Table T08-0178
Senator Obama's Tax Proposals as Described by his Economic Advisors, Tax Cuts Extended Baseline Distribution of Federal Tax Change by Cash Income Percentile, $2012{ }^{1}$ Summary Table

| Cash Income Percentile ${ }^{2,3}$ | Percent of Tax Units ${ }^{4}$ |  | PercentChange inAfter-TaxIncome ${ }^{5}$ | Share of Total Federal Tax Change | Average <br> Federal Tax <br> Change (\$) | Average Federal Tax Rate ${ }^{6}$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | With Tax Cut | With Tax Increase |  |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { Change (\% } \\ \text { Points) } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | Under the Proposal |
| Lowest Quintile | 67.8 | 7.7 | 5.4 | -35.1 | -617 | -5.2 | -0.4 |
| Second Quintile | 85.6 | 8.4 | 3.4 | -45.9 | -950 | -3.1 | 8.0 |
| Middle Quintile | 90.2 | 8.2 | 2.0 | -42.9 | -970 | -1.7 | 15.5 |
| Fourth Quintile | 81.8 | 15.3 | 1.0 | -28.0 | -755 | -0.8 | 18.9 |
| Top Quintile | 52.4 | 43.8 | -3.4 | 251.7 | 7,727 | 2.5 | 27.5 |
| All | 76.2 | 14.6 | -0.7 | 100.0 | 454 | 0.6 | 21.6 |
| Addendum |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 80-90 | 74.5 | 22.7 | 0.4 | -7.1 | -433 | -0.3 | 21.7 |
| 90-95 | 44.8 | 48.8 | -0.3 | 3.8 | 481 | 0.2 | 23.3 |
| 95-99 | 17.4 | 78.1 | -2.0 | 36.2 | 5,587 | 1.5 | 26.5 |
| Top 1 Percent | 4.6 | 95.2 | -9.3 | 218.7 | 133,383 | 6.7 | 35.1 |
| Top 0.1 Percent | 0.5 | 99.5 | -12.4 | 131.2 | 788,959 | 8.6 | 39.0 |

Source: Urban-Brookings Tax Policy Center Microsimulation Model (version 0308-6).
Number of AMT Taxpayers (millions). Baseline: 6.1 Proposal:
5.0
(1) Calendar year. Baseline assumes the provisions in the 2001-06 tax cuts scheduled to sunset at the end of 2010 are made permanent and the 2007 AMT patch is extended and indexed for inflation. For a detailed discussion of the proposals see the Tax Policy Center's report A Preliminary Analysis of the 2008 Presidential Candidates' Tax Plans available on the TPC website. Assumes all proposals are fully phased in.
(2) Tax units with negative cash income are excluded from the lowest income class but are included in the totals. For a description of cash income, see http://www.taxpolicycenter.org/TaxModel/income.cfm
(3) The cash income percentile classes used in this table are based on the income distribution for the entire population and contain an equal number of people, not tax units. The breaks are (in 2008 dollars): $20 \% \$ 19,740,40 \% \$ 38,980,60 \% \$ 69,490,80 \% \$ 117,535,90 \% \$ 169,480,95 \% \$ 237,040,99 \% \$ 619,561,99.9 \% \$ 2,832,449$. (4) Includes both filing and non-filing units but excludes those that are dependents of other tax units.
(5) After-tax income is cash income less: individual income tax net of refundable credits; corporate income tax; payroll taxes (Social Security and Medicare); and estate tax.
(6) Average federal tax (includes individual and corporate income tax, payroll taxes for Social Security and Medicare, and the estate tax) as a percentage of average cash income.

Table T08-0178
Senator Obama's Tax Proposals as Described by his Economic Advisors, Tax Cuts Extended Baseline
Distribution of Federal Tax Change by Cash Income Percentile, 2012
Detail Table

| Cash Income Percentile ${ }^{2,3}$ | Percent of Tax Units ${ }^{4}$ |  | Percent Change in After-Tax Income ${ }^{5}$ | Share of Total Federal Tax Change | Average Federal Tax Change |  | Share of Federal Taxes |  | Average Federal Tax Rate ${ }^{6}$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | With Tax Cut | With Tax Increase |  |  | Dollars | Percent | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { Change (\% } \\ \text { Points) } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | Under the Proposal | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { Change (\% } \\ \text { Points) } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | Under the Proposal |
| Lowest Quintile | 67.8 | 7.7 | 5.4 | -35.1 | -617 | -109.4 | -0.9 | -0.1 | -5.2 | -0.4 |
| Second Quintile | 85.6 | 8.4 | 3.4 | -45.9 | -950 | -27.7 | -1.3 | 3.0 | -3.1 | 8.0 |
| Middle Quintile | 90.2 | 8.2 | 2.0 | -42.9 | -970 | -9.8 | -1.4 | 10.1 | -1.7 | 15.5 |
| Fourth Quintile | 81.8 | 15.3 | 1.0 | -28.0 | -755 | -3.9 | -1.2 | 17.5 | -0.8 | 18.9 |
| Top Quintile | 52.4 | 43.8 | -3.4 | 251.7 | 7,727 | 10.1 | 4.7 | 69.4 | 2.5 | 27.5 |
| All | 76.2 | 14.6 | -0.7 | 100.0 | 454 | 2.6 | 0.0 | 100.0 | 0.6 | 21.6 |
| Addendum |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 80-90 | 74.5 | 22.7 | 0.4 | -7.1 | -433 | -1.3 | -0.5 | 13.8 | -0.3 | 21.7 |
| 90-95 | 44.8 | 48.8 | -0.3 | 3.8 | 481 | 1.0 | -0.2 | 10.1 | 0.2 | 23.3 |
| 95-99 | 17.4 | 78.1 | -2.0 | 36.2 | 5,587 | 5.9 | 0.5 | 16.4 | 1.5 | 26.5 |
| Top 1 Percent | 4.6 | 95.2 | -9.3 | 218.7 | 133,383 | 23.6 | 4.9 | 29.0 | 6.7 | 35.1 |
| Top 0.1 Percent | 0.5 | 99.5 | -12.4 | 131.2 | 788,959 | 28.5 | 3.0 | 15.0 | 8.6 | 39.0 |

Baseline Distribution of Income and Federal Taxes
by Cash Income Percentile, $2012{ }^{1}$

| Cash Income Percentile ${ }^{2,3}$ | Tax Units ${ }^{4}$ |  | Average Income (Dollars) | Average <br> Federal Tax <br> Burden <br> (Dollars) | Average After- <br> Tax Income ${ }^{5}$ (Dollars) | $\begin{gathered} \text { Average } \\ \text { Federal Tax } \\ \text { Rate }^{6} \end{gathered}$ | Share of Pre- <br> Tax Income <br> Percent of <br> Total | $\begin{gathered} \hline \hline \text { Share of Post- } \\ \text { Tax Income } \\ \hline \text { Percent of } \\ \text { Total } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | Share of <br> Federal Taxes <br> Percent of <br> Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Number (thousands) | Percent of Total |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Lowest Quintile | 40,338 | 25.9 | 11,993 | 564 | 11,428 | 4.7 | 3.7 | 4.5 | 0.8 |
| Second Quintile | 34,253 | 22.0 | 31,130 | 3,429 | 27,701 | 11.0 | 8.2 | 9.3 | 4.3 |
| Middle Quintile | 31,371 | 20.1 | 57,716 | 9,940 | 47,775 | 17.2 | 14.0 | 14.7 | 11.4 |
| Fourth Quintile | 26,273 | 16.8 | 98,626 | 19,351 | 79,275 | 19.6 | 20.0 | 20.4 | 18.7 |
| Top Quintile | 23,076 | 14.8 | 305,124 | 76,314 | 228,810 | 25.0 | 54.3 | 51.6 | 64.6 |
| All | 156,009 | 100.0 | 83,049 | 17,465 | 65,583 | 21.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 |
| Addendum |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 80-90 | 11,675 | 7.5 | 152,072 | 33,458 | 118,614 | 22.0 | 13.7 | 13.5 | 14.3 |
| 90-95 | 5,645 | 3.6 | 215,559 | 49,701 | 165,858 | 23.1 | 9.4 | 9.2 | 10.3 |
| 95-99 | 4,594 | 2.9 | 377,269 | 94,276 | 282,993 | 25.0 | 13.4 | 12.7 | 15.9 |
| Top 1 Percent | 1,162 | 0.7 | 1,992,972 | 565,234 | 1,427,737 | 28.4 | 17.9 | 16.2 | 24.1 |
| Top 0.1 Percent | 118 | 0.1 | 9,136,646 | 2,772,019 | 6,364,626 | 30.3 | 8.3 | 7.3 | 12.0 |

$\begin{array}{lll}\text { Source: Urban-Brookings Tax Policy Center Microsimulation Model (version 0308-6). } & \\ \text { Number of AMT Taxpayers (millions). Baseline: } & 6.1 & \text { Proposal: }\end{array}$

1) Calendar year. Baseline assumes the provisions in the 2001-06 tax cuts scheduled to sunset at the end of 2010 are made permanent and the 2007 AMT patch is extended and indexed for inflation. For a detailed discussion of e proposals see the Tax Policy Center's report A Preliminary Analysis of the 2008 Presidential Candidates' Tax Plans available on the TPC website. Assumes all proposals are fully phased in.
(2) Tax units with negative cash income are excluded from the lowest income class but are included in the totals. For a description of cash income see
http://www.taxpolicycenter.org/TaxModel/income.cfm
俍 38,980, $60 \%$ \$69,490, 80\% \$117,535, 90\% \$169,480, 95\% \$237,040, 99\% \$619,561, 99.9\% \$2,832,449.
() Includes both filing and non-filing units but excludes those that are dependents of other tax units.
(
(6) Average federal tax (includes individual and corporate income tax, payroll taxes for Social Security and Medicare, and the estate tax) as a percentage of average cash income.

Table T08-0178
Senator Obama's Tax Proposals as Described by his Economic Advisors, Tax Cuts Extended Baseline
Distribution of Federal Tax Change by Cash Income Percentile Adjusted for Family Size, $2012{ }^{1}$

## Detail Table

| Cash Income Percentile ${ }^{2,3}$ | Percent of Tax Units ${ }^{4}$ |  | Percent Change in After-Tax Income ${ }^{5}$ | Share of Total Federal Tax Change | Average Federal Tax Change |  | Share of Federal Taxes |  | Average Federal Tax Rate ${ }^{6}$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | With Tax Cut | With Tax Increase |  |  | Dollars | Percent | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { Change (\% } \\ \text { Points) } \end{gathered}$ | Under the Proposal | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { Change (\% } \\ \text { Points) } \end{gathered}$ | Under the Proposal |
| Lowest Quintile | 71.9 | 6.0 | 6.2 | -32.7 | -690 | -441.3 | -0.8 | -0.6 | -6.1 | -4.8 |
| Second Quintile | 78.5 | 9.2 | 3.6 | -42.2 | -926 | -36.1 | -1.2 | 1.9 | -3.3 | 5.8 |
| Middle Quintile | 90.5 | 6.9 | 2.4 | -44.1 | -1,025 | -12.6 | -1.4 | 7.8 | -2.0 | 13.9 |
| Fourth Quintile | 87.2 | 11.3 | 1.2 | -34.5 | -826 | -5.0 | -1.3 | 16.8 | -1.0 | 18.4 |
| Top Quintile | 53.5 | 41.7 | -3.1 | 253.1 | 6,091 | 9.5 | 4.7 | 74.1 | 2.4 | 27.3 |
| All | 76.2 | 14.6 | -0.7 | 100.0 | 454 | 2.6 | 0.0 | 100.0 | 0.6 | 21.6 |
| Addendum |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 80-90 | 75.9 | 20.6 | 0.4 | -9.4 | -449 | -1.6 | -0.6 | 15.0 | -0.4 | 21.8 |
| 90-95 | 45.8 | 45.6 | -0.2 | 2.7 | 257 | 0.6 | -0.2 | 11.4 | 0.1 | 23.4 |
| 95-99 | 17.9 | 78.0 | -1.7 | 33.0 | 4,038 | 5.0 | 0.4 | 17.5 | 1.3 | 26.1 |
| Top 1 Percent | 5.1 | 94.6 | -9.2 | 226.8 | 114,493 | 23.5 | 5.1 | 30.2 | 6.6 | 34.8 |
| Top 0.1 Percent | 0.4 | 99.5 | -12.4 | 137.1 | 696,477 | 28.8 | 3.2 | 15.6 | 8.7 | 38.7 |

Baseline Distribution of Income and Federal Taxes
by Cash Income Percentile Adjusted for Family Size, $2012{ }^{1}$

| Cash Income Percentile ${ }^{2,3}$ | Tax Units ${ }^{4}$ |  | Average Income (Dollars) | Average <br> Federal Tax <br> Burden <br> (Dollars) | Average After- <br> Tax Income ${ }^{5}$ (Dollars) | $\begin{gathered} \text { Average } \\ \text { Federal Tax } \\ \text { Rate }^{6} \end{gathered}$ | Share of Pre- <br> Tax Income <br> Percent of <br> Total | $\begin{gathered} \hline \hline \text { Share of Post- } \\ \text { Tax Income } \\ \hline \text { Percent of } \\ \text { Total } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | Share of <br> Federal Taxes <br> Percent of <br> Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Number (thousands) | Percent of Total |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Lowest Quintile | 33,519 | 21.5 | 11,234 | 156 | 11,077 | 1.4 | 2.9 | 3.6 | 0.2 |
| Second Quintile | 32,264 | 20.7 | 28,140 | 2,566 | 25,574 | 9.1 | 7.0 | 8.1 | 3.0 |
| Middle Quintile | 30,508 | 19.6 | 51,184 | 8,126 | 43,058 | 15.9 | 12.1 | 12.8 | 9.1 |
| Fourth Quintile | 29,582 | 19.0 | 86,263 | 16,666 | 69,598 | 19.3 | 19.7 | 20.1 | 18.1 |
| Top Quintile | 29,439 | 18.9 | 257,999 | 64,288 | 193,711 | 24.9 | 58.6 | 55.7 | 69.5 |
| All | 156,009 | 100.0 | 83,049 | 17,465 | 65,583 | 21.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 |
| Addendum |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 80-90 | 14,815 | 9.5 | 130,199 | 28,777 | 101,422 | 22.1 | 14.9 | 14.7 | 15.7 |
| 90-95 | 7,431 | 4.8 | 183,801 | 42,742 | 141,060 | 23.3 | 10.5 | 10.2 | 11.7 |
| 95-99 | 5,789 | 3.7 | 323,569 | 80,360 | 243,209 | 24.8 | 14.5 | 13.8 | 17.1 |
| Top 1 Percent | 1,403 | 0.9 | 1,729,454 | 486,936 | 1,242,518 | 28.2 | 18.7 | 17.0 | 25.1 |
| Top 0.1 Percent | 140 | 0.1 | 8,053,010 | 2,421,412 | 5,631,598 | 30.1 | 8.7 | 7.7 | 12.4 |

$\begin{array}{lll}\text { Source: Urban-Brookings Tax Policy Center Microsimulation Model (version 0308-6). } & \\ \text { Number of AMT Taxpayers (millions). Baseline: } & 6.1 & \text { Proposal: }\end{array}$
(1) Calendar year. Baseline assumes the provisions in the 2001-06 tax cuts scheduled to sunset at the end of 2010 are made permanent and the 2007 AMT patch is extended and indexed for inflation. For a detailed discussion of he proposals see the Tax Policy Center's report A Preliminary Analysis of the 2008 Presidential Candidates' Tax Plans available on the TPC website. Assumes all proposals are fully phased in.
the proposals see the Tax Policy Center's report A Preliminary Analysis of the 2008 Presidential Candidates Tax Plans available on the TPC website.
(2) Tax units with negative cash income are excluded from the lowest income class but are included in the totals. For a description of cash income, see
center.org/TaxModel/income.cfm
(3) The cash income percentile classes used in this table are based on the income distribution for the entire population and contain an equal number of people, not tax units. The incomes used are adjusted for family size by divi by the square root of the number of people in the tax unit. The resulting percentile breaks are (in 2008 dollars): $20 \% \$ 13,571,40 \% \$ 25,564,60 \% \$ 44,195,80 \% \$ 71,797,90 \% \$ 102,543,95 \% \$ 144,171,99 \% \$ 370,252,99.9 \%$ \$1,726,142.
(4) Includes both filing and non-filing units but excludes those that are dependents of other tax units.
(5) After-tax income is cash income less: individual income tax net of refundable credits; corporate income tax; payroll taxes (Social Security and Medicare); and estate tax.
(6) Average federal tax (includes individual and corporate income tax, payroll taxes for Social Security and Medicare, and the estate tax) as a percentage of average cash income.

Senator Obama's Tax Proposals as Described by his Economic Advisors, Tax Cuts Extended Baseline
Distribution of Federal Tax Change by Cash Income Percentile Adjusted for Family Size, $2012{ }^{1}$
Detail Table - Single Tax Units

| Cash Income Percentile ${ }^{2,3}$ | Percent of Tax Units ${ }^{4}$ |  | Percent Change in After-Tax Income ${ }^{5}$ | Share of Total <br> Federal Tax Change | Average Federal Tax Change |  | Share of Federal Taxes |  | Average Federal Tax Rate ${ }^{6}$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | With Tax Cut | With Tax Increase |  |  | Dollars | Percent | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { Change (\% } \\ \text { Points) } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | Under the Proposal | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { Change (\% } \\ \text { Points) } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | Under the Proposal |
| Lowest Quintile | 63.3 | 7.1 | 6.3 | -116.9 | -502 | -87.9 | -1.4 | 0.2 | -5.9 | 0.8 |
| Second Quintile | 66.9 | 13.1 | 3.3 | -123.6 | -635 | -27.5 | -1.6 | 3.9 | -3.0 | 7.9 |
| Middle Quintile | 88.5 | 8.1 | 2.7 | -141.8 | -844 | -12.7 | -1.9 | 11.7 | -2.3 | 15.5 |
| Fourth Quintile | 85.8 | 12.6 | 1.2 | -82.7 | -593 | -4.5 | -1.3 | 21.1 | -1.0 | 20.3 |
| Top Quintile | 48.1 | 44.8 | -4.0 | 564.0 | 5,012 | 12.1 | 6.1 | 63.0 | 3.0 | 28.0 |
| All | 70.6 | 14.6 | -0.3 | 100.0 | 117 | 1.2 | 0.0 | 100.0 | 0.3 | 21.0 |
| Addendum |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 80-90 | 71.8 | 23.2 | 0.2 | -10.2 | -171 | -0.8 | -0.3 | 15.7 | -0.2 | 23.5 |
| 90-95 | 27.1 | 57.1 | -0.6 | 16.9 | 601 | 1.9 | 0.1 | 11.0 | 0.5 | 24.8 |
| 95-99 | 16.3 | 80.6 | -2.5 | 87.4 | 4,317 | 7.9 | 0.9 | 14.3 | 1.9 | 26.2 |
| Top 1 Percent | 4.6 | 95.0 | -13.1 | 469.8 | 109,467 | 34.6 | 5.5 | 22.0 | 9.5 | 37.0 |
| Top 0.1 Percent | 0.1 | 99.9 | -18.2 | 276.3 | 735,919 | 42.1 | 3.2 | 11.2 | 12.7 | 42.9 |

Baseline Distribution of Income and Federal Taxes
by Cash Income Percentile Adjusted for Family Size, $2012{ }^{1}$

| Cash Income Percentile ${ }^{2,3}$ | Tax Units ${ }^{4}$ |  | Average Income (Dollars) |  | Average AfterTax Income ${ }^{5}$ (Dollars) | $\begin{gathered} \text { Average } \\ \text { Federal Tax } \\ \text { Rate }^{6} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{array}{\|c} \hline \hline \begin{array}{c} \text { Share of Pre- } \\ \text { Tax Income } \end{array} \\ \hline \text { Percent of } \\ \text { Total } \\ \hline \end{array}$ | Share of Post- <br> Tax Income <br> Percent of <br> Total | Share of <br> Federal Taxes <br> Percent of <br> Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Number (thousands) | Percent of Total |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Lowest Quintile | 18,528 | 27.3 | 8,584 | 571 | 8,012 | 6.7 | 5.0 | 5.9 | 1.6 |
| Second Quintile | 15,492 | 22.9 | 21,338 | 2,310 | 19,028 | 10.8 | 10.5 | 11.8 | 5.5 |
| Middle Quintile | 13,373 | 19.7 | 37,507 | 6,657 | 30,850 | 17.8 | 15.9 | 16.5 | 13.6 |
| Fourth Quintile | 11,093 | 16.4 | 61,944 | 13,169 | 48,774 | 21.3 | 21.8 | 21.6 | 22.3 |
| Top Quintile | 8,952 | 13.2 | 166,465 | 41,552 | 124,913 | 25.0 | 47.2 | 44.7 | 56.9 |
| All | 67,788 | 100.0 | 46,595 | 9,651 | 36,945 | 20.7 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 |
| Addendum |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 80-90 | 4,758 | 7.0 | 92,893 | 22,030 | 70,863 | 23.7 | 14.0 | 13.5 | 16.0 |
| 90-95 | 2,242 | 3.3 | 131,093 | 31,860 | 99,233 | 24.3 | 9.3 | 8.9 | 10.9 |
| 95-99 | 1,611 | 2.4 | 224,327 | 54,390 | 169,937 | 24.3 | 11.4 | 10.9 | 13.4 |
| Top 1 Percent | 341 | 0.5 | 1,150,729 | 316,603 | 834,126 | 27.5 | 12.4 | 11.4 | 16.5 |
| Top 0.1 Percent | 30 | 0.0 | 5,787,688 | 1,747,218 | 4,040,471 | 30.2 | 5.5 | 4.8 | 8.0 |

$\begin{array}{lll}\text { Source: Urban-Brookings Tax Policy Center Microsimulation Model (version 0308-6). } & \\ \text { Number of AMT Taxpayers (millions). Baseline: } & 6.1 & \text { Proposal: }\end{array}$
(1) Calendar year. Baseline assumes the provisions in the 2001-06 tax cuts scheduled to sunset at the end of 2010 are made permanent and the 2007 AMT patch is extended and indexed for inflation. For a detailed discussion of he proposals see the Tax Policy Center's report A Preliminary Analysis of the 2008 Presidential Candidates' Tax Plans available on the TPC website. Assumes all proposals are fully phased in.
the proposals see the Tax Policy Center's report A Preliminary Analysis of the 2008 Presidential Candidates Tax Plans available on the TPC website.
(2) Tax units with negative cash income are excluded from the lowest income class but are included in the totals. For a description of cash income, see
center.org/TaxModel/income.cfm
(3) The cash income percentile classes used in this table are based on the income distribution for the entire population and contain an equal number of people, not tax units. The incomes used are adjusted for family size by divi by the square root of the number of people in the tax unit. The resulting percentile breaks are (in 2008 dollars): $20 \% \$ 13,571,40 \% \$ 25,564,60 \% \$ 44,195,80 \% \$ 71,797,90 \% \$ 102,543,95 \% \$ 144,171,99 \% \$ 370,252,99.9 \%$ \$1,726,142.
(4) Includes both filing and non-filing units but excludes those that are dependents of other tax units.
(5) After-tax income is cash income less: individual income tax net of refundable credits; corporate income tax; payroll taxes (Social Security and Medicare); and estate tax.
(6) Average federal tax (includes individual and corporate income tax, payroll taxes for Social Security and Medicare, and the estate tax) as a percentage of average cash income.

Senator Obama's Tax Proposals as Described by his Economic Advisors, Tax Cuts Extended Baseline
Distribution of Federal Tax Change by Cash Income Percentile Adjusted for Family Size, $2012{ }^{1}$
Detail Table - Married Tax Units Filing Jointly

| Cash Income Percentile ${ }^{2,3}$ | Percent of Tax Units ${ }^{4}$ |  | Percent Change in After-Tax Income ${ }^{5}$ | Share of Total Federal Tax Change | Average Federal Tax Change |  | Share of Federal Taxes |  | Average Federal Tax Rate ${ }^{6}$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | With Tax Cut | With Tax Increase |  |  | Dollars | Percent | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { Change (\% } \\ \text { Points) } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | Under the Proposal | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { Change (\% } \\ \text { Points) } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | Under the Proposal |
| Lowest Quintile | 76.2 | 7.9 | 5.6 | -7.0 | -820 | -387.3 | $-0.3$ | -0.2 | -5.5 | -4.1 |
| Second Quintile | 83.1 | 9.3 | 3.7 | -13.6 | -1,220 | -38.9 | -0.6 | 0.9 | -3.4 | 5.3 |
| Middle Quintile | 89.2 | 8.3 | 2.3 | -18.1 | -1,282 | -13.4 | -1.0 | 4.8 | -1.9 | 12.6 |
| Fourth Quintile | 88.5 | 10.8 | 1.2 | -20.0 | -1,041 | -5.4 | -1.5 | 14.3 | -1.0 | 17.3 |
| Top Quintile | 57.0 | 40.1 | -2.9 | 158.6 | 6,655 | 8.8 | 3.3 | 80.2 | 2.2 | 27.1 |
| All | 76.7 | 18.9 | -1.2 | 100.0 | 1,294 | 4.3 | 0.0 | 100.0 | 0.9 | 22.9 |
| Addendum |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 80-90 | 80.4 | 18.2 | 0.5 | -7.1 | -625 | -1.9 | -0.9 | 14.9 | -0.4 | 21.1 |
| 90-95 | 55.3 | 39.8 | -0.1 | 0.6 | 92 | 0.2 | -0.5 | 12.1 | 0.0 | 23.0 |
| 95-99 | 18.5 | 77.1 | -1.4 | 19.7 | 3,951 | 4.3 | 0.0 | 19.4 | 1.1 | 26.1 |
| Top 1 Percent | 5.3 | 94.4 | -8.4 | 145.5 | 114,552 | 21.3 | 4.8 | 33.8 | 6.0 | 34.3 |
| Top 0.1 Percent | 0.6 | 99.4 | -11.3 | 87.3 | 678,652 | 26.3 | 3.0 | 17.1 | 7.9 | 37.9 |

Baseline Distribution of Income and Federal Taxes
by Cash Income Percentile Adjusted for Family Size, $2012{ }^{1}$

| Cash Income Percentile ${ }^{2,3}$ | Tax Units ${ }^{4}$ |  | Average Income (Dollars) |  | Average AfterTax Income ${ }^{5}$ (Dollars) | $\begin{gathered} \text { Average } \\ \text { Federal Tax } \\ \text { Rate }^{6} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{array}{\|c} \hline \hline \begin{array}{c} \text { Share of Pre- } \\ \text { Tax Income } \end{array} \\ \hline \text { Percent of } \\ \text { Total } \\ \hline \end{array}$ | Share of Post- <br> Tax Income <br> Percent of <br> Total | Share of <br> Federal Taxes <br> Percent of <br> Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Number (thousands) | Percent of Total |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Lowest Quintile | 6,761 | 11.1 | 14,790 | 212 | 14,579 | 1.4 | 1.2 | 1.5 | 0.1 |
| Second Quintile | 8,813 | 14.5 | 36,067 | 3,132 | 32,934 | 8.7 | 3.8 | 4.4 | 1.5 |
| Middle Quintile | 11,162 | 18.3 | 66,221 | 9,594 | 56,627 | 14.5 | 8.7 | 9.6 | 5.8 |
| Fourth Quintile | 15,151 | 24.9 | 105,103 | 19,233 | 85,870 | 18.3 | 18.8 | 19.7 | 15.7 |
| Top Quintile | 18,797 | 30.8 | 305,001 | 75,844 | 229,157 | 24.9 | 67.8 | 65.2 | 76.8 |
| All | 60,954 | 100.0 | 138,787 | 30,441 | 108,347 | 21.9 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 |
| Addendum |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 80-90 | 8,999 | 14.8 | 151,491 | 32,538 | 118,952 | 21.5 | 16.1 | 16.2 | 15.8 |
| 90-95 | 4,873 | 8.0 | 209,583 | 48,006 | 161,577 | 22.9 | 12.1 | 11.9 | 12.6 |
| 95-99 | 3,924 | 6.4 | 367,042 | 91,748 | 275,294 | 25.0 | 17.0 | 16.4 | 19.4 |
| Top 1 Percent | 1,002 | 1.6 | 1,904,894 | 537,905 | 1,366,989 | 28.2 | 22.6 | 20.7 | 29.0 |
| Top 0.1 Percent | 101 | 0.2 | 8,600,122 | 2,581,835 | 6,018,286 | 30.0 | 10.3 | 9.3 | 14.1 |

$\begin{array}{lll}\text { Source: Urban-Brookings Tax Policy Center Microsimulation Model (version 0308-6). } & \\ \text { Number of AMT Taxpayers (millions). Baseline: } & 6.1 & \text { Proposal: }\end{array}$
(1) Calendar year. Baseline assumes the provisions in the 2001-06 tax cuts scheduled to sunset at the end of 2010 are made permanent and the 2007 AMT patch is extended and indexed for inflation. For a detailed discussion of he proposals see the Tax Policy Center's report A Preliminary Analysis of the 2008 Presidential Candidates' Tax Plans available on the TPC website. Assumes all proposals are fully phased in.
the proposals see the Tax Policy Center's report A Preliminary Analysis of the 2008 Presidential Candidates' Tax Plans available on the TPC website.
(2) Tax units with negative cash income are excluded from the lowest income class but are included in the totals. For a description of cash income, see
http://www.taxpolicycenter.org/TaxModel/incomecff
(3) The cash income percentile classes used in this table are based on the income distribution for the entire population and contain an equal number of people, not tax units. The incomes used are adjusted for family size by divi by the square root of the number of people in the tax unit. The resulting percentile breaks are (in 2008 dollars): $20 \% \$ 13,571,40 \% \$ 25,564,60 \% \$ 44,195,80 \% \$ 71,797,90 \% \$ 102,543,95 \% \$ 144,171,99 \% \$ 370,252,99.9 \%$ \$1,726,142.
(4) Includes both filing and non-filing units but excludes those that are dependents of other tax units.
(5) After-tax income is cash income less: individual income tax net of refundable credits; corporate income tax; payroll taxes (Social Security and Medicare); and estate tax.
(6) Average federal tax (includes individual and corporate income tax, payroll taxes for Social Security and Medicare, and the estate tax) as a percentage of average cash income.

Senator Obama's Tax Proposals as Described by his Economic Advisors, Tax Cuts Extended Baseline
Distribution of Federal Tax Change by Cash Income Percentile Adjusted for Family Size, $2012{ }^{1}$
Detail Table - Head of Household Tax Units

| Cash Income Percentile ${ }^{2,3}$ | Percent of Tax Units ${ }^{4}$ |  | Percent Change in After-Tax Income ${ }^{5}$ | Share of Total <br> Federal Tax Change | Average Federal Tax Change |  | Share of Federal Taxes |  | Average Federal Tax Rate ${ }^{6}$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | With Tax Cut | With Tax Increase |  |  | Dollars | Percent | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { Change (\% } \\ \text { Points) } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | Under the Proposal | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { Change (\% } \\ \text { Points) } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | Under the Proposal |
| Lowest Quintile | 87.7 | 1.8 | 6.7 | 40.5 | -1,026 | 115.1 | -6.5 | -10.9 | -7.1 | -13.3 |
| Second Quintile | 96.1 | 1.3 | 3.9 | 44.5 | -1,190 | -50.6 | -4.8 | 6.3 | -3.6 | 3.5 |
| Middle Quintile | 97.2 | 1.8 | 2.1 | 25.4 | -975 | -11.2 | 0.5 | 28.9 | -1.8 | 14.0 |
| Fourth Quintile | 85.5 | 9.6 | 0.9 | 8.2 | -616 | -3.6 | 3.0 | 31.7 | -0.7 | 19.4 |
| Top Quintile | 40.5 | 43.8 | -2.1 | -18.7 | 3,145 | 6.5 | 7.9 | 44.0 | 1.6 | 26.1 |
| All | 89.7 | 4.5 | 2.1 | 100.0 | -817 | -12.6 | 0.0 | 100.0 | -1.8 | 12.6 |
| Addendum |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 80-90 | 49.7 | 32.4 | 0.2 | 0.7 | -175 | -0.6 | 1.9 | 15.7 | -0.1 | 22.9 |
| 90-95 | 30.5 | 53.9 | -0.2 | -0.3 | 305 | 0.8 | 0.9 | 6.4 | 0.2 | 24.1 |
| 95-99 | 18.2 | 73.1 | -1.5 | -2.7 | 3,300 | 4.6 | 1.5 | 9.0 | 1.1 | 25.1 |
| Top 1 Percent | 5.4 | 92.4 | -8.8 | -16.3 | 97,345 | 22.2 | 3.7 | 12.8 | 6.3 | 34.5 |
| Top 0.1 Percent | 0.5 | 99.4 | -12.2 | -9.6 | 667,001 | 28.2 | 2.0 | 6.3 | 8.5 | 38.8 |

Baseline Distribution of Income and Federal Taxes
by Cash Income Percentile Adjusted for Family Size, $2012{ }^{1}$

| Cash Income Percentile ${ }^{2,3}$ | Tax Units ${ }^{4}$ |  | Average Income (Dollars) |  | Average After- <br> Tax Income ${ }^{5}$ (Dollars) | $\begin{gathered} \text { Average } \\ \text { Federal Tax } \\ \text { Rate }^{6} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline \hline \text { Share of Pre- } \\ \text { Tax Income } \\ \hline \text { Percent of } \\ \text { Total } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline \hline \text { Share of Post- } \\ \text { Tax Income } \\ \hline \text { Percent of } \\ \text { Total } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | Share of <br> Federal Taxes <br> Percent of <br> Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Number (thousands) | Percent of Total |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Lowest Quintile | 7,961 | 32.2 | 14,430 | -891 | 15,321 | -6.2 | 10.3 | 12.8 | -4.4 |
| Second Quintile | 7,556 | 30.6 | 32,988 | 2,351 | 30,636 | 7.1 | 22.3 | 24.2 | 11.1 |
| Middle Quintile | 5,252 | 21.3 | 55,112 | 8,706 | 46,406 | 15.8 | 25.9 | 25.5 | 28.5 |
| Fourth Quintile | 2,696 | 10.9 | 84,953 | 17,125 | 67,828 | 20.2 | 20.5 | 19.1 | 28.7 |
| Top Quintile | 1,198 | 4.9 | 197,502 | 48,448 | 149,054 | 24.5 | 21.2 | 18.7 | 36.1 |
| All | 24,714 | 100.0 | 45,216 | 6,502 | 38,713 | 14.4 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 |
| Addendum |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 80-90 | 774 | 3.1 | 124,547 | 28,720 | 95,827 | 23.1 | 8.6 | 7.8 | 13.8 |
| 90-95 | 222 | 0.9 | 169,438 | 40,478 | 128,960 | 23.9 | 3.4 | 3.0 | 5.6 |
| 95-99 | 168 | 0.7 | 299,897 | 71,857 | 228,040 | 24.0 | 4.5 | 4.0 | 7.5 |
| Top 1 Percent | 34 | 0.1 | 1,548,845 | 437,669 | 1,111,176 | 28.3 | 4.7 | 3.9 | 9.2 |
| Top 0.1 Percent | 3 | 0.0 | 7,820,896 | 2,363,421 | 5,457,476 | 30.2 | 2.0 | 1.7 | 4.3 |

$\begin{array}{lll}\text { Source: Urban-Brookings Tax Policy Center Microsimulation Model (version 0308-6). } & \\ \text { Number of AMT Taxpayers (millions). Baseline: } & 6.1 & \text { Proposal: }\end{array}$
(1) Calendar year. Baseline assumes the provisions in the 2001-06 tax cuts scheduled to sunset at the end of 2010 are made permanent and the 2007 AMT patch is extended and indexed for inflation. For a detailed discussion of he proposals see the Tax Policy Center's report A Preliminary Analysis of the 2008 Presidential Candidates' Tax Plans available on the TPC website. Assumes all proposals are fully phased in.
the proposals see the Tax Policy Center's report A Preliminary Analysis of the 2008 Presidential Candidates 'Tax Plans available on the TPC website.
(2) Tax units with negative cash income are excluded from the lowest income class but are included in the totals. For a description of cash income, see
ycenter.org/TaxModel/income.cfm
(3) The cash income percentile classes used in this table are based on the income distribution for the entire population and contain an equal number of people, not tax units. The incomes used are adjusted for family size by divi by the square root of the number of people in the tax unit. The resulting percentile breaks are (in 2008 dollars): $20 \% \$ 13,571,40 \% \$ 25,564,60 \% \$ 44,195,80 \% \$ 71,797,90 \% \$ 102,543,95 \% \$ 144,171,99 \% \$ 370,252,99.9 \%$ \$1,726,142.
(4) Includes both filing and non-filing units but excludes those that are dependents of other tax units.
(5) After-tax income is cash income less: individual income tax net of refundable credits; corporate income tax; payroll taxes (Social Security and Medicare); and estate tax.
(6) Average federal tax (includes individual and corporate income tax, payroll taxes for Social Security and Medicare, and the estate tax) as a percentage of average cash income.

Senator Obama's Tax Proposals as Described by his Economic Advisors, Tax Cuts Extended Baseline
Distribution of Federal Tax Change by Cash Income Percentile Adjusted for Family Size, 2012
Detail Table - Tax Units with Children

| Cash Income Percentile ${ }^{2,3}$ | Percent of Tax Units ${ }^{4}$ |  | Percent Change in After-Tax Income ${ }^{5}$ | Share of Total <br> Federal Tax Change | Average Federal Tax Change |  | Share of Federal Taxes |  | Average Federal Tax Rate ${ }^{6}$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | With Tax Cut | With Tax Increase |  |  | Dollars | Percent | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { Change (\% } \\ \text { Points) } \end{gathered}$ | Under the Proposal | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { Change (\% } \\ \text { Points) } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | Under the Proposal |
| Lowest Quintile | 93.7 | 0.7 | 7.1 | -228.0 | -1,199 | 97.0 | -1.1 | -2.2 | -7.6 | -15.4 |
| Second Quintile | 99.0 | 0.7 | 4.4 | -300.9 | -1,514 | -55.1 | -1.5 | 1.2 | -4.0 | 3.3 |
| Middle Quintile | 98.4 | 1.4 | 2.4 | -276.0 | -1,352 | -12.5 | -1.4 | 9.3 | -2.0 | 13.8 |
| Fourth Quintile | 94.2 | 4.4 | 1.2 | -210.9 | -1,126 | -5.0 | -1.1 | 19.3 | -1.0 | 18.7 |
| Top Quintile | 52.4 | 42.0 | -2.8 | 1,115.2 | 7,033 | 8.1 | 5.1 | 72.4 | 2.1 | 28.0 |
| All | 88.9 | 8.6 | -0.1 | 100.0 | 106 | 0.5 | 0.0 | 100.0 | 0.1 | 20.9 |
| Addendum |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 80-90 | 76.2 | 18.6 | 0.5 | -56.5 | -680 | -1.7 | -0.4 | 15.5 | -0.4 | 22.3 |
| 90-95 | 39.3 | 51.5 | -0.1 | 4.6 | 121 | 0.2 | 0.0 | 10.7 | 0.1 | 23.9 |
| 95-99 | 16.1 | 80.5 | -1.6 | 154.1 | 5,063 | 4.4 | 0.7 | 17.6 | 1.2 | 27.5 |
| Top 1 Percent | 1.8 | 98.1 | -8.7 | 1,013.1 | 138,121 | 20.7 | 4.8 | 28.6 | 6.1 | 35.8 |
| Top 0.1 Percent | 0.0 | 100.0 | -11.4 | 584.9 | 828,596 | 25.4 | 2.8 | 14.0 | 7.9 | 38.8 |

Baseline Distribution of Income and Federal Taxe
by Cash Income Percentile Adjusted for Family Size, $2012{ }^{1}$

| Cash Income Percentile ${ }^{2,3}$ | Tax Units ${ }^{4}$ |  | Average Income (Dollars) |  | Average After- <br> Tax Incomes ${ }^{5}$ (Dollars) | Average <br> Federal Tax Rate ${ }^{6}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline \hline \begin{array}{c} \text { Share of Pre- } \\ \text { Tax Income } \end{array} \\ \hline \text { Percent of } \\ \text { Total } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | Share of Post- <br> Tax Income <br> Percent of <br> Total | Share of <br> Federal Taxes <br> Percent of <br> Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Number } \\ \text { (thousands) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { Percent of } \\ \text { Total } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Lowest Quintile | 9,871 | 20.2 | 15,772 | -1,237 | 17,009 | -7.8 | 3.0 | 4.1 | -1.1 |
| Second Quintile | 10,311 | 21.1 | 37,449 | 2,751 | 34,698 | 7.4 | 7.5 | 8.8 | 2.7 |
| Middle Quintile | 10,593 | 21.7 | 68,197 | 10,792 | 57,404 | 15.8 | 14.1 | 15.0 | 10.7 |
| Fourth Quintile | 9,721 | 19.9 | 113,901 | 22,418 | 91,482 | 19.7 | 21.6 | 21.9 | 20.4 |
| Top Quintile | 8,230 | 16.8 | 336,992 | 87,352 | 249,640 | 25.9 | 54.1 | 50.6 | 67.3 |
| All | 48,864 | 100.0 | 105,014 | 21,866 | 83,148 | 20.8 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 |
| Addendum |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 80-90 | 4,312 | 8.8 | 173,044 | 39,238 | 133,806 | 22.7 | 14.5 | 14.2 | 15.8 |
| 90-95 | 1,958 | 4.0 | 245,817 | 58,575 | 187,242 | 23.8 | 9.4 | 9.0 | 10.7 |
| 95-99 | 1,579 | 3.2 | 435,654 | 114,538 | 321,115 | 26.3 | 13.4 | 12.5 | 16.9 |
| Top 1 Percent | 381 | 0.8 | 2,253,531 | 667,524 | 1,586,007 | 29.6 | 16.7 | 14.9 | 23.8 |
| Top 0.1 Percent | 37 | 0.1 | 10,557,678 | 3,265,814 | 7,291,864 | 30.9 | 7.5 | 6.6 | 11.2 |

Purce: Urban-Brookings Tax Policy Center Microsimulation Model (version 0308-6).
6.1 Proposal:
Note: Tax units with children are those claiming an exemption for children at home or away from home.
(1) Calendar year. Baseline assumes the provisions in the $2001-06$ tax cuts scheduled to sunset at the end of 2010 are made permanent and the 2007 AMT patch is extended and indexed for inflation. For a detailed discussion of the proposals see the Tax Policy Center's report A Preliminary Analysis of the 2008 Presidential Candidates' Tax Plans available on the TPC website. Assumes all proposals are fully phased in.
(2) Tax units with negative cash income are excluded from the lowest income class but are included in the totals. For a description of cash income, se
ttp://www.taxpolicycenter.org/TaxModel/income.cfm
(3) The cash income percentile classes used in this table are based on the income distribution for the entire population and contain an equal number of people, not tax units. The incomes used are adjusted for family size by dividing
by the square root of the number of people in the tax unit. The resulting percentile breaks are (in 2008 dollars): $20 \% \$ 13,571,40 \% ~ \$ 25,564,60 \% ~ \$ 44,195,80 \% ~ \$ 71,797,90 \% \$ 102,543,95 \% \$ 144,171,99 \% \$ 370,252,99.9 \%$
$1,726,142$
5) After-tax income is cash income less: individual income tax net of refundable credits; corporate income tax; payroll taxes (Social Security and Medicare); and estate tax
(6) Average federal tax (includes individual and corporate income tax, payroll taxes for Social Security and Medicare, and the estate tax) as a percentage of average cash income.

Senator Obama's Tax Proposals as Described by his Economic Advisors, Tax Cuts Extended Baseline
Distribution of Federal Tax Change by Cash Income Percentile Adjusted for Family Size, 2012
Detail Table - Elderly Tax Units

| Cash Income Percentile ${ }^{2,3}$ | Percent of Tax Units ${ }^{4}$ |  | Percent Change in After-Tax Income ${ }^{5}$ | Share of Total Federal Tax Change | Average Federal Tax Change |  | Share of Federal Taxes |  | Average Federal Tax Rate ${ }^{6}$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | With Tax Cut | With Tax Increase |  |  | Dollars | Percent | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { Change (\% } \\ \text { Points) } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | Under the Proposal | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { Change (\% } \\ \text { Points) } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | Under the Proposal |
| Lowest Quintile | 23.6 | 18.7 | 0.8 | -0.9 | -91 | -37.4 | -0.2 | 0.2 | -0.8 | 1.4 |
| Second Quintile | 38.7 | 26.8 | 0.9 | -2.7 | -205 | -21.4 | -0.6 | 1.2 | -0.9 | 3.2 |
| Middle Quintile | 61.7 | 28.3 | 1.4 | -4.4 | -590 | -19.0 | -1.0 | 2.4 | -1.3 | 5.5 |
| Fourth Quintile | 52.2 | 43.9 | 0.2 | -1.3 | -145 | -1.5 | -1.7 | 10.8 | -0.2 | 12.4 |
| Top Quintile | 26.2 | 71.1 | -5.5 | 109.1 | 11,470 | 19.3 | 3.4 | 85.3 | 4.3 | 26.5 |
| All | 39.3 | 37.3 | -3.0 | 100.0 | 2,079 | 14.5 | 0.0 | 100.0 | 2.5 | 19.8 |
| Addendum |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 80-90 | 39.0 | 58.2 | -0.7 | 2.9 | 667 | 3.4 | -1.2 | 11.1 | 0.6 | 17.2 |
| 90-95 | 23.7 | 72.0 | -1.3 | 4.2 | 1,734 | 5.5 | -0.9 | 10.2 | 1.0 | 19.9 |
| 95-99 | 10.2 | 88.2 | -3.2 | 16.1 | 7,351 | 11.4 | -0.5 | 19.8 | 2.5 | 24.2 |
| Top 1 Percent | 4.6 | 95.0 | -12.0 | 85.9 | 135,473 | 32.6 | 6.0 | 44.3 | 8.8 | 35.6 |
| Top 0.1 Percent | 0.3 | 99.6 | -15.5 | 50.2 | 780,660 | 37.8 | 3.9 | 23.1 | 11.0 | 40.1 |

Baseline Distribution of Income and Federal Taxes
by Cash Income Percentile Adjusted for Family Size, $2012{ }^{1}$

| Cash Income Percentile ${ }^{2,3}$ | Tax Units ${ }^{4}$ |  | Average Income (Dollars) |  | Average After- <br> Tax Incomes ${ }^{5}$ (Dollars) | Average <br> Federal Tax Rate ${ }^{6}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline \hline \begin{array}{c} \text { Share of Pre- } \\ \text { TTx Income } \end{array} \\ \hline \text { Percent of } \\ \text { Total } \end{gathered}$ | Share of Post- <br> Tax Income <br> Percent of <br> Total | Share of <br> Federal Taxes <br> Percent of <br> Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Number } \\ \text { (thousands) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { Percent of } \\ \text { Total } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Lowest Quintile | 5,982 | 19.6 | 11,174 | 243 | 10,931 | 2.2 | 2.6 | 3.1 | 0.3 |
| Second Quintile | 8,200 | 26.9 | 23,916 | 963 | 22,953 | 4.0 | 7.8 | 9.0 | 1.8 |
| Middle Quintile | 4,773 | 15.6 | 45,520 | 3,109 | 42,412 | 6.8 | 8.6 | 9.7 | 3.4 |
| Fourth Quintile | 5,522 | 18.1 | 79,079 | 9,931 | 69,149 | 12.6 | 17.3 | 18.3 | 12.5 |
| Top Quintile | 6,034 | 19.8 | 267,452 | 59,459 | 207,993 | 22.2 | 63.8 | 60.0 | 81.9 |
| All | 30,530 | 100.0 | 82,817 | 14,348 | 68,469 | 17.3 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 |
| Addendum |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 80-90 | 2,713 | 8.9 | 118,899 | 19,766 | 99,132 | 16.6 | 12.8 | 12.9 | 12.2 |
| 90-95 | 1,529 | 5.0 | 168,044 | 31,696 | 136,347 | 18.9 | 10.2 | 10.0 | 11.1 |
| 95-99 | 1,389 | 4.6 | 295,666 | 64,242 | 231,425 | 21.7 | 16.3 | 15.4 | 20.4 |
| Top 1 Percent | 403 | 1.3 | 1,548,708 | 415,875 | 1,132,833 | 26.9 | 24.7 | 21.8 | 38.2 |
| Top 0.1 Percent | 41 | 0.1 | 7,103,107 | 2,064,317 | 5,038,790 | 29.1 | 11.5 | 9.8 | 19.2 |


| ource: Urban-Brookings Tax Policy Center Microsimulation Model (version 0308-6). $\quad$. $\quad$ Proposal |
| :--- |
| .1 |

Note: Elderly tax units are those with either head or spouse (if filing jointly) age 65 or older.
50
(1) Calendar year. Baseline assumes the provisions in the 2001-06 tax cuts scheduled to sunset at the end of 2010 are made permanent and the 2007 AMT patch is extended and indexed for inflation. For a detailed discussion of the

(2) Tax units with negative cash income are excluded from the lowest income class but are included in the totals. For a description of cash income, se
htp://www.taxpolicycenter.org/TaxModel/income.cfm
(3) The cash income percentile classes used in this table are based on the income distribution for the entire population and contain an equal number of people, not tax units. The incomes used are adjusted for family size by dividing
by the square root of the number of people in the tax unit. The resulting percentile breaks are (in 2008 dollars): $20 \% \$ 13,571,40 \% ~ \$ 25,564,60 \% ~ \$ 44,195,80 \% ~ \$ 71,797,90 \% \$ 102,543,95 \% \$ 144,171,99 \% \$ 370,252,99.9 \%$
$1,726,142$
5) After-tax income is cash income less: individual income tax net of refundable credits; corporate income tax; payroll taxes (Social Security and Medicare); and estate tax
(6) Average federal tax (includes individual and corporate income tax, payroll taxes for Social Security and Medicare, and the estate tax) as a percentage of average cash income.

