28-May-09 PRELIMINARY RESULTS http://www.taxpolicycenter.org
Click on PDF or Excel link above for additional tables containing more detail and breakdowns by filing status and demographic groups.

Table T09-0482 Remove Tax Expenditures for New Savings Provides Revenue Neutral Refundable Credit Distribution of Federal Tax Change by Cash Income Percentile, 2012 Summary Table

23	Percent of T	Tax Units ⁴	Percent Change in	Share of Total	Average	Average Federal Tax Rate ⁶		
Cash Income Percentile ^{2,3}	With Tax Cut	With Tax Increase	After-Tax Income ⁵	Federal Tax Change	Federal Tax Change (\$)	Change (% Points)	Under the Proposal	
Lowest Quintile	99.7	0.3	10.3	NA	-1,144	-9.8	-4.8	
Second Quintile	93.8	6.2	4.1	NA	-1,083	-3.7	6.8	
Middle Quintile	79.4	20.5	1.5	NA	-689	-1.3	15.2	
Fourth Quintile	67.0	33.0	-0.2	NA	113	0.1	19.0	
Top Quintile	45.7	54.3	-2.2	NA	4,648	1.7	26.4	
All	80.6	19.4	-0.1	NA	45	0.1	20.6	
Addendum								
80-90	47.9	52.1	-2.0	NA	2,183	1.6	22.9	
90-95	43.1	56.9	-2.9	NA	4,382	2.2	24.8	
95-99	42.7	57.3	-3.0	NA	7,883	2.3	26.8	
Top 1 Percent	47.9	52.1	-1.4	NA	17,997	1.0	29.8	
Top 0.1 Percent	54.3	45.7	-0.9	NA	52,026	0.6	31.8	

Source: Urban-Brookings Tax Policy Center Microsimulation Model (version 0309-2).

Number of AMT Taxpayers (millions). Baseline: 4.9 Proposal: 5.9

(1) Calendar year. Baseline is the Administration's baseline (extends all of the individual income tax provisions included in 2001 EGTRRA and 2003 JGTRRA; maintains the estate tax at its 2009 parameters; extends the 2009 AMT Patch and indexes the AMT exemption, rate bracket threshold, and phase-out exemption threshold for inflation). Proposal removes tax preferences for new savings; there are no tax-free contributions to IRAs or other retirement plans, there are no ROTH, Keogh, SEP or SIMPLE accounts, and accruals in defined benefit plans are taxed. Proposal provides a revenue neutral, fully refundable credit to all taxpayers. The credit is equal to \$875 (\$1,750 for married couples) increased by \$437.5 for each dependent under age 17.

(2) Tax units with negative cash income are excluded from the lowest income class but are included in the totals. For a description of cash income, see http://www.taxpolicycenter.org/TaxModel/income.cfm

- (3) The cash income percentile classes used in this table are based on the income distribution for the entire population and contain an equal number of people, not tax units. The breaks are (in 2009 dollars): 20% \$19,957, 40% \$37,919, 60% \$66,635, 80% \$111,847, 90% \$160,851, 95% \$224,521, 99% \$590,626, 99.9% \$2,706,134.
- (4) Includes both filing and non-filing units but excludes those that are dependents of other tax units.
- (5) After-tax income is cash income less: individual income tax net of refundable credits; corporate income tax; payroll taxes (Social Security and Medicare); and estate tax.
- (6) Average federal tax (includes individual and corporate income tax, payroll taxes for Social Security and Medicare, and the estate tax) as a percentage of average cash income.

Table T09-0482

Remove Savings Tax Expenditures for New Savings Provides Revenue Neutral Refundable Credit Distribution of Federal Tax Change by Cash Income Percentile, 2012 1 **Detail Table**

22	Percent of	Γax Units ⁴	Percent Change	Share of Total	Average Fede	ral Tax Change	Share of Fe	deral Taxes	Average Fede	eral Tax Rate ⁶
Cash Income Percentile ^{2,3}	With Tax Cut	With Tax Increase	in After-Tax Income ⁵	Federal Tax Change	Dollars	Percent	Change (% Points)	Under the Proposal	Change (% Points)	Under the Proposal
Lowest Quintile	99.7	0.3	10.3	NA	-1,144	-194.8	-1.8	-0.9	-9.8	-4.8
Second Quintile	93.8	6.2	4.1	NA	-1,083	-34.8	-1.5	2.8	-3.7	6.8
Middle Quintile	79.4	20.5	1.5	NA	-689	-7.8	-0.9	10.3	-1.3	15.2
Fourth Quintile	67.0	33.0	-0.2	NA	113	0.7	0.1	18.4	0.1	19.0
Top Quintile	45.7	54.3	-2.2	NA	4,648	6.7	4.2	69.2	1.7	26.4
All	80.6	19.4	-0.1	NA	45	0.3	0.0	100.0	0.1	20.6
Addendum										
80-90	47.9	52.1	-2.0	NA	2,183	7.3	1.0	15.1	1.6	22.9
90-95	43.1	56.9	-2.9	NA	4,382	9.8	1.0	11.2	2.2	24.8
95-99	42.7	57.3	-3.0	NA	7,883	9.3	1.4	17.3	2.3	26.8
Top 1 Percent	47.9	52.1	-1.4	NA	17,997	3.4	0.8	25.6	1.0	29.8
Top 0.1 Percent	54.3	45.7	-0.9	NA	52,026	2.0	0.2	12.6	0.6	31.8

Baseline Distribution of Income and Federal Taxes by Cash Income Percentile, 2012 1

	Tax U	nits ⁴	Average	Average Federal Tax	Average After-	Average	Share of Pre- Tax Income	Share of Post- Tax Income	Share of Federal Taxes
Cash Income Percentile ^{2,3}	Number (thousands)	Percent of Total	(Dollars)	Burden (Dollars)	Tax Income ⁵ (Dollars)	Federal Tax Rate ⁶	Percent of Total	Percent of Total	Percent of Total
Lowest Quintile	39,109	24.9	11,727	587	11,140	5.0	3.7	4.5	0.9
Second Quintile	35,235	22.4	29,685	3,109	26,575	10.5	8.5	9.6	4.4
Middle Quintile	31,797	20.2	53,843	8,856	44,986	16.5	14.0	14.7	11.2
Fourth Quintile	26,816	17.1	91,347	17,256	74,091	18.9	20.0	20.4	18.4
Top Quintile	23,648	15.0	279,733	69,292	210,441	24.8	54.0	51.2	65.1
All	157,316	100.0	77,851	16,013	61,838	20.6	100.0	100.0	100.0
Addendum									
80-90	11,954	7.6	139,760	29,760	110,000	21.3	13.6	13.5	14.1
90-95	5,808	3.7	197,580	44,510	153,070	22.5	9.4	9.1	10.3
95-99	4,701	3.0	346,049	85,001	261,048	24.6	13.3	12.6	15.9
Top 1 Percent	1,185	0.8	1,831,745	527,346	1,304,399	28.8	17.7	15.9	24.8
Top 0.1 Percent	120	0.1	8,392,568	2,614,539	5,778,029	31.2	8.2	7.1	12.4

Source: Urban-Brookings Tax Policy Center Microsimulation Model (version 0309-2).

Proposal: 5.9

Number of AMT Taxpayers (millions). Baseline: 4.9

(1) Calendar year. Baseline is the Administration's baseline (extends all of the individual income tax provisions included in 2001 EGTRRA and 2003 JGTRRA; maintains the estate tax at its 2009 parameters; extends the 2009 AMT Patch and indexes the AMT exemption, rate bracket threshold, and phase-out exemption threshold for inflation). Proposal removes tax preferences for new savings; there are no tax-free contributions to IRAs or other retirement plans, there are no ROTH, Keogh, SEP or SIMPLE accounts, and accruals in defined benefit plans are taxed. Proposal provides a revenue neutral, fully refundable credit to all taxpayers. The credit is equal to \$875 (\$1,750 for married couples) increased by \$437.5 for each dependent under age 17.

(2) Tax units with negative cash income are excluded from the lowest income class but are included in the totals. For a description of cash income, see http://www.taxpolicycenter.org/TaxModel/income.cfm

⁽³⁾ The cash income percentile classes used in this table are based on the income distribution for the entire population and contain an equal number of people, not tax units. The breaks are (in 2009 dollars): 20% \$19,957,40% \$37,919, 60% \$66,635, 80% \$111,847, 90% \$160,851, 95% \$224,521, 99% \$590,626, 99.9% \$2,706,134.

⁽⁴⁾ Includes both filing and non-filing units but excludes those that are dependents of other tax units.

⁽⁵⁾ After-tax income is cash income less: individual income tax net of refundable credits; corporate income tax; payroll taxes (Social Security and Medicare); and estate tax.

⁽⁶⁾ Average federal tax (includes individual and corporate income tax, payroll taxes for Social Security and Medicare, and the estate tax) as a percentage of average cash income.

Table T09-0482

Remove Savings Tax Expenditures for New Savings Provides Revenue Neutral Refundable Credit

Distribution of Federal Tax Change by Cash Income Percentile Adjusted for Family Size, 2012 **Detail Table**

	Percent of T	Tax Units ⁴	Percent Change	Share of Total	Average Fede	ral Tax Change	Share of Fe	deral Taxes	Average Federal Tax Rate ⁶	
Cash Income Percentile ^{2,3}	With Tax Cut	With Tax Increase	in After-Tax Income ⁵	Federal Tax Change	Dollars	Percent	Change (% Points)	Under the Proposal	Change (% Points)	Under the Proposal
Lowest Quintile	99.9	0.1	12.0	NA	-1,296	-1,000.1	-1.7	-1.5	-11.8	-10.6
Second Quintile	96.3	3.7	4.7	NA	-1,165	-48.7	-1.5	1.6	-4.3	4.5
Middle Quintile	86.5	13.4	2.3	NA	-914	-12.7	-1.2	7.8	-1.9	13.2
Fourth Quintile	66.5	33.5	-0.2	NA	122	0.8	0.1	17.9	0.2	18.8
Top Quintile	50.6	49.4	-2.1	NA	3,726	6.4	4.3	74.1	1.6	26.2
All	80.6	19.4	-0.1	NA	45	0.3	0.0	100.0	0.1	20.6
Addendum										
80-90	52.6	47.4	-1.8	NA	1,717	6.8	1.0	16.4	1.4	22.7
90-95	47.7	52.3	-2.7	NA	3,521	9.2	1.0	12.6	2.1	24.8
95-99	48.5	51.5	-2.8	NA	6,371	8.9	1.5	18.5	2.2	26.5
Top 1 Percent	53.1	47.0	-1.3	NA	15,254	3.4	0.8	26.6	1.0	29.6
Top 0.1 Percent	59.1	40.9	-0.9	NA	44,286	1.9	0.2	13.1	0.6	31.6

Baseline Distribution of Income and Federal Taxes by Cash Income Percentile Adjusted for Family Size, 2012 1

	Tax U	Jnits ⁴	Average	Average Federal Tax	Average After-	Average	Share of Pre- Tax Income	Share of Post- Tax Income	Share of Federal Taxes
Cash Income Percentile ^{2,3}	Number (thousands)	Percent of Total	(Dollars)	Burden (Dollars)	Tax Income ⁵ (Dollars)	Federal Tax Rate ⁶	Percent of Total	Percent of Total	Percent of Total
Lowest Quintile	32,338	20.6	10,962	130	10,832	1.2	2.9	3.6	0.2
Second Quintile	32,399	20.6	27,043	2,393	24,650	8.9	7.2	8.2	3.1
Middle Quintile	31,437	20.0	47,482	7,171	40,310	15.1	12.2	13.0	9.0
Fourth Quintile	30,153	19.2	79,882	14,862	65,019	18.6	19.7	20.2	17.8
Top Quintile	30,278	19.3	236,122	58,134	177,988	24.6	58.4	55.4	69.9
All	157,316	100.0	77,851	16,013	61,838	20.6	100.0	100.0	100.0
Addendum									
80-90	15,269	9.7	119,425	25,442	93,984	21.3	14.9	14.8	15.4
90-95	7,622	4.9	168,851	38,328	130,524	22.7	10.5	10.2	11.6
95-99	5,955	3.8	296,127	71,952	224,175	24.3	14.4	13.7	17.0
Top 1 Percent	1,432	0.9	1,589,334	454,787	1,134,548	28.6	18.6	16.7	25.9
Top 0.1 Percent	142	0.1	7,406,757	2,297,984	5,108,773	31.0	8.6	7.4	12.9

Source: Urban-Brookings Tax Policy Center Microsimulation Model (version 0309-2).

Proposal: 5.9

Number of AMT Taxpayers (millions). Baseline: 4.9 (1) Calendar year. Baseline is the Administration's baseline (extends all of the individual income tax provisions included in 2001 EGTRRA and 2003 JGTRRA; maintains the estate tax at its 2009 parameters; extends the 2009 AMT Patch and indexes the AMT exemption, rate bracket threshold, and phase-out exemption threshold for inflation). Proposal removes tax preferences for new savings; there are no tax-free contributions to IRAs or other retirement plans, there are no ROTH, Keogh, SEP or SIMPLE accounts, and accruals in defined benefit plans are taxed. Proposal provides a revenue neutral, fully refundable credit to all taxpayers. The credit is equal to \$875 (\$1,750 for married couples) increased by \$437.5 for each dependent under age 17.

(2) Tax units with negative cash income are excluded from the lowest income class but are included in the totals. For a description of cash income, see

http://www.taxpolicycenter.org/TaxModel/income.cfm

(3) The cash income percentile classes used in this table are based on the income distribution for the entire population and contain an equal number of people, not tax units. The incomes used are adjusted for family size by dividing by the square root of the number of people in the tax unit. The resulting percentile breaks are (in 2009 dollars): 20% \$13,636, 40% \$25,075, 60% \$42,597, 80% \$68,949, 90% \$98,059, 95% \$138,184, 99% \$356,154, 99.9%

(4) Includes both filing and non-filing units but excludes those that are dependents of other tax units.

(5) After-tax income is cash income less: individual income tax net of refundable credits; corporate income tax; payroll taxes (Social Security and Medicare); and estate tax.

(6) Average federal tax (includes individual and corporate income tax, payroll taxes for Social Security and Medicare, and the estate tax) as a percentage of average cash income.

Table T09-0482

Remove Savings Tax Expenditures for New Savings Provides Revenue Neutral Refundable Credit

Distribution of Federal Tax Change by Cash Income Percentile Adjusted for Family Size, 2012 ¹ Detail Table - Single Tax Units

22	Percent of T	Tax Units ⁴	Percent Change	Share of Total	Average Feder	ral Tax Change	Share of Fee	deral Taxes	Average Federal Tax Rate ⁶	
Cash Income Percentile ^{2,3}	With Tax Cut	With Tax Increase	in After-Tax Income ⁵	Federal Tax Change	Dollars	Percent	Change (% Points)	Under the Proposal	Change (% Points)	Under the Proposal
Lowest Quintile	100.0	0.0	12.5	71.8	-932	-143.2	-2.5	-0.8	-11.5	-3.5
Second Quintile	98.2	1.8	4.5	59.5	-833	-36.5	-1.9	3.7	-4.0	7.0
Middle Quintile	87.3	12.6	2.2	42.2	-636	-10.9	-1.0	12.2	-1.8	14.8
Fourth Quintile	69.1	30.9	-0.1	-2.9	55	0.5	0.9	22.2	0.1	20.6
Top Quintile	61.0	39.0	-1.4	-72.1	1,653	4.2	4.6	62.7	1.1	26.5
All	86.3	13.7	0.9	100.0	-319	-3.4	0.0	100.0	-0.7	20.0
ddendum										
80-90	60.8	39.2	-1.4	-21.4	929	4.7	1.3	16.8	1.1	24.0
90-95	58.0	42.0	-1.9	-19.3	1,774	6.1	1.1	11.8	1.5	25.4
95-99	63.6	36.5	-1.7	-21.3	2,671	5.3	1.2	14.9	1.3	25.5
Top 1 Percent	71.2	28.8	-0.8	-10.0	6,047	1.9	1.0	19.2	0.6	31.1
Top 0.1 Percent	79.0	21.0	-0.4	-2.0	13,626	0.8	0.4	9.2	0.3	34.5

Baseline Distribution of Income and Federal Taxes by Cash Income Percentile Adjusted for Family Size, 2012 $^{\rm 1}$

	Tax U	Jnits ⁴	Average	Average Federal Tax	Average After-	Average	Share of Pre- Tax Income	Share of Post- Tax Income	Share of Federal Taxes
Cash Income Percentile ^{2,3}	Number (thousands)	Percent of Total	(Dollars)	Burden (Dollars)	Tax Income ⁵ (Dollars)	Federal Tax Rate ⁶	Percent of Total	Percent of Total	Percent of Total
Lowest Quintile	16,855	24.6	8,088	651	7,437	8.1	4.4	5.1	1.7
Second Quintile	15,642	22.8	20,751	2,282	18,468	11.0	10.5	11.8	5.6
Middle Quintile	14,507	21.2	35,163	5,841	29,322	16.6	16.5	17.3	13.2
Fourth Quintile	11,601	16.9	57,652	11,816	45,836	20.5	21.6	21.7	21.3
Top Quintile	9,540	13.9	153,955	39,127	114,828	25.4	47.4	44.6	58.1
All	68,506	100.0	45,237	9,380	35,857	20.7	100.0	100.0	100.0
Addendum									
80-90	5,053	7.4	86,100	19,716	66,384	22.9	14.0	13.7	15.5
90-95	2,377	3.5	121,430	29,018	92,411	23.9	9.3	8.9	10.7
95-99	1,749	2.6	207,161	50,178	156,983	24.2	11.7	11.2	13.7
Top 1 Percent	362	0.5	1,058,983	323,474	735,509	30.6	12.4	10.8	18.2
Top 0.1 Percent	31	0.1	5,306,728	1,815,167	3,491,562	34.2	5.4	4.4	8.8

Source: Urban-Brookings Tax Policy Center Microsimulation Model (version 0309-2).

(1) Calendar year. Baseline is the Administration's baseline (extends all of the individual income tax provisions included in 2001 EGTRRA and 2003 JGTRRA; maintains the estate tax at its 2009 parameters; extends the 2009

AMT Patch and indexes the AMT exemption, rate bracket threshold, and phase-out exemption threshold for inflation). Proposal removes tax preferences for new savings; there are no tax-free contributions to IRAs or other retirement plans, there are no ROTH, Keogh, SEP or SIMPLE accounts, and accruals in defined benefit plans are taxed. Proposal provides a revenue neutral, fully refundable credit to all taxpayers. The credit is equal to \$875 (\$1,750 for married couples) increased by \$437.5 for each dependent under age 17.

⁽²⁾ Tax units with negative cash income are excluded from the lowest income class but are included in the totals. For a description of cash income, see http://www.taxpolicycenter.org/TaxModel/income.cfm

⁽³⁾ The cash income percentile classes used in this table are based on the income distribution for the entire population and contain an equal number of people, not tax units. The incomes used are adjusted for family size by dividing by the square root of the number of people in the tax unit. The resulting percentile breaks are (in 2009 dollars): 20% \$13,636, 40% \$25,075, 60% \$42,597, 80% \$68,949, 90% \$98,059, 95% \$138,184, 99% \$356,154, 99.9% \$1.639,811.

⁽⁴⁾ Includes both filing and non-filing units but excludes those that are dependents of other tax units.

⁽⁵⁾ After-tax income is cash income less: individual income tax net of refundable credits; corporate income tax; payroll taxes (Social Security and Medicare); and estate tax.

⁽⁶⁾ Average federal tax (includes individual and corporate income tax, payroll taxes for Social Security and Medicare, and the estate tax) as a percentage of average cash income.

Table T09-0482

Remove Savings Tax Expenditures for New Savings

Provides Revenue Neutral Refundable Credit

Distribution of Federal Tax Change by Cash Income Percentile Adjusted for Family Size, 2012 ¹ Detail Table - Married Tax Units Filing Jointly

2.2	Percent of T	Tax Units4	Percent Change	Share of Total	Average Federal Tax Change		Share of Fe	deral Taxes	Average Federal Tax Rate 6	
Cash Income Percentile ^{2,3}	With Tax Cut	With Tax Increase	in After-Tax Income ⁵	Federal Tax Change	Dollars	Percent	Change (% Points)	Under the Proposal	Change (% Points)	Under the Proposal
Lowest Quintile	100.0	0.0	14.6	-30.1	-2,075	-1,515.0	-0.8	-0.8	-14.4	-13.5
Second Quintile	98.0	2.0	5.8	-34.4	-1,853	-64.3	-1.0	0.5	-5.4	3.0
Middle Quintile	89.1	10.9	2.7	-33.7	-1,415	-16.5	-1.1	4.6	-2.3	11.5
Fourth Quintile	65.9	34.1	-0.1	3.4	104	0.6	-0.3	15.2	0.1	17.7
Top Quintile	45.1	54.9	-2.3	196.1	4,834	7.1	3.2	80.3	1.7	26.1
All	72.2	27.8	-0.8	100.0	767	2.8	0.0	100.0	0.6	21.9
Addendum										
80-90	48.1	51.9	-1.9	41.7	2,133	7.4	0.7	16.4	1.5	22.2
90-95	42.2	57.8	-2.9	46.2	4,408	10.3	0.9	13.5	2.3	24.6
95-99	41.3	58.7	-3.2	68.2	8,126	9.9	1.3	20.6	2.4	26.7
Top 1 Percent	46.0	54.0	-1.5	40.0	18,625	3.8	0.3	29.9	1.1	29.2
Top 0.1 Percent	51.3	48.7	-1.0	11.5	53,275	2.2	-0.1	14.5	0.7	31.1

Baseline Distribution of Income and Federal Taxes by Cash Income Percentile Adjusted for Family Size, 2012 $^{\rm 1}$

	Tax U	Jnits ⁴	Average	Average Federal Tax	Average After-	Average	Share of Pre- Tax Income	Share of Post- Tax Income	Share of Federal Taxes
Cash Income Percentile ^{2,3}	Number (thousands)	Percent of Total	(Dollars)	Burden (Dollars)	Tax Income ⁵ (Dollars)	Federal Tax Rate ⁶	Percent of Total	Percent of Total	Percent of Total
Lowest Quintile	6,836	11.1	14,389	137	14,252	1.0	1.2	1.6	0.1
Second Quintile	8,755	14.3	34,618	2,882	31,736	8.3	3.8	4.5	1.5
Middle Quintile	11,214	18.3	62,026	8,568	53,458	13.8	8.8	9.6	5.7
Fourth Quintile	15,212	24.8	97,768	17,190	80,578	17.6	18.8	19.7	15.5
Top Quintile	19,110	31.1	279,599	68,093	211,506	24.4	67.6	65.0	77.1
All	61,400	100.0	128,766	27,484	101,282	21.3	100.0	100.0	100.0
Addendum									
80-90	9,202	15.0	138,970	28,682	110,288	20.6	16.2	16.3	15.6
90-95	4,942	8.1	192,850	43,001	149,849	22.3	12.1	11.9	12.6
95-99	3,955	6.4	337,574	82,150	255,424	24.3	16.9	16.2	19.3
Top 1 Percent	1,011	1.7	1,756,500	494,364	1,262,135	28.1	22.5	20.5	29.6
Top 0.1 Percent	102	0.2	7,937,859	2,411,526	5,526,333	30.4	10.2	9.1	14.6

Source: Urban-Brookings Tax Policy Center Microsimulation Model (version 0309-2).

⁽¹⁾ Calendar year. Baseline is the Administration's baseline (extends all of the individual income tax provisions included in 2001 EGTRRA and 2003 JGTRRA; maintains the estate tax at its 2009 parameters; extends the 2009

AMT Patch and indexes the AMT exemption, rate bracket threshold, and phase-out exemption threshold for inflation). Proposal removes tax preferences for new savings; there are no tax-free contributions to IRAs or other retirement plans, there are no ROTH, Keogh, SEP or SIMPLE accounts, and accruals in defined benefit plans are taxed. Proposal provides a revenue neutral, fully refundable credit to all taxpayers. The credit is equal to \$875 (\$1,750 for married couples) increased by \$437.5 for each dependent under age 17.

⁽²⁾ Tax units with negative cash income are excluded from the lowest income class but are included in the totals. For a description of cash income, see http://www.taxpolicycenter.org/TaxModel/income.cfm

⁽³⁾ The cash income percentile classes used in this table are based on the income distribution for the entire population and contain an equal number of people, not tax units. The incomes used are adjusted for family size by dividing by the square root of the number of people in the tax unit. The resulting percentile breaks are (in 2009 dollars): 20% \$13,636, 40% \$25,075, 60% \$42,597, 80% \$68,949, 90% \$98,059, 95% \$138,184, 99% \$356,154, 99.9% \$1.639,811.

⁽⁴⁾ Includes both filing and non-filing units but excludes those that are dependents of other tax units.

⁽⁵⁾ After-tax income is cash income less: individual income tax net of refundable credits; corporate income tax; payroll taxes (Social Security and Medicare); and estate tax.

⁽⁶⁾ Average federal tax (includes individual and corporate income tax, payroll taxes for Social Security and Medicare, and the estate tax) as a percentage of average cash income.

Table T09-0482

Remove Savings Tax Expenditures for New Savings

Provides Revenue Neutral Refundable Credit

Distribution of Federal Tax Change by Cash Income Percentile Adjusted for Family Size, 2012 $^{\,1}$

Detail Table - Head of Household Tax Units

	Percent of T	Tax Units ⁴	Percent Change	Share of Total	Average Feder	al Tax Change	Share of Fe	deral Taxes	Average Federal Tax Rate ⁶	
Cash Income Percentile ^{2,3}	With Tax Cut	With Tax Increase	in After-Tax Income ⁵	Federal Tax Change	Dollars	Percent	Change (% Points)	Under the Proposal	Change (% Points)	Under the Proposal
Lowest Quintile	99.7	0.3	9.4	62.3	-1,405	145.4	-10.7	-16.5	-10.0	-16.9
Second Quintile	90.6	9.4	3.6	43.1	-1,072	-54.3	-5.1	5.7	-3.4	2.9
Middle Quintile	79.2	20.7	1.5	17.1	-644	-8.2	1.7	29.9	-1.3	13.9
Fourth Quintile	60.2	39.7	-0.6	-5.8	402	2.7	5.6	35.3	0.5	19.9
Top Quintile	51.2	48.8	-2.0	-17.1	2,797	6.3	8.5	45.6	1.5	25.7
All	86.2	13.8	2.1	100.0	-757	-13.5	0.0	100.0	-1.8	11.6
Addendum										
80-90	48.7	51.3	-2.3	-8.2	2,074	8.0	3.5	17.3	1.8	24.4
90-95	54.5	45.5	-2.4	-3.3	2,909	7.9	1.4	7.0	1.8	25.1
95-99	56.7	43.3	-2.0	-3.9	4,364	6.7	1.9	9.8	1.6	24.8
Top 1 Percent	59.5	40.5	-1.0	-1.8	10,417	2.5	1.8	11.5	0.7	29.6
Top 0.1 Percent	73.5	26.5	-0.7	-0.5	33,996	1.6	0.8	5.3	0.5	31.6

Baseline Distribution of Income and Federal Taxes by Cash Income Percentile Adjusted for Family Size, 2012 $^{\rm 1}$

	Tax U	Jnits ⁴	Average	Average Federal Tax	Average After-	Average	Share of Pre- Tax Income	Share of Post- Tax Income	Share of Federal Taxes
Cash Income Percentile ^{2,3}	Number (thousands)	Percent of Total	(Dollars)	Burden (Dollars)	Tax Income ⁵ (Dollars)	Federal Tax Rate ⁶	Percent of Total	Percent of Total	Percent of Total
Lowest Quintile	8,355	33.6	13,999	-966	14,965	-6.9	11.3	13.9	-5.8
Second Quintile	7,578	30.5	31,423	1,975	29,448	6.3	22.9	24.8	10.8
Middle Quintile	5,002	20.1	51,564	7,834	43,731	15.2	24.8	24.3	28.2
Fourth Quintile	2,726	11.0	78,373	15,182	63,190	19.4	20.6	19.2	29.7
Top Quintile	1,153	4.6	184,854	44,765	140,089	24.2	20.5	18.0	37.1
All	24,862	100.0	41,756	5,598	36,159	13.4	100.0	100.0	100.0
Addendum									
80-90	740	3.0	115,411	26,060	89,351	22.6	8.2	7.4	13.9
90-95	211	0.9	158,521	36,924	121,597	23.3	3.2	2.9	5.6
95-99	169	0.7	280,025	65,094	214,931	23.3	4.6	4.0	7.9
Top 1 Percent	32	0.1	1,444,013	416,368	1,027,645	28.8	4.5	3.7	9.7
Top 0.1 Percent	3	0.0	6,993,121	2,173,021	4,820,100	31.1	2.0	1.6	4.5

Source: Urban-Brookings Tax Policy Center Microsimulation Model (version 0309-2).

- (1) Calendar year. Baseline is the Administration's baseline (extends all of the individual income tax provisions included in 2001 EGTRRA and 2003 JGTRRA; maintains the estate tax at its 2009 parameters; extends the 2009
- AMT Patch and indexes the AMT exemption, rate bracket threshold, and phase-out exemption threshold for inflation). Proposal removes tax preferences for new savings; there are no tax-free contributions to IRAs or other retirement plans, there are no ROTH, Keogh, SEP or SIMPLE accounts, and accruals in defined benefit plans are taxed. Proposal provides a revenue neutral, fully refundable credit to all taxpayers. The credit is equal to \$875 (\$1,750 for married couples) increased by \$437.5 for each dependent under age 17.
- (2) Tax units with negative cash income are excluded from the lowest income class but are included in the totals. For a description of cash income, see http://www.taxpolicycenter.org/TaxModel/income.efm
- (3) The cash income percentile classes used in this table are based on the income distribution for the entire population and contain an equal number of people, not tax units. The incomes used are adjusted for family size by dividing by the square root of the number of people in the tax unit. The resulting percentile breaks are (in 2009 dollars): 20% \$13,636, 40% \$25,075, 60% \$42,597, 80% \$68,949, 90% \$98,059, 95% \$138,184, 99% \$356,154, 99.9% \$1.639,811.
- (4) Includes both filing and non-filing units but excludes those that are dependents of other tax units.
- (5) After-tax income is cash income less: individual income tax net of refundable credits; corporate income tax; payroll taxes (Social Security and Medicare); and estate tax.
- (6) Average federal tax (includes individual and corporate income tax, payroll taxes for Social Security and Medicare, and the estate tax) as a percentage of average cash income.

Table T09-0482

Remove Savings Tax Expenditures for New Savings Provides Revenue Neutral Refundable Credit

Distribution of Federal Tax Change by Cash Income Percentile Adjusted for Family Size, 2012 Detail Table - Tax Units with Children

Percent of Tax Units4 Percent Change Share of Total Average Federal Tax Change Share of Federal Taxes Average Federal Tax Rate⁶ Cash Income Percentile^{2,3} in After-Tax Federal Tax With Tax Under the Under the Change (% Change (% With Tax Cut Income⁵ Change **Dollars** Percent Increase Points) Proposal Points) Proposal Lowest Quintile 0.3 -114.7 -1,749 134.4 -20.2 99.7 10.7 -1.9 -3.4 -11.6 Second Quintile 92.0 8.0 -93.3 0.9 -4.1 2.4 4.4 -1,466 -63.4 -1.6 Middle Quintile 83.7 16.3 2.1 -72.8 -1.159 -11.8 -1.4 9.3 -1.8 13.5 Fourth Quintile 55.7 44.2 43.3 3.7 20.9 0.7 19.7 -0.9 0.4 Top Quintile 32.0 68.1 -3.0 339.5 7,124 8.8 4.7 72.2 2.3 27.9 75.3 24.7 -0.4 100.0 334 1.7 0.0 100.0 0.4 20.5 Addendum 80-90 34.0 66.0 -3.0 91.8 3,718 10.4 1.3 16.7 2.3 24.6 90-95 30.9 69.1 -3.8 75.7 6,624 12.5 1.1 11.7 2.9 26.2 95-99 27.7 72.4 -3.9 108.9 11,789 11.3 18.4 2.9 28.7 1.6 Top 1 Percent 32.2 67.8 -1.9 63.1 27,518 4.5 0.7 25.4 1.3 31.0 Top 0.1 Percent 40.9 59.1 -1.2 17.4 77,962 2.6 11.9 0.8 32.0 0.1

Baseline Distribution of Income and Federal Taxes by Cash Income Percentile Adjusted for Family Size, 2012 1

	Tax U	Jnits ⁴	Average	Average Federal Tax	Average After-	Average Federal Tax	Share of Pre- Tax Income	Share of Post- Tax Income	Share of Federal Taxes
Cash Income Percentile ^{2,3}	Number (thousands)	Percent of Total	Income (Dollars)	Burden (Dollars)	Tax Income ⁵ (Dollars)	Rate ⁶	Percent of Total	Percent of Total	Percent of Total
Lowest Quintile	10,815	21.9	15,090	-1,302	16,391	-8.6	3.5	4.7	-1.5
Second Quintile	10,484	21.3	35,679	2,312	33,367	6.5	8.0	9.3	2.6
Middle Quintile	10,353	21.0	64,150	9,825	54,325	15.3	14.2	15.0	10.8
Fourth Quintile	9,644	19.6	105,690	20,107	85,584	19.0	21.7	22.0	20.5
Top Quintile	7,855	15.9	316,419	81,191	235,228	25.7	53.0	49.3	67.5
All	49,293	100.0	95,214	19,168	76,046	20.1	100.0	100.0	100.0
Addendum									
80-90	4,070	8.3	160,563	35,769	124,795	22.3	13.9	13.6	15.4
90-95	1,884	3.8	227,342	52,936	174,407	23.3	9.1	8.8	10.6
95-99	1,523	3.1	403,939	104,290	299,649	25.8	13.1	12.2	16.8
Top 1 Percent	378	0.8	2,087,355	618,457	1,468,898	29.6	16.8	14.8	24.7
Top 0.1 Percent	37	0.1	9,762,184	3,048,047	6,714,137	31.2	7.6	6.6	11.8

Source: Urban-Brookings Tax Policy Center Microsimulation Model (version 0309-2).

Note: Tax units with children are those claiming an exemption for children at home or away from home.

(1) Calendar year. Baseline is the Administration's baseline (extends all of the individual income tax provisions included in 2001 EGTRRA and 2003 JGTRRA; maintains the estate tax at its 2009 parameters; extends the 2009 AMT Patch and indexes the AMT exemption, rate bracket threshold, and phase-out exemption threshold for inflation). Proposal removes tax preferences for new savings; there are no tax-free contributions to IRAs or other retirement plans, there are no ROTH, Keogh, SEP or SIMPLE accounts, and accruals in defined benefit plans are taxed. Proposal provides a revenue neutral, fully refundable credit to all taxpayers. The credit is equal to \$875 (\$1,750 for married couples) increased by \$437.5 for each dependent under age 17.

(2) Tax units with negative cash income are excluded from the lowest income class but are included in the totals. For a description of cash income, see

http://www.taxpolicycenter.org/TaxModel/income.cfm

(3) The cash income percentile classes used in this table are based on the income distribution for the entire population and contain an equal number of people, not tax units. The incomes used are adjusted for family size by dividing by the square root of the number of people in the tax unit. The resulting percentile breaks are (in 2009 dollars): 20% \$13,636, 40% \$25,075, 60% \$42,597, 80% \$68,949, 90% \$98,059, 95% \$138,184, 99% \$356,154, 99.9%

(4) Includes both filing and non-filing units but excludes those that are dependents of other tax units.

(5) After-tax income is cash income less: individual income tax net of refundable credits; corporate income tax; payroll taxes (Social Security and Medicare); and estate tax.

(6) Average federal tax (includes individual and corporate income tax, payroll taxes for Social Security and Medicare, and the estate tax) as a percentage of average cash income.

Table T09-0482

Remove Savings Tax Expenditures for New Savings Provides Revenue Neutral Refundable Credit

Distribution of Federal Tax Change by Cash Income Percentile Adjusted for Family Size, 2012 ¹ Detail Table - Elderly Tax Units

Cash Income Percentile ^{2,3}	Percent of Tax Units ⁴		Percent Change	Share of Total	Average Federal Tax Change		Share of Federal Taxes		Average Federal Tax Rate ⁶	
	With Tax Cut	With Tax Increase	in After-Tax Income ⁵	Federal Tax Change	Dollars	Percent	Change (% Points)	Under the Proposal	Change (% Points)	Under the Proposal
Lowest Quintile	100.0	0.0	11.7	15.5	-1,217	-342.1	-1.2	-0.9	-11.3	-8.0
Second Quintile	100.0	0.0	5.1	26.5	-1,151	-125.6	-2.0	-0.4	-4.9	-1.0
Middle Quintile	99.3	0.7	3.1	20.0	-1,205	-59.0	-1.4	1.1	-2.9	2.0
Fourth Quintile	96.0	4.0	1.8	21.1	-1,201	-14.6	-0.8	9.8	-1.6	9.5
Top Quintile	89.3	10.7	0.4	17.0	-755	-1.5	5.4	90.4	-0.3	21.9
All	96.5	3.5	1.5	100.0	-1,083	-7.3	0.0	100.0	-1.3	16.1
Addendum										
80-90	90.8	9.2	1.2	11.3	-1,078	-6.4	0.1	13.2	-1.0	14.5
90-95	88.9	11.1	0.7	4.8	-861	-3.0	0.6	12.3	-0.6	18.0
95-99	87.3	12.7	0.2	2.2	-424	-0.7	1.5	23.1	-0.2	21.3
Top 1 Percent	86.8	13.2	-0.1	-1.3	966	0.2	3.2	41.9	0.1	28.7
Top 0.1 Percent	87.3	12.7	-0.1	-0.5	4,084	0.2	1.6	20.9	0.1	31.7

Baseline Distribution of Income and Federal Taxes by Cash Income Percentile Adjusted for Family Size, 2012 $^{\rm 1}$

Cash Income Percentile ^{2,3}	Tax Units ⁴		Average	Average Federal Tax	Average After-	Average	Share of Pre- Tax Income	Share of Post- Tax Income	Share of Federal Taxes
	Number (thousands)	Percent of Total	(Dollars)	Burden (Dollars)	Tax Income ⁵ (Dollars)	Federal Tax Rate ⁶	Percent of Total	Percent of Total	Percent of Total
Lowest Quintile	4,167	13.8	10,783	356	10,427	3.3	1.7	2.0	0.3
Second Quintile	7,540	24.9	23,370	916	22,454	3.9	6.8	7.9	1.5
Middle Quintile	5,432	17.9	41,368	2,044	39,324	4.9	8.7	10.0	2.5
Fourth Quintile	5,756	19.0	74,513	8,256	66,256	11.1	16.6	17.8	10.6
Top Quintile	7,378	24.4	232,411	51,629	180,782	22.2	66.3	62.4	85.0
All	30,291	100.0	85,420	14,797	70,622	17.3	100.0	100.0	100.0
Addendum									
80-90	3,435	11.3	109,456	16,979	92,477	15.5	14.5	14.9	13.0
90-95	1,827	6.0	155,369	28,800	126,569	18.5	11.0	10.8	11.7
95-99	1,681	5.6	267,378	57,395	209,983	21.5	17.4	16.5	21.5
Top 1 Percent	434	1.4	1,393,711	399,426	994,285	28.7	23.4	20.2	38.7
Top 0.1 Percent	42	0.1	6,524,092	2,066,189	4,457,902	31.7	10.6	8.7	19.3

Source: Urban-Brookings Tax Policy Center Microsimulation Model (version 0309-2).

Note: Elderly tax units are those with either head or spouse (if filing jointly) age 65 or older.

(1) Calendar year. Baseline is the Administration's baseline (extends all of the individual income tax provisions included in 2001 EGTRRA and 2003 JGTRRA; maintains the estate tax at its 2009 parameters; extends the 2009 AMT Patch and indexes the AMT exemption, rate bracket threshold, and phase-out exemption threshold for inflation). Proposal removes tax preferences for new savings; there are no tax-free contributions to IRAs or other retirement plans, there are no ROTH, Keogh, SEP or SIMPLE accounts, and accruals in defined benefit plans are taxed. Proposal provides a revenue neutral, fully refundable credit to all taxpayers. The credit is equal to \$875 (\$1,750 for married couples) increased by \$437.5 for each dependent under age 17.

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- (6) Average federal tax (includes individual and corporate income tax, payroll taxes for Social Security and Medicare, and the estate tax) as a percentage of average cash income.