## Table T09-0306

Administration's FY2010 Budget Proposals

## Individual Income Tax Measures Affecting High Income Taxpayers

Against Administration Baseline
Distribution of Federal Tax Change by Cash Income Level, $2012{ }^{1}$
Summary Table

| Cash Income Level (thousands of 2009 dollars) ${ }^{2}$ | Percent of Tax Units ${ }^{3}$ |  | Percent Change in After-Tax Income ${ }^{4}$ | Share of Total Federal Tax Change | Average Federal Tax Change (\$) | Average Federal Tax Rate ${ }^{5}$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | With Tax Cut | With Tax Increase |  |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { Change (\% } \\ \text { Points) } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | Under the Proposal |
| Less than 10 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 5.4 |
| 10-20 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 4.6 |
| 20-30 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 8.8 |
| 30-40 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 12.9 |
| 40-50 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 15.4 |
| 50-75 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 17.5 |
| 75-100 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 19.2 |
| 100-200 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 1 | 0.0 | 21.6 |
| 200-500 | 1.4 | 27.9 | -0.5 | 6.6 | 1,015 | 0.3 | 24.5 |
| 500-1,000 | 0.3 | 82.6 | -3.0 | 18.0 | 15,715 | 2.2 | 27.7 |
| More than 1,000 | 0.0 | 91.9 | -6.0 | 75.4 | 130,395 | 4.2 | 33.8 |
| All | 0.1 | 1.9 | -1.0 | 100.0 | 586 | 0.8 | 21.4 |

Source: Urban-Brookings Tax Policy Center Microsimulation Model (version 0509-1).
Number of AMT Taxpayers (millions). Baseline: 5.1 Proposal: 4.1
(1) Calendar year. Administration baseline extends the 2009 AMT patch and indexes the AMT exemption, rate bracket threshold, and phaseout exemption threshold for inflation; makes the 2001 and 2003 individual income tax cuts permanent and makes 2009 estate tax law permanent. The proposal would: (a) reinstate the 39.6 percent tax rate; (b) reinstate the 36 percent tax rate with a threshold of $\$ 250,000$ less the standard deduction and two personal exemptions for married couples filing jointly and $\$ 200,000$ less the standard deduction and one personal exemption for single filers, indexed for inflation after 2009; (c) reinstate the personal exemption phaseout and limitation on itemized deductions for those taxpayers with AGI over $\$ 250,000$ (married) and $\$ 200,000$ (single), indexed for inflation after 2009; and (d) impose a 20 percent rate on capital gains and qualified dividends for those taxpayers in the top two brackets.
(2) Tax units with negative cash income are excluded from the lowest income class but are included in the totals. For a description of cash income, see http://www.taxpolicycenter.org/TaxModel/income.cfm
(3) Includes both filing and non-filing units but excludes those that are dependents of other tax units.
(4) After-tax income is cash income less: individual income tax net of refundable credits; corporate income tax; payroll taxes (Social Security and Medicare); and estate tax.
(5) Average federal tax (includes individual and corporate income tax, payroll taxes for Social Security and Medicare, and the estate tax) as a percentage of average cash income.

Table T09-0306
Administration's FY2010 Budget Proposals
Individual Income Tax Measures Affecting High Income Taxpayers
Against Administration Baseline
Distribution of Federal Tax Change by Cash Income Level, 2012

## Detail Table

| Cash Income Level (thousands of 2009 dollars) ${ }^{2}$ | Percent of Tax Units ${ }^{3}$ |  | Percent Change in After-Tax Income ${ }^{4}$ | Share of Total Federal Tax Change | Average Federal Tax Change |  | Share of Federal Taxes |  | Average Federal Tax Rate ${ }^{5}$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | With Tax Cut | With Tax Increase |  |  | Dollars | Percent | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { Change (\% } \\ \text { Points) } \end{gathered}$ | Under the Proposal | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { Change (\% } \\ \text { Points) } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | Under the Proposal |
| Less than 10 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.2 | 0.0 | 5.4 |
| 10-20 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.7 | 0.0 | 4.6 |
| 20-30 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | -0.1 | 1.9 | 0.0 | 8.8 |
| 30-40 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | -0.1 | 2.9 | 0.0 | 12.9 |
| 40-50 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | -0.1 | 3.6 | 0.0 | 15.4 |
| 50-75 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | -0.4 | 9.9 | 0.0 | 17.5 |
| 75-100 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | -0.4 | 9.7 | 0.0 | 19.2 |
| 100-200 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 1 | 0.0 | -0.9 | 24.6 | 0.0 | 21.6 |
| 200-500 | 1.4 | 27.9 | -0.5 | 6.6 | 1,015 | 1.4 | -0.4 | 16.8 | 0.3 | 24.5 |
| 500-1,000 | 0.3 | 82.6 | -3.0 | 18.0 | 15,715 | 8.8 | 0.4 | 8.0 | 2.2 | 27.7 |
| More than 1,000 | 0.0 | 91.9 | -6.0 | 75.4 | 130,395 | 14.2 | 2.0 | 21.8 | 4.2 | 33.8 |
| All | 0.1 | 1.9 | -1.0 | 100.0 | 586 | 3.7 | 0.0 | 100.0 | 0.8 | 21.4 |

Baseline Distribution of Income and Federal Taxes by Cash Income Level, 2012

| Cash Income Level (thousands of 2009 dollars) ${ }^{2}$ | Tax Units ${ }^{3}$ |  | Average Income (Dollars) |  | Average AfterTax Income ${ }^{4}$ (Dollars) | $\begin{gathered} \text { Average } \\ \text { Federal Tax } \\ \text { Rate }^{5} \end{gathered}$ | Share of Pre- <br> Tax Income <br> Percent of <br> Total | Share of Post- <br> Tax Income <br> Percent of <br> Total | Share of <br> Federal Taxes <br> Percent of <br> Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Number (thousands) | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { Percent of } \\ \text { Total } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Less than 10 | 16,867 | 10.7 | 5,698 | 305 | 5,393 | 5.4 | 0.8 | 1.0 | 0.2 |
| 10-20 | 24,202 | 15.4 | 15,471 | 710 | 14,761 | 4.6 | 3.1 | 3.8 | 0.7 |
| 20-30 | 21,129 | 13.4 | 25,711 | 2,250 | 23,461 | 8.8 | 4.5 | 5.2 | 1.9 |
| 30-40 | 16,119 | 10.2 | 36,076 | 4,637 | 31,438 | 12.9 | 4.9 | 5.3 | 3.0 |
| 40-50 | 12,811 | 8.1 | 46,449 | 7,131 | 39,319 | 15.4 | 5.0 | 5.3 | 3.7 |
| 50-75 | 22,730 | 14.5 | 63,828 | 11,176 | 52,652 | 17.5 | 12.1 | 12.6 | 10.3 |
| 75-100 | 14,433 | 9.2 | 89,794 | 17,198 | 72,596 | 19.2 | 10.8 | 11.0 | 10.0 |
| 100-200 | 20,762 | 13.2 | 140,646 | 30,389 | 110,257 | 21.6 | 24.4 | 24.1 | 25.5 |
| 200-500 | 5,989 | 3.8 | 294,838 | 71,232 | 223,607 | 24.2 | 14.7 | 14.1 | 17.2 |
| 500-1,000 | 1,052 | 0.7 | 703,124 | 178,856 | 524,267 | 25.4 | 6.2 | 5.8 | 7.6 |
| More than 1,000 | 533 | 0.3 | 3,105,866 | 919,118 | 2,186,748 | 29.6 | 13.8 | 12.3 | 19.8 |
| All | 157,348 | 100.0 | 76,169 | 15,744 | 60,424 | 20.7 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 |

Source: Urban-Brookings Tax Policy Center Microsimulation Model (version 0509-1).
Number of AMT Taxpayers (millions). Baseline: 5.1 Proposal: 4.1
(1) Calendar year. Administration baseline extends the 2009 AMT patch and indexes the AMT exemption, rate bracket threshold, and phaseout exemption threshold for inflation; makes the 2001 and 2003 individual income tax cuts permanent and makes 2009 estate tax law permanent. The proposal would: (a) reinstate the 39.6 percent tax rate; (b) reinstate the 36 percent tax rate with a threshold of $\$ 250,000$ less the standard deduction and two personal exemptions for married couples filing jointly and $\$ 200,000$ less the standard deduction and one personal exemption for single filers, indexed for inflation after 2009; (c) reinstate the personal exemption phaseout and limitation on itemized deductions for those taxpayers with AGI over $\$ 250,000$ (married) and $\$ 200,000$ (single), indexed for inflation after 2009; and (d) impose a 20 percent rate on capital gains and qualified dividends for those taxpayers in he top two brackets.
(2) Tax units with negative cash income are excluded from the lowest income class but are included in the totals. For a description of cash income, see
http://www.taxpolicycenter.org/TaxModel/income.cfm
(3) Includes both filing and non-filing units but excludes those that are dependents of other tax units.

Atter-tax income is cash income less: individual income tax net of refundable credits; corporate income tax; payroll taxes (Social Security and Medicare); and estate tax.
(5) Average federal tax (includes individual and corporate income tax, payroll taxes for Social Security and Medicare, and the estate tax) as a percentage of average cash income.

## Table T09-0306

## Administration's FY2010 Budget Proposal

Individual Income Tax Measures Affecting High Income Taxpayers
Against Administration Baseline
Distribution of Federal Tax Change by Cash Income Level, $2012{ }^{1}$
Detail Table - Single Tax Units

| Cash Income Level (thousands of 2009 dollars) ${ }^{2}$ | Percent of Tax Units ${ }^{3}$ |  | Percent Change in After-Tax Income ${ }^{4}$ | Share of Total Federal Tax Change | Average Federal Tax Change |  | Share of Federal Taxes |  | Average Federal Tax Rate ${ }^{5}$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | With Tax Cut | With Tax Increase |  |  | Dollars | Percent | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { Change (\% } \\ \text { Points) } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | Under the Proposal | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { Change (\% } \\ \hline \text { Points) } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | Under the Proposal |
| Less than 10 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.9 | 0.0 | 8.5 |
| 10-20 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | -0.1 | 3.0 | 0.0 | 8.4 |
| 20-30 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | -0.1 | 5.9 | 0.0 | 13.2 |
| 30-40 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | -0.1 | 7.3 | 0.0 | 17.3 |
| 40-50 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | -0.2 | 8.3 | 0.0 | 19.1 |
| 50-75 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | -0.4 | 18.6 | 0.0 | 21.5 |
| 75-100 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | -0.2 | 11.8 | 0.0 | 23.6 |
| 100-200 | 0.1 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | -0.3 | 17.7 | 0.0 | 24.3 |
| 200-500 | 3.6 | 43.7 | -0.7 | 9.8 | 1,490 | 2.0 | 0.0 | 9.5 | 0.5 | 25.7 |
| 500-1,000 | 0.3 | 81.4 | -3.0 | 17.1 | 14,966 | 7.8 | 0.2 | 4.4 | 2.2 | 29.6 |
| More than 1,000 | 0.0 | 89.0 | -5.9 | 73.2 | 117,462 | 12.3 | 1.2 | 12.6 | 4.0 | 36.3 |
| All | 0.1 | 0.8 | -0.5 | 100.0 | 175 | 1.9 | 0.0 | 100.0 | 0.4 | 21.2 |

Baseline Distribution of Income and Federal Taxes
by Cash Income Level, $2012{ }^{1}$

| Cash Income Level (thousands of 2009 dollars) ${ }^{2}$ | Tax Units ${ }^{3}$ |  | Average Income (Dollars) | Average <br> Federal Tax <br> Burden <br> (Dollars) | Average AfterTax Income ${ }^{4}$ (Dollars) | Average <br> Federal Tax Rate ${ }^{5}$ | Share of Pre- <br> Tax Income <br> Percent of <br> Total | $\begin{gathered} \hline \hline \text { Share of Post- } \\ \text { Tax Income } \\ \hline \text { Percent of } \\ \text { Total } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | Share of <br> Federal Taxes <br> Percent of <br> Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Number } \\ \text { (thousands) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { Percent of } \\ \text { Total } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Less than 10 | 12,093 | 17.5 | 5,684 | 482 | 5,203 | 8.5 | 2.3 | 2.6 | 0.9 |
| 10-20 | 14,849 | 21.5 | 15,322 | 1,286 | 14,036 | 8.4 | 7.5 | 8.7 | 3.0 |
| 20-30 | 11,214 | 16.3 | 25,573 | 3,371 | 22,202 | 13.2 | 9.5 | 10.4 | 6.0 |
| 30-40 | 7,581 | 11.0 | 36,006 | 6,225 | 29,781 | 17.3 | 9.0 | 9.4 | 7.5 |
| 40-50 | 5,967 | 8.7 | 46,386 | 8,879 | 37,507 | 19.1 | 9.2 | 9.4 | 8.4 |
| 50-75 | 8,814 | 12.8 | 62,955 | 13,521 | 49,433 | 21.5 | 18.4 | 18.2 | 18.9 |
| 75-100 | 3,630 | 5.3 | 88,784 | 20,931 | 67,854 | 23.6 | 10.7 | 10.3 | 12.1 |
| 100-200 | 3,425 | 5.0 | 136,925 | 33,201 | 103,724 | 24.3 | 15.5 | 14.8 | 18.0 |
| 200-500 | 789 | 1.1 | 299,674 | 75,425 | 224,249 | 25.2 | 7.8 | 7.4 | 9.4 |
| 500-1,000 | 138 | 0.2 | 695,858 | 191,298 | 504,560 | 27.5 | 3.2 | 2.9 | 4.2 |
| More than 1,000 | 75 | 0.1 | 2,961,621 | 958,491 | 2,003,130 | 32.4 | 7.4 | 6.3 | 11.4 |
| All | 68,932 | 100.0 | 43,878 | 9,146 | 34,731 | 20.8 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 |

Source: Urban-Brookings Tax Policy Center Microsimulation Model (version 0509-1).
(1) Calendar year. Administration baseline extends the 2009 AMT patch and indexes the AMT exemption, rate bracket threshold, and phaseout exemption threshold for inflation; makes the 2001 and 2003 individual income tax cuts permanent and makes 2009 estate tax law permanent. The proposal would: (a) reinstate the 39.6 percent tax rate; (b) reinstate the 36 percent tax rate with a threshold of $\$ 250,000$ less the standard deduction and two personal exemptions for married couples filing jointly and $\$ 200,000$ less the standard deduction and one personal exemption for single filers, indexed for inflation after 2009; (c) reinstate the personal exemption phaseout and limitation on itemized deductions for those taxpayers with AGI over $\$ 250,000$ (married) and $\$ 200,000$ (single), indexed for inflation after 2009; and (d) impose a 20 percent rate on capital gains and qualified dividends for those taxpayers in the top two brackets.
(2) Tax units with negative cash income are excluded from the lowest income class but are included in the totals. For a description of cash income, see
http://www.taxpolicycenter.org/TaxModel/income.cfm
(3) Includes both filing and non-filing units but excludes those that are dependents of other tax units.
(4) After-tax income is cash income less: individual income tax net of refundable credits; corporate income tax; payroll taxes (Social Security and Medicare); and estate tax.
(5) Average federal tax (includes individual and corporate income tax, payroll taxes for Social Security and Medicare, and the estate tax) as a percentage of average cash income.

## Table T09-0306

## Administration's FY2010 Budget Proposals

Individual Income Tax Measures Affecting High Income Taxpayers
Against Administration Baseline
Distribution of Federal Tax Change by Cash Income Level, $2012{ }^{1}$
Detail Table - Married Tax Units Filing Jointly

| Cash Income Level (thousands of 2009 dollars) ${ }^{2}$ | Percent of Tax Units ${ }^{3}$ |  | Percent Change in After-Tax Income ${ }^{4}$ | Share of Total Federal Tax Change | Average Federal Tax Change |  | Share of Federal Taxes |  | Average Federal Tax Rate ${ }^{5}$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | With Tax Cut | With Tax Increase |  |  | Dollars | Percent | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { Change (\% } \\ \text { Points) } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | Under the Proposal | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { Change (\% } \\ \hline \text { Points) } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | Under the Proposal |
| Less than 10 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 4.8 |
| 10-20 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.1 | 0.0 | 2.8 |
| 20-30 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.3 | 0.0 | 4.5 |
| 30-40 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.7 | 0.0 | 7.6 |
| 40-50 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | -0.1 | 1.1 | 0.0 | 10.3 |
| 50-75 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | -0.2 | 5.2 | 0.0 | 14.0 |
| 75-100 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | -0.4 | 8.2 | 0.0 | 17.2 |
| 100-200 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | -1.3 | 28.0 | 0.0 | 21.0 |
| 200-500 | 1.0 | 24.5 | -0.4 | 6.0 | 899 | 1.3 | -0.7 | 20.6 | 0.3 | 24.3 |
| 500-1,000 | 0.3 | 82.6 | -3.0 | 18.5 | 15,758 | 8.9 | 0.4 | 9.8 | 2.2 | 27.4 |
| More than 1,000 | 0.0 | 92.4 | -6.0 | 75.5 | 129,425 | 14.5 | 2.3 | 25.8 | 4.2 | 33.3 |
| All | 0.1 | 3.8 | -1.2 | 100.0 | 1,220 | 4.5 | 0.0 | 100.0 | 1.0 | 22.4 |

Baseline Distribution of Income and Federal Taxes
by Cash Income Level, $2012{ }^{1}$

| Cash Income Level (thousands of 2009 dollars) ${ }^{2}$ | Tax Units ${ }^{3}$ |  | Average Income (Dollars) |  | Average AfterTax Income ${ }^{4}$ (Dollars) | Average <br> Federal Tax Rate ${ }^{5}$ | Share of Pre- <br> Tax Income$\|$Percent of <br> Total | Share of Post- <br> Tax Income <br> Percent of <br> Total | Share of <br> Federal Taxes <br> Percent of <br> Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Number (thousands) | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { Percent of } \\ \text { Total } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Less than 10 | 2,164 | 3.5 | 4,748 | 228 | 4,520 | 4.8 | 0.1 | 0.2 | 0.0 |
| 10-20 | 4,064 | 6.6 | 15,973 | 441 | 15,532 | 2.8 | 0.8 | 1.0 | 0.1 |
| 20-30 | 4,828 | 7.9 | 25,857 | 1,168 | 24,689 | 4.5 | 1.6 | 2.0 | 0.3 |
| 30-40 | 4,406 | 7.2 | 36,192 | 2,739 | 33,453 | 7.6 | 2.1 | 2.4 | 0.7 |
| 40-50 | 4,057 | 6.6 | 46,612 | 4,804 | 41,808 | 10.3 | 2.5 | 2.8 | 1.2 |
| 50-75 | 9,840 | 16.0 | 64,984 | 9,109 | 55,874 | 14.0 | 8.3 | 9.1 | 5.4 |
| 75-100 | 9,114 | 14.9 | 90,400 | 15,516 | 74,885 | 17.2 | 10.7 | 11.2 | 8.5 |
| 100-200 | 16,285 | 26.5 | 141,926 | 29,768 | 112,159 | 21.0 | 29.9 | 30.1 | 29.3 |
| 200-500 | 4,998 | 8.2 | 294,061 | 70,524 | 223,537 | 24.0 | 19.0 | 18.4 | 21.3 |
| 500-1,000 | 880 | 1.4 | 704,704 | 177,065 | 527,638 | 25.1 | 8.0 | 7.6 | 9.4 |
| More than 1,000 | 437 | 0.7 | 3,067,872 | 892,687 | 2,175,185 | 29.1 | 17.3 | 15.6 | 23.5 |
| All | 61,357 | 100.0 | 126,020 | 26,988 | 99,032 | 21.4 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 |

Source: Urban-Brookings Tax Policy Center Microsimulation Model (version 0509-1).
(1) Calendar year. Administration baseline extends the 2009 AMT patch and indexes the AMT exemption, rate bracket threshold, and phaseout exemption threshold for inflation; makes the 2001 and 2003 individual income tax cuts permanent and makes 2009 estate tax law permanent. The proposal would: (a) reinstate the 39.6 percent tax rate; (b) reinstate the 36 percent tax rate with a threshold of $\$ 250,000$ less the standard deduction and two personal exemptions for married couples filing jointly and $\$ 200,000$ less the standard deduction and one personal exemption for single filers, indexed for inflation after 2009; (c) reinstate the personal exemption phaseout and limitation on itemized deductions for those taxpayers with AGI over $\$ 250,000$ (married) and $\$ 200,000$ (single), indexed for inflation after 2009; and (d) impose a 20 percent rate on capital gains and qualified dividends for those taxpayers in the top two brackets.
(2) Tax units with negative cash income are excluded from the lowest income class but are included in the totals. For a description of cash income, see
http://www.taxpolicycenter.org/TaxModel/income.cfm
(3) Includes both filing and non-filing units but excludes those that are dependents of other tax units.
(4) After-tax income is cash income less: individual income tax net of refundable credits; corporate income tax; payroll taxes (Social Security and Medicare); and estate tax
(5) Average federal tax (includes individual and corporate income tax, payroll taxes for Social Security and Medicare, and the estate tax) as a percentage of average cash income.

## Table T09-0306

## Administration's FY2010 Budget Proposal

Individual Income Tax Measures Affecting High Income Taxpayers
Against Administration Baseline
Distribution of Federal Tax Change by Cash Income Level, $2012{ }^{1}$
Detail Table - Head of Household Tax Units

| Cash Income Level (thousands of 2009 dollars) ${ }^{2}$ | Percent of Tax Units ${ }^{3}$ |  | Percent Change in After-Tax Income ${ }^{4}$ | Share of Total Federal Tax Change | Average Federal Tax Change |  | Share of Federal Taxes |  | Average Federal Tax Rate ${ }^{5}$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | With Tax Cut | With Tax Increase |  |  | Dollars | Percent | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { Change (\% } \\ \hline \text { Points) } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | Under the Proposal | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { Change (\% } \\ \text { Points) } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | Under the Proposal |
| Less than 10 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | -0.9 | 0.0 | -7.8 |
| 10-20 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | -3.0 | 0.0 | -5.6 |
| 20-30 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 1.8 | 0.0 | 2.1 |
| 30-40 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | -0.1 | 9.2 | 0.0 | 9.6 |
| 40-50 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | -0.2 | 11.1 | 0.0 | 13.9 |
| 50-75 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | -0.4 | 27.0 | 0.0 | 17.2 |
| 75-100 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | -0.3 | 17.5 | 0.0 | 20.1 |
| 100-200 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | -0.3 | 19.0 | 0.0 | 22.9 |
| 200-500 | 0.0 | 41.2 | -0.6 | 10.4 | 1,376 | 2.0 | 0.0 | 7.5 | 0.5 | 24.3 |
| 500-1,000 | 0.0 | 84.1 | -3.1 | 19.3 | 16,095 | 9.8 | 0.2 | 3.0 | 2.4 | 26.4 |
| More than 1,000 | 0.1 | 95.1 | -6.2 | 70.3 | 127,776 | 14.3 | 0.9 | 7.8 | 4.3 | 34.3 |
| All | 0.0 | 0.4 | -0.2 | 100.0 | 81 | 1.4 | 0.0 | 100.0 | 0.2 | 13.9 |

Baseline Distribution of Income and Federal Taxes
by Cash Income Level, $2012{ }^{1}$

| Cash Income Level (thousands of 2009 dollars) ${ }^{2}$ | Tax Units ${ }^{3}$ |  | Average Income (Dollars) | Average <br> Federal Tax <br> Burden <br> (Dollars) | Average AfterTax Income ${ }^{4}$ (Dollars) | Average <br> Federal Tax Rate ${ }^{5}$ | Share of Pre- <br> Tax Income <br> Percent of <br> Total | $\begin{gathered} \hline \hline \text { Share of Post- } \\ \text { Tax Income } \\ \hline \text { Percent of } \\ \text { Total } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | Share of <br> Federal Taxes <br> Percent of <br> Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Number } \\ \text { (thousands) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Percent of } \\ \text { Total } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Less than 10 | 2,467 | 10.1 | 6,622 | -515 | 7,137 | -7.8 | 1.6 | 2.0 | -0.9 |
| 10-20 | 4,998 | 20.4 | 15,513 | -869 | 16,382 | -5.6 | 7.6 | 9.3 | -3.1 |
| 20-30 | 4,757 | 19.4 | 25,869 | 552 | 25,316 | 2.1 | 12.0 | 13.6 | 1.9 |
| 30-40 | 3,777 | 15.4 | 36,040 | 3,462 | 32,578 | 9.6 | 13.3 | 13.9 | 9.3 |
| 40-50 | 2,442 | 10.0 | 46,392 | 6,461 | 39,932 | 13.9 | 11.1 | 11.0 | 11.2 |
| 50-75 | 3,577 | 14.6 | 62,829 | 10,781 | 52,047 | 17.2 | 21.9 | 21.1 | 27.4 |
| 75-100 | 1,399 | 5.7 | 88,811 | 17,891 | 70,920 | 20.1 | 12.1 | 11.2 | 17.8 |
| 100-200 | 895 | 3.7 | 132,422 | 30,299 | 102,123 | 22.9 | 11.6 | 10.3 | 19.3 |
| 200-500 | 150 | 0.6 | 294,067 | 69,939 | 224,127 | 23.8 | 4.3 | 3.8 | 7.5 |
| 500-1,000 | 24 | 0.1 | 684,765 | 164,861 | 519,904 | 24.1 | 1.6 | 1.4 | 2.8 |
| More than 1,000 | 11 | 0.0 | 2,969,130 | 891,050 | 2,078,079 | 30.0 | 3.2 | 2.6 | 6.9 |
| All | 24,547 | 100.0 | 41,760 | 5,737 | 36,023 | 13.7 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 |

Source: Urban-Brookings Tax Policy Center Microsimulation Model (version 0509-1).
(1) Calendar year. Administration baseline extends the 2009 AMT patch and indexes the AMT exemption, rate bracket threshold, and phaseout exemption threshold for inflation; makes the 2001 and 2003 individual income tax cuts permanent and makes 2009 estate tax law permanent. The proposal would: (a) reinstate the 39.6 percent tax rate; (b) reinstate the 36 percent tax rate with a threshold of $\$ 250,000$ less the standard deduction and two personal exemptions for married couples filing jointly and $\$ 200,000$ less the standard deduction and one personal exemption for single filers, indexed for inflation after 2009; (c) reinstate the personal exemption phaseout and limitation on itemized deductions for those taxpayers with AGI over $\$ 250,000$ (married) and $\$ 200,000$ (single), indexed for inflation after 2009; and (d) impose a 20 percent rate on capital gains and qualified dividends for those taxpayers in the top two brackets.
(2) Tax units with negative cash income are excluded from the lowest income class but are included in the totals. For a description of cash income, see
http://www.taxpolicycenter.org/TaxModel/income.cfm
(3) Includes both filing and non-filing units but excludes those that are dependents of other tax units.
(4) After-tax income is cash income less: individual income tax net of refundable credits; corporate income tax; payroll taxes (Social Security and Medicare); and estate tax
(5) Average federal tax (includes individual and corporate income tax, payroll taxes for Social Security and Medicare, and the estate tax) as a percentage of average cash income.

## Table T09-0306

Administration's FY2010 Budget Proposals
Individual Income Tax Measures Affecting High Income Taxpayers
Against Administration Baseline
Distribution of Federal Tax Change by Cash Income Level, $2012{ }^{1}$
Detail Table - Tax Units with Children

| Cash Income Level (thousands of 2009 dollars) ${ }^{2}$ | Percent of Tax Units ${ }^{3}$ |  | Percent Change in After-Tax Income ${ }^{4}$ | Share of Total Federal Tax Change | Average Federal Tax Change |  | Share of Federal Taxes |  | Average Federal Tax Rate ${ }^{5}$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | With Tax Cut | With Tax Increase |  |  | Dollars | Percent | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { Change (\% } \\ \text { Points) } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | Under the Proposal | $\begin{gathered} \text { Change (\% } \\ \text { Points) } \end{gathered}$ | Under the Proposal |
| Less than 10 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | -0.2 | 0.0 | -11.6 |
| 10-20 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | -0.8 | 0.0 | -9.3 |
| 20-30 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | -0.1 | 0.0 | -0.7 |
| 30-40 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | -0.1 | 1.4 | 0.0 | 7.6 |
| 40-50 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | -0.1 | 2.2 | 0.0 | 12.4 |
| 50-75 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | -0.3 | 7.5 | 0.0 | 15.6 |
| 75-100 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | -0.4 | 9.6 | 0.0 | 18.0 |
| 100-200 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | -1.2 | 28.2 | 0.0 | 21.1 |
| 200-500 | 0.5 | 25.8 | -0.5 | 6.8 | 989 | 1.4 | -0.6 | 20.4 | 0.3 | 24.9 |
| 500-1,000 | 0.0 | 90.6 | -3.6 | 20.3 | 18,437 | 9.9 | 0.5 | 9.2 | 2.6 | 29.3 |
| More than 1,000 | 0.0 | 97.1 | -6.6 | 72.9 | 142,265 | 15.2 | 2.1 | 22.6 | 4.6 | 34.9 |
| All | 0.0 | 2.7 | -1.1 | 100.0 | 822 | 4.3 | 0.0 | 100.0 | 0.9 | 21.1 |

Baseline Distribution of Income and Federal Taxes
by Cash Income Level, 2012

| Cash Income Level (thousands of 2009 dollars) ${ }^{2}$ | Tax Units ${ }^{3}$ |  | Average Income (Dollars) | Average <br> Federal Tax <br> Burden <br> (Dollars) | Average AfterTax Income ${ }^{4}$ (Dollars) | $\begin{gathered} \text { Average } \\ \text { Federal Tax } \\ \text { Rate }^{5} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline \hline \text { Share of Pre- } \\ \text { Tax Income } \\ \hline \text { Percent of } \\ \text { Total } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | Share of Post- <br> Tax Income <br> Percent of <br> Total | Share of <br> Federal Taxes <br> Percent of <br> Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Number } \\ \text { (thousands) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { Percent of } \\ \text { Total } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Less than 10 | 2,948 | 6.0 | 6,225 | -722 | 6,947 | -11.6 | 0.4 | 0.6 | -0.2 |
| 10-20 | 5,596 | 11.4 | 15,695 | -1,458 | 17,153 | -9.3 | 1.9 | 2.6 | -0.9 |
| 20-30 | 5,687 | 11.6 | 25,809 | -172 | 25,980 | -0.7 | 3.1 | 4.0 | -0.1 |
| 30-40 | 4,892 | 10.0 | 36,039 | 2,754 | 33,285 | 7.6 | 3.8 | 4.4 | 1.4 |
| 40-50 | 3,846 | 7.8 | 46,542 | 5,774 | 40,768 | 12.4 | 3.8 | 4.2 | 2.3 |
| 50-75 | 7,413 | 15.1 | 64,136 | 10,006 | 54,130 | 15.6 | 10.1 | 10.7 | 7.8 |
| 75-100 | 5,821 | 11.8 | 90,376 | 16,297 | 74,078 | 18.0 | 11.2 | 11.5 | 10.0 |
| 100-200 | 9,378 | 19.1 | 141,540 | 29,821 | 111,719 | 21.1 | 28.3 | 28.0 | 29.4 |
| 200-500 | 2,778 | 5.7 | 292,361 | 71,682 | 220,679 | 24.5 | 17.3 | 16.4 | 20.9 |
| 500-1,000 | 445 | 0.9 | 702,705 | 187,184 | 515,521 | 26.6 | 6.7 | 6.1 | 8.8 |
| More than 1,000 | 207 | 0.4 | 3,097,146 | 937,935 | 2,159,211 | 30.3 | 13.7 | 12.0 | 20.4 |
| All | 49,155 | 100.0 | 95,419 | 19,342 | 76,077 | 20.3 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 |

Source: Urban-Brookings Tax Policy Center Microsimulation Model (version 0509-1).
Dote: Tax units with children are those cloiming an exemption for children at home or away from home.
(1) Calendar year. Administration baseline extends the 2009 AMT patch and indexes the AMT exemption, rate bracket threshold, and phaseout exemption threshold for inflation; makes the 2001 and 2003 individual income tax cuts permanent and makes 2009 estate tax law permanent. The proposal would: (a) reinstate the 39.6 percent tax rate; (b) reinstate the 36 percent tax rate with a threshold of $\$ 250,000$ less the standard deduction and two personal exemptions for married couples filing jointly and $\$ 200,000$ less the standard deduction and one personal exemption for single filers, indexed for inflation after 2009; (c) reinstate the personal exemption phaseout and limitation on itemized deductions for those taxpayers with AGI over $\$ 250,000$ (married) and $\$ 200,000$ (single), indexed for inflation after 2009; and (d) impose a 20 percent rate on capital gains and qualified dividends for those taxpayers in he top two brackets.
(2) Tax units with negative cash income are excluded from the lowest income class but are included in the totals. For a description of cash income, see
http://www.taxpolicycenter.org/TaxModel/income.cfm
(3) Includes both filing and non-filing units but excludes those that are dependents of other tax units.
( And (tacial Security and Medicare): and estate tax
(5) Average federal tax (includes individual and corporate income tax, payroll taxes for Social Security and Medicare, and the estate tax) as a percentage of average cash income.

## Table T09-0306

Administration's FY2010 Budget Proposals
Individual Income Tax Measures Affecting High Income Taxpayers
Against Administration Baseline
Distribution of Federal Tax Change by Cash Income Level, 2012

## Detail Table - Elderly Tax Units

| Cash Income Level (thousands of 2009 dollars) ${ }^{2}$ | Percent of Tax Units ${ }^{3}$ |  | Percent Change in After-Tax Income ${ }^{4}$ | Share of Total Federal Tax Change | Average Federal Tax Change |  | Share of Federal Taxes |  | Average Federal Tax Rate ${ }^{5}$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | With Tax Cut | With Tax Increase |  |  | Dollars | Percent | $\begin{gathered} \hline \begin{array}{c} \text { Change (\% } \\ \text { Points) } \end{array} \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | Under the Proposal | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { Change (\% } \\ \text { Points) } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | Under the Proposal |
| Less than 10 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.1 | 0.0 | 3.1 |
| 10-20 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.6 | 0.0 | 2.5 |
| 20-30 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | -0.1 | 1.3 | 0.0 | 4.3 |
| 30-40 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | -0.1 | 1.6 | 0.0 | 6.0 |
| 40-50 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | -0.1 | 1.7 | 0.0 | 6.6 |
| 50-75 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | -0.3 | 6.8 | 0.0 | 10.0 |
| 75-100 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | -0.3 | 7.0 | 0.0 | 13.2 |
| 100-200 | 0.0 | 0.1 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 2 | 0.0 | -0.9 | 18.1 | 0.0 | 17.7 |
| 200-500 | 1.4 | 29.0 | -0.4 | 5.7 | 972 | 1.4 | -0.6 | 18.6 | 0.3 | 22.6 |
| 500-1,000 | 0.5 | 72.8 | -2.1 | 14.6 | 11,472 | 6.6 | 0.2 | 10.9 | 1.6 | 26.1 |
| More than 1,000 | 0.1 | 91.1 | -5.4 | 79.6 | 115,962 | 12.5 | 2.3 | 33.2 | 3.8 | 33.8 |
| All | 0.1 | 2.1 | -1.0 | 100.0 | 631 | 4.9 | 0.0 | 100.0 | 0.8 | 18.0 |

Baseline Distribution of Income and Federal Taxes
by Cash Income Level, 2012

| Cash Income Level (thousands of 2009 dollars) ${ }^{2}$ | Tax Units ${ }^{3}$ |  | Average Income (Dollars) | Average <br> Federal Tax <br> Burden <br> (Dollars) | Average AfterTax Income ${ }^{4}$ (Dollars) | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Average } \\ & \text { Federal Tax } \\ & \text { Rate }^{5} \end{aligned}$ | Share of Pre- <br> Tax Income <br> Percent of <br> Total | Share of Post- <br> Tax Income <br> Percent of <br> Total | Share of <br> Federal Taxes <br> Percent of <br> Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Number } \\ \text { (thousands) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { Percent of } \\ \text { Total } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Less than 10 | 2,290 | 7.5 | 6,340 | 196 | 6,144 | 3.1 | 0.6 | 0.7 | 0.1 |
| 10-20 | 6,436 | 21.1 | 15,603 | 388 | 15,216 | 2.5 | 4.3 | 5.1 | 0.6 |
| 20-30 | 5,081 | 16.6 | 25,455 | 1,101 | 24,354 | 4.3 | 5.6 | 6.5 | 1.4 |
| 30-40 | 3,028 | 9.9 | 35,926 | 2,137 | 33,788 | 6.0 | 4.7 | 5.3 | 1.6 |
| 40-50 | 2,243 | 7.3 | 46,389 | 3,061 | 43,328 | 6.6 | 4.5 | 5.1 | 1.7 |
| 50-75 | 4,407 | 14.4 | 64,259 | 6,438 | 57,820 | 10.0 | 12.2 | 13.3 | 7.1 |
| 75-100 | 2,503 | 8.2 | 88,731 | 11,670 | 77,061 | 13.2 | 9.6 | 10.1 | 7.4 |
| 100-200 | 3,022 | 9.9 | 141,022 | 25,008 | 116,014 | 17.7 | 18.4 | 18.3 | 19.0 |
| 200-500 | 1,130 | 3.7 | 303,653 | 67,620 | 236,033 | 22.3 | 14.8 | 13.9 | 19.2 |
| 500-1,000 | 246 | 0.8 | 708,629 | 173,400 | 535,230 | 24.5 | 7.5 | 6.9 | 10.7 |
| More than 1,000 | 132 | 0.4 | 3,089,249 | 928,588 | 2,160,661 | 30.1 | 17.7 | 14.9 | 30.9 |
| All | 30,543 | 100.0 | 75,737 | 13,011 | 62,726 | 17.2 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 |

Source: Urban-Brookings Tax Policy Center Microsimulation Model (version 0509-1).
ote: Elderly tax units are those with either head or spouse (if filing jointly) age 65 or older
(1) Calendar year. Administration baseline extends the 2009 AMT patch and indexes the AMT exemption, rate bracket threshold, and phaseout exemption threshold for inflation; makes the 2001 and 2003 individual income tax cuts permanent and makes 2009 estate tax law permanent. The proposal would: (a) reinstate the 39.6 percent tax rate; (b) reinstate the 36 percent tax rate with a threshold of $\$ 250,000$ less the standard deduction and two personal exemptions for married couples filing jointly and $\$ 200,000$ less the standard deduction and one personal exemption for single filers, indexed for inflation after 2009; (c) reinstate the personal exemption phaseout and limitation on itemized deductions for those taxpayers with AGI over $\$ 250,000$ (married) and $\$ 200,000$ (single), indexed for inflation after 2009; and (d) impose a 20 percent rate on capital gains and qualified dividends for those taxpayers in the top two brackets.
(2) Tax units with negative cash income are excluded from the lowest income class but are included in the totals. For a description of cash income, see
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(3) Includes both filing and non-filing units but excludes those that are dependents of other tax units.
(4) After-tax income is cash incone less indivial

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(5) Average federal tax (includes individual and corporate income tax, payroll taxes for Social Security and Medicare, and the estate tax) as a percentage of average cash income.

