7-May-03 Updated Results Based on Description in JCX-40-03

Table T03-0075 Chairman Thomas' Economic Growth and Jobs Plan: Percent of Tax Units by Size of Income Tax Cut and Individual Characteristics, 2003¹

Income Tax Cut (\$)	All Tax Units ²		Joint Tax Units		Joint with Children ³		HOH with Children ⁴		Elderly ⁵		Business Income ⁶	
	Percent of	0	Percent of	Average	Percent of	Average	Percent of		Percent of	Average	Percent of	Average
	Total	Tax Cut (\$)	Total	Tax Cut (\$)	Total	Tax Cut (\$)	Total	Tax Cut (\$)	Total	Tax Cut (\$)	Total	Tax Cut (\$)
0	36.1	0	19.5	0	11.5	0	55.5	0	53.1	0	25.1	0
1-100	17.2	-55	4.9	-85	2.4	-85	2.9	-44	9.9	-56	11.1	-61
101-500	18.5	-305	20.9	-306	11.3	-376	29.1	-373	18.9	-273	18.9	-298
501-1,000	9.3	-752	13.8	-766	23.3	-775	9.7	-763	5.2	-713	11.7	-759
1,001-1,200	2.6	-1,118	4.9	-1,120	8.4	-1,126	1.1	-1,161	1.1	-1,096	3.4	-1,114
1,201-2,000	7.3	-1,586	15.6	-1,592	17.1	-1,580	1.1	-1,596	5.0	-1,615	11.2	-1,586
2,001-5,000	7.7	-2,808	17.7	-2,802	23.3	-2,782	0.5	-2,713	5.5	-2,950	14.8	-2,930
5,001-10,000	0.8	-6,617	1.6	-6,582	1.7	-6,502	0.0	-7,378	0.9	-6,763	2.2	-6,684
10,001-50,000	0.4	-19,658	0.9	-19,734	0.9	-19,788	0.0	-19,483	0.4	-18,421	1.4	-19,985
Over 50,000	0.1	-150,928	0.1	-147,881	0.1	-148,365	0.0	-195,601	0.1	-140,568	0.2	-154,067
All	100.0	-731	100.0	-1,458	100.0	-1,740	100.0	-249	100.0	-567	100.0	-1,605

Source: Urban-Brookings Tax Policy Center Microsimulation Model (version 0503-1).

(1) Calendar year. Baseline is current law. Includes the following provisions: increase child tax credit to \$1,000; expand size of the 10-percent bracket to \$7,000 for singles and \$14,000 for married couples; expand 15-percent bracket for married couples to twice that for singles; increase standard deduction for married couples to twice that for singles; reduce top four tax rates to 25, 28, 33, and 35 percent; increase AMT exemption by \$15,000 for married couples and \$7,500 for others; reduce the tax rate on dividends and long-term capital gains to 15 percent (the rate for individuals in the 10 and 15-percent tax brackets would be 5 percent; preferential rates would not apply to income that, under current law, is reported as dividends on tax returns but represents distributions of interest income from mutual funds; applies to qualifying assets sold on or after May 6, 2003).

(2) Includes both filing and non-filing tax units. Tax filing units that are dependents of other taxpayers are excluded from the analysis.

(3) Married couples with at least one dependent child living at home.

(4) Head of household units with at least one child living at home.

(5) Individuals age 65 or older; for married couples, at least one spouse is 65 or older.

(6) Tax units claiming income or loss on Schedules C, E, or F.