Click on PDF or Excel link above for additional tables containing more detail and breakdowns by filing status and demographic groups.

Table T09-0286 Administration's Fiscal Year 2010 Budget Proposals Major Individual Income Tax Provisions Baseline: Current Law Distribution of Federal Tax Change by Cash Income Level, 2012 Summary Table

Cash Income Level	Percent of T	Cax Units ³	Percent Change in After-Tax Income 4	Share of Total	Average	Average Fede	eral Tax Rate ⁵
(thousands of 2009 dollars) ²	With Tax Cut	With Tax Increase		Federal Tax Change	Federal Tax Change (\$)	Change (% Points)	Under the Proposal
Less than 10	67.1	0.0	5.9	1.8	-316	-5.6	-0.1
10-20	69.3	0.2	4.5	5.2	-654	-4.2	1.2
20-30	83.4	0.2	4.8	7.6	-1,092	-4.3	6.5
30-40	91.4	0.2	4.4	7.2	-1,361	-3.8	11.1
40-50	94.3	0.1	3.8	6.2	-1,468	-3.2	14.1
50-75	97.9	0.1	3.6	13.9	-1,857	-2.9	16.5
75-100	99.4	0.0	3.8	12.6	-2,656	-3.0	18.5
100-200	99.6	0.0	4.3	30.9	-4,539	-3.2	21.3
200-500	98.6	1.2	3.2	13.4	-6,822	-2.3	24.7
500-1,000	75.3	23.9	0.8	1.4	-4,040	-0.6	27.9
More than 1,000	52.3	47.4	-0.1	-0.2	1,162	0.0	33.9
All	87.1	0.5	3.3	100.0	-1,936	-2.5	20.8

Source: Urban-Brookings Tax Policy Center Microsimulation Model (version 0509-1).

Number of AMT Taxpayers (millions). Baseline: 18.2 Proposal: 4.1

- (g) change the threshold for the 36-percent tax bracket to \$250,000 less the standard deduction and two personal exemptions for married couples filing jointly and \$200,000 less the standard deduction and one personal exemption for single filers, indexed for inflation after 2009; (h) set the thresholds for the personal exemption phase-out and limitation on itemized deductions to \$250,000 of AGI (married) and \$200,000 (single), indexed for inflation after 2009; (i) impose a 20 percent rate on capital gains and qualified dividends for taxpayers in the top two tax brackets and repeal the 8 percent and 18 percent rates for assets held for more than 5 years; (j) limit value of itemized deduction to 28 percent; (k) maintain the estate tax at its 2009 parameters; (l) extend the 2001 and 2003 tax cuts for low and middle income individuals (marriage penalty relief, the 10, 15, 25, 28 percent brackets, the 15 percent rate on capital gains and qualified dividends for taxpayers in those brackets, the \$1,000 child tax credit, and the expanded child and dependent care credit).
- (2) Tax units with negative cash income are excluded from the lowest income class but are included in the totals. For a description of cash income, see http://www.taxpolicycenter.org/TaxModel/income.cfm
- (3) Includes both filing and non-filing units but excludes those that are dependents of other tax units.
- (4) After-tax income is cash income less: individual income tax net of refundable credits; corporate income tax; payroll taxes (Social Security and Medicare); and estate tax.
- (5) Average federal tax (includes individual and corporate income tax, payroll taxes for Social Security and Medicare, and the estate tax) as a percentage of average cash income.

Table T09-0286 Administration's Fiscal Year 2010 Budget Proposals Major Individual Income Tax Provisions Baseline: Current Law

Distribution of Federal Tax Change by Cash Income Level, 2012 Detail Table

Cash Income Level	Percent of T	ax Units 3	Percent Change	Share of Total	Average Feder	ral Tax Change	Share of Fe	deral Taxes	Average Fede	ral Tax Rate ⁵
(thousands of 2009 dollars) ²	With Tax Cut	With Tax Increase	- in After-Tax Income ⁴	Federal Tax Change	Dollars	Percent	Change (% Points)	Under the Proposal	Change (% Points)	Under the Proposal
Less than 10	67.1	0.0	5.9	1.8	-316	-102.2	-0.2	0.0	-5.6	-0.1
10-20	69.3	0.2	4.5	5.2	-654	-78.4	-0.6	0.2	-4.2	1.2
20-30	83.4	0.2	4.8	7.6	-1,092	-39.6	-0.7	1.4	-4.3	6.5
30-40	91.4	0.2	4.4	7.2	-1,361	-25.3	-0.5	2.6	-3.8	11.1
40-50	94.3	0.1	3.8	6.2	-1,468	-18.3	-0.3	3.4	-3.2	14.1
50-75	97.9	0.1	3.6	13.9	-1,857	-15.0	-0.5	9.6	-2.9	16.5
75-100	99.4	0.0	3.8	12.6	-2,656	-13.8	-0.3	9.6	-3.0	18.5
100-200	99.6	0.0	4.3	30.9	-4,539	-13.2	-0.7	24.9	-3.2	21.3
200-500	98.6	1.2	3.2	13.4	-6,822	-8.6	0.4	17.5	-2.3	24.7
500-1,000	75.3	23.9	0.8	1.4	-4,040	-2.0	0.8	8.3	-0.6	27.9
More than 1,000	52.3	47.4	-0.1	-0.2	1,162	0.1	2.5	22.5	0.0	33.9
All	87.1	0.5	3.3	100.0	-1.936	-10.9	0.0	100.0	-2.5	20.8

Baseline Distribution of Income and Federal Taxes by Cash Income Level, 2012 ¹

Cash Income Level (thousands of 2009	Tax	Units ³	Average	Average Federal Tax	Average After-	Average Federal Tax	Share of Pre- Tax Income	Share of Post- Tax Income	Share of Federal Taxes
dollars) ²	Number (thousands)	Percent of Total	Income (Dollars)	Burden (Dollars)	Tax Income ⁴ (Dollars)	Rate 5	Percent of Total	Percent of Total	Percent of Total
Less than 10	16,867	10.7	5,698	310	5,388	5.4	0.8	1.0	0.2
10-20	24,202	15.4	15,471	834	14,637	5.4	3.1	3.9	0.7
20-30	21,129	13.4	25,711	2,761	22,949	10.7	4.5	5.3	2.1
30-40	16,119	10.2	36,076	5,370	30,706	14.9	4.9	5.4	3.1
40-50	12,811	8.1	46,449	8,034	38,416	17.3	5.0	5.4	3.7
50-75	22,730	14.5	63,828	12,414	51,415	19.5	12.1	12.7	10.1
75-100	14,433	9.2	89,794	19,270	70,524	21.5	10.8	11.1	9.9
100-200	20,762	13.2	140,646	34,422	106,224	24.5	24.4	24.0	25.5
200-500	5,989	3.8	294,838	79,626	215,213	27.0	14.7	14.0	17.0
500-1,000	1,052	0.7	703,124	200,119	503,005	28.5	6.2	5.8	7.5
More than 1,000	533	0.3	3,105,866	1,050,659	2,055,206	33.8	13.8	11.9	20.0
All	157,348	100.0	76,169	17,790	58,378	23.4	100.0	100.0	100.0

Source: Urban-Brookings Tax Policy Center Microsimulation Model (version 0509-1).

Number of AMT Taxpayers (millions). Baseline: 18.2 Proposal: 4.1

- (3) Includes both filing and non-filing units but excludes those that are dependents of other tax units.
- (4) After-tax income is cash income less: individual income tax net of refundable credits; corporate income tax; payroll taxes (Social Security and Medicare); and estate tax.
- (5) Average federal tax (includes individual and corporate income tax, payroll taxes for Social Security and Medicare, and the estate tax) as a percentage of average cash income.

⁽¹⁾ Calendar year. Baseline is current law. Proposal would: (a) extend the Making Work Pay Credit, reduce the phase-out rate to 1.6 percent, and index the phase-out thesholds for inflation after 2010; (b) extend the higher EITC credit value for families with 3 children and higher phase-out threshold for married couples; (c) modify the saver's credit making it equal to 50% of the first \$500 of retirement savings (\$1,000 for couples) and fully refundable; (d) create automatic 401(k)s and IRAs; (e) extend the American Opportunity Tax Credit; (f) extend the savings (\$1,000 for couples) and fully refundable; (d) create automatic 401(k)s and IRAs; (e) extend the American Opportunity Tax Credit; (f) extend the savings (\$1,000 for couples) and fully refundable; (d) create automatic 401(k)s and IRAs; (e) extend the American Opportunity Tax Credit; (f) extend the savings (\$1,000 for couples) and fully refundable; (d) credit refundable; (d) credit refundable; (d) credit refundable; (e) extend the American Opportunity Tax Credit; (f) extend the savings (\$1,000 for couples) and fully refundable; (d) credit refundable; (d) credit refundable; (e) and IRAs; (e) extend the American Opportunity Tax Credit; (f) extend the savings (\$1,000 for couples) and fully refundable; (d) credit refundable; (d) credit refundable; (d) credit refundable; (e) and (e) and (e) are savings (\$1,000 for couples) and (e) are savings (\$1,000 for cou

⁽g) change the threshold for the 36-percent tax bracket to \$250,000 less the standard deduction and two personal exemptions for married couples filing jointly and \$200,000 less the standard deduction and one personal exemption for single filers, indexed for inflation after 2009; (h) set the thresholds for the personal exemption phase-out and limitation on itemized deductions to \$250,000 of AGI (married) and \$200,000 (single), indexed for inflation after 2009; (i) impose a 20 percent rate on capital gains and qualified dividends for taxpayers in the top two tax brackets and repeal the 8 percent and 18 percent rates for assets held for more than 5 years; (j) limit value of itemized deduction to 28 percent; (k) maintain the estate tax at its 2009 parameters; (l) extend the 2001 and 2003 tax cuts for low and middle income individuals (marriage penalty relief, the 10, 15, 25, 28 percent brackets, the 15 percent rate on capital gains and qualified dividends for taxpayers in those brackets, the \$1,000 child tax credit, and the expanded child and dependent care credit).

⁽²⁾ Tax units with negative cash income are excluded from the lowest income class but are included in the totals. For a description of cash income, see http://www.taxpolicycenter.org/TaxModel/income.cfm

Table T09-0286 Administration's Fiscal Year 2010 Budget Proposals Major Individual Income Tax Provisions

Baseline: Current Law

Distribution of Federal Tax Change by Cash Income Level, 2012¹

Detail Table - Single Tax Units

Cash Income Level	Percent of T	ax Units 3	Percent Change	Share of Total	Average Feder	ral Tax Change	Share of Fe	deral Taxes	Average Federal Tax Rate ⁵	
thousands of 2009 dollars) ²	With Tax Cut	With Tax Increase	- in After-Tax Income ⁴	Federal Tax Change	Dollars	Percent	Change (% Points)	Under the Proposal	Change (% Points)	Under the Proposal
Less than 10	66.7	0.0	5.1	5.3	-265	-54.9	-0.4	0.4	-4.7	3.8
10-20	62.7	0.3	3.0	10.3	-423	-30.2	-0.7	2.3	-2.8	6.4
20-30	80.8	0.2	3.3	13.0	-710	-19.1	-0.7	5.3	-2.8	11.7
30-40	94.0	0.1	3.0	11.0	-882	-13.3	-0.4	6.9	-2.5	16.0
40-50	98.0	0.0	2.4	8.8	-901	-9.5	-0.1	8.1	-1.9	18.6
50-75	98.9	0.0	2.6	17.8	-1,235	-8.5	0.1	18.5	-2.0	21.1
75-100	99.3	0.0	2.7	10.7	-1,801	-7.9	0.1	12.1	-2.0	23.7
100-200	98.8	0.1	2.8	15.5	-2,761	-7.4	0.3	18.6	-2.0	25.1
200-500	96.1	3.5	2.4	6.5	-5,029	-5.8	0.3	10.2	-1.7	27.3
500-1,000	76.1	23.1	0.9	1.0	-4,338	-2.0	0.3	4.7	-0.6	31.0
More than 1,000	54.1	45.2	0.1	0.1	-876	-0.1	1.1	12.9	0.0	36.6
All	81.5	0.2	2.6	100.0	-886	-8.8	0.0	100.0	-2.0	20.9

Baseline Distribution of Income and Federal Taxes by Cash Income Level, 2012 ¹

Cash Income Level (thousands of 2009	Tax	Units ³	Average	Average Federal Tax	Average After-	Average Federal Tax	Share of Pre- Tax Income	Share of Post- Tax Income	Share of Federal Taxes
dollars) ²	Number (thousands)	Percent of Total	Income (Dollars)	Burden (Dollars)	Tax Income ⁴ (Dollars)	Rate 5	Percent of Total	Percent of Total	Percent of Total
Less than 10	12,093	17.5	5,684	483	5,201	8.5	2.3	2.7	0.8
10-20	14,849	21.5	15,322	1,400	13,922	9.1	7.5	8.9	3.0
20-30	11,214	16.3	25,573	3,710	21,863	14.5	9.5	10.5	6.0
30-40	7,581	11.0	36,006	6,645	29,360	18.5	9.0	9.6	7.3
40-50	5,967	8.7	46,386	9,506	36,879	20.5	9.2	9.4	8.2
50-75	8,814	12.8	62,955	14,498	48,457	23.0	18.4	18.3	18.4
75-100	3,630	5.3	88,784	22,839	65,945	25.7	10.7	10.3	11.9
100-200	3,425	5.0	136,925	37,103	99,822	27.1	15.5	14.7	18.3
200-500	789	1.1	299,674	86,825	212,849	29.0	7.8	7.2	9.9
500-1,000	138	0.2	695,858	220,104	475,753	31.6	3.2	2.8	4.4
More than 1,000	75	0.1	2,961,621	1,085,900	1,875,721	36.7	7.4	6.1	11.8
All	68,932	100.0	43,878	10,073	33,804	23.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

Source: Urban-Brookings Tax Policy Center Microsimulation Model (version 0509-1).

- (2) Tax units with negative cash income are excluded from the lowest income class but are included in the totals. For a description of cash income, see
- http://www.taxpolicycenter.org/TaxModel/income.cfm
- (3) Includes both filing and non-filing units but excludes those that are dependents of other tax units.
- (4) After-tax income is cash income less: individual income tax net of refundable credits; corporate income tax; payroll taxes (Social Security and Medicare); and estate tax.
- (5) Average federal tax (includes individual and corporate income tax, payroll taxes for Social Security and Medicare, and the estate tax) as a percentage of average cash income.

⁽g) change the threshold for the 36-percent tax bracket to \$250,000 less the standard deduction and two personal exemptions for married couples filing jointly and \$200,000 less the standard deduction and one personal exemption for single filers, indexed for inflation after 2009; (h) set the thresholds for the personal exemption phase-out and limitation on itemized deductions to \$250,000 of AGI (married) and \$200,000 (single), indexed for inflation after 2009; (i) impose a 20 percent rate on capital gains and qualified dividends for taxpayers in the top two tax brackets and repeal the 8 percent rates for assets held for more than 5 years; (j) limit value of itemized deduction to 28 percent; (k) maintain the estate tax at its 2009 parameters; (l) extend the 2001 and 2003 tax cuts for low and middle income individuals (marriage penalty relief, the 10, 15, 25, 28 percent brackets, the 15 percent rate on capital gains and qualified dividends for taxpayers in those brackets, the \$1,000 child tax credit, and the expanded child and dependent care credit).

Table T09-0286

Administration's Fiscal Year 2010 Budget Proposals

Major Individual Income Tax Provisions

Baseline: Current Law Distribution of Federal Tax Change by Cash Income Level, 2012^1

Detail Table - Married Tax Units Filing Jointly

Cash Income Level	Percent of T	Cax Units 3	Percent Change	Share of Total	Average Feder	ral Tax Change	Share of Fe	deral Taxes	Average Fede	ral Tax Rate ⁵
(thousands of 2009 dollars) ²	With Tax Cut	With Tax Increase	- in After-Tax Income ⁴	Federal Tax Change	Dollars	Percent	Change (% Points)	Under the Proposal	Change (% Points)	Under the Proposal
Less than 10	50.1	0.0	6.4	0.3	-289	-114.4	0.0	0.0	-6.1	-0.8
10-20	66.6	0.0	5.7	1.8	-875	-157.6	-0.2	-0.1	-5.5	-2.0
20-30	75.7	0.3	6.2	3.6	-1,480	-82.4	-0.4	0.1	-5.7	1.2
30-40	80.4	0.5	5.7	4.1	-1,838	-49.7	-0.4	0.5	-5.1	5.1
40-50	85.8	0.2	5.1	4.2	-2,078	-35.2	-0.4	0.9	-4.5	8.2
50-75	96.3	0.1	4.2	11.4	-2,296	-22.0	-0.7	4.8	-3.5	12.6
75-100	99.4	0.0	4.1	13.7	-2,993	-17.0	-0.6	7.9	-3.3	16.2
100-200	99.8	0.0	4.6	41.0	-5,012	-14.8	-1.4	27.9	-3.5	20.4
200-500	99.2	0.6	3.4	18.1	-7,216	-9.2	0.3	21.2	-2.5	24.3
500-1,000	75.9	23.2	0.8	1.8	-4,129	-2.1	0.9	10.1	-0.6	27.4
More than 1,000	52.6	47.2	0.0	-0.2	714	0.1	2.8	26.5	0.0	33.4
All	90.1	0.8	3.4	100.0	-3,243	-10.6	0.0	100.0	-2.6	21.8

Baseline Distribution of Income and Federal Taxes by Cash Income Level, 2012 ¹

Cash Income Level (thousands of 2009	Tax	Units ³	Average	Average Federal Tax	Average After-	Average Federal Tax	Share of Pre- Tax Income	Share of Post- Tax Income	Share of Federal Taxes
dollars) 2	Number (thousands)	Percent of Total	Income (Dollars)	Burden (Dollars)	Tax Income ⁴ (Dollars)	Rate 5	Percent of Total	Percent of Total	Percent of Total
Less than 10	2,164	3.5	4,748	253	4,495	5.3	0.1	0.2	0.0
10-20	4,064	6.6	15,973	555	15,418	3.5	0.8	1.1	0.1
20-30	4,828	7.9	25,857	1,795	24,062	6.9	1.6	2.0	0.5
30-40	4,406	7.2	36,192	3,696	32,495	10.2	2.1	2.5	0.9
40-50	4,057	6.6	46,612	5,909	40,704	12.7	2.5	2.8	1.3
50-75	9,840	16.0	64,984	10,462	54,522	16.1	8.3	9.2	5.5
75-100	9,114	14.9	90,400	17,634	72,767	19.5	10.7	11.3	8.5
100-200	16,285	26.5	141,926	33,901	108,025	23.9	29.9	30.1	29.3
200-500	4,998	8.2	294,061	78,523	215,538	26.7	19.0	18.4	20.9
500-1,000	880	1.4	704,704	197,246	507,457	28.0	8.0	7.6	9.2
More than 1,000	437	0.7	3,067,872	1,022,576	2,045,296	33.3	17.3	15.3	23.7
All	61,357	100.0	126,020	30,683	95,337	24.4	100.0	100.0	100.0

Source: Urban-Brookings Tax Policy Center Microsimulation Model (version 0509-1).

- (2) Tax units with negative cash income are excluded from the lowest income class but are included in the totals. For a description of cash income, see
- http://www.taxpolicycenter.org/TaxModel/income.cfm
- (3) Includes both filing and non-filing units but excludes those that are dependents of other tax units.
- (4) After-tax income is cash income less: individual income tax net of refundable credits; corporate income tax; payroll taxes (Social Security and Medicare); and estate tax.
- (5) Average federal tax (includes individual and corporate income tax, payroll taxes for Social Security and Medicare, and the estate tax) as a percentage of average cash income.

⁽g) change the threshold for the 36-percent tax bracket to \$250,000 less the standard deduction and two personal exemptions for married couples filing jointly and \$200,000 less the standard deduction and one personal exemption for single filers, indexed for inflation after 2009; (h) set the thresholds for the personal exemption phase-out and limitation on itemized deductions to \$250,000 of AGI (married) and \$200,000 (single), indexed for inflation after 2009; (i) impose a 20 percent rate on capital gains and qualified dividends for taxpayers in the top two tax brackets and repeal the 8 percent rates for assets held for more than 5 years; (j) limit value of itemized deduction to 28 percent; (k) maintain the estate tax at its 2009 parameters; (l) extend the 2001 and 2003 tax cuts for low and middle income individuals (marriage penalty relief, the 10, 15, 25, 28 percent brackets, the 15 percent rate on capital gains and qualified dividends for taxpayers in those brackets, the \$1,000 child tax credit, and the expanded child and dependent care credit).

Table T09-0286

Administration's Fiscal Year 2010 Budget Proposals Major Individual Income Tax Provisions

Baseline: Current Law

Distribution of Federal Tax Change by Cash Income Level, 2012^1

Detail Table - Head of Household Tax Units

Cash Income Level	Percent of T	ax Units 3	Percent Change	Share of Total	Average Feder	ral Tax Change	Share of Fe	deral Taxes	Average Fede	ral Tax Rate ⁵
(thousands of 2009 dollars) ²	With Tax Cut	With Tax Increase	- in After-Tax Income ⁴	Federal Tax Change	Dollars	Percent	Change (% Points)	Under the Proposal	Change (% Points)	Under the Proposal
Less than 10	82.8	0.0	8.4	3.6	-597	117.2	-1.4	-2.2	-9.0	-16.7
10-20	89.6	0.0	7.2	14.3	-1,160	161.8	-5.3	-7.5	-7.5	-12.1
20-30	96.1	0.1	6.6	18.8	-1,605	-118.8	-4.8	-1.0	-6.2	-1.0
30-40	98.4	0.0	5.7	16.6	-1,786	-39.2	-2.0	8.4	-5.0	7.7
40-50	98.4	0.1	4.7	11.0	-1,820	-23.8	0.1	11.4	-3.9	12.6
50-75	99.5	0.0	4.2	18.7	-2,117	-17.3	2.5	28.9	-3.4	16.1
75-100	99.5	0.0	3.9	9.3	-2,697	-13.5	2.5	19.4	-3.0	19.5
100-200	99.6	0.0	2.9	6.4	-2,886	-8.7	3.7	21.6	-2.2	22.8
200-500	94.1	5.5	1.8	1.5	-4,020	-5.3	1.7	8.6	-1.4	24.4
500-1,000	58.0	41.8	0.2	0.1	-1,053	-0.6	0.8	3.5	-0.2	26.5
More than 1,000	39.7	60.1	-0.4	-0.2	7,525	0.7	2.2	8.9	0.3	34.4
All	94.7	0.1	4.7	100.0	-1,654	-24.5	0.0	100.0	-4.0	12.2

Baseline Distribution of Income and Federal Taxes by Cash Income Level, 2012 ¹

Cash Income Level (thousands of 2009	Tax	Units ³	Average	Average Federal Tax	Average After-	Average Federal Tax	Share of Pre- Tax Income	Share of Post- Tax Income	Share of Federal Taxes
dollars) 2	Number (thousands)	Percent of Total	Income (Dollars)	Burden (Dollars)	Tax Income ⁴ (Dollars)	Rate 5	Percent of Total	Percent of Total	Percent of Total
Less than 10	2,467	10.1	6,622	-509	7,131	-7.7	1.6	2.1	-0.8
10-20	4,998	20.4	15,513	-717	16,230	-4.6	7.6	9.4	-2.2
20-30	4,757	19.4	25,869	1,351	24,518	5.2	12.0	13.6	3.9
30-40	3,777	15.4	36,040	4,562	31,478	12.7	13.3	13.8	10.4
40-50	2,442	10.0	46,392	7,663	38,730	16.5	11.1	11.0	11.3
50-75	3,577	14.6	62,829	12,250	50,579	19.5	21.9	21.1	26.4
75-100	1,399	5.7	88,811	20,042	68,768	22.6	12.1	11.2	16.9
100-200	895	3.7	132,422	33,071	99,351	25.0	11.6	10.4	17.8
200-500	150	0.6	294,067	75,703	218,363	25.7	4.3	3.8	6.9
500-1,000	24	0.1	684,765	182,588	502,177	26.7	1.6	1.4	2.6
More than 1,000	11	0.0	2,969,130	1,013,529	1,955,600	34.1	3.2	2.5	6.7
All	24,547	100.0	41,760	6,757	35,003	16.2	100.0	100.0	100.0

Source: Urban-Brookings Tax Policy Center Microsimulation Model (version 0509-1).

- (2) Tax units with negative cash income are excluded from the lowest income class but are included in the totals. For a description of cash income, see
- http://www.taxpolicycenter.org/TaxModel/income.cfm
- (3) Includes both filing and non-filing units but excludes those that are dependents of other tax units.
- (4) After-tax income is cash income less: individual income tax net of refundable credits; corporate income tax; payroll taxes (Social Security and Medicare); and estate tax.
- (5) Average federal tax (includes individual and corporate income tax, payroll taxes for Social Security and Medicare, and the estate tax) as a percentage of average cash income.

⁽g) change the threshold for the 36-percent tax bracket to \$250,000 less the standard deduction and two personal exemptions for married couples filing jointly and \$200,000 less the standard deduction and one personal exemption for single filers, indexed for inflation after 2009; (h) set the thresholds for the personal exemption phase-out and limitation on itemized deductions to \$250,000 of AGI (married) and \$200,000 (single), indexed for inflation after 2009; (i) impose a 20 percent rate on capital gains and qualified dividends for taxpayers in the top two tax brackets and repeal the 8 percent rates for assets held for more than 5 years; (j) limit value of itemized deduction to 28 percent; (k) maintain the estate tax at its 2009 parameters; (l) extend the 2001 and 2003 tax cuts for low and middle income individuals (marriage penalty relief, the 10, 15, 25, 28 percent brackets, the 15 percent rate on capital gains and qualified dividends for taxpayers in those brackets, the \$1,000 child tax credit, and the expanded child and dependent care credit).

Table T09-0286

Administration's Fiscal Year 2010 Budget Proposals

Major Individual Income Tax Provisions

Baseline: Current Law

Distribution of Federal Tax Change by Cash Income Level, 2012¹

Detail Table - Tax Units with Children

Cash Income Level	Percent of T	Cax Units 3	Percent Change	Share of Total	Average Fede	ral Tax Change	Share of Fe	deral Taxes	Average Fede	ral Tax Rate ⁵
(thousands of 2009 dollars) ²	With Tax Cut	With Tax Increase	- in After-Tax Income ⁴	Federal Tax Change	Dollars	Percent	Change (% Points)	Under the Proposal	Change (% Points)	Under the Proposal
Less than 10	83.1	0.0	9.2	1.2	-639	91.0	-0.2	-0.4	-10.3	-21.6
10-20	96.5	0.0	8.6	5.2	-1,456	115.8	-1.0	-1.6	-9.3	-17.3
20-30	98.5	0.1	8.7	7.9	-2,167	-249.6	-1.2	-0.8	-8.4	-5.0
30-40	99.4	0.0	7.7	7.6	-2,439	-58.5	-1.0	0.9	-6.8	4.8
40-50	99.3	0.1	6.6	6.4	-2,597	-35.4	-0.6	1.9	-5.6	10.2
50-75	99.8	0.0	5.3	13.2	-2,789	-23.6	-0.9	7.1	-4.4	14.1
75-100	99.9	0.0	4.9	13.1	-3,525	-18.7	-0.5	9.5	-3.9	17.0
100-200	100.0	0.0	5.1	32.8	-5,471	-15.9	-0.6	28.7	-3.9	20.4
200-500	99.1	0.8	3.3	12.5	-7,043	-8.9	1.3	21.3	-2.4	24.8
500-1,000	70.7	29.0	0.6	0.8	-2,886	-1.4	1.3	9.7	-0.4	29.3
More than 1,000	42.7	57.1	-0.3	-0.8	6,073	0.6	3.5	23.7	0.2	34.9
All	97.6	0.6	4.4	100.0	-3,185	-14.2	0.0	100.0	-3.3	20.1

Baseline Distribution of Income and Federal Taxes by Cash Income Level, 2012 ¹

Cash Income Level (thousands of 2009	Tax	Units ³	Average	Average Federal Tax	Average After-	Average Federal Tax	Share of Pre- Tax Income	Share of Post- Tax Income	Share of Federal Taxes
dollars) ²	Number (thousands)	Percent of Total	Income (Dollars)	Burden (Dollars)	Tax Income ⁴ (Dollars)	Rate 5	Percent of Total	Percent of Total	Percent of Total
Less than 10	2,948	6.0	6,225	-702	6,927	-11.3	0.4	0.6	-0.2
10-20	5,596	11.4	15,695	-1,257	16,952	-8.0	1.9	2.6	-0.6
20-30	5,687	11.6	25,809	868	24,941	3.4	3.1	4.0	0.5
30-40	4,892	10.0	36,039	4,173	31,866	11.6	3.8	4.3	1.9
40-50	3,846	7.8	46,542	7,336	39,205	15.8	3.8	4.2	2.6
50-75	7,413	15.1	64,136	11,798	52,338	18.4	10.1	10.8	7.9
75-100	5,821	11.8	90,376	18,883	71,492	20.9	11.2	11.6	10.0
100-200	9,378	19.1	141,540	34,321	107,220	24.3	28.3	28.0	29.2
200-500	2,778	5.7	292,361	79,483	212,878	27.2	17.3	16.5	20.1
500-1,000	445	0.9	702,705	208,478	494,227	29.7	6.7	6.1	8.4
More than 1,000	207	0.4	3,097,146	1,074,354	2,022,791	34.7	13.7	11.7	20.2
All	49,155	100.0	95,419	22,395	73,024	23.5	100.0	100.0	100.0

Source: Urban-Brookings Tax Policy Center Microsimulation Model (version 0509-1).

Note: Tax units with children are those claiming an exemption for children at home or away from home.

- (3) Includes both filing and non-filing units but excludes those that are dependents of other tax units.
- (4) After-tax income is cash income less: individual income tax net of refundable credits; corporate income tax; payroll taxes (Social Security and Medicare); and estate tax.
- (5) Average federal tax (includes individual and corporate income tax, payroll taxes for Social Security and Medicare, and the estate tax) as a percentage of average cash income.

⁽¹⁾ Calendar year. Baseline is current law. Proposal would: (a) extend the Making Work Pay Credit, reduce the phase-out rate to 1.6 percent, and index the phase-out thesholds for inflation after 2010; (b) extend the higher EITC credit value for families with 3 children and higher phase-out threshold for married couples; (c) modify the saver's credit making it equal to 50% of the first \$500 of retirement savings (\$1,000 for couples) and fully refundable; (d) create automatic 401(k)s and IRAs; (e) extend the American Opportunity Tax Credit; (f) extend the \$3,000 child tax credit refundability threshold; (g) change the threshold for the 36-percent tax bracket to \$250,000 less the standard deduction and two personal exemptions for married couples filing jointly and \$200,000 less the standard deduction and one personal exemption phase-out and limitation on itemized deductions to \$250,000 of AGI (married) and \$200,000 (single), indexed for inflation after 2009; (i) impose a 20 percent rate on capital gains and qualified dividends for taxpayers in the top two tax brackets and repeal the 8 percent and 18 percent rates for assets held for more than 5 years; (j) limit value of itemized deduction to 28 percent; (k) maintain the estate tax at its 2009 parameters;

⁽¹⁾ extend the 2001 and 2003 tax cuts for low and middle income individuals (marriage penalty relief, the 10, 15, 25, 28 percent brackets, the 15 percent rate on capital gains and qualified dividends for taxpayers in those brackets, the \$1,000 child tax credit, and the expanded child and dependent care credit).

⁽²⁾ Tax units with negative cash income are excluded from the lowest income class but are included in the totals. For a description of cash income, see http://www.taxpolicycenter.org/TaxModel/income.cfm

Table T09-0286 Administration's Fiscal Year 2010 Budget Proposals Major Individual Income Tax Provisions

Baseline: Current Law

Distribution of Federal Tax Change by Cash Income Level, 2012 ¹ Detail Table - Elderly Tax Units

Cash Income Level	Percent of T	Cax Units 3	Percent Change	Share of Total	Average Feder	ral Tax Change	Share of Fe	deral Taxes	Average Federal Tax Rate ⁵	
(thousands of 2009 dollars) ²	With Tax Cut	With Tax Increase	in After-Tax Income ⁴	Federal Tax Change	Dollars	Percent	Change (% Points)	Under the Proposal	Change (% Points)	Under the Proposal
Less than 10	15.6	0.0	0.9	0.3	-53	-26.6	0.0	0.1	-0.8	2.3
10-20	23.2	0.1	0.6	1.7	-96	-22.3	-0.1	0.5	-0.6	2.1
20-30	47.1	0.2	1.2	3.9	-282	-21.7	-0.2	1.2	-1.1	4.0
30-40	64.7	0.2	1.3	3.6	-444	-18.1	-0.2	1.4	-1.2	5.6
40-50	72.9	0.2	1.3	3.4	-559	-14.5	-0.1	1.7	-1.2	7.1
50-75	91.0	0.1	2.0	13.7	-1,152	-15.1	-0.6	6.7	-1.8	10.1
75-100	97.6	0.0	2.4	12.4	-1,826	-13.2	-0.4	7.1	-2.1	13.6
100-200	98.8	0.1	3.4	31.0	-3,797	-12.7	-1.0	18.5	-2.7	18.5
200-500	98.7	0.8	3.4	22.9	-7,508	-9.4	-0.3	19.1	-2.5	23.8
500-1,000	82.8	14.3	1.4	4.6	-6,899	-3.5	0.5	11.0	-1.0	26.9
More than 1,000	63.1	36.6	0.4	2.5	-7,111	-0.7	2.4	32.7	-0.2	34.1
All	61.2	0.4	2.0	100.0	-1,212	-8.0	0.0	100.0	-1.6	18.5

Baseline Distribution of Income and Federal Taxes by Cash Income Level, 2012 ¹

Cash Income Level (thousands of 2009 dollars) ²	Tax Units ³		Average	Average Federal Tax	Average After-	Average Federal Tax	Share of Pre- Tax Income	Share of Post- Tax Income	Share of Federal Taxes
	Number (thousands)	Percent of Total	(Dollars)	Burden (Dollars)	Tax Income ⁴ (Dollars)	Rate 5	Percent of Total	Percent of Total	Percent of Total
Less than 10	2,290	7.5	6,340	200	6,140	3.2	0.6	0.8	0.1
10-20	6,436	21.1	15,603	430	15,173	2.8	4.3	5.3	0.6
20-30	5,081	16.6	25,455	1,301	24,154	5.1	5.6	6.6	1.4
30-40	3,028	9.9	35,926	2,459	33,467	6.8	4.7	5.5	1.6
40-50	2,243	7.3	46,389	3,849	42,540	8.3	4.5	5.2	1.9
50-75	4,407	14.4	64,259	7,632	56,627	11.9	12.2	13.5	7.3
75-100	2,503	8.2	88,731	13,877	74,854	15.6	9.6	10.1	7.5
100-200	3,022	9.9	141,022	29,872	111,151	21.2	18.4	18.2	19.5
200-500	1,130	3.7	303,653	79,640	224,013	26.2	14.8	13.7	19.4
500-1,000	246	0.8	708,629	197,347	511,283	27.9	7.5	6.8	10.5
More than 1,000	132	0.4	3,089,249	1,059,059	2,030,190	34.3	17.7	14.5	30.2
All	30,543	100.0	75,737	15,182	60,555	20.1	100.0	100.0	100.0

Source: Urban-Brookings Tax Policy Center Microsimulation Model (version 0509-1).

Note: Elderly tax units are those with either head or spouse (if filing jointly) age 65 or older.

(1) Calendar year. Baseline is current law. Proposal would: (a) extend the Making Work Pay Credit, reduce the phase-out rate to 1.6 percent, and index the phase-out thesholds for inflation after 2010; (b) extend the higher EITC credit value for families with 3 children and higher phase-out threshold for married couples; (c) modify the saver's credit making it equal to 50% of the first \$500 of retirement savings (\$1,000 for couples) and fully refundable; (d) create automatic 401(k)s and IRAs; (e) extend the American Opportunity Tax Credit; (f) extend the \$3,000 child tax credit refundability threshold; (g) change the threshold for the 36-percent tax bracket to \$250,000 less the standard deduction and two personal exemptions for married couples filing jointly and \$200,000 less the standard deduction and two personal exemption phase-out and limitation on itemized deductions to \$250,000 of AGI (married) and \$200,000 (single), indexed for inflation after 2009; (i) impose a 20 percent rate on capital gains and qualified dividends for taxpayers in the top two tax brackets and repeal the 8 percent and 18 percent rates for assets held for more than 5 years; (j) limit value of itemized deduction to 28 percent; (k) maintain the estate tax at its 2009 parameters;

(1) extend the 2001 and 2003 tax cuts for low and middle income individuals (marriage penalty relief, the 10, 15, 25, 28 percent brackets, the 15 percent rate on capital gains and qualified dividends for taxpayers in those brackets, the \$1,000 child tax credit, and the expanded child and dependent care credit).

(2) Tax units with negative cash income are excluded from the lowest income class but are included in the totals. For a description of cash income, see http://www.taxpolicycenter.org/TaxModel/income.cfm

- (3) Includes both filing and non-filing units but excludes those that are dependents of other tax units.
- (4) After-tax income is cash income less: individual income tax net of refundable credits; corporate income tax; payroll taxes (Social Security and Medicare); and estate tax.
- (5) Average federal tax (includes individual and corporate income tax, payroll taxes for Social Security and Medicare, and the estate tax) as a percentage of average cash income.