T09-0371

Effective Current-Law Federal Tax Rates For Various Demographic Groups

Cash Income Percentile ^{1,2}	Average Effective Federal Tax Rate ³					
	All Tax Units	Single Individuals	Married Couples Filing Jointly	Heads of Household	Tax Units with Children ⁴	Elderly ⁵
Lowest Quintile	1.3	7.2	2.1	-7.3	-8.3	2.4
Second Quintile	10.0	11.3	10.0	7.7	8.5	3.9
Middle Quintile	16.3	17.6	15.1	16.7	17.5	6.3
Fourth Quintile	20.1	21.2	19.4	21.2	21.4	12.1
Top Quintile	27.6	28.3	27.4	26.0	28.5	26.2
All	23.0	22.5	24.0	15.2	23.1	19.5
ddendum						
80-90	24.1	8.8	23.7	23.9	25.2	18.3
90-95	25.3	11.9	25.2	25.2	25.9	21.3
95-99	27.2	18.6	27.2	24.1	28.5	25.2
Top 1 Percent	32.1	25.6	31.5	32.0	33.5	32.5
Top 0.1 Percent	35.3	26.9	34.6	34.9	35.8	36.1

By Cash Income Adjusted for Family Size, 2011

Source : Urban-Brookings Tax Policy Center Microsimulation Model (version 0509-2).

Notes : Data are for calendar year 2011.

(1) Tax units with negative cash income are excluded from the lowest quintile but are included in the totals. Includes both filing and nonfiling units but excludes those that are dependents of other tax units. For a description of cash income, see

http://www.taxpolicycenter.org/TaxModel/income.cfm

(2) Quintiles are defined for the population as a whole, not the various subgroups.

(3) Excludes customs duties and excise taxes.

(4) Children are defined as exemptions taken for children living at, or away from, home.

(5) Elderly tax units are those in which the head (or spouse, if applicable) is age 65 or older.