Table T07-0074
Extend Certain Provisions in 2001-6 Tax Cuts and Repeal Alternative Minimum Tax (AMT)
Distribution of Federal Tax Change by Cash Income Percentile, 2011

| Cash Income Percentile ${ }^{2,3}$ | Percent of Tax Units ${ }^{4}$ |  | PercentChange in After-Tax Income ${ }^{5}$ | Share of Total <br> Federal Tax Change | Average Federal Tax Change |  | Share of Federal Taxes |  | Average Federal Tax Rate ${ }^{6}$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | With Tax Cut | With Tax Increase |  |  | Dollars | Percent | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { Change (\% } \\ \text { Points) } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | Under the Proposal | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { Change (\% } \\ \text { Points) } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | Under the Proposal |
| Lowest Quintile | 17.1 | 1.4 | 0.3 | 0.4 | -29 | -7.4 | 0.0 | 0.4 | -0.3 | 3.7 |
| Second Quintile | 67.8 | 1.0 | 1.7 | 6.0 | -385 | -16.2 | -0.3 | 2.3 | -1.6 | 8.2 |
| Middle Quintile | 86.4 | 0.4 | 1.9 | 10.7 | -695 | -9.5 | -0.2 | 7.7 | -1.6 | 15.2 |
| Fourth Quintile | 97.5 | 0.1 | 2.2 | 20.5 | -1,328 | -8.2 | -0.2 | 17.2 | -1.8 | 19.6 |
| Top Quintile | 99.1 | 0.2 | 2.4 | 62.3 | -4,025 | -6.1 | 0.7 | 72.2 | -1.7 | 26.6 |
| All | 73.6 | 0.6 | 2.2 | 100.0 | -1,293 | -7.0 | 0.0 | 100.0 | -1.7 | 22.3 |
| Addendum |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Top 10 Percent | 99.1 | 0.3 | 2.1 | 39.3 | -5,083 | -4.9 | 1.2 | 56.9 | -1.5 | 28.2 |
| Top 5 Percent | 98.8 | 0.4 | 1.7 | 23.8 | -6,147 | -3.8 | 1.5 | 44.9 | -1.2 | 29.7 |
| Top 1 Percent | 98.9 | 0.4 | 1.0 | 7.2 | -9,325 | -2.0 | 1.4 | 27.1 | -0.7 | 32.6 |
| Top 0.5 Percent | 98.8 | 0.3 | 0.8 | 4.8 | -12,374 | -1.6 | 1.2 | 22.1 | -0.6 | 33.7 |
| Top 0.1 Percent | 99.1 | 0.1 | 0.7 | 2.3 | -29,793 | -1.3 | 0.8 | 13.5 | -0.5 | 35.7 |

Baseline Distribution of Income and Federal Taxes
by Cash Income Percentile, $2011{ }^{1}$

| Cash Income Percentile ${ }^{2,3}$ | Tax Units ${ }^{4}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Average } \\ & \text { Income } \\ & \text { (Dollars) } \end{aligned}$ |  | Average AfterTax Income ${ }^{5}$ (Dollars) | $\begin{gathered} \text { Average } \\ \text { Federal Tax } \\ \text { Rate }^{6} \end{gathered}$ | Share of PreTax Income Percent of Total | $\begin{gathered} \hline \hline \text { Share of Post- } \\ \text { Tax Income } \\ \hline \text { Percent of } \\ \text { Total } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | Share of <br> Federal Taxes <br> Percent of <br> Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { Number } \\ \text { (thousands) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { Percent of } \\ \text { Total } \end{gathered}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Lowest Quintile | 30,704 | 19.6 | 9,721 | 392 | 9,329 | 4.0 | 2.5 | 3.1 | 0.4 |
| Second Quintile | 31,300 | 20.0 | 24,460 | 2,379 | 22,081 | 9.7 | 6.4 | 7.5 | 2.6 |
| Middle Quintile | 31,297 | 20.0 | 43,383 | 7,286 | 36,097 | 16.8 | 11.3 | 12.3 | 7.9 |
| Fourth Quintile | 31,305 | 20.0 | 75,537 | 16,125 | 59,412 | 21.4 | 19.6 | 20.3 | 17.5 |
| Top Quintile | 31,299 | 20.0 | 233,599 | 66,089 | 167,510 | 28.3 | 60.7 | 57.2 | 71.5 |
| All | 156,502 | 100.0 | 77,021 | 18,484 | 58,537 | 24.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 |
| Addendum |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Top 10 Percent | 15,650 | 10.0 | 346,579 | 102,954 | 243,626 | 29.7 | 45.0 | 41.6 | 55.7 |
| Top 5 Percent | 7,825 | 5.0 | 520,288 | 160,629 | 359,659 | 30.9 | 33.8 | 30.7 | 43.5 |
| Top 1 Percent | 1,565 | 1.0 | 1,430,531 | 475,852 | 954,679 | 33.3 | 18.6 | 16.3 | 25.7 |
| Top 0.5 Percent | 783 | 0.5 | 2,252,206 | 772,097 | 1,480,108 | 34.3 | 14.6 | 12.6 | 20.9 |
| Top 0.1 Percent | 157 | 0.1 | 6,508,651 | 2,354,047 | 4,154,604 | 36.2 | 8.5 | 7.1 | 12.7 |

Source: Urban-Brookings Tax Policy Center Microsimulation Model (version 1006-1).
(1) Calendar year. Baseline is current law. Includes the following provisions: (1) maintain 10-percent bracket; (2) retain 25 -percent bracket (don't revert to $28 \%$ ); (3) maintain maximum child tax cred (CTC) at $\$ 1,000$ per child and retain partial refundability; (4) continue current parameters for child and dependent care credit ( $35 \%$ maximum credit, $\$ 3,000$ maximum qualified expenses per child, indexed from 2005 , and $20 \%$ minimum credit); ( 5 ) maintain current marriage penalty relief (married filing jointly standard deduction and width of $15 \%$ bracket both twice levels for single filers; exten plateau for earned income tax credit [EITC] on joint returns); (6) allow both EITC and CTC as credits against AMT; (7) use AGI in place of modified AGI for EITC phase-out; and (8) repeal the AMT
http://www taxpolicycenter org/TaxModel/income cfm
(3) For the income levels at each quintile and the top income percentiles used in this table, see
http://www.taxpolicycenter.org/TaxModel/percentiles.cfr
(4) Includes both filing and non-filing units but excludes those that are dependents of other tax units.
(5) After-tax income is cash income less: individual income tax net of refundable credits; corporate income tax; payroll taxes (Social Security and Medicare); and estate tax.
(6) Average federal tax (includes individual and corporate income tax, payroll taxes for Social Security and Medicare, and the estate tax) as a percentage of average cash income

