Table T08-0091
Reduce Child Tax Credit Refundability Threshold to \$8,500 Distribution of Federal Tax Change by Cash Income Percentile, $2008{ }^{1}$ Summary Table

| Cash Income Percentile ${ }^{2,3}$ | Percent of Tax Units ${ }^{4}$ |  | Percent Change in After-Tax Income ${ }^{5}$ | Share of Total Federal Tax Change | Average <br> Federal Tax <br> Change (\$) | Average Federal Tax Rate ${ }^{6}$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | With Tax Cut | With Tax Increase |  |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { Change (\% } \\ \text { Points) } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | Under the Proposal |
| Lowest Quintile | 8.5 | 0.0 | 0.3 | 47.1 | -31 | -0.3 | 1.1 |
| Second Quintile | 9.7 | 0.0 | 0.2 | 48.6 | -38 | -0.1 | 8.2 |
| Middle Quintile | 0.8 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 3.6 | -3 | 0.0 | 15.3 |
| Fourth Quintile | 0.1 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.3 | 0 | 0.0 | 18.9 |
| Top Quintile | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 27.6 |
| All | 4.5 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 100.0 | -17 | 0.0 | 21.6 |
| Addendum |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 80-90 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 22.2 |
| 90-95 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 24.7 |
| 95-99 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 27.8 |
| Top 1 Percent | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 32.9 |
| Top 0.1 Percent | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 35.9 |

Source: Urban-Brookings Tax Policy Center Microsimulation Model (version 0308-4).
Number of AMT Taxpayers (millions). Baseline:
26.9 Proposal:
26.9
(1) Calendar year. Baseline is current law, proposal reduces the threshold for refundability of the child tax credit from $\$ 12,050$ to $\$ 8,500$.
(2) Tax units with negative cash income are excluded from the lowest income class but are included in the totals. For a description of cash income, see http://www.taxpolicycenter.org/TaxModel/income.cfm
(3) The cash income percentile classes used in this table are based on the income distribution for the entire population and contain an equal number of people, not tax units. The breaks are (in 2008 dollars): $20 \%$ \$18,555, $40 \% \$ 37,047,60 \% \$ 65,104,80 \% \$ 109,049,90 \% \$ 156,987,95 \% \$ 219,788,99 \% \$ 574,125,99.9 \%$ \$2,659,266.
(4) Includes both filing and non-filing units but excludes those that are dependents of other tax units.
(5) After-tax income is cash income less: individual income tax net of refundable credits; corporate income tax; payroll taxes (Social Security and Medicare); and estate tax.
(6) Average federal tax (includes individual and corporate income tax, payroll taxes for Social Security and Medicare, and the estate tax) as a percentage of average cash income.

## Table T08-0091

Reduce Child Tax Credit Refundability Threshold to \$8,500
Distribution of Federal Tax Change by Cash Income Percentile, 2008

## Detail Table

| Cash Income Percentile ${ }^{2,3}$ | Percent of Tax Units ${ }^{4}$ |  | Percent Change in After-Tax Income ${ }^{5}$ | Share of Total <br> Federal Tax Change | Average Federal Tax Change |  | Share of Federal Taxes |  | Average Federal Tax Rate ${ }^{6}$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | With Tax Cut | With Tax Increase |  |  | Dollars | Percent | Change (\%) Points) | Under the Proposal | Change (\%) Points) | Under the Proposal |
| Lowest Quintile | 8.5 | 0.0 | 0.3 | 47.1 | -31 | -22.2 | -0.1 | 0.2 | -0.3 | 1.1 |
| Second Quintile | 9.7 | 0.0 | 0.2 | 48.6 | -38 | -1.7 | -0.1 | 3.2 | -0.1 | 8.2 |
| Middle Quintile | 0.8 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 3.6 | -3 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 10.0 | 0.0 | 15.3 |
| Fourth Quintile | 0.1 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.3 | 0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 17.4 | 0.0 | 18.9 |
| Top Quintile | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0.1 | 69.1 | 0.0 | 27.6 |
| All | 4.5 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 100.0 | -17 | -0.1 | 0.0 | 100.0 | 0.0 | 21.6 |
| Addendum |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 80-90 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 13.9 | 0.0 | 22.2 |
| 90-95 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 10.6 | 0.0 | 24.7 |
| 95-99 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 17.1 | 0.0 | 27.8 |
| Top 1 Percent | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 27.4 | 0.0 | 32.9 |
| Top 0.1 Percent | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 14.0 | 0.0 | 35.9 |

Baseline Distribution of Income and Federal Taxes
by Cash Income Percentile, 2008

| Cash Income Percentile ${ }^{2,3}$ | Tax Units ${ }^{4}$ |  | Average Income (Dollars) | Average <br> Federal Tax <br> Burden <br> (Dollars) | Average AfterTax Income ${ }^{5}$ (Dollars) | Average <br> Federal Tax <br> Rate ${ }^{6}$ | Share of Pre- <br> Tax Income <br> Percent of <br> Total | Share of Post- <br> Tax Income <br> Percent of <br> Total | Share of <br> Federal Taxes <br> Percent of <br> Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Number } \\ \text { (thousands) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { Percent of } \\ \text { Total } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Lowest Quintile | 38,768 | 26.1 | 10,255 | 141 | 10,114 | 1.4 | 3.8 | 4.8 | 0.2 |
| Second Quintile | 32,566 | 21.9 | 26,909 | 2,243 | 24,666 | 8.3 | 8.3 | 9.8 | 3.2 |
| Middle Quintile | 29,765 | 20.1 | 49,890 | 7,625 | 42,264 | 15.3 | 14.1 | 15.3 | 10.0 |
| Fourth Quintile | 24,855 | 16.7 | 84,264 | 15,910 | 68,354 | 18.9 | 19.9 | 20.6 | 17.4 |
| Top Quintile | 21,821 | 14.7 | 260,346 | 71,762 | 188,584 | 27.6 | 54.1 | 50.0 | 69.0 |
| All | 148,478 | 100.0 | 70,734 | 15,289 | 55,444 | 21.6 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 |
| Addendum |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 80-90 | 11,018 | 7.4 | 128,945 | 28,634 | 100,311 | 22.2 | 13.5 | 13.4 | 13.9 |
| 90-95 | 5,347 | 3.6 | 182,799 | 45,062 | 137,737 | 24.7 | 9.3 | 9.0 | 10.6 |
| 95-99 | 4,353 | 2.9 | 320,421 | 89,014 | 231,407 | 27.8 | 13.3 | 12.2 | 17.1 |
| Top 1 Percent | 1,104 | 0.7 | 1,710,553 | 563,507 | 1,147,046 | 32.9 | 18.0 | 15.4 | 27.4 |
| Top 0.1 Percent | 112 | 0.1 | 7,913,937 | 2,837,788 | 5,076,149 | 35.9 | 8.4 | 6.9 | 14.0 |

Source: Urban-Brookings Tax Policy Center Mic
Number AMT Taxpayers (millions). Baseline: $\quad 26.9$ Proposal:
26.9
(1) Calendar year. Baseine is current law, proposal reduces the threshold for refundability of the child tax credit from $\$ 12,050$ to $\$ 8,500$.
(2) Tax units with negative cash income are excluded from the lowest income class but are included in the totals. For a description of cash income, see
http://www.taxpolicycenter.org/TaxModel/income.cfm
(3) The cash income percentile classes used in this table are based on the income distribution for the entire population and contain an equal number of people, not tax units. The breaks are (in 2008 dollars): $20 \% \$ 18,555,40 \%$ \$37,047, $60 \%$ \$65,104, $80 \%$ \$109,049, 90\% \$156,987, 95\% \$219,788, 99\% \$574,125, 99.9\% \$2,659,266.
(4) Includes both filing and non-filing units but excludes those that are dependents of other tax units.
(
(6) Average federal tax (includes individual and corporate income tax, payroll taxes for Social Security and Medicare, and the estate tax) as a percentage of average cash income.

Table T08-0091
Reduce Child Tax Credit Refundability Threshold to \$8,500
Distribution of Federal Tax Change by Cash Income Percentile Adjusted for Family Size, $2008{ }^{1}$ Detail Table

| Cash Income Percentile ${ }^{2,3}$ | Percent of Tax Units ${ }^{4}$ |  | Percent Change in After-Tax Income ${ }^{5}$ | Share of Total Federal Tax Change | Average Federal Tax Change |  | Share of Federal Taxes |  | Average Federal Tax Rate ${ }^{6}$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | With Tax Cut | With Tax Increase |  |  | Dollars | Percent | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { Change (\% } \\ \text { Points) } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | Under the Proposal | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { Change (\% } \\ \hline \text { Points) } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | Under the Proposal |
| Lowest Quintile | 14.7 | 0.0 | 0.6 | 74.2 | -59 | 20.5 | -0.1 | -0.5 | -0.6 | -3.6 |
| Second Quintile | 6.2 | 0.0 | 0.1 | 24.1 | -20 | -1.4 | 0.0 | 1.9 | -0.1 | 5.9 |
| Middle Quintile | 0.3 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 1.2 | -1 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 7.8 | 0.0 | 13.8 |
| Fourth Quintile | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.2 | 0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 16.7 | 0.0 | 18.3 |
| Top Quintile | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0.1 | 73.9 | 0.0 | 27.3 |
| All | 4.5 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 100.0 | -17 | -0.1 | 0.0 | 100.0 | 0.0 | 21.6 |
| Addendum |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 80-90 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 15.2 | 0.0 | 22.2 |
| 90-95 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 11.9 | 0.0 | 24.5 |
| 95-99 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 18.2 | 0.0 | 27.4 |
| Top 1 Percent | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 28.6 | 0.0 | 32.8 |
| Top 0.1 Percent | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 14.5 | 0.0 | 35.8 |

Baseline Distribution of Income and Federal Taxes
by Cash Income Percentile Adjusted for Family Size, 2008

| Cash Income Percentile ${ }^{2,3}$ | Tax Units ${ }^{4}$ |  | Average Income (Dollars) | Average <br> Federal Tax <br> Burden <br> (Dollars) | Average AfterTax Income ${ }^{5}$ (Dollars) | Average Federal Tax Rate ${ }^{6}$ | Share of Pre- <br> Tax Income <br> Percent of <br> Total | Share of Post- <br> Tax Income <br> Percent of <br> Total | Share of <br> Federal Taxes <br> Percent of <br> Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Number (thousands) | Percent of Total |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Lowest Quintile | 32,159 | 21.7 | 9,605 | -290 | 9,895 | -3.0 | 2.9 | 3.9 | -0.4 |
| Second Quintile | 30,690 | 20.7 | 24,186 | 1,445 | 22,741 | 6.0 | 7.1 | 8.5 | 2.0 |
| Middle Quintile | 28,702 | 19.3 | 44,387 | 6,135 | 38,252 | 13.8 | 12.1 | 13.3 | 7.8 |
| Fourth Quintile | 28,184 | 19.0 | 73,404 | 13,448 | 59,956 | 18.3 | 19.7 | 20.5 | 16.7 |
| Top Quintile | 28,040 | 18.9 | 218,979 | 59,796 | 159,183 | 27.3 | 58.5 | 54.2 | 73.9 |
| All | 148,478 | 100.0 | 70,734 | 15,289 | 55,444 | 21.6 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 |
| Addendum |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 80-90 | 14,124 | 9.5 | 110,111 | 24,427 | 85,683 | 22.2 | 14.8 | 14.7 | 15.2 |
| 90-95 | 7,080 | 4.8 | 154,908 | 37,953 | 116,955 | 24.5 | 10.4 | 10.1 | 11.8 |
| 95-99 | 5,504 | 3.7 | 274,465 | 75,119 | 199,346 | 27.4 | 14.4 | 13.3 | 18.2 |
| Top 1 Percent | 1,332 | 0.9 | 1,484,837 | 487,684 | 997,153 | 32.8 | 18.8 | 16.1 | 28.6 |
| Top 0.1 Percent | 132 | 0.1 | 6,970,483 | 2,492,757 | 4,477,727 | 35.8 | 8.8 | 7.2 | 14.5 |

Source: Urban-Brookings Tax Policy Center Microsimulation Model (version 0308-4).
$\begin{aligned} & \text { 26.9 }\end{aligned}$
$\begin{aligned} & \text { Number of AMT Taxpayers (millions). Baseline: }\end{aligned}$
Number of AMT Taxpayers (millions). Baseline: $\quad 26.9 \quad$ Proposal
${ }_{\$ 12,050}^{26.9}$ to $\$ 8,500$.
(1) Calendar year. Baseline is current law, proposal reduces the threshold for refundability of the child tax credit from $\$ 12,050$ to $\$ 8,500$.
(2) Tax units with negative cash income are excluded from the lowest income class but are included in the totals. For a description of cash income, see
http://www.taxpolicycenter.org/TaxModel/income.cfm
(3) The cash income percentile classes used in this table are based on the income distribution for the entire population and contain an equal number of people, not tax units. The incomes used are adjusted for family size by dividing by the square root of the number of people in the tax unit. The resulting percentile breaks are (in 2008 dollars): $20 \% \$ 12,650,40 \% ~ \$ 23,904,60 \% \$ 41,090,80 \% \$ 66,031,90 \% \$ 93,906,95 \% \$ 132,035,99 \% ~ \$ 340,901$, $99.9 \%$ \$1,598,156.
(4) Includes both filing and non-filing units but excludes those that are dependents of other tax units.
(5) After-tax income is cash income less: individual income tax net of refundable credits; corporate income tax; payroll taxes (Social Security and Medicare); and estate tax.
(6) Average federal tax (includes individual and corporate income tax, payroll taxes for Social Security and Medicare, and the estate tax) as a percentage of average cash income.

Table T08-0091
Reduce Child Tax Credit Refundability Threshold to \$8,50
Distribution of Federal Tax Change by Cash Income Percentile Adjusted for Family Size, 2008
Detail Table - Single Tax Units

| Cash Income Percentile ${ }^{2,3}$ | Percent of Tax Units ${ }^{4}$ |  | Percent Change in After-Tax Income ${ }^{5}$ | Share of Total Federal Tax Change | Average Federal Tax Change |  | Share of Federal Taxes |  | Average Federal Tax Rate ${ }^{6}$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | With Tax Cut | With Tax Increase |  |  | Dollars | Percent | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { Change (\% } \\ \text { Points) } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | Under the Proposal | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { Change (\% } \\ \text { Points) } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | Under the Proposal |
| Lowest Quintile | 2.8 | 0.0 | 0.1 | 82.4 | -9 | -3.6 | 0.0 | 0.8 | -0.1 | 3.4 |
| Second Quintile | 0.8 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 17.3 | -2 | -0.2 | 0.0 | 4.3 | 0.0 | 8.8 |
| Middle Quintile | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 11.8 | 0.0 | 16.3 |
| Fourth Quintile | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 20.3 | 0.0 | 20.3 |
| Top Quintile | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 62.6 | 0.0 | 28.4 |
| All | 1.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 100.0 | -3 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 100.0 | 0.0 | 21.5 |
| Addendum |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 80-90 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 15.5 | 0.0 | 23.7 |
| 90-95 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 11.3 | 0.0 | 25.8 |
| 95-99 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 14.8 | 0.0 | 28.0 |
| Top 1 Percent | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 21.0 | 0.0 | 36.0 |
| Top 0.1 Percent | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 10.4 | 0.0 | 40.2 |

Baseline Distribution of Income and Federal Taxes
by Cash Income Percentile Adjusted for Family Size, 2008

| Cash Income Percentile ${ }^{2,3}$ | Tax Units ${ }^{4}$ |  | Average Income (Dollars) | Average <br> Federal Tax <br> Burden <br> (Dollars) | Average AfterTax Income ${ }^{5}$ (Dollars) | Average Federal Tax Rate ${ }^{6}$ | Share of Pre- <br> Tax Income <br> Percent of <br> Total | Share of Post- <br> Tax Income <br> Percent of <br> Total | Share of <br> Federal Taxes <br> Percent of <br> Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Number (thousands) | Percent of Total |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Lowest Quintile | 17,953 | 27.9 | 7,316 | 256 | 7,060 | 3.5 | 5.2 | 6.4 | 0.8 |
| Second Quintile | 14,696 | 22.9 | 18,245 | 1,604 | 16,640 | 8.8 | 10.6 | 12.3 | 4.3 |
| Middle Quintile | 12,229 | 19.0 | 32,190 | 5,253 | 26,938 | 16.3 | 15.6 | 16.6 | 11.8 |
| Fourth Quintile | 10,436 | 16.2 | 52,353 | 10,601 | 41,752 | 20.3 | 21.6 | 21.9 | 20.3 |
| Top Quintile | 8,576 | 13.4 | 139,989 | 39,758 | 100,231 | 28.4 | 47.4 | 43.3 | 62.6 |
| All | 64,251 | 100.0 | 39,395 | 8,479 | 30,916 | 21.5 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 |
| Addendum |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 80-90 | 4,563 | 7.1 | 78,239 | 18,530 | 59,709 | 23.7 | 14.1 | 13.7 | 15.5 |
| 90-95 | 2,174 | 3.4 | 109,842 | 28,292 | 81,550 | 25.8 | 9.4 | 8.9 | 11.3 |
| 95-99 | 1,517 | 2.4 | 189,475 | 53,123 | 136,352 | 28.0 | 11.4 | 10.4 | 14.8 |
| Top 1 Percent | 323 | 0.5 | 983,151 | 354,162 | 628,989 | 36.0 | 12.5 | 10.2 | 21.0 |
| Top 0.1 Percent | 28 | 0.0 | 4,967,612 | 1,997,628 | 2,969,984 | 40.2 | 5.6 | 4.2 | 10.4 |

Source: Urban-Brookings Tax Policy Center Microsimulation Model (version 0308-4).
Number of AMT Taxpayers (millions). Baseline: $\begin{aligned} & \text { Proposal: }\end{aligned}$
Proposal

(1) Calendar year. Baseline is current law, proposal reduces the threshold for refundabiity of the child tax credit from $\$ 12,050$ to $\$ 8,500$.
http://www.taxpolicycenter.org/TaxModel/income.cfm
(3) The cash income percentile classes used in this table are based on the income distribution for the entire population and contain an equal number of people, not tax units. The incomes used are adjusted for family size by dividing by the square root of the number of people in the tax unit. The resulting percentile breaks are (in 2008 dollars): $20 \% \$ 12,650,40 \% ~ \$ 23,904,60 \% \$ 41,090,80 \% \$ 66,031,90 \% \$ 93,906,95 \% \$ 132,035,99 \% ~ \$ 340,901$, 99.9\% \$1,598,156.
(4) Includes both filing and non-filing units but excludes those that are dependents of other tax units.
(5) After-tax income is cash income less: individual income tax net of refundable credits; corporate income tax; payroll taxes (Social Security and Medicare); and estate tax.
(6) Average federal tax (includes individual and corporate income tax, payroll taxes for Social Security and Medicare, and the estate tax) as a percentage of average cash income.

Table T08-0091
Reduce Child Tax Credit Refundability Threshold to $\mathbf{\$ 8 , 5 0 0}$
Distribution of Federal Tax Change by Cash Income Percentile Adjusted for Family Size, $2008{ }^{1}$ Detail Table - Married Tax Units Filing Jointly

| Cash Income Percentile ${ }^{2,3}$ | Percent of Tax Units ${ }^{4}$ |  | Percent Change in After-Tax Income ${ }^{5}$ | Share of Total Federal Tax Change | Average Federal Tax Change |  | Share of Federal Taxes |  | Average Federal Tax Rate ${ }^{6}$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | With Tax Cut | With Tax Increase |  |  | Dollars | Percent | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { Change (\% } \\ \text { Points) } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | Under the Proposal | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { Change (\% } \\ \text { Points) } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | Under the Proposal |
| Lowest Quintile | 20.2 | 0.0 | 0.7 | 76.1 | -93 | 18.8 | 0.0 | -0.3 | -0.7 | -4.6 |
| Second Quintile | 5.1 | 0.0 | 0.1 | 20.7 | -20 | -1.2 | 0.0 | 0.9 | -0.1 | 5.2 |
| Middle Quintile | 0.3 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 1.6 | -1 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 4.8 | 0.0 | 12.1 |
| Fourth Quintile | 0.1 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.4 | 0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 14.4 | 0.0 | 17.3 |
| Top Quintile | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 80.0 | 0.0 | 27.0 |
| All | 3.1 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 100.0 | -14 | -0.1 | 0.0 | 100.0 | 0.0 | 22.7 |
| Addendum |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 80-90 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 15.2 | 0.0 | 21.6 |
| 90-95 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 12.6 | 0.0 | 24.1 |
| 95-99 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 20.2 | 0.0 | 27.2 |
| Top 1 Percent | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 32.0 | 0.0 | 32.2 |
| Top 0.1 Percent | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 16.0 | 0.0 | 34.9 |

Baseline Distribution of Income and Federal Taxe
by Cash Income Percentile Adjusted for Family Size, 2008

| Cash Income Percentile ${ }^{2,3}$ | Tax Units ${ }^{4}$ |  | Average Income (Dollars) | Average <br> Federal Tax <br> Burden <br> (Dollars) | Average AfterTax Income ${ }^{5}$ (Dollars) | Average Federal Tax Rate ${ }^{6}$ | Share of Pre- <br> Tax Income <br> Percent of <br> Total | Share of Post- <br> Tax Income <br> Percent of <br> Total | Share of <br> Federal Taxes <br> Percent of <br> Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Number } \\ \text { (thousands) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { Percent of } \\ \text { Total } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Lowest Quintile | 6,583 | 11.2 | 12,788 | -496 | 13,285 | -3.9 | 1.2 | 1.6 | -0.2 |
| Second Quintile | 8,471 | 14.4 | 31,050 | 1,636 | 29,415 | 5.3 | 3.8 | 4.7 | 0.9 |
| Middle Quintile | 10,966 | 18.6 | 57,143 | 6,921 | 50,222 | 12.1 | 9.1 | 10.3 | 4.8 |
| Fourth Quintile | 14,670 | 24.9 | 89,205 | 15,431 | 73,774 | 17.3 | 18.9 | 20.3 | 14.4 |
| Top Quintile | 17,905 | 30.4 | 259,469 | 70,028 | 189,441 | 27.0 | 67.3 | 63.5 | 79.9 |
| All | 58,860 | 100.0 | 117,369 | 26,655 | 90,714 | 22.7 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 |
| Addendum |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 80-90 | 8,591 | 14.6 | 128,349 | 27,689 | 100,661 | 21.6 | 16.0 | 16.2 | 15.2 |
| 90-95 | 4,613 | 7.8 | 177,414 | 42,756 | 134,659 | 24.1 | 11.9 | 11.6 | 12.6 |
| 95-99 | 3,749 | 6.4 | 311,038 | 84,671 | 226,367 | 27.2 | 16.9 | 15.9 | 20.2 |
| Top 1 Percent | 953 | 1.6 | 1,635,819 | 526,119 | 1,109,700 | 32.2 | 22.6 | 19.8 | 32.0 |
| Top 0.1 Percent | 96 | 0.2 | 7,460,582 | 2,605,365 | 4,855,218 | 34.9 | 10.4 | 8.8 | 16.0 |

Source: Urban-Brookings Tax Policy Center Microsimulation Model (version 0308-4).
Number of AMT Taxpayers (millions). Baseline: $\begin{aligned} & \text { Proposal: }\end{aligned}$
Proposal
26.9
$\$ 12,050$ to $\$ 8,500$.
(1) Calendar year. Baseline is current law, proposal reduces the threshold for refundabiity of the child tax credit from $\$ 12,050$ to $\$ 8,500$.
http://www.taxpolicycenter.org/TaxModel/income.cfm
(3) The cash income percentile classes used in this table are based on the income distribution for the entire population and contain an equal number of people, not tax units. The incomes used are adjusted for family size by dividing by the square root of the number of people in the tax unit. The resulting percentile breaks are (in 2008 dollars): $20 \% \$ 12,650,40 \% ~ \$ 23,904,60 \% \$ 41,090,80 \% \$ 66,031,90 \% \$ 93,906,95 \% \$ 132,035,99 \% ~ \$ 340,901$, $99.9 \%$ \$1,598,156.
(4) Includes both filing and non-filing units but excludes those that are dependents of other tax units.
(5) After-tax income is cash income less: individual income tax net of refundable credits; corporate income tax; payroll taxes (Social Security and Medicare); and estate tax.
(6) Average federal tax (includes individual and corporate income tax, payroll taxes for Social Security and Medicare, and the estate tax) as a percentage of average cash income.

Table T08-0091
Reduce Child Tax Credit Refundability Threshold to $\mathbf{\$ 8 , 5 0 0}$
Distribution of Federal Tax Change by Cash Income Percentile Adjusted for Family Size, $2008{ }^{1}$ Detail Table - Head of Household Tax Units

| Cash Income Percentile ${ }^{2,3}$ | Percent of Tax Units ${ }^{4}$ |  | Percent Change in After-Tax Income ${ }^{5}$ | Share of Total Federal Tax Change | Average Federal Tax Change |  | Share of Federal Taxes |  | Average Federal Tax Rate ${ }^{6}$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | With Tax Cut | With Tax Increase |  |  | Dollars | Percent | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { Change (\% } \\ \text { Points) } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | Under the Proposal | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { Change (\% } \\ \text { Points) } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | Under the Proposal |
| Lowest Quintile | 39.4 | 0.0 | 1.1 | 72.1 | -153 | 10.4 | -1.2 | -11.1 | -1.2 | -13.1 |
| Second Quintile | 18.7 | 0.0 | 0.2 | 26.6 | -58 | -7.2 | -0.3 | 5.0 | -0.2 | 2.6 |
| Middle Quintile | 1.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 1.1 | -3 | -0.1 | 0.4 | 28.9 | 0.0 | 13.7 |
| Fourth Quintile | 0.1 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.1 | -1 | 0.0 | 0.5 | 32.0 | 0.0 | 19.4 |
| Top Quintile | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0.6 | 45.2 | 0.0 | 26.2 |
| All | 18.7 | 0.0 | 0.2 | 100.0 | -68 | -1.4 | 0.0 | 100.0 | -0.2 | 12.2 |
| Addendum |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 80-90 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0.2 | 16.1 | 0.0 | 23.4 |
| 90-95 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0.1 | 6.8 | 0.0 | 24.7 |
| 95-99 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0.1 | 9.7 | 0.0 | 26.2 |
| Top 1 Percent | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0.2 | 12.6 | 0.0 | 32.3 |
| Top 0.1 Percent | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0.1 | 6.1 | 0.0 | 35.1 |

Baseline Distribution of Income and Federal Taxes
by Cash Income Percentile Adjusted for Family Size, 2008

| Cash Income Percentile ${ }^{2,3}$ | Tax Units ${ }^{4}$ |  | Average Income (Dollars) | Average <br> Federal Tax <br> Burden <br> (Dollars) | Average AfterTax Income ${ }^{5}$ (Dollars) | Average Federal Tax Rate ${ }^{6}$ | Share of Pre- <br> Tax Income <br> Percent of <br> Total | Share of Post- <br> Tax Income <br> Percent of <br> Total | Share of <br> Federal Taxes <br> Percent of <br> Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Number (thousands) | Percent of Total |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Lowest Quintile | 7,356 | 32.2 | 12,388 | -1,474 | 13,862 | -11.9 | 10.3 | 13.2 | -9.9 |
| Second Quintile | 7,113 | 31.1 | 28,419 | 810 | 27,609 | 2.9 | 22.9 | 25.4 | 5.3 |
| Middle Quintile | 4,790 | 21.0 | 47,405 | 6,500 | 40,906 | 13.7 | 25.7 | 25.3 | 28.5 |
| Fourth Quintile | 2,462 | 10.8 | 72,480 | 14,028 | 58,452 | 19.4 | 20.2 | 18.6 | 31.6 |
| Top Quintile | 1,097 | 4.8 | 169,286 | 44,366 | 124,919 | 26.2 | 21.0 | 17.7 | 44.5 |
| All | 22,867 | 100.0 | 38,616 | 4,783 | 33,833 | 12.4 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 |
| Addendum |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 80-90 | 704 | 3.1 | 105,000 | 24,560 | 80,441 | 23.4 | 8.4 | 7.3 | 15.8 |
| 90-95 | 208 | 0.9 | 142,591 | 35,191 | 107,400 | 24.7 | 3.4 | 2.9 | 6.7 |
| 95-99 | 155 | 0.7 | 259,445 | 67,883 | 191,561 | 26.2 | 4.5 | 3.8 | 9.6 |
| Top 1 Percent | 31 | 0.1 | 1,363,621 | 440,070 | 923,552 | 32.3 | 4.8 | 3.7 | 12.4 |
| Top 0.1 Percent | 3 | 0.0 | 6,874,920 | 2,415,567 | 4,459,353 | 35.1 | 2.1 | 1.6 | 6.0 |

[^0]Number of AMT Taxpayers (millions). Baseline: $\quad 26.9$ Proposal:
${ }_{\$ 12,050}^{26.9}$ to $\$ 8,500$.
(1) Calendar year. Baseline is current law, proposal reduces the threshold for refundabiity of the child tax credit from $\$ 12,050$ to $\$ 8$, 00 .
(2) Tax units with negative cash income are excluded from the lowest income class but are included in the totals. For a description of cash income, see
http://www.taxpolicycenter.org/TaxModel/income.cfm
(3) The cash income percentile classes used in this table are based on the income distribution for the entire population and contain an equal number of people, not tax units. The incomes used are adjusted for family size by dividing by the square root of the number of people in the tax unit. The resulting percentile breaks are (in 2008 dollars): $20 \% \$ 12,650,40 \% ~ \$ 23,904,60 \% \$ 41,090,80 \% \$ 66,031,90 \% \$ 93,906,95 \% \$ 132,035,99 \% ~ \$ 340,901$, $99.9 \%$ \$1,598,156.
(4) Includes both filing and non-filing units but excludes those that are dependents of other tax units.
(5) After-tax income is cash income less: individual income tax net of refundable credits; corporate income tax; payroll taxes (Social Security and Medicare); and estate tax.
(6) Average federal tax (includes individual and corporate income tax, payroll taxes for Social Security and Medicare, and the estate tax) as a percentage of average cash income

Table T08-0091
Reduce Child Tax Credit Refundability Threshold to \$8,50
Distribution of Federal Tax Change by Cash Income Percentile Adjusted for Family Size, $2008{ }^{1}$ Detail Table - Tax Units with Children

| Cash Income Percentile ${ }^{2,3}$ | Percent of Tax Units ${ }^{4}$ |  | Percent Change in After-Tax Income ${ }^{5}$ | Share of Total <br> Federal Tax Change | Average Federal Tax Change |  | Share of Federal Taxes |  | Average Federal Tax Rate ${ }^{6}$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | With Tax Cut | With Tax Increase |  |  | Dollars | Percent | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { Change (\% } \\ \text { Points) } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | Under the Proposal | $\begin{gathered} \text { Change (\% } \\ \text { Points) } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | Under the Proposal |
| Lowest Quintile | 45.8 | 0.0 | 1.2 | 73.8 | -188 | 9.8 | -0.2 | -2.2 | -1.4 | -15.5 |
| Second Quintile | 17.6 | 0.0 | 0.2 | 24.4 | -59 | -6.8 | -0.1 | 0.9 | -0.2 | 2.5 |
| Middle Quintile | 0.7 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 1.1 | -3 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 9.0 | 0.0 | 13.3 |
| Fourth Quintile | 0.1 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.2 | 0 | 0.0 | 0.1 | 19.3 | 0.0 | 18.9 |
| Top Quintile | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0.2 | 72.9 | 0.0 | 27.8 |
| All | 13.0 | 0.0 | 0.1 | 100.0 | -51 | -0.3 | 0.0 | 100.0 | -0.1 | 20.8 |
| Addendum |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 80-90 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 16.0 | 0.0 | 23.0 |
| 90-95 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 11.6 | 0.0 | 25.4 |
| 95-99 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0.1 | 18.2 | 0.0 | 28.0 |
| Top 1 Percent | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0.1 | 27.1 | 0.0 | 32.9 |
| Top 0.1 Percent | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 13.3 | 0.0 | 35.2 |

Baseline Distribution of Income and Federal Taxes
by Cash Income Percentile Adjusted for Family Size, 2008

| Cash Income Percentile ${ }^{2,3}$ | Tax Units ${ }^{4}$ |  | Average Income (Dollars) |  | Average AfterTax Income ${ }^{5}$ (Dollars) | $\begin{gathered} \text { Average } \\ \text { Federal Tax } \\ \text { Rate }^{6} \end{gathered}$ | Share of Pre- <br> Tax Income <br> Percent of <br> Total | Share of Post- <br> Tax Income <br> Percent of <br> Total | Share of <br> Federal Taxes <br> Percent of <br> Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Number } \\ \text { (thousands) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { Percent of } \\ \text { Total } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Lowest Quintile | 9,488 | 19.8 | 13,554 | -1,918 | 15,473 | -14.2 | 3.0 | 4.3 | -2.0 |
| Second Quintile | 10,040 | 21.0 | 32,307 | 860 | 31,447 | 2.7 | 7.5 | 9.2 | 1.0 |
| Middle Quintile | 10,405 | 21.8 | 58,726 | 7,804 | 50,923 | 13.3 | 14.1 | 15.4 | 9.0 |
| Fourth Quintile | 9,502 | 19.9 | 96,899 | 18,263 | 78,636 | 18.9 | 21.2 | 21.8 | 19.2 |
| Top Quintile | 8,242 | 17.2 | 286,677 | 79,595 | 207,083 | 27.8 | 54.5 | 49.7 | 72.7 |
| All | 47,814 | 100.0 | 90,679 | 18,872 | 71,807 | 20.8 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 |
| Addendum |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 80-90 | 4,273 | 8.9 | 146,161 | 33,604 | 112,557 | 23.0 | 14.4 | 14.0 | 15.9 |
| 90-95 | 1,991 | 4.2 | 206,543 | 52,543 | 153,999 | 25.4 | 9.5 | 8.9 | 11.6 |
| 95-99 | 1,592 | 3.3 | 367,015 | 102,819 | 264,196 | 28.0 | 13.5 | 12.3 | 18.1 |
| Top 1 Percent | 386 | 0.8 | 1,925,687 | 632,962 | 1,292,725 | 32.9 | 17.1 | 14.5 | 27.1 |
| Top 0.1 Percent | 37 | 0.1 | 9,056,114 | 3,189,759 | 5,866,354 | 35.2 | 7.8 | 6.4 | 13.2 |


| Source: Urban-Brookings Tax Policy Center Microsimulation Model (version 0308-4). |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| Number of AMT Taxpayers (millions). Baseline: | Proposal: |
| Note: Tax units with children are those claiming |  |

(1) Calendar year. Baseline is current law, proposal reduces the threshold for refundability of the child tax credit from $\$ 12,050$ to $\$ 8,500$,
(2) Tax units with negative cash income are excluded from the lowest income class but are included in the totals. For a description of cash income,
http://www.taxpolicycenter.org/TaxModel/income.cfm
(3) The cash income percentile classes used in this table are based on the income distribution for the entire population and contain an equal number of people, not tax units. The incomes used are adjusted for family size by dividing by the square root of the number of people in the tax unit. The resulting percentile breaks are (in 2008 dollars): $20 \% \$ 12,650,40 \% ~ \$ 23,904,60 \% \$ 41,090,80 \% \$ 66,031,90 \% \$ 93,906,95 \% \$ 132,035,99 \% ~ \$ 340,901$, 99.9\% \$1,598,156.
(4) Includes both filing and non-filing units but excludes those that are dependents of other tax units.
(5) After-tax income is cash income less: individual income tax net of refundable credits; corporate income tax; payroll taxes (Social Security and Medicare); and estate tax.
(6) Average federal tax (includes individual and corporate income tax, payroll taxes for Social Security and Medicare, and the estate tax) as a percentage of average cash income.

Table T08-0091
Reduce Child Tax Credit Refundability Threshold to \$8,50
Distribution of Federal Tax Change by Cash Income Percentile Adjusted for Family Size, 2008
Detail Table - Elderly Tax Units

| Cash Income Percentile ${ }^{2,3}$ | Percent of Tax Units ${ }^{4}$ |  | Percent Change in After-Tax Income ${ }^{5}$ | Share of Total <br> Federal Tax Change | Average Federal Tax Change |  | Share of Federal Taxes |  | Average Federal Tax Rate ${ }^{6}$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | With Tax Cut | With Tax Increase |  |  | Dollars | Percent | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { Change (\% } \\ \text { Points) } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | Under the Proposal | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { Change (\% } \\ \text { Points) } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | Under the Proposal |
| Lowest Quintile | 0.6 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 56.0 | -2 | 16.5 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | -0.2 |
| Second Quintile | 0.3 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 35.9 | -1 | -0.2 | 0.0 | 1.1 | 0.0 | 2.7 |
| Middle Quintile | 0.1 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 8.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 2.5 | 0.0 | 5.7 |
| Fourth Quintile | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 11.0 | 0.0 | 12.0 |
| Top Quintile | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 85.4 | 0.0 | 27.5 |
| All | 0.2 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 100.0 | $-1$ | 0.0 | 0.0 | 100.0 | 0.0 | 20.0 |
| Addendum |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 80-90 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 11.3 | 0.0 | 18.0 |
| 90-95 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 10.2 | 0.0 | 21.4 |
| 95-99 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 21.2 | 0.0 | 27.0 |
| Top 1 Percent | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 42.7 | 0.0 | 35.1 |
| Top 0.1 Percent | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 21.8 | 0.0 | 38.3 |

Baseline Distribution of Income and Federal Taxes
by Cash Income Percentile Adjusted for Family Size, 2008

| Cash Income Percentile ${ }^{2,3}$ | Tax Units ${ }^{4}$ |  | Average Income (Dollars) |  | Average AfterTax Income ${ }^{5}$ (Dollars) | $\begin{gathered} \text { Average } \\ \text { Federal Tax } \\ \text { Rate }^{6} \end{gathered}$ | Share of Pre- <br> Tax Income <br> Percent of <br> Total | Share of Post- <br> Tax Income <br> Percent of <br> Total | Share of <br> Federal Taxes <br> Percent of <br> Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Number } \\ \text { (thousands) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { Percent of } \\ \text { Total } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Lowest Quintile | 5,704 | 20.3 | 9,493 | -14 | 9,507 | -0.1 | 2.8 | 3.5 | 0.0 |
| Second Quintile | 7,519 | 26.8 | 20,219 | 541 | 19,678 | 2.7 | 7.9 | 9.6 | 1.1 |
| Middle Quintile | 4,252 | 15.1 | 39,996 | 2,279 | 37,717 | 5.7 | 8.8 | 10.4 | 2.5 |
| Fourth Quintile | 5,320 | 18.9 | 66,366 | 7,965 | 58,401 | 12.0 | 18.4 | 20.2 | 11.0 |
| Top Quintile | 5,291 | 18.8 | 226,212 | 62,196 | 164,017 | 27.5 | 62.2 | 56.4 | 85.4 |
| All | 28,106 | 100.0 | 68,466 | 13,714 | 54,752 | 20.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 |
| Addendum |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 80-90 | 2,418 | 8.6 | 100,343 | 18,027 | 82,316 | 18.0 | 12.6 | 12.9 | 11.3 |
| 90-95 | 1,312 | 4.7 | 140,194 | 30,012 | 110,182 | 21.4 | 9.6 | 9.4 | 10.2 |
| 95-99 | 1,204 | 4.3 | 250,263 | 67,670 | 182,593 | 27.0 | 15.7 | 14.3 | 21.2 |
| Top 1 Percent | 356 | 1.3 | 1,317,254 | 462,461 | 854,794 | 35.1 | 24.4 | 19.8 | 42.7 |
| Top 0.1 Percent | 36 | 0.1 | 6,084,161 | 2,328,254 | 3,755,907 | 38.3 | 11.4 | 8.8 | 21.8 |

Source: Urban-Brookings Tax Policy Center Microsimulation Model (version 0308-4).
Number of AMT Taxpayers (millions). Baseline:
Note: Elderly tax units are those with either head or spouse (if filing jointly) age 65 or older.

(2) Tax units with negative cash income are excluded from the lowest income class but are included in the totals. For a description of cash income, see
htp://www.taxpolicycenter.org/TaxModel/income.cfm
 dividing by the sq
(4) Includes both filing and non-filing units but excludes those that are dependents of other tax units.
(5) After-tax income is cash income less: individual income tax net of refundable credits; corporate income tax; payroll taxes (Social Security and Medicare); and estate tax.
(6) Average federal tax (includes individual and corporate income tax, payroll taxes for Social Security and Medicare, and the estate tax) as a percentage of average cash income.


[^0]:    Source: Urban-Brookings Tax Policy Center Microsimulation Model (version 0308-4).

