## Table T09-0275

Replace Employer Sponsored Health Insurance Income Tax Exclusion, with Non-refundable Credit
Credit Indexed by the Average Growth of CPI and Medical Expenses
Distribution of Federal Tax Change by Cash Income Percentile, $2019{ }^{1}$

## Summary Table

| Cash Income Percentile ${ }^{2,3}$ | Percent of Tax Units ${ }^{4}$ |  | Percent Change in After-Tax Income ${ }^{5}$ | Share of Total Federal Tax Change | Average <br> Federal Tax <br> Change (\$) | Average Federal Tax Rate ${ }^{6}$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | With Tax Cut | With Tax Increase |  |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { Change (\% } \\ \text { Points) } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | Under the Proposal |
| Lowest Quintile | 7.3 | 5.0 | -0.3 | -1.8 | 35 | 0.2 | 6.3 |
| Second Quintile | 27.2 | 6.8 | 1.0 | 15.2 | -327 | -0.9 | 11.2 |
| Middle Quintile | 54.0 | 5.9 | 1.6 | 37.3 | -907 | -1.3 | 17.8 |
| Fourth Quintile | 59.4 | 10.0 | 1.2 | 39.0 | -1,118 | -0.9 | 22.1 |
| Top Quintile | 44.2 | 26.2 | 0.1 | 10.4 | -337 | -0.1 | 28.1 |
| All | 35.6 | 9.6 | 0.6 | 100.0 | -489 | -0.5 | 23.3 |
| Addendum |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 80-90 | 51.1 | 20.1 | 0.5 | 10.7 | -682 | -0.4 | 25.1 |
| 90-95 | 40.0 | 32.6 | 0.0 | 0.5 | -72 | 0.0 | 27.2 |
| 95-99 | 36.3 | 31.3 | 0.0 | -0.1 | 21 | 0.0 | 28.2 |
| Top 1 Percent | 24.6 | 37.1 | 0.0 | -0.7 | 475 | 0.0 | 31.1 |
| Top 0.1 Percent | 22.2 | 34.9 | 0.0 | -0.1 | 364 | 0.0 | 33.4 |

Source: Urban-Brookings Tax Policy Center Microsimulation Model (version 0309-3).
Number of AMT Taxpayers (millions). Baseline: 43.1 Proposal: 45.5
(1) Calendar year. Baseline is current law. Proposal replaces the income tax portion of the employer sponsored health insurance exclusion with a non-refundable tax credit of $\$ 2,300$ for single coverage and $\$ 5,700$ for family coverage in 2010. For subsequent years, the credit levels are indexed by the average growth between CPI and medical expenses.
(2) Tax units with negative cash income are excluded from the lowest income class but are included in the totals. For a description of cash income, see
http://www.taxpolicycenter.org/TaxModel/income.cfm
(3) The cash income percentile classes used in this table are based on the income distribution for the entire population and contain an equal number of people, not tax units. The breaks are (in 2009 dollars): 20\% \$22,005, 40\% \$41,316, $60 \%$ \$74,736, $80 \%$ \$128,774, $90 \%$ \$186,996, $95 \%$ \$262,112, $99 \%$ \$656,694, 99.9\% \$2,977,393.
(4) Includes both filing and non-filing units but excludes those that are dependents of other tax units.
(5) After-tax income is cash income less: individual income tax net of refundable credits; corporate income tax; payroll taxes (Social Security and Medicare); and estate tax.
(6) Average federal tax (includes individual and corporate income tax, payroll taxes for Social Security and Medicare, and the estate tax) as a percentage of average cash income.

Table T09-0275
Replace Employer Sponsored Health Insurance Income Tax Exclusion, with Non-refundable Credit
Credit Indexed by the Average Growth of CPI and Medical Expenses
Distribution of Federal Tax Change by Cash Income Percentile, 2019

## Detail Table

| Cash Income Percentile ${ }^{2,3}$ | Percent of Tax Units ${ }^{4}$ |  | Percent Change in After-Tax Income ${ }^{5}$ | Share of Total Federal Tax Change | Average Federal Tax Change |  | Share of Federal Taxes |  | Average Federal Tax Rate ${ }^{6}$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | With Tax Cut | With Tax Increase |  |  | Dollars | Percent | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { Change (\% } \\ \text { Points) } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | Under the Proposal | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { Change (\% } \\ \text { Points) } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | Under the Proposal |
| Lowest Quintile | 7.3 | 5.0 | -0.3 | -1.8 | 35 | 3.8 | 0.1 | 1.0 | 0.2 | 6.3 |
| Second Quintile | 27.2 | 6.8 | 1.0 | 15.2 | -327 | -7.1 | -0.2 | 4.1 | -0.9 | 11.2 |
| Middle Quintile | 54.0 | 5.9 | 1.6 | 37.3 | -907 | -6.9 | -0.5 | 10.5 | -1.3 | 17.8 |
| Fourth Quintile | 59.4 | 10.0 | 1.2 | 39.0 | -1,118 | -4.0 | -0.4 | 19.3 | -0.9 | 22.1 |
| Top Quintile | 44.2 | 26.2 | 0.1 | 10.4 | -337 | -0.3 | 1.1 | 65.1 | -0.1 | 28.1 |
| All | 35.6 | 9.6 | 0.6 | 100.0 | -489 | -2.0 | 0.0 | 100.0 | -0.5 | 23.3 |
| Addendum |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 80-90 | 51.1 | 20.1 | 0.5 | 10.7 | -682 | -1.4 | 0.1 | 15.3 | -0.4 | 25.1 |
| 90-95 | 40.0 | 32.6 | 0.0 | 0.5 | -72 | -0.1 | 0.2 | 11.4 | 0.0 | 27.2 |
| 95-99 | 36.3 | 31.3 | 0.0 | -0.1 | 21 | 0.0 | 0.3 | 16.3 | 0.0 | 28.2 |
| Top 1 Percent | 24.6 | 37.1 | 0.0 | -0.7 | 475 | 0.1 | 0.5 | 22.1 | 0.0 | 31.1 |
| Top 0.1 Percent | 22.2 | 34.9 | 0.0 | -0.1 | 364 | 0.0 | 0.2 | 10.4 | 0.0 | 33.4 |

Baseline Distribution of Income and Federal Taxes
by Cash Income Percentile, 2019

| Cash Income Percentile ${ }^{2,3}$ | Tax Units ${ }^{4}$ |  | Average Income (Dollars) | Average <br> Federal Tax <br> Burden <br> (Dollars) | Average After- <br> Tax Income ${ }^{5}$ (Dollars) | $\begin{gathered} \text { Average } \\ \text { Federal Tax } \\ \text { Rate }^{6} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline \hline \text { Share of Pre- } \\ \text { Tax Income } \\ \hline \text { Percent of } \\ \text { Total } \end{gathered}$ | Share of Post- <br> Tax Income <br> Percent of <br> Total | Share of <br> Federal Taxes <br> Percent of <br> Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Number (thousands) | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { Percent of } \\ \text { Total } \end{gathered}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Lowest Quintile | 42,307 | 24.7 | 15,025 | 918 | 14,107 | 6.1 | 3.7 | 4.5 | 0.9 |
| Second Quintile | 38,787 | 22.7 | 38,100 | 4,611 | 33,490 | 12.1 | 8.5 | 9.8 | 4.3 |
| Middle Quintile | 34,443 | 20.1 | 69,239 | 13,203 | 56,036 | 19.1 | 13.7 | 14.6 | 11.0 |
| Fourth Quintile | 29,202 | 17.1 | 121,067 | 27,825 | 93,242 | 23.0 | 20.4 | 20.6 | 19.7 |
| Top Quintile | 25,704 | 15.0 | 364,582 | 102,783 | 261,799 | 28.2 | 54.0 | 50.9 | 64.0 |
| All | 171,212 | 100.0 | 101,380 | 24,130 | 77,250 | 23.8 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 |
| Addendum |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 80-90 | 13,086 | 7.6 | 188,516 | 48,020 | 140,496 | 25.5 | 14.2 | 13.9 | 15.2 |
| 90-95 | 6,284 | 3.7 | 269,177 | 73,173 | 196,004 | 27.2 | 9.7 | 9.3 | 11.1 |
| 95-99 | 5,062 | 3.0 | 461,631 | 130,145 | 331,486 | 28.2 | 13.5 | 12.7 | 16.0 |
| Top 1 Percent | 1,273 | 0.7 | 2,259,144 | 702,968 | 1,556,176 | 31.1 | 16.6 | 15.0 | 21.7 |
| Top 0.1 Percent | 130 | 0.1 | 9,677,330 | 3,236,178 | 6,441,152 | 33.4 | 7.3 | 6.4 | 10.2 |

Source: Urban-Brookings Tax Policy Center Microsimulation Model (version0309-3).
Number of AMT Taxpayers (millions). Baseline: $43.1 \quad$ Proposal: 45.5
Number of AMT Taxpayers (millions). Baseline: 43.1
(1) Calendar year. Baseline is current law. Proposal replaces the income tax portion of the employer sponsored heath insurance exclusion with a non-refundable tax credit of $\$ 2,300$ for single coverage and $\$ 5,700$ for family coverage in 2010. For subsequent years, the credit levels are indexed by the average growth between CPI and medical expenses.
(2) Tax units with negative cash income are excluded from the lowest income class but are included in the totals. For a description of cash income, se
ttp://www.taxpolicycenter.org/TaxModel/income.cfm
號 are based on the income distribution for the entire population and contain an equal number of people, not tax units. The breaks are (in 2009 dollars): 20\% $\$ 22,005,40 \%$ 41,316, 60\% \$74,736, 80\% \$128,774, 90\% \$186,996, 95\% \$262,112, 99\% \$656,694, 99.9\% \$2,977,393.
(4) Includes both filing and non-filing units but excludes those that are dependents of other tax units.
) Avertax income is cash income less: individual income tax net of refundable credits; corporate income tax; payroil taxes (Social Security and Medicare); and estate tax.
(6) Average federal tax (includes individual and corporate income tax, payroll taxes for Social Security and Medicare, and the estate tax) as a percentage of average cash income.

Table T09-0275
Replace Employer Sponsored Health Insurance Income Tax Exclusion, with Non-refundable Credit
Credit Indexed by the Average Growth of CPI and Medical Expenses
Distribution of Federal Tax Change by Cash Income Percentile Adjusted for Family Size, $2019{ }^{1}$
Detail Table

| Cash Income Percentile ${ }^{2,3}$ | Percent of Tax Units ${ }^{4}$ |  | Percent Change in After-Tax Income ${ }^{5}$ | Share of Total Federal Tax Change | Average Federal Tax Change |  | Share of Federal Taxes |  | Average Federal Tax Rate ${ }^{6}$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | With Tax Cut | With Tax Increase |  |  | Dollars | Percent | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { Change (\% } \\ \text { Points) } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | Under the Proposal | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { Change (\% } \\ \text { Points) } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | Under the Proposal |
| Lowest Quintile | 4.5 | 7.7 | -1.2 | -6.5 | 156 | 29.3 | 0.1 | 0.6 | 1.1 | 4.9 |
| Second Quintile | 23.9 | 6.5 | 0.9 | 11.7 | -275 | -6.7 | -0.2 | 3.4 | -0.8 | 11.1 |
| Middle Quintile | 47.7 | 3.4 | 2.0 | 42.1 | -1,011 | -9.8 | -0.7 | 8.0 | -1.7 | 15.4 |
| Fourth Quintile | 60.8 | 9.4 | 1.2 | 37.6 | -972 | -4.1 | -0.4 | 18.3 | -0.9 | 21.6 |
| Top Quintile | 44.6 | 22.2 | 0.2 | 15.2 | -389 | -0.5 | 1.1 | 69.6 | -0.1 | 27.8 |
| All | 35.6 | 9.6 | 0.6 | 100.0 | -489 | -2.0 | 0.0 | 100.0 | -0.5 | 23.3 |
| Addendum |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 80-90 | 51.6 | 17.4 | 0.5 | 11.9 | -603 | -1.5 | 0.1 | 16.4 | -0.4 | 24.8 |
| 90-95 | 41.2 | 26.2 | 0.2 | 3.0 | -303 | -0.5 | 0.2 | 12.4 | -0.1 | 26.7 |
| 95-99 | 35.3 | 27.4 | 0.0 | 0.7 | -96 | -0.1 | 0.3 | 17.7 | 0.0 | 28.1 |
| Top 1 Percent | 25.7 | 31.8 | 0.0 | -0.4 | 235 | 0.0 | 0.5 | 23.1 | 0.0 | 30.9 |
| Top 0.1 Percent | 22.6 | 30.9 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 220 | 0.0 | 0.2 | 10.9 | 0.0 | 33.3 |

Baseline Distribution of Income and Federal Taxes
by Cash Income Percentile Adjusted for Family Size, $2019{ }^{1}$

| Cash Income Percentile ${ }^{2,3}$ | Tax Units ${ }^{4}$ |  | Average Income (Dollars) | Average <br> Federal Tax <br> Burden <br> (Dollars) | Average After- <br> Tax Income ${ }^{5}$ (Dollars) | $\begin{gathered} \text { Average } \\ \text { Federal Tax } \\ \text { Rate }^{6} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline \hline \text { Share of Pre- } \\ \text { Tax Income } \\ \hline \text { Percent of } \\ \text { Total } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline \hline \begin{array}{c} \text { Share of Post- } \\ \text { Tax Income } \end{array} \\ \hline \text { Percent of } \\ \text { Total } \end{gathered}$ | Share of <br> Federal Taxes <br> Percent of <br> Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Number } \\ \text { (thousands) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { Percent of } \\ \text { Total } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Lowest Quintile | 34,895 | 20.4 | 13,998 | 532 | 13,466 | 3.8 | 2.8 | 3.6 | 0.5 |
| Second Quintile | 35,601 | 20.8 | 34,855 | 4,134 | 30,721 | 11.9 | 7.2 | 8.3 | 3.6 |
| Middle Quintile | 34,837 | 20.4 | 60,509 | 10,341 | 50,167 | 17.1 | 12.1 | 13.2 | 8.7 |
| Fourth Quintile | 32,404 | 18.9 | 106,149 | 23,843 | 82,307 | 22.5 | 19.8 | 20.2 | 18.7 |
| Top Quintile | 32,706 | 19.1 | 309,674 | 86,480 | 223,194 | 27.9 | 58.4 | 55.2 | 68.5 |
| All | 171,212 | 100.0 | 101,380 | 24,130 | 77,250 | 23.8 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 |
| Addendum |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 80-90 | 16,541 | 9.7 | 161,108 | 40,620 | 120,488 | 25.2 | 15.4 | 15.1 | 16.3 |
| 90-95 | 8,163 | 4.8 | 230,655 | 61,783 | 168,872 | 26.8 | 10.9 | 10.4 | 12.2 |
| 95-99 | 6,452 | 3.8 | 395,230 | 111,050 | 284,181 | 28.1 | 14.7 | 13.9 | 17.3 |
| Top 1 Percent | 1,549 | 0.9 | 1,956,143 | 603,979 | 1,352,164 | 30.9 | 17.5 | 15.8 | 22.7 |
| Top 0.1 Percent | 154 | 0.1 | 8,570,448 | 2,849,339 | 5,721,109 | 33.3 | 7.6 | 6.7 | 10.6 |

Source: Urban-Brookings Tax Policy Center Microsimulation Model (version0309-3).
Number of AMT Taxpayers (millions). Baseline: $43.1 \quad$ Proposal: 45.5
Number of AMT Taxpayers (millions). Baseline: 43.1
) Calendar year. Baseline is current law. Proposal replaces the income tax portion of the employer sponsored health insurance exclusion with a non-refundable tax credit of $\$ 2,300$ for single coverage and $\$ 5,700$ for family overage in 2010. For subsequent years, the credit levels are indexed by the average growth between CPI and medical expenses.
(2) Tax units with negative cash income are excluded from the lowest income class but are included in the totals. For a description of cash income, se
http://www.taxpolicycenter.org/TaxModel/income.cfm
stable are based on the income distribution for the entire population and contain an equal number of people, not tax units. The incomes used are adjusted for family size by divi
by the square root of the number of people in the tax unit. The resulting percentile breaks are (in 2009 dollars): $20 \% \$ 15,176,40 \% \$ 28,048,60 \% \$ 47,686,80 \% \$ 79,867,90 \% \$ 114,813,95 \% \$ 161,950,99 \% \$ 399,703,99.9 \%$
,822,775
(5) Aftudes both filing and non-filing units but excludes those that are dependents of other tax units.
(6) Average federal tax (includes individual and corporate income tax, payroll taxes for Social Security and Medicare, and the estate tax) as a percentage of average cash income.

Replace Employer Sponsored Health Insurance Income Tax Exclusion, with Non-refundable Credit
Credit Indexed by the Average Growth of CPI and Medical Expenses
Distribution of Federal Tax Change by Cash Income Percentile Adjusted for Family Size, 2019 ${ }^{1}$
Detail Table - Single Tax Units

| Cash Income Percentile ${ }^{2,3}$ | Percent of Tax Units ${ }^{4}$ |  | Percent Change in After-Tax Income ${ }^{5}$ | Share of Total Federal Tax Change | Average Federal Tax Change |  | Share of Federal Taxes |  | Average Federal Tax Rate ${ }^{6}$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | With Tax Cut | With Tax Increase |  |  | Dollars | Percent | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { Change (\% } \\ \text { Points) } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | Under the Proposal | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { Change (\% } \\ \text { Points) } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | Under the Proposal |
| Lowest Quintile | 5.7 | 2.7 | 0.1 | 0.4 | -5 | -0.6 | 0.0 | 1.7 | -0.1 | 9.0 |
| Second Quintile | 19.4 | 0.5 | 1.3 | 21.5 | -301 | -10.1 | -0.4 | 4.7 | -1.1 | 9.9 |
| Middle Quintile | 40.0 | 0.9 | 1.7 | 44.1 | -649 | -9.0 | -0.8 | 11.0 | -1.4 | 14.5 |
| Fourth Quintile | 59.7 | 5.9 | 0.8 | 22.6 | -449 | -2.5 | 0.0 | 21.5 | -0.6 | 22.5 |
| Top Quintile | 42.0 | 16.7 | 0.2 | 11.5 | -272 | -0.5 | 1.2 | 61.0 | -0.1 | 28.7 |
| All | 30.3 | 4.3 | 0.7 | 100.0 | -327 | -2.4 | 0.0 | 100.0 | -0.6 | 22.3 |
| Addendum |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 80-90 | 52.9 | 9.8 | 0.4 | 8.2 | -361 | -1.2 | 0.2 | 17.1 | -0.3 | 26.1 |
| 90-95 | 34.4 | 25.1 | 0.2 | 2.3 | -222 | -0.5 | 0.2 | 11.5 | -0.1 | 27.5 |
| 95-99 | 25.1 | 24.0 | 0.1 | 1.1 | -135 | -0.2 | 0.4 | 15.4 | -0.1 | 28.7 |
| Top 1 Percent | 16.7 | 26.2 | 0.0 | 0.0 | -8 | 0.0 | 0.4 | 17.0 | 0.0 | 33.0 |
| Top 0.1 Percent | 13.4 | 30.1 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 18 | 0.0 | 0.2 | 7.7 | 0.0 | 36.5 |

Baseline Distribution of Income and Federal Taxes
by Cash Income Percentile Adjusted for Family Size, $2019{ }^{1}$

| Cash Income Percentile ${ }^{2,3}$ | Tax Units ${ }^{4}$ |  | Average Income (Dollars) |  | Average After- <br> Tax Income ${ }^{5}$ (Dollars) | Average Federal Tax Rate ${ }^{6}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline \hline \text { Share of Pre-- } \\ \text { Tax Income } \\ \hline \text { Percent of } \\ \text { Total } \end{gathered}$ | Share of PostTax Income Percent of Total | Share of <br> Federal Taxes <br> Percent of <br> Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Number (thousands) | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { Percent of } \\ \text { Total } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Lowest Quintile | 18,284 | 23.9 | 10,242 | 922 | 9,320 | 9.0 | 4.1 | 4.9 | 1.6 |
| Second Quintile | 17,835 | 23.3 | 27,000 | 2,975 | 24,025 | 11.0 | 10.6 | 12.2 | 5.1 |
| Middle Quintile | 17,011 | 22.2 | 45,378 | 7,211 | 38,167 | 15.9 | 17.0 | 18.5 | 11.8 |
| Fourth Quintile | 12,595 | 16.4 | 76,543 | 17,698 | 58,845 | 23.1 | 21.2 | 21.2 | 21.5 |
| Top Quintile | 10,530 | 13.7 | 204,012 | 58,877 | 145,135 | 28.9 | 47.3 | 43.6 | 59.8 |
| All | 76,642 | 100.0 | 59,235 | 13,524 | 45,711 | 22.8 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 |
| Addendum |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 80-90 | 5,655 | 7.4 | 116,794 | 30,883 | 85,911 | 26.4 | 14.6 | 13.9 | 16.9 |
| 90-95 | 2,537 | 3.3 | 166,485 | 45,986 | 120,499 | 27.6 | 9.3 | 8.7 | 11.3 |
| 95-99 | 1,940 | 2.5 | 280,341 | 80,608 | 199,733 | 28.8 | 12.0 | 11.1 | 15.1 |
| Top 1 Percent | 398 | 0.5 | 1,309,132 | 432,438 | 876,694 | 33.0 | 11.5 | 10.0 | 16.6 |
| Top 0.1 Percent | 34 | 0.0 | 6,322,479 | 2,305,270 | 4,017,209 | 36.5 | 4.7 | 3.9 | 7.6 |

Source: Urban-Brookings Tax Policy Center Microsimulation Model (version0309-3).
(1) Calendar year. Baseline is current law. Proposal replaces the income tax portion of the employer sponsored health insurance exclusion with a non-refundable tax credit of $\$ 2,300$ for single coverage and $\$ 5,700$ for family coverage in 2010. For subsequent years, the credit levels are indexed by the average growth between CPI and medical expenses.
(2) Tax units with negative cash income are excluded from the lowest income class but are included in the totals. For a description of cash income, see
tp://www.taxpolicycenter.org/TaxModel/income.cfm
(3) The cash income percentile classes used in this table are based on the income distribution for the entire population and contain an equal number of people, not tax units. The incomes used are adjusted for family size by div
by the square root of the number of people in the tax unit. The resulting percentile breaks are (in 2009 dollars): $20 \% \$ 15,176,40 \% \$ 28,048,60 \% \$ 47,686,80 \% \$ 79,867,90 \% \$ 114,813,95 \% \$ 161,950,99 \% ~ \$ 399,703,99.9 \%$ 1,822,775.
(4) Includes both filing and non-filing units but excludes those that are dependents of other tax units.
6) Average federal tax (includes individual and corporate income tax payroll taxes for Social Security and Medicare, and the estate tax) as a percentage of average cash inco

Replace Employer Sponsored Health Insurance Income Tax Exclusion, with Non-refundable Credit
Credit Indexed by the Average Growth of CPI and Medical Expenses
Distribution of Federal Tax Change by Cash Income Percentile Adjusted for Family Size, $2019{ }^{1}$
Detail Table - Married Tax Units Filing Jointly

| Cash Income Percentile ${ }^{2,3}$ | Percent of Tax Units ${ }^{4}$ |  | Percent Change in After-Tax Income ${ }^{5}$ | Share of Total Federal Tax Change | Average Federal Tax Change |  | Share of Federal Taxes |  | Average Federal Tax Rate ${ }^{6}$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | With Tax Cut | With Tax Increase |  |  | Dollars | Percent | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { Change (\% } \\ \text { Points) } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | Under the Proposal | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { Change (\% } \\ \text { Points) } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | Under the Proposal |
| Lowest Quintile | 3.9 | 12.6 | -1.8 | -4.6 | 307 | 33.5 | 0.1 | 0.3 | 1.7 | 6.7 |
| Second Quintile | 28.2 | 7.4 | 0.9 | 6.7 | -360 | -6.5 | -0.1 | 1.7 | -0.8 | 11.5 |
| Middle Quintile | 52.2 | 4.7 | 2.1 | 33.0 | -1,366 | -10.0 | -0.5 | 5.2 | -1.7 | 15.3 |
| Fourth Quintile | 61.4 | 11.6 | 1.3 | 44.7 | -1,322 | -4.6 | -0.5 | 16.1 | -1.0 | 20.9 |
| Top Quintile | 46.6 | 24.8 | 0.2 | 20.2 | -465 | -0.5 | 1.0 | 76.6 | -0.1 | 27.5 |
| All | 43.8 | 14.1 | 0.6 | 100.0 | -737 | -1.7 | 0.0 | 100.0 | -0.4 | 24.6 |
| Addendum |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 80-90 | 51.8 | 21.1 | 0.5 | 15.9 | -762 | -1.6 | 0.0 | 16.6 | -0.4 | 24.3 |
| 90-95 | 45.0 | 26.4 | 0.2 | 4.0 | -357 | -0.5 | 0.2 | 13.6 | -0.1 | 26.4 |
| 95-99 | 40.7 | 28.9 | 0.0 | 1.0 | -108 | -0.1 | 0.3 | 19.8 | 0.0 | 28.0 |
| Top 1 Percent | 29.5 | 34.2 | 0.0 | -0.7 | 296 | 0.0 | 0.5 | 26.6 | 0.0 | 30.4 |
| Top 0.1 Percent | 26.3 | 31.1 | 0.0 | -0.1 | 215 | 0.0 | 0.2 | 12.4 | 0.0 | 32.6 |

Baseline Distribution of Income and Federal Taxes
by Cash Income Percentile Adjusted for Family Size, $2019{ }^{1}$

| Cash Income Percentile ${ }^{2,3}$ | Tax Units ${ }^{4}$ |  | Average Income (Dollars) |  | Average AfterTax Income ${ }^{5}$ (Dollars) | Average Federal Tax Rate ${ }^{6}$ | Share of Pre- <br> Tax Income <br> Percent of <br> Total | Share of PostTax Income Percent of Total | Share of <br> Federal Taxes <br> Percent of <br> Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Number } \\ \text { (thousands) } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { Percent of } \\ \text { Total } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Lowest Quintile | 7,015 | 11.0 | 18,283 | 918 | 17,366 | 5.0 | 1.2 | 1.5 | 0.2 |
| Second Quintile | 8,788 | 13.8 | 44,970 | 5,516 | 39,454 | 12.3 | 3.6 | 4.2 | 1.8 |
| Middle Quintile | 11,369 | 17.8 | 80,087 | 13,603 | 66,484 | 17.0 | 8.3 | 9.2 | 5.6 |
| Fourth Quintile | 15,917 | 24.9 | 130,806 | 28,698 | 102,108 | 21.9 | 18.9 | 19.7 | 16.6 |
| Top Quintile | 20,432 | 32.0 | 367,626 | 101,666 | 265,960 | 27.7 | 68.3 | 65.9 | 75.6 |
| All | 63,816 | 100.0 | 172,338 | 43,042 | 129,297 | 25.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 |
| Addendum |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 80-90 | 9,825 | 15.4 | 188,187 | 46,449 | 141,738 | 24.7 | 16.8 | 16.9 | 16.6 |
| 90-95 | 5,286 | 8.3 | 263,354 | 69,801 | 193,553 | 26.5 | 12.7 | 12.4 | 13.4 |
| 95-99 | 4,238 | 6.6 | 450,604 | 126,043 | 324,560 | 28.0 | 17.4 | 16.7 | 19.5 |
| Top 1 Percent | 1,084 | 1.7 | 2,178,195 | 662,262 | 1,515,932 | 30.4 | 21.5 | 19.9 | 26.1 |
| Top 0.1 Percent | 111 | 0.2 | 9,178,922 | 2,993,689 | 6,185,232 | 32.6 | 9.3 | 8.4 | 12.2 |

Source: Urban-Brookings Tax Policy Center Microsimulation Model (version0309-3).
(1) Calendar year. Baseline is current law. Proposal replaces the income tax portion of the employer sponsored health insurance exclusion with a non-refundable tax credit of $\$ 2,300$ for single coverage and $\$ 5,700$ for family coverage in 2010. For subsequent years, the credit levels are indexed by the average growth between CPI and medical expenses.
(2) Tax units with negative cash income are excluded from the lowest income class but are included in the totals. For a description of cash income, see
tp://www.taxpolicycenter.org/TaxModel/income.cfm
(3) The cash income percentile classes used in this table are based on the income distribution for the entire population and contain an equal number of people, not tax units. The incomes used are adjusted for family size by div
by the square root of the number of people in the tax unit. The resulting percentile breaks are (in 2009 dollars): $20 \% \$ 15,176,40 \% \$ 28,048,60 \% \$ 47,686,80 \% \$ 79,867,90 \% \$ 114,813,95 \% \$ 161,950,99 \% ~ \$ 399,703,99.9 \%$ 1,822,775.
(4) Includes both filing and non-filing units but excludes those that are dependents of other tax units.
6) Average federal tax (includes individual and corporate income tax payroll taxes for Social Security and Medicare, and the estate tax) as a percentage of average cash inco

Table T09-0275
Replace Employer Sponsored Health Insurance Income Tax Exclusion, with Non-refundable Credit
Credit Indexed by the Average Growth of CPI and Medical Expenses
Distribution of Federal Tax Change by Cash Income Percentile Adjusted for Family Size, $2019{ }^{1}$
Detail Table - Head of Household Tax Units

| Cash Income Percentile ${ }^{2,3}$ | Percent of Tax Units ${ }^{4}$ |  | Percent Change in After-Tax Income ${ }^{5}$ | Share of Total Federal Tax Change | Average Federal Tax Change |  | Share of Federal Taxes |  | Average Federal Tax Rate ${ }^{6}$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | With Tax Cut | With Tax Increase |  |  | Dollars | Percent | $\begin{gathered} \text { Change (\% } \\ \text { Points) } \end{gathered}$ | Under the Proposal | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { Change (\% } \\ \text { Points) } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | Under the Proposal |
| Lowest Quintile | 2.3 | 13.8 | -1.9 | -23.4 | 359 | -64.0 | 1.2 | -0.7 | 2.0 | -1.1 |
| Second Quintile | 28.4 | 17.0 | 0.4 | 8.7 | -145 | -2.9 | 0.4 | 16.0 | -0.4 | 11.9 |
| Middle Quintile | 64.0 | 3.3 | 2.9 | 64.3 | -1,581 | -12.2 | -2.0 | 25.2 | -2.4 | 16.9 |
| Fourth Quintile | 72.6 | 2.9 | 2.2 | 40.6 | -1,799 | -7.4 | -0.7 | 27.8 | -1.7 | 21.6 |
| Top Quintile | 47.9 | 11.5 | 0.6 | 9.9 | -1,130 | -1.7 | 1.1 | 31.7 | -0.5 | 26.7 |
| All | 33.0 | 11.3 | 1.1 | 100.0 | -506 | -5.2 | 0.0 | 100.0 | -0.9 | 16.8 |
| Addendum |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 80-90 | 54.5 | 8.7 | 1.1 | 7.3 | -1,317 | -3.2 | 0.2 | 11.8 | -0.9 | 25.2 |
| 90-95 | 42.6 | 17.7 | 0.6 | 1.6 | -939 | -1.6 | 0.2 | 5.2 | -0.4 | 26.6 |
| 95-99 | 31.4 | 14.6 | 0.3 | 0.9 | -730 | -0.7 | 0.3 | 6.9 | -0.2 | 26.3 |
| Top 1 Percent | 25.1 | 16.8 | 0.0 | 0.1 | -451 | -0.1 | 0.4 | 7.8 | 0.0 | 30.0 |
| Top 0.1 Percent | 22.1 | 18.8 | 0.0 | 0.0 | -498 | 0.0 | 0.2 | 3.4 | 0.0 | 33.1 |

Baseline Distribution of Income and Federal Taxes
by Cash Income Percentile Adjusted for Family Size, 2019

| Cash Income Percentile ${ }^{2,3}$ | Tax Units ${ }^{4}$ |  | Average Income (Dollars) | Average <br> Federal Tax <br> Burden <br> (Dollars) | Average After- <br> Tax Income ${ }^{5}$ <br> (Dollars) | $\begin{gathered} \text { Average } \\ \text { Federal Tax } \\ \text { Rate }^{6} \end{gathered}$ | Share of Pre-Tax Income $\|$Percent of <br> Total | Share of Post- <br> Tax Income <br> Percent of <br> Total | Share of <br> Federal Taxes <br> Percent of <br> Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Number } \\ \text { (thousands) } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { Percent of } \\ \text { Total } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Lowest Quintile | 9,319 | 33.0 | 18,179 | -561 | 18,740 | -3.1 | 10.9 | 13.6 | -1.9 |
| Second Quintile | 8,612 | 30.5 | 40,921 | 5,021 | 35,900 | 12.3 | 22.6 | 24.1 | 15.6 |
| Middle Quintile | 5,808 | 20.5 | 67,364 | 12,943 | 54,421 | 19.2 | 25.1 | 24.7 | 27.2 |
| Fourth Quintile | 3,221 | 11.4 | 104,706 | 24,438 | 80,268 | 23.3 | 21.6 | 20.2 | 28.5 |
| Top Quintile | 1,254 | 4.4 | 247,845 | 67,373 | 180,472 | 27.2 | 19.9 | 17.7 | 30.6 |
| All | 28,273 | 100.0 | 55,137 | 9,783 | 45,355 | 17.7 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 |
| Addendum |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 80-90 | 789 | 2.8 | 155,631 | 40,599 | 115,032 | 26.1 | 7.9 | 7.1 | 11.6 |
| 90-95 | 241 | 0.9 | 212,233 | 57,356 | 154,877 | 27.0 | 3.3 | 2.9 | 5.0 |
| 95-99 | 185 | 0.7 | 371,174 | 98,284 | 272,890 | 26.5 | 4.4 | 3.9 | 6.6 |
| Top 1 Percent | 40 | 0.1 | 1,721,613 | 516,142 | 1,205,471 | 30.0 | 4.4 | 3.7 | 7.4 |
| Top 0.1 Percent | 3 | 0.0 | 8,196,561 | 2,711,849 | 5,484,713 | 33.1 | 1.7 | 1.4 | 3.2 |

Source: Urban-Brookings Tax Policy Center Microsimulation Model (version0309-3).
(1) Calendar year. Baseline is current law. Proposal replaces the income tax portion of the employer sponsored health insurance exclusion with a non-refundable tax credit of $\$ 2,300$ for single coverage and $\$ 5,700$ for family coverage in 2010. For subsequent years, the credit levels are indexed by the average growth between CPI and medical expenses.
(2) Tax units with negative cash income are excluded from the lowest income class but are included in the totals. For a description of cash income, see
tp://www.taxpolicycenter.org/TaxModel/income.cfm
(3) The cash income percentile classes used in this table are based on the income distribution for the entire population and contain an equal number of people, not tax units. The incomes used are adjusted for family size by div
by the square root of the number of people in the tax unit. The resulting percentile breaks are (in 2009 dollars): $20 \% \$ 15,176,40 \% \$ 28,048,60 \% \$ 47,686,80 \% \$ 79,867,90 \% \$ 114,813,95 \% \$ 161,950,99 \% \$ 399,703,99.9 \%$ 1,822,775
(4) Includes both filing and non-filing units but excludes those that are dependents of other tax units.
6) Average federal tax (includes individual and corporate income tax payroll taxes for Social Security and Medicare, and the estate tax) as a percentage of average cash inco

Table T09-0275
Replace Employer Sponsored Health Insurance Income Tax Exclusion, with Non-refundable Credit
Credit Indexed by the Average Growth of CPI and Medical Expenses
Distribution of Federal Tax Change by Cash Income Percentile Adjusted for Family Size, $2019{ }^{1}$

## Detail Table - Tax Units with Children

| Cash Income Percentile ${ }^{2,3}$ | Percent of Tax Units ${ }^{4}$ |  | Percent Change in After-Tax Income ${ }^{5}$ | Share of Total Federal Tax Change | Average Federal Tax Change |  | Share of Federal Taxes |  | Average Federal Tax Rate ${ }^{6}$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | With Tax Cut | With Tax Increase |  |  | Dollars | Percent | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { Change (\% } \\ \text { Points) } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | Under the Proposal | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { Change (\% } \\ \text { Points) } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | Under the Proposal |
| Lowest Quintile | 2.1 | 18.3 | -2.5 | -25.0 | 506 | -70.6 | 0.4 | -0.2 | 2.6 | -1.1 |
| Second Quintile | 30.3 | 19.7 | 0.4 | 7.1 | -151 | -2.5 | 0.0 | 4.1 | -0.3 | 12.9 |
| Middle Quintile | 65.8 | 7.2 | 2.3 | 71.1 | -1,533 | -9.2 | -0.9 | 10.3 | -1.9 | 18.3 |
| Fourth Quintile | 69.7 | 14.5 | 1.2 | 58.0 | -1,279 | -3.7 | -0.5 | 21.9 | -0.9 | 23.5 |
| Top Quintile | 41.1 | 42.9 | -0.1 | -11.1 | 312 | 0.3 | 1.1 | 63.7 | 0.1 | 29.5 |
| All | 41.0 | 19.4 | 0.5 | 100.0 | -445 | -1.4 | 0.0 | 100.0 | -0.4 | 24.4 |
| Addendum |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 80-90 | 48.2 | 38.6 | 0.0 | 0.1 | -3 | 0.0 | 0.2 | 15.9 | 0.0 | 27.2 |
| 90-95 | 36.9 | 47.0 | -0.2 | -4.1 | 471 | 0.5 | 0.2 | 11.2 | 0.2 | 28.5 |
| 95-99 | 33.2 | 46.1 | -0.2 | -4.8 | 695 | 0.4 | 0.3 | 16.0 | 0.1 | 29.5 |
| Top 1 Percent | 18.9 | 55.5 | -0.1 | -2.3 | 1,321 | 0.2 | 0.3 | 20.6 | 0.1 | 32.4 |
| Top 0.1 Percent | 16.6 | 53.1 | 0.0 | -0.2 | 1,127 | 0.0 | 0.1 | 9.0 | 0.0 | 33.9 |

Baseline Distribution of Income and Federal Taxes
by Cash Income Percentile Adjusted for Family Size, $2019{ }^{1}$

| Cash Income Percentile ${ }^{2,3}$ | Tax Units ${ }^{4}$ |  | Average Income (Dollars) |  | Average After- <br> Tax Income ${ }^{5}$ (Dollars) | $\begin{gathered} \text { Average } \\ \text { Federal Tax } \\ \text { Rate }^{6} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline \hline \text { Share of Pre- } \\ \text { Tax Income } \\ \hline \text { Percent of } \\ \text { Total } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | Share of Post- <br> Tax Income <br> Percent of <br> Total | Share of <br> Federal Taxes <br> Percent of <br> Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Number (thousands) | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { Percent of } \\ \text { Total } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Lowest Quintile | 11,401 | 22.0 | 19,539 | -716 | 20,255 | -3.7 | 3.4 | 4.7 | -0.5 |
| Second Quintile | 10,907 | 21.0 | 46,336 | 6,148 | 40,188 | 13.3 | 7.8 | 9.0 | 4.2 |
| Middle Quintile | 10,715 | 20.7 | 83,064 | 16,749 | 66,315 | 20.2 | 13.7 | 14.6 | 11.2 |
| Fourth Quintile | 10,471 | 20.2 | 140,306 | 34,216 | 106,089 | 24.4 | 22.7 | 22.8 | 22.4 |
| Top Quintile | 8,223 | 15.9 | 414,366 | 122,038 | 292,327 | 29.5 | 52.6 | 49.3 | 62.7 |
| All | 51,871 | 100.0 | 124,878 | 30,881 | 93,996 | 24.7 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 |
| Addendum |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 80-90 | 4,233 | 8.2 | 218,257 | 59,272 | 158,985 | 27.2 | 14.3 | 13.8 | 15.7 |
| 90-95 | 1,995 | 3.9 | 310,516 | 87,936 | 222,580 | 28.3 | 9.6 | 9.1 | 11.0 |
| 95-99 | 1,599 | 3.1 | 537,525 | 157,660 | 379,865 | 29.3 | 13.3 | 12.5 | 15.7 |
| Top 1 Percent | 395 | 0.8 | 2,541,638 | 822,624 | 1,719,014 | 32.4 | 15.5 | 13.9 | 20.3 |
| Top 0.1 Percent | 37 | 0.1 | 11,394,278 | 3,864,718 | 7,529,560 | 33.9 | 6.5 | 5.7 | 8.9 |

Source: Urban-Brookings Tax Policy Center Microsimulation Model (version0309-3).
Note: Tax units with children are those claiming an exemption for children at home or away from home.
(1) Calendar year. Baseline is current law. Proposal replaces the income tax portion of the employer sponsored health insurance exclusion with a non-refundable tax credit of $\$ 2,300$ for single coverage and $\$ 5,700$ for family coverage in 2010. For subsequent years, the credit levels are indexed by the average growth between CPI and medical expenses.
(2) Tax units with negative cash income are excluded from the lowest income class but are included in the totals. For a description of cash income, see
ttpp://www.taxpolicycenter.org/TaxModel/income.cfm
able are based on the income distribution for the entire population and contain an equal number of people, not tax units. The incomes used are adjusted for family size by div
yy the square root of the number of people in the tax unit. The resulting percentile breaks are (in 2009 dollars): $20 \% \$ 15,176,40 \% \$ 28,048,60 \% \$ 47,686,80 \% \$ 79,867,90 \% \$ 114,813,95 \% \$ 161,950,99 \% \$ 399,703,99.9 \%$
1,822,77
()) Acludes both filing and non-filing units but excludes those that are dependents of other tax units.
(6) Average federal tax (includes individual and corporate income tax, payroll taxes for Social Security and Medicare, and the estate tax) as a percentage of average cash income.

Replace Employer Sponsored Health Insurance Income Tax Exclusion, with Non-refundable Credit
Credit Indexed by the Average Growth of CPI and Medical Expenses
Distribution of Federal Tax Change by Cash Income Percentile Adjusted for Family Size, $2019{ }^{1}$
Detail Table - Elderly Tax Units

| Cash Income Percentile ${ }^{2,3}$ | Percent of Tax Units ${ }^{4}$ |  | Percent Change in After-Tax Income ${ }^{5}$ | Share of Total Federal Tax Change | Average Federal Tax Change |  | Share of Federal Taxes |  | Average Federal Tax Rate ${ }^{6}$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | With Tax Cut | With Tax Increase |  |  | Dollars | Percent | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { Change (\% } \\ \text { Points) } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | Under the Proposal | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { Change (\% } \\ \text { Points) } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | Under the Proposal |
| Lowest Quintile | 1.2 | 1.3 | -0.1 | -1.2 | 16 | 3.3 | 0.0 | 0.3 | 0.1 | 3.6 |
| Second Quintile | 4.5 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 9.7 | -64 | -5.1 | -0.1 | 1.5 | -0.2 | 4.0 |
| Middle Quintile | 4.9 | 0.6 | 0.2 | 11.1 | -90 | -3.8 | -0.1 | 2.3 | -0.2 | 4.5 |
| Fourth Quintile | 19.0 | 5.1 | 0.4 | 32.6 | -359 | -2.6 | -0.2 | 10.2 | -0.4 | 13.6 |
| Top Quintile | 20.5 | 6.9 | 0.2 | 47.8 | -350 | -0.5 | 0.3 | 85.6 | -0.1 | 25.5 |
| All | 10.2 | 2.8 | 0.2 | 100.0 | -174 | -0.8 | 0.0 | 100.0 | -0.2 | 19.7 |
| Addendum |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 80-90 | 23.1 | 4.7 | 0.4 | 29.6 | -453 | -1.5 | -0.1 | 15.8 | -0.3 | 19.7 |
| 90-95 | 19.2 | 7.6 | 0.2 | 11.0 | -318 | -0.7 | 0.0 | 13.9 | -0.2 | 22.9 |
| 95-99 | 17.9 | 9.9 | 0.1 | 6.1 | -208 | -0.2 | 0.1 | 22.7 | -0.1 | 26.2 |
| Top 1 Percent | 15.1 | 10.3 | 0.0 | 1.1 | -152 | 0.0 | 0.3 | 33.3 | 0.0 | 30.6 |
| Top 0.1 Percent | 13.6 | 11.0 | 0.0 | 0.1 | -108 | 0.0 | 0.1 | 16.5 | 0.0 | 33.3 |

Baseline Distribution of Income and Federal Taxes
by Cash Income Percentile Adjusted for Family Size, $2019{ }^{1}$

| Cash Income Percentile ${ }^{2,3}$ | Tax Units ${ }^{4}$ |  | Average Income (Dollars) | Average <br> Federal Tax <br> Burden <br> (Dollars) | Average After- <br> Tax Income ${ }^{5}$ (Dollars) | $\begin{gathered} \text { Average } \\ \text { Federal Tax }^{\text {Rate }^{6}} \end{gathered}$ | Share of Pre- <br> Tax Income <br> Percent of <br> Total | Share of Post- <br> Tax Income <br> Percent of <br> Total | Share of <br> Federal Taxes <br> Percent of <br> Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Number } \\ \text { (thousands) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { Percent of } \\ \text { Total } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Lowest Quintile | 4,854 | 13.1 | 13,609 | 474 | 13,135 | 3.5 | 1.7 | 2.0 | 0.3 |
| Second Quintile | 9,716 | 26.2 | 30,144 | 1,258 | 28,886 | 4.2 | 7.4 | 8.9 | 1.6 |
| Middle Quintile | 7,874 | 21.2 | 50,838 | 2,374 | 48,463 | 4.7 | 10.1 | 12.0 | 2.4 |
| Fourth Quintile | 5,843 | 15.8 | 99,788 | 13,956 | 85,832 | 14.0 | 14.7 | 15.8 | 10.4 |
| Top Quintile | 8,792 | 23.7 | 297,400 | 76,163 | 221,237 | 25.6 | 66.1 | 61.4 | 85.3 |
| All | 37,096 | 100.0 | 106,595 | 21,157 | 85,438 | 19.9 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 |
| Addendum |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 80-90 | 4,200 | 11.3 | 148,198 | 29,708 | 118,490 | 20.1 | 15.7 | 15.7 | 15.9 |
| 90-95 | 2,229 | 6.0 | 211,967 | 48,800 | 163,167 | 23.0 | 12.0 | 11.5 | 13.9 |
| 95-99 | 1,895 | 5.1 | 355,565 | 93,342 | 262,222 | 26.3 | 17.0 | 15.7 | 22.5 |
| Top 1 Percent | 468 | 1.3 | 1,809,133 | 554,255 | 1,254,878 | 30.6 | 21.4 | 18.5 | 33.0 |
| Top 0.1 Percent | 50 | 0.1 | 7,683,766 | 2,558,460 | 5,125,306 | 33.3 | 9.7 | 8.1 | 16.3 |

Source: Urban-Brookings Tax Policy Center Microsimulation Model (version0309-3).
Note: Elderly tax units are those with either head or spouse (if filing jointly) age 65 or older
(1) Calendar year. Baseline is current law. Proposal replaces the income tax portion of the employer sponsored health insurance exclusion with a non-refundable tax credit of $\$ 2,300$ for single coverage and $\$ 5,700$ for family coverage in 2010. For subsequent years, the credit levels are indexed by the average growth between CPI and medical expenses.
(2) Tax units with negative cash income are excluded from the lowest income class but are included in the totals. For a description of cash income, se
ttpp://www.taxpolicycenter.org/TaxModel/income.cfm
stable are based on the income distribution for the entire population and contain an equal number of people, not tax units. The incomes used are adjusted for family size by divi
by the square root of the number of people in the tax unit. The resulting percentile breaks are (in 2009 dollars): $20 \% \$ 15,176,40 \% \$ 28,048,60 \% \$ 47,686,80 \% \$ 79,867,90 \% \$ 114,813,95 \% \$ 161,950,99 \% \$ 399,703,99.9 \%$
,822,775
(4) Includes both filing and non-filing units but excludes those that are dependents of other tax units.
(6) Average federal tax (includes individual and corporate income tax, payroll taxes for Social Security and Medicare, and the estate tax) as a percentage of average cash income.

