 | 20.9 |
| 75-100 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | -0.1 | 11.8 | 0.0 | 23.5 |
| 100-200 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | -0.2 | 17.7 | 0.0 | 24.3 |
| 200-500 | 0.0 | 36.2 | -0.6 | 15.1 | 1,296 | 1.7 | 0.1 | 9.8 | 0.4 | 26.1 |
| 500-1,000 | 0.0 | 60.1 | -2.1 | 19.8 | 10,314 | 5.1 | 0.2 | 4.4 | 1.5 | 30.4 |
| More than 1,000 | 0.0 | 61.2 | -3.2 | 65.1 | 60,342 | 5.6 | 0.6 | 13.2 | 2.0 | 38.3 |
| All | 0.0 | 0.5 | -0.3 | 100.0 | 85 | 1.1 | 0.0 | 100.0 | 0.2 | 20.0 |

Baseline Distribution of Income and Federal Taxes
by Cash Income Level, $2013{ }^{1}$

| Cash Income Level (thousands of 2011 dollars) ${ }^{2}$ | Tax Units ${ }^{3}$ |  | Pre-Tax Income |  | Federal Tax Burden |  | After-Tax Income ${ }^{4}$ |  | Average Federal Tax Rate ${ }^{5}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Number } \\ \text { (thousands) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { Percent of } \\ \text { Total } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | Average (dollars) | Percent of Total | Average (dollars) | $\begin{gathered} \text { Percent of } \\ \text { Total } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | Average (dollars) | Percent of Total |  |
| Less than 10 | 16,722 | 20.7 | 5,678 | 3.0 | 326 | 0.9 | 5,352 | 3.5 | 5.7 |
| 10-20 | 19,121 | 23.7 | 15,084 | 9.2 | 854 | 2.6 | 14,229 | 10.8 | 5.7 |
| 20-30 | 12,334 | 15.3 | 25,339 | 9.9 | 2,857 | 5.7 | 22,482 | 11.0 | 11.3 |
| 30-40 | 9,158 | 11.4 | 35,802 | 10.4 | 5,261 | 7.7 | 30,541 | 11.1 | 14.7 |
| 40-50 | 5,981 | 7.4 | 45,980 | 8.7 | 8,582 | 8.2 | 37,398 | 8.9 | 18.7 |
| 50-75 | 8,668 | 10.8 | 62,437 | 17.2 | 13,077 | 18.2 | 49,360 | 16.9 | 20.9 |
| 75-100 | 3,570 | 4.4 | 88,424 | 10.0 | 20,740 | 11.9 | 67,684 | 9.6 | 23.5 |
| 100-200 | 3,358 | 4.2 | 136,678 | 14.6 | 33,240 | 17.9 | 103,438 | 13.8 | 24.3 |
| 200-500 | 794 | 1.0 | 298,894 | 7.5 | 76,630 | 9.8 | 222,264 | 7.0 | 25.6 |
| 500-1,000 | 131 | 0.2 | 696,170 | 2.9 | 201,558 | 4.3 | 494,612 | 2.6 | 29.0 |
| More than 1,000 | 74 | 0.1 | 2,952,272 | 6.9 | 1,071,091 | 12.7 | 1,881,181 | 5.5 | 36.3 |
| All | 80,622 | 100.0 | 39,043 | 100.0 | 7,723 | 100.0 | 31,320 | 100.0 | 19.8 |

Source: Urban-Brookings Tax Policy Center Microsimulation Model (version 0411-2)

* Less than 0.05
(1) Calendar year. Baseline is current policy, which makes 2001 tax law permanent with the exception of the temporary 2 percent reduction in Social Security payroll taxes. Proposal would limit the value of itemized deductions, the exclusion for employer-sponsored health insurance premiums, and the child and dependent care and general business tax credits to two percent of a taxpayer's adjusted gross income. The cap would for married couples with AGI between $\$ 250,000$ and $\$ 500,000$ and for singles and heads of household with AGI between $\$ 200,000$ and $\$ 400,000$, indexed for inflation after 2000 ,
(2) Tax units with negative cash income are excluded from the lowest income class but are included in the totals. For a description of cash income, see
th:://www.taxpolicycenter.org/TaxModel/income.cfm
After both filing and non-filing units but excludes those that are dependents of other tax units.
(5) Av-tax income is cash income less: individual income tax net of refundable credits; corporate income tax; payroll taxes (Social Security and Medicare); and estate tax.
(5) Average federal tax (includes individual and corporate income tax, payroll taxes for Social Security and Medicare, and the estate tax) as a percentage of average cash income.


## Table T11-0245

Limit Benefit of Specified Tax Expenditures to 2 Percent of AGI for High-Income Taxpayers

## Baseline: Current Policy

Distribution of Federal Tax Change by Cash Income Level, $2013{ }^{1}$
Detail Table - Married Tax Units Filing Jointly

| Cash Income Level (thousands of 2011 dollars) ${ }^{2}$ | Percent of Tax Units ${ }^{3}$ |  | Percent Change in After-Tax Income ${ }^{4}$ | Share of Total Federal Tax Change | Average Federal Tax Change |  | Share of Federal Taxes |  | Average Federal Tax Rate ${ }^{5}$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | With Tax Cut | With Tax Increase |  |  | Dollars | Percent | Change (\% Points) | Under the Proposal | Change (\% Points) | Under the Proposal |
| Less than 10 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | -1.1 |
| 10-20 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | -0.1 | 0.0 | -2.3 |
| 20-30 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.9 |
| 30-40 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.5 | 0.0 | 6.1 |
| 40-50 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 1.0 | 0.0 | 8.7 |
| 50-75 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | -0.1 | 5.1 | 0.0 | 13.5 |
| 75-100 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | -0.2 | 8.4 | 0.0 | 17.0 |
| 100-200 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | -0.6 | 28.1 | 0.0 | 20.9 |
| 200-500 | 0.0 | 25.9 | -0.3 | 10.2 | 726 | 1.0 | -0.2 | 21.0 | 0.3 | 24.4 |
| 500-1,000 | 0.0 | 65.2 | -1.7 | 21.0 | 8,621 | 4.7 | 0.2 | 9.8 | 1.2 | 27.6 |
| More than 1,000 | 0.0 | 71.2 | -2.8 | 68.8 | 56,668 | 5.9 | 0.9 | 26.0 | 1.9 | 34.2 |
| All | 0.0 | 3.8 | -0.6 | 100.0 | 627 | 2.1 | 0.0 | 100.0 | 0.5 | 22.5 |

Baseline Distribution of Income and Federal Taxes
by Cash Income Level, $2013{ }^{1}$

| Cash Income Level (thousands of 2011 dollars) ${ }^{2}$ | Tax Units ${ }^{3}$ |  | Pre-Tax Income |  | Federal Tax Burden |  | After-Tax Income ${ }^{4}$ |  | Average Federal Tax Rate ${ }^{5}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Number (thousands) | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { Percent of } \\ \text { Total } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | Average (dollars) | Percent of Total | Average (dollars) | $\begin{gathered} \text { Percent of } \\ \text { Total } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | Average (dollars) | $\begin{gathered} \text { Percent of } \\ \text { Total } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |  |
| Less than 10 | 1,291 | 2.2 | 5,093 | 0.1 | -56 | 0.0 | 5,150 | 0.1 | -1.1 |
| 10-20 | 2,559 | 4.4 | 15,850 | 0.5 | -367 | -0.1 | 16,217 | 0.7 | -2.3 |
| 20-30 | 2,875 | 5.0 | 25,634 | 1.0 | 242 | 0.0 | 25,392 | 1.2 | 0.9 |
| 30-40 | 3,624 | 6.3 | 36,207 | 1.7 | 2,224 | 0.5 | 33,982 | 2.1 | 6.1 |
| 40-50 | 4,468 | 7.7 | 46,489 | 2.7 | 4,029 | 1.1 | 42,461 | 3.2 | 8.7 |
| 50-75 | 10,281 | 17.8 | 63,998 | 8.6 | 8,609 | 5.2 | 55,389 | 9.5 | 13.5 |
| 75-100 | 9,429 | 16.3 | 89,794 | 11.0 | 15,305 | 8.5 | 74,489 | 11.7 | 17.0 |
| 100-200 | 16,457 | 28.5 | 140,888 | 30.2 | 29,464 | 28.7 | 111,424 | 30.6 | 20.9 |
| 200-500 | 5,091 | 8.8 | 291,809 | 19.4 | 70,527 | 21.2 | 221,282 | 18.8 | 24.2 |
| 500-1,000 | 885 | 1.5 | 696,396 | 8.0 | 183,268 | 9.6 | 513,128 | 7.6 | 26.3 |
| More than 1,000 | 440 | 0.8 | 2,988,320 | 17.1 | 964,061 | 25.1 | 2,024,260 | 14.9 | 32.3 |
| All | 57,802 | 100.0 | 132,789 | 100.0 | 29,259 | 100.0 | 103,530 | 100.0 | 22.0 |

Source: Urban-Brookings Tax Policy Center Microsimulation Model (version 0411-2)

* Less than 0.05
(1) Calendar year. Baseline is current policy, which makes 2001 tax law permanent with the exception of the temporary 2 percent reduction in Social Security payroll taxes. Proposal would limit the value of itemized deductions, the exclusion for employer-sponsored health insurance premiums, and the child and dependent care and general business tax credits to two percent of a taxpayer's adjusted gross income. The cap would for married couples with AGI between $\$ 250,000$ and $\$ 500,000$ and for singles and heads of household with AGI between $\$ 200,000$ and $\$ 400,000$, indexed for inflation after 2009 ,
(2) Tax units with negative cash income are excluded from the lowest income class but are included in the totals. For a description of cash income, see
(p://www.taxpolicycenter.org/TaxModel/income.cfm
Afteres both filing and non-filing units but excludes those that are dependents of other tax units.
(5) Av-tax income is cash income less: individual income tax net of refundable credits; corporate income tax; payroll taxes (Social Security and Medicare); and estate tax.
(5) Average federal tax (includes individual and corporate income tax, payroll taxes for Social Security and Medicare, and the estate tax) as a percentage of average cash income.


## Table T11-0245

Limit Benefit of Specified Tax Expenditures to 2 Percent of AGI for High-Income Taxpayers

## Baseline: Current Policy

Distribution of Federal Tax Change by Cash Income Level, $2013{ }^{1}$
Detail Table - Head of Household Tax Unit

| Cash Income Level (thousands of 2011 dollars) ${ }^{2}$ | Percent of Tax Units ${ }^{3}$ |  | Percent Change in After-Tax Income ${ }^{4}$ | Share of Total Federal Tax Change | Average Federal Tax Change |  | Share of Federal Taxes |  | Average Federal Tax Rate ${ }^{5}$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | With Tax Cut | With Tax Increase |  |  | Dollars | Percent | Change (\% Points) | Under the Proposal | Change (\% Points) | Under the Proposal |
| Less than 10 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | -1.8 | 0.0 | -11.9 |
| 10-20 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0.1 | -6.5 | 0.0 | -9.9 |
| 20-30 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | -0.6 | 0.0 | -0.6 |
| 30-40 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | -0.1 | 8.5 | 0.0 | 8.0 |
| 40-50 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | -0.1 | 12.0 | 0.0 | 13.1 |
| 50-75 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | -0.2 | 27.4 | 0.0 | 16.8 |
| 75-100 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | -0.1 | 18.5 | 0.0 | 19.7 |
| 100-200 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | -0.2 | 21.8 | 0.0 | 23.0 |
| 200-500 | 0.0 | 40.1 | -0.6 | 20.7 | 1,226 | 1.7 | 0.1 | 8.5 | 0.4 | 25.0 |
| 500-1,000 | 0.0 | 63.0 | -1.4 | 19.3 | 7,197 | 4.1 | 0.1 | 3.4 | 1.1 | 27.0 |
| More than 1,000 | 0.0 | 63.9 | -2.6 | 60.0 | 49,069 | 5.1 | 0.4 | 8.7 | 1.7 | 35.5 |
| All | 0.0 | 0.3 | -0.1 | 100.0 | 35 | 0.7 | 0.0 | 100.0 | 0.1 | 12.5 |

Baseline Distribution of Income and Federal Taxes
by Cash Income Level, $2013{ }^{1}$

| Cash Income Level (thousands of 2011 dollars) ${ }^{2}$ | Tax Units ${ }^{3}$ |  | Pre-Tax Income |  | Federal Tax Burden |  | After-Tax Income ${ }^{4}$ |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Average } \\ \text { Federal Tax } \\ \text { Rate }^{5} \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Number } \\ \text { (thousands) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { Percent of } \\ \text { Total } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | Average (dollars) | Percent of Total | Average (dollars) | $\begin{gathered} \text { Percent of } \\ \text { Total } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | Average (dollars) | $\begin{gathered} \text { Percent of } \\ \text { Total } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |  |
| Less than 10 | 2,911 | 11.5 | 6,577 | 1.9 | -784 | -1.8 | 7,360 | 2.4 | -11.9 |
| 10-20 | 5,398 | 21.4 | 15,312 | 8.2 | -1,512 | -6.5 | 16,823 | 10.3 | -9.9 |
| 20-30 | 4,846 | 19.2 | 25,728 | 12.4 | -158 | -0.6 | 25,886 | 14.2 | -0.6 |
| 30-40 | 3,748 | 14.8 | 35,771 | 13.3 | 2,875 | 8.6 | 32,895 | 13.9 | 8.0 |
| 40-50 | 2,505 | 9.9 | 45,998 | 11.4 | 6,045 | 12.1 | 39,953 | 11.3 | 13.1 |
| 50-75 | 3,317 | 13.1 | 62,381 | 20.5 | 10,461 | 27.6 | 51,920 | 19.5 | 16.8 |
| 75-100 | 1,353 | 5.4 | 88,201 | 11.8 | 17,327 | 18.7 | 70,873 | 10.9 | 19.7 |
| 100-200 | 905 | 3.6 | 132,511 | 11.9 | 30,429 | 21.9 | 102,082 | 10.4 | 23.0 |
| 200-500 | 149 | 0.6 | 287,163 | 4.3 | 70,604 | 8.4 | 216,560 | 3.7 | 24.6 |
| 500-1,000 | 24 | 0.1 | 675,227 | 1.6 | 175,368 | 3.3 | 499,858 | 1.3 | 26.0 |
| More than 1,000 | 11 | 0.0 | 2,859,898 | 3.1 | 965,301 | 8.3 | 1,894,597 | 2.3 | 33.8 |
| All | 25,256 | 100.0 | 39,986 | 100.0 | 4,975 | 100.0 | 35,011 | 100.0 | 12.4 |

Source: Urban-Brookings Tax Policy Center Microsimulation Model (version 0411-2)

* Less than 0.05
(1) Calendar year. Baseline is current policy, which makes 2001 tax law permanent with the exception of the temporary 2 percent reduction in Social Security payroll taxes. Proposal would limit the value of itemized deductions, the exclusion for employer-sponsored health insurance premiums, and the child and dependent care and general business tax credits to two percent of a taxpayer's adjusted gross income. The cap would for married couples with AGI between $\$ 250,000$ and $\$ 500,000$ and for singles and heads of household with AGI between $\$ 200,000$ and $\$ 400,000$, indexed for inflation after 2009 ,
(2) Tax units with negative cash income are excluded from the lowest income class but are included in the totals. For a description of cash income, see
(t)//www.taxpolicycenter.org/TaxModel/income.cfm
(A) After both filing and non-filing units but excludes those that are dependents of other tax units.
(5) Average income is cash income less: individual income tax net of refundable credits; corporate income tax; payroll taxes (Social Security and Medicare); and estate tax.
(5) Average federal tax (includes individual and corporate income tax, payroll taxes for Social Security and Medicare, and the estate tax) as a percentage of average cash income.

Table T11-0245
Limit Benefit of Specified Tax Expenditures to 2 Percent of AGI for High-Income Taxpayers
Baseline: Current Policy
Distribution of Federal Tax Change by Cash Income Level, $2013{ }^{1}$
Detail Table - Tax Units with Children

| Cash Income Level (thousands of 2011 dollars) ${ }^{2}$ | Percent of Tax Units ${ }^{3}$ |  | Percent Change in After-Tax Income ${ }^{4}$ | Share of Total Federal Tax Change | Average Federal Tax Change |  | Share of Federal Taxes |  | Average Federal Tax Rate ${ }^{5}$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | With Tax Cut | With Tax Increase |  |  | Dollars | Percent | Change (\% Points) | Under the Proposal | Change (\% Points) | Under the Proposal |
| Less than 10 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | -0.4 | 0.0 | -17.5 |
| 10-20 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | -1.4 | 0.0 | -15.6 |
| 20-30 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | -0.6 | 0.0 | -4.2 |
| 30-40 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 1.0 | 0.0 | 5.7 |
| 40-50 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 2.1 | 0.0 | 10.9 |
| 50-75 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | -0.2 | 7.5 | 0.0 | 15.3 |
| 75-100 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | -0.2 | 9.9 | 0.0 | 17.9 |
| 100-200 | 0.0 | * | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | -0.6 | 28.8 | 0.0 | 21.2 |
| 200-500 | 0.0 | 31.5 | -0.4 | 13.4 | 945 | 1.3 | -0.2 | 21.0 | 0.3 | 25.1 |
| 500-1,000 | 0.0 | 77.9 | -2.0 | 23.6 | 10,159 | 5.3 | 0.3 | 9.6 | 1.5 | 29.1 |
| More than 1,000 | 0.0 | 78.6 | -3.0 | 63.0 | 59,076 | 6.0 | 0.8 | 22.5 | 2.0 | 35.3 |
| All | 0.0 | 2.8 | -0.5 | 100.0 | 392 | 2.1 | 0.0 | 100.0 | 0.4 | 20.7 |

Baseline Distribution of Income and Federal Taxes
by Cash Income Level, 2013

| Cash Income Level (thousands of 2011 dollars) ${ }^{2}$ | Tax Units ${ }^{3}$ |  | Pre-Tax Income |  | Federal Tax Burden |  | After-Tax Income ${ }^{4}$ |  | Average Federal Tax Rate ${ }^{5}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Number (thousands) | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { Percent of } \\ \text { Total } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | Average (dollars) | Percent of Total | Average (dollars) | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { Percent of } \\ \text { Total } \end{gathered}$ | Average (dollars) | Percent of Total |  |
| Less than 10 | 3,361 | 6.8 | 5,988 | 0.4 | -1,046 | -0.4 | 7,034 | 0.7 | -17.5 |
| 10-20 | 5,658 | 11.5 | 15,525 | 1.9 | -2,415 | -1.5 | 17,941 | 2.8 | -15.6 |
| 20-30 | 5,534 | 11.2 | 25,702 | 3.1 | -1,078 | -0.6 | 26,780 | 4.1 | -4.2 |
| 30-40 | 4,844 | 9.8 | 35,836 | 3.8 | 2,028 | 1.1 | 33,808 | 4.5 | 5.7 |
| 40-50 | 3,945 | 8.0 | 46,072 | 4.0 | 5,002 | 2.1 | 41,070 | 4.4 | 10.9 |
| 50-75 | 7,372 | 14.9 | 63,539 | 10.2 | 9,701 | 7.7 | 53,838 | 10.8 | 15.3 |
| 75-100 | 5,840 | 11.8 | 89,617 | 11.4 | 16,073 | 10.1 | 73,544 | 11.7 | 17.9 |
| 100-200 | 9,226 | 18.7 | 140,522 | 28.2 | 29,725 | 29.4 | 110,797 | 27.9 | 21.2 |
| 200-500 | 2,749 | 5.6 | 290,144 | 17.4 | 71,962 | 21.2 | 218,182 | 16.4 | 24.8 |
| 500-1,000 | 450 | 0.9 | 695,662 | 6.8 | 192,521 | 9.3 | 503,141 | 6.2 | 27.7 |
| More than 1,000 | 206 | 0.4 | 2,943,211 | 13.2 | 980,000 | 21.7 | 1,963,211 | 11.1 | 33.3 |
| All | 49,418 | 100.0 | 93,026 | 100.0 | 18,899 | 100.0 | 74,127 | 100.0 | 20.3 |

Source: Urban-Brookings Tax Policy Center Microsimulation Model (version 0411-2).

* Less than 0.05

Note: Tax units with children are those claiming an exemption for children at home or away from home.

1) Calendar year. Baseline is current policy, which makes 2001 tax law permanent with the exception of the temporary 2 percent reduction in Social Security payroll taxes. Proposal would limit the value of itemized deductions, the exclusion for employer-sponsored health insurance premiums, and the child and dependent care and general business tax credits to two percent of a taxpayer's adjusted gross income. The cap would phase in for married couples with AGI between $\$ 250,000$ and $\$ 500000$ d for singles and heads of household with AGI between $\$ 200000$ and $\$ 400,000$ indexed for inflation after 2009.
(2) Tax units with negative cash income are excluded from the lowest income class but are included in the totals. For a description of cash income, see
ittp://wmw wapolicycenter.ora/TaxModel/income.cfm
2) Includes both filing and non-filing units but excludes those that are dependents of other tax units.
(4) After-tax income is cash income less: individual income tax net of refundable credits; corporate income tax; payroll taxes (Social Security and Medicare); and estate tax.
3) Average federal tax (includes individual and corporate income tax, payroll taxes for Social Security and Medicare, and the estate tax) as a percentage of average cash income.

Table T11-0245
Limit Benefit of Specified Tax Expenditures to 2 Percent of AGI for High-Income Taxpayers
Baseline: Current Policy
Distribution of Federal Tax Change by Cash Income Level, $2013{ }^{1}$
Detail Table - Elderly Tax Units

| Cash Income Level (thousands of 2011 dollars) ${ }^{2}$ | Percent of Tax Units ${ }^{3}$ |  | Percent Change in After-Tax Income ${ }^{4}$ | Share of Total Federal Tax Change | Average Federal Tax Change |  | Share of Federal Taxes |  | Average Federal Tax Rate ${ }^{5}$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | With Tax Cut | With Tax Increase |  |  | Dollars | Percent | Change (\% Points) | Under the Proposal | Change (\% Points) | Under the Proposal |
| Less than 10 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.9 |
| 10-20 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.3 | 0.0 | 0.9 |
| 20-30 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.7 | 0.0 | 2.7 |
| 30-40 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 1.4 | 0.0 | 4.8 |
| 40-50 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 1.7 | 0.0 | 5.9 |
| 50-75 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | -0.2 | 7.0 | 0.0 | 9.9 |
| 75-100 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | -0.2 | 7.9 | 0.0 | 13.4 |
| 100-200 | 0.0 | 0.1 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | -0.5 | 20.8 | 0.0 | 17.8 |
| 200-500 | 0.0 | 17.6 | -0.3 | 7.2 | 589 | 0.9 | -0.3 | 18.8 | 0.2 | 22.6 |
| 500-1,000 | 0.0 | 43.9 | -1.2 | 14.0 | 6,127 | 3.3 | 0.1 | 9.9 | 0.9 | 27.4 |
| More than 1,000 | 0.0 | 61.2 | -3.1 | 78.9 | 63,860 | 6.1 | 1.1 | 31.4 | 2.1 | 36.2 |
| All | 0.0 | 1.1 | -0.5 | 100.0 | 284 | 2.3 | 0.0 | 100.0 | 0.4 | 17.5 |

Baseline Distribution of Income and Federal Taxes
by Cash Income Level, 2013

| Cash Income Level (thousands of 2011 dollars) ${ }^{2}$ | Tax Units ${ }^{3}$ |  | Pre-Tax Income |  | Federal Tax Burden |  | After-Tax Income ${ }^{4}$ |  | Average Federal Tax Rate ${ }^{5}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Number (thousands) | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { Percent of } \\ \text { Total } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | Average (dollars) | Percent of Total | Average (dollars) | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { Percent of } \\ \text { Total } \end{gathered}$ | Average (dollars) | Percent of Total |  |
| Less than 10 | 3,030 | 8.2 | 6,762 | 0.8 | 59 | 0.0 | 6,703 | 0.9 | 0.9 |
| 10-20 | 8,603 | 23.2 | 15,150 | 5.0 | 142 | 0.3 | 15,008 | 5.9 | 0.9 |
| 20-30 | 4,956 | 13.4 | 25,187 | 4.7 | 678 | 0.8 | 24,509 | 5.6 | 2.7 |
| 30-40 | 3,838 | 10.4 | 35,853 | 5.2 | 1,731 | 1.5 | 34,122 | 6.0 | 4.8 |
| 40-50 | 2,823 | 7.6 | 46,514 | 5.0 | 2,749 | 1.7 | 43,765 | 5.7 | 5.9 |
| 50-75 | 5,216 | 14.1 | 63,113 | 12.5 | 6,222 | 7.2 | 56,891 | 13.6 | 9.9 |
| 75-100 | 3,053 | 8.2 | 88,974 | 10.3 | 11,881 | 8.1 | 77,093 | 10.8 | 13.4 |
| 100-200 | 3,858 | 10.4 | 139,885 | 20.5 | 24,883 | 21.3 | 115,002 | 20.3 | 17.8 |
| 200-500 | 1,285 | 3.5 | 298,833 | 14.6 | 66,834 | 19.1 | 231,999 | 13.7 | 22.4 |
| 500-1,000 | 239 | 0.7 | 698,342 | 6.4 | 184,856 | 9.8 | 513,486 | 5.6 | 26.5 |
| More than 1,000 | 130 | 0.4 | 3,081,067 | 15.2 | 1,050,097 | 30.3 | 2,030,970 | 12.1 | 34.1 |
| All | 37,068 | 100.0 | 71,055 | 100.0 | 12,158 | 100.0 | 58,897 | 100.0 | 17.1 |

Source: Urban-Brookings Tax Policy Center Microsimulation Model (version 0411-2).

* Less than 0.05

Note: Elderly tax units are those with either head or spouse (if filing jointly) age 65 or older

1) Calendar year. Baseline is current policy, which makes 2001 tax law permanent with the exception of the temporary 2 percent reduction in Social Security payroll taxes. Proposal would limit the value of itemized deductions, the exclusion for employer-sponsored health insurance premiums, and the child and dependent care and general business tax credits to two percent of a taxpayer's adjusted gross income. The cap would phase in for married couples with AGI between $\$ 250,000$ and $\$ 500,000$ and for singles and heads of household with AGI between $\$ 200,000$ and $\$ 400,000$, indexed for inflation after 2009.
(2) Tax units with negative cash income are excluded from the lowest income class but are included in the totals. For a description of cash income, see
olicycenter.org/TaxModel/income.cfm
(3) Includes both filing and non-filing units but excludes those that are dependents of other tax units.
(5) Average federal tax (includes indivs: individual income tax net of refundable credits; corporate income tax; payroll taxes (Social Security and Medicare); and estate tax.
(5) Average federal tax (includes individual and corporate income tax, payroll taxes for Social Security and Medicare, and the estate tax) as a percentage of average cash income
