Table T09-0427
Average Effective Marginal Individual Income Tax Rates
Distribution by Cash Income Level, $2011{ }^{1}$

| Cash Income Class <br> (thousands of 2009 dollars) ${ }^{2}$ | Administration Baseline ${ }^{3}$ | Current Law | Administration's Budget Proposal | Current Law Plus Health Surcharge ${ }^{4}$ | Administration's Budget Proposal Plus Health Surcharge |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Less than 10 | -5.4 | -5.0 | -11.2 | -5.0 | -11.2 |
| 10-20 | 2.9 | 8.3 | 3.9 | 8.3 | 3.9 |
| 20-30 | 13.8 | 16.9 | 14.6 | 16.9 | 14.6 |
| 30-40 | 17.7 | 18.6 | 18.3 | 18.6 | 18.3 |
| 40-50 | 16.8 | 17.9 | 17.7 | 17.9 | 17.7 |
| 50-75 | 18.6 | 21.2 | 18.9 | 21.2 | 18.9 |
| 75-100 | 18.4 | 23.4 | 19.5 | 23.4 | 19.5 |
| 100-200 | 24.7 | 27.8 | 25.3 | 27.8 | 25.3 |
| 200-500 | 31.3 | 33.8 | 33.9 | 33.8 | 33.9 |
| 500-1,000 | 30.5 | 38.7 | 38.5 | 39.1 | 38.9 |
| More than 1,000 | 33.6 | 40.0 | 39.6 | 44.8 | 44.4 |
| All | 22.2 | 25.6 | 23.7 | 25.9 | 23.9 |

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[^0]:    Source: Urban-Brookings Tax Policy Center Microsimulation Model (version 0509-4).
    (1) Calendar year. Effective marginal rate is determined by calculating individual income tax and then adding $\$ 1,000$ to wages and recomputing individual income tax. The effective marginal rate is the resulting change in tax divided by $\$ 1,000$. Values are averages, weighted by the dollar value of wages and salaries.
    (2) Tax units with negative cash income are excluded from the lowest income class but are included in the totals. Excludes tax units with zero income. For a description of cash income, see
    http://www.taxpolicycenter.org/TaxModel/income.cfm
    (3) Administration baseline extends all of the individual income tax provisions included in 2001 EGTRRA and 2003 JGTRRA; maintains the estate tax at its 2009 parameters; extends the 2009 AMT Patch and indexes the AMT exemption, rate bracket threshold, and phase-out exemption threshold for inflation.
    (4) Health surcharge on high income indivduals is described in America's Affordable Health Choices Act of 2009. Tax units pay a 5.4 percent tax on modified AGI exceeding $\$ 1,000,000$ for couples ( $\$ 500,000$ for others). Modified AGI is AGI less any deduction for investment interest.

