Table T22-0199 Tax Benefit of the Partial Exclusion of Social Security Benefits Baseline: Current Law Distribution of Federal Tax Change by Expanded Cash Income Level, 2026 ¹ Detail Table

Expanded Cash Income Level (thousands of 2022	Percent of	Tax Units ³	Benefit as a Percent of After-	Share of Total	Avera	age Benefit	Share of Fede	eral Taxes	Average Federal Tax Rate ⁶	
dollars) ²	With Benefit	Without Benefit	Tax Income 4	Benefit	Dollars	Percent of Federal Taxes ⁵	With Provision	Without Provision	With Provision	Without Provision
Less than 10	0.0	100.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.1	0.1	4.9	4.9
10-20	14.1	85.9	0.2	1.6	30	5.5	0.2	0.2	3.1	3.3
20-30	26.1	73.9	0.6	8.9	160	13.2	0.5	0.5	4.5	5.1
30-40	30.8	69.2	0.9	15.5	340	12.6	0.8	0.9	6.9	7.8
40-50	31.8	68.2	1.0	17.7	440	9.4	1.3	1.4	9.5	10.4
50-75	25.7	74.3	0.7	30.9	410	4.7	4.5	4.7	12.9	13.5
75-100	16.1	83.9	0.4	16.4	300	2.0	5.5	5.6	15.3	15.6
100-200	4.6	95.4	0.1	8.6	80	0.3	20.8	20.8	18.7	18.7
200-500	0.2	99.8	0.0	0.2	*	0.0	30.3	30.1	23.3	23.3
500-1,000	0.0	100.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	12.1	12.0	28.3	28.3
More than 1,000	*	**	0.0	0.0	*	0.0	23.6	23.4	32.6	32.6
All	15.5	84.5	0.2	100.0	190	0.7	100.0	100.0	21.3	21.4

Baseline Distribution of Income and Federal Taxes

Expanded Cash Income	Tax Units		Pre-Tax Income		Federal Ta	ax Burden	After-Tax In	come ⁴	Average – Federal Tax
evel (thousands of 2022 dollars) ²	Number (thousands)	Percent of Total	Average (dollars)	Percent of Total	Average (dollars)	Percent of Total	Average (dollars)	Percent of Total	Federal Tax Rate ⁵
Less than 10	8,090	4.4	5,950	0.2	290	0.1	5,660	0.2	4.9
10-20	18,970	10.2	16,860	1.3	520	0.2	16,340	1.6	3.1
20-30	18,950	10.2	27,500	2.2	1,240	0.5	26,260	2.6	4.5
30-40	16,070	8.7	38,500	2.6	2,670	0.8	35,840	3.0	6.9
40-50	14,000	7.6	49,580	2.9	4,720	1.3	44,860	3.3	9.5
50-75	26,260	14.2	68,230	7.4	8,820	4.5	59,410	8.2	12.9
75-100	19,390	10.5	95,980	7.7	14,720	5.5	81,260	8.3	15.3
100-200	36,970	19.9	155,790	23.7	29,080	20.8	126,710	24.5	18.7
200-500	21,080	11.4	318,450	27.7	74,220	30.3	244,230	26.9	23.3
500-1,000	3,010	1.6	733,090	9.1	207,560	12.1	525,530	8.3	28.3
More than 1,000	1,190	0.6	3,140,910	15.4	1,024,630	23.6	2,116,270	13.2	32.6
All	185,520	100.0	130,790	100.0	27,800	100.0	102,990	100.0	21.3

by Expanded Cash Income Level, 2026¹

Source: Urban-Brookings Tax Policy Center Microsimulation Model (version 0722-2).

Number of AMT Taxpayers (millions). Baseline: 7.6 Proposal: 7.6

* Non-zero value rounded to zero; ** Insufficient data

(1) Calendar year. Baseline is current law as of December 19, 2022. Table shows the tax benefit of the partial exclusion from income of Social Security benefits. Tax expenditure is estimated by assuming that under a normal income tax structure, 85 percent of Social Security benefits would be included in gross income. For more information on TPC's baseline

definitions, see

http://www.taxpolicycenter.org/taxtopics/Baseline-Definitions.cfm

(2) Includes both filing and non-filing units but excludes those that are dependents of other tax units. Tax units with negative adjusted gross income are excluded from their respective income class but are included in the totals. For a description of expanded cash income, see

http://www.taxpolicycenter.org/TaxModel/income.cfm

(3) Tax units with benefit are tax units with a net benefit of \$10 or more.

(4) After-tax income is expanded cash income less: individual income tax net of refundable credits; corporate income tax; payroll taxes (Social Security and Medicare); estate tax; and excise taxes.

(5) For income categories for which the baseline tax burden is negative, a negative value for the tax benefit as a percent of federal tax indicates a net increase in federal subsidies, and a positive value indicates a net decrease in federal subsidies.

Table T22-0199 Tax Benefit of the Partial Exclusion of Social Security Benefits Baseline: Current Law Distribution of Federal Tax Change by Expanded Cash Income Level, 2026 ¹ Detail Table - Single Tax Units

Expanded Cash Income	Expanded Cash Income Percent of Tax Units ³ evel (thousands of 2022		Benefit as a Percent of After-	Share of Total	Avera	ge Benefit	Share of Fede	eral Taxes	Average Federal Tax Rate ⁶		
dollars) ²	With Benefit	Without Benefit	Tax Income 4	Benefit	Dollars	Percent of Federal Taxes ⁵	With Provision	Without Provision	With Provision	Without Provision	
Less than 10	0.0	100.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.2	0.2	6.6	6.6	
10-20	17.5	82.5	0.2	2.7	40	4.3	1.0	1.0	4.9	5.1	
20-30	36.3	63.7	0.9	15.1	230	11.6	2.0	2.2	7.3	8.2	
30-40	38.5	61.5	1.4	24.1	500	13.0	2.9	3.2	10.0	11.2	
40-50	35.3	64.8	1.3	22.3	550	9.2	3.7	4.0	12.0	13.1	
50-75	24.0	76.1	0.6	26.1	350	3.4	11.9	12.1	15.2	15.7	
75-100	7.7	92.3	0.2	6.1	130	0.8	12.4	12.3	18.4	18.5	
100-200	2.3	97.7	0.1	3.4	60	0.2	28.7	28.3	22.3	22.4	
200-500	0.1	99.9	0.0	0.0	*	0.0	18.8	18.5	26.1	26.1	
500-1,000	0.0	100.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	5.9	5.8	30.3	30.3	
More than 1,000	0.0	100.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	12.3	12.2	35.3	35.3	
All	20.1	79.9	0.4	100.0	220	1.5	100.0	100.0	19.6	19.9	

Baseline Distribution of Income and Federal Taxes by Expanded Cash Income Level, 2026¹

Expanded Cash Income	Tax Units		Pre-Tax Income		Federal Ta	ax Burden	After-Tax In	come ⁴	Average – Federal Tax
Level (thousands of 2022 dollars) ²	Number (thousands)	Percent of Total	Average (dollars)	Percent of Total	Average (dollars)	Percent of Total	Average (dollars)	Percent of Total	Federal Tax Rate ⁵
Less than 10	6,650	7.2	5,940	0.6	390	0.2	5,550	0.7	6.6
10-20	15,260	16.5	16,770	3.9	820	1.0	15,950	4.6	4.9
20-30	13,010	14.1	27,280	5.4	2,000	2.0	25,290	6.2	7.3
30-40	9,630	10.4	38,520	5.6	3,830	2.9	34,680	6.3	10.0
40-50	8,080	8.8	49,600	6.1	5,950	3.7	43,650	6.6	12.0
50-75	14,820	16.1	68,070	15.3	10,350	11.9	57,730	16.1	15.2
75-100	9,180	10.0	95,240	13.2	17,520	12.4	77,720	13.4	18.4
100-200	11,250	12.2	147,940	25.2	33,040	28.7	114,900	24.3	22.3
200-500	3,000	3.3	310,320	14.1	81,010	18.8	229,320	12.9	26.1
500-1,000	340	0.4	730,570	3.8	221,280	5.9	509,290	3.3	30.3
More than 1,000	140	0.2	3,321,570	6.8	1,171,590	12.3	2,149,980	5.5	35.3
All	92,220	100.0	71,730	100.0	14,030	100.0	57,700	100.0	19.6

Source: Urban-Brookings Tax Policy Center Microsimulation Model (version 0722-2).

* Non-zero value rounded to zero; ** Insufficient data

(1) Calendar year. Baseline is current law as of December 19, 2022. Table shows the tax benefit of the partial exclusion from income of Social Security benefits. Tax expenditure is estimated by assuming that under a normal income tax structure, 85 percent of Social Security benefits would be included in gross income. For more information on TPC's baseline definitions, see

http://www.taxpolicycenter.org/taxtopics/Baseline-Definitions.cfm

(2) Includes both filing and non-filing units but excludes those that are dependents of other tax units. Tax units with negative adjusted gross income are excluded from their respective income class but are included in the totals. For a description of expanded cash income, see

http://www.taxpolicycenter.org/TaxModel/income.cfm

(3) Tax units with benefit are tax units with a net benefit of \$10 or more.

(4) After-tax income is expanded cash income less: individual income tax net of refundable credits; corporate income tax; payroll taxes (Social Security and Medicare); estate tax; and excise taxes.

(5) For income categories for which the baseline tax burden is negative, a negative value for the tax benefit as a percent of federal tax indicates a net increase in federal subsidies, and a positive value indicates a net decrease in federal subsidies.

Table T22-0199 Tax Benefit of the Partial Exclusion of Social Security Benefits Baseline: Current Law Distribution of Federal Tax Change by Expanded Cash Income Level, 2026 ¹ Detail Table - Married Tax Units Filing Jointly

Expanded Cash Income Level (thousands of 2022	Percent of	Percent of Tax Units ³		Share of Total	Avera	age Benefit	Share of Fede	eral Taxes	Average Federal Tax Rate ⁶	
dollars) ²	With Benefit	Without Benefit	Percent of After- Tax Income ⁴	Benefit	Dollars	Percent of Federal Taxes ⁵	With Provision	Without Provision	With Provision	Without Provision
Less than 10	0.0	100.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	3.7	3.7
10-20	0.2	99.8	0.0	0.0	0	0.1	0.0	0.0	2.8	2.8
20-30	4.4	95.6	0.1	0.3	10	2.0	0.1	0.1	2.4	2.4
30-40	37.5	62.5	0.4	3.4	160	16.9	0.1	0.1	2.5	3.0
40-50	51.8	48.2	1.1	10.5	530	27.5	0.2	0.2	3.9	5.0
50-75	51.1	48.9	1.4	37.7	910	16.8	0.9	1.1	7.9	9.2
75-100	36.6	63.4	0.8	31.4	690	6.4	2.0	2.2	11.1	11.8
100-200	6.9	93.1	0.1	16.2	110	0.4	16.4	16.4	16.6	16.7
200-500	0.2	99.8	0.0	0.5	*	0.0	36.2	36.1	22.7	22.7
500-1,000	0.0	100.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	15.5	15.4	28.0	28.0
More than 1,000	*	**	0.0	0.0	*	0.0	28.4	28.2	32.3	32.3
All	14.6	85.4	0.1	100.0	220	0.4	100.0	100.0	22.7	22.8

Baseline Distribution of Income and Federal Taxes by Expanded Cash Income Level, 2026¹

Expanded Cash Income	Tax Units		Pre-Tax Income		Federal Ta	ax Burden	After-Tax In	come ⁴	Average Federal Tax
evel (thousands of 2022 dollars) ²	Number (thousands)	Percent of Total	Average (dollars)	Percent of Total	Average (dollars)	Percent of Total	Average (dollars)	Percent of Total	Federal Tax Rate ⁵
Less than 10	780	1.2	5,050	0.0	190	0.0	4,870	0.0	3.7
10-20	1,540	2.4	16,890	0.2	470	0.0	16,420	0.2	2.8
20-30	2,670	4.1	28,060	0.5	660	0.1	27,400	0.6	2.4
30-40	2,900	4.5	38,510	0.7	970	0.1	37,540	0.9	2.5
40-50	2,780	4.3	49,590	0.9	1,950	0.2	47,640	1.1	3.9
50-75	5,880	9.1	68,790	2.7	5,410	0.9	63,390	3.2	7.9
75-100	6,470	10.0	96,960	4.2	10,770	2.0	86,190	4.8	11.1
100-200	20,890	32.2	161,450	22.3	26,810	16.4	134,640	24.1	16.6
200-500	16,990	26.2	320,910	36.1	72,950	36.2	247,950	36.1	22.7
500-1,000	2,580	4.0	733,100	12.5	205,540	15.5	527,550	11.7	28.0
More than 1,000	1,000	1.5	3,012,610	19.9	973,460	28.4	2,039,160	17.4	32.3
All	64,970	100.0	232,360	100.0	52,660	100.0	179,700	100.0	22.7

Source: Urban-Brookings Tax Policy Center Microsimulation Model (version 0722-2).

* Non-zero value rounded to zero; ** Insufficient data

(1) Calendar year. Baseline is current law as of December 19, 2022. Table shows the tax benefit of the partial exclusion from income of Social Security benefits. Tax expenditure is estimated by assuming that under a normal income tax structure, 85 percent of Social Security benefits would be included in gross income. For more information on TPC's baseline definitions, see

http://www.taxpolicycenter.org/taxtopics/Baseline-Definitions.cfm

(2) Includes both filing and non-filing units but excludes those that are dependents of other tax units. Tax units with negative adjusted gross income are excluded from their respective income class but are included in the totals. For a description of expanded cash income, see

http://www.taxpolicycenter.org/TaxModel/income.cfm

(3) Tax units with benefit are tax units with a net benefit of \$10 or more.

(4) After-tax income is expanded cash income less: individual income tax net of refundable credits; corporate income tax; payroll taxes (Social Security and Medicare); estate tax; and excise taxes.

(5) For income categories for which the baseline tax burden is negative, a negative value for the tax benefit as a percent of federal tax indicates a net increase in federal subsidies, and a positive value indicates a net decrease in federal subsidies.

Table T22-0199 Tax Benefit of the Partial Exclusion of Social Security Benefits Baseline: Current Law Distribution of Federal Tax Change by Expanded Cash Income Level, 2026¹ Detail Table - Head of Household Tax Units

Expanded Cash Income Level (thousands of 2022	Percent of Tax Units ³		Benefit as a Percent of After-	Share of Total	Avera	age Benefit	Share of Fede	eral Taxes	Average Federal Tax Rate ⁶		
dollars) ²	With Benefit	Without Benefit	Tax Income 4	Benefit	Dollars	Percent of Federal Taxes ⁵	With Provision	Without Provision	With Provision	Without Provision	
Less than 10	0.0	100.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	-0.2	-0.2	-13.8	-13.8	
10-20	0.1	100.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	-1.3	-1.3	-11.3	-11.3	
20-30	2.6	97.4	0.0	4.3	10	-0.6	-1.9	-1.9	-6.7	-6.7	
30-40	3.7	96.3	0.1	16.5	40	16.2	0.3	0.3	0.6	0.7	
40-50	5.2	94.8	0.2	35.5	100	2.9	3.0	3.1	6.6	6.8	
50-75	3.8	96.2	0.1	32.2	50	0.6	12.6	12.6	11.3	11.3	
75-100	1.4	98.6	0.0	7.1	20	0.1	14.4	14.4	14.1	14.2	
100-200	0.3	99.7	0.0	4.3	10	0.0	38.3	38.2	19.0	19.0	
200-500	*	**	0.0	0.1	*	0.0	18.5	18.5	23.8	23.8	
500-1,000	0.0	100.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	3.8	3.8	28.9	28.9	
More than 1,000	0.0	100.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	12.5	12.4	32.0	32.0	
All	2.4	97.6	0.0	100.0	30	0.3	100.0	100.0	14.8	14.8	

Baseline Distribution of Income and Federal Taxes by Expanded Cash Income Level, 2026¹

Expanded Cash Income	Tax Units		Pre-Tax Income		Federal Ta	ax Burden	After-Tax In	come ⁴	Average
evel (thousands of 2022 dollars) ²	Number (thousands)	Percent of Total	Average (dollars)	Percent of Total	Average (dollars)	Percent of Total	Average (dollars)	Percent of Total	Federal Tax Rate ⁵
Less than 10	520	2.2	7,270	0.2	-1,000	-0.2	8,280	0.3	-13.8
10-20	1,910	8.1	17,490	1.7	-1,970	-1.3	19,460	2.3	-11.3
20-30	2,920	12.4	27,860	4.2	-1,880	-1.9	29,740	5.3	-6.7
30-40	3,130	13.3	38,460	6.3	230	0.3	38,230	7.3	0.6
40-50	2,620	11.1	49,520	6.8	3,280	3.0	46,240	7.4	6.6
50-75	4,690	19.9	67,900	16.6	7,640	12.6	60,260	17.3	11.3
75-100	3,020	12.8	95,760	15.1	13,530	14.4	82,230	15.2	14.1
100-200	3,840	16.3	149,160	29.9	28,340	38.3	120,820	28.4	19.0
200-500	750	3.2	295,250	11.5	70,120	18.5	225,130	10.3	23.8
500-1,000	50	0.2	734,680	2.0	212,070	3.8	522,610	1.6	28.9
More than 1,000	20	0.1	4,672,930	5.8	1,493,720	12.5	3,179,210	4.6	32.0
All	23,520	100.0	81,630	100.0	12,080	100.0	69,550	100.0	14.8

Source: Urban-Brookings Tax Policy Center Microsimulation Model (version 0722-2).

* Non-zero value rounded to zero; ** Insufficient data

(1) Calendar year. Baseline is current law as of December 19, 2022. Table shows the tax benefit of the partial exclusion from income of Social Security benefits. Tax expenditure is estimated by assuming that under a normal income tax structure, 85 percent of Social Security benefits would be included in gross income. For more information on TPC's baseline definitions, see

http://www.taxpolicycenter.org/taxtopics/Baseline-Definitions.cfm

(2) Includes both filing and non-filing units but excludes those that are dependents of other tax units. Tax units with negative adjusted gross income are excluded from their respective income class but are included in the totals. For a description of expanded cash income, see

http://www.taxpolicycenter.org/TaxModel/income.cfm

(3) Tax units with benefit are tax units with a net benefit of \$10 or more.

(4) After-tax income is expanded cash income less: individual income tax net of refundable credits; corporate income tax; payroll taxes (Social Security and Medicare); estate tax; and excise taxes.

(5) For income categories for which the baseline tax burden is negative, a negative value for the tax benefit as a percent of federal tax indicates a net increase in federal subsidies, and a positive value indicates a net decrease in federal subsidies.

Table T22-0199 Tax Benefit of the Partial Exclusion of Social Security Benefits Baseline: Current Law Distribution of Federal Tax Change by Expanded Cash Income Level, 2026 ¹ Detail Table - Tax Units with Children

Expanded Cash Income Percent of Level (thousands of 2022		Tax Units ³	Benefit as a Percent of After-		Avera	age Benefit	Share of Fede	eral Taxes	Average Federal Tax Rate ⁶	
dollars) ²	With Benefit	Without Benefit	Tax Income 4	Benefit	Dollars	Percent of Federal Taxes ⁵	With Provision	Without Provision	With Provision	Without Provision
Less than 10	0.0	100.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	-14.7	-14.7
10-20	0.0	100.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	-0.3	-0.3	-12.2	-12.2
20-30	1.4	98.6	0.0	1.5	10	-0.4	-0.3	-0.3	-6.2	-6.2
30-40	3.8	96.2	0.1	11.4	50	17.9	0.1	0.1	0.7	0.8
40-50	5.4	94.6	0.2	19.2	100	3.3	0.5	0.5	6.1	6.3
50-75	5.3	94.7	0.2	35.3	100	1.3	2.3	2.3	10.8	10.9
75-100	3.1	96.9	0.1	19.1	70	0.6	3.0	3.0	13.6	13.7
100-200	1.0	99.0	0.0	13.2	20	0.1	16.8	16.8	18.3	18.3
200-500	*	**	0.0	0.3	*	0.0	34.4	34.4	23.6	23.6
500-1,000	0.0	100.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	15.4	15.4	28.7	28.7
More than 1,000	0.0	100.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	28.1	28.1	32.7	32.7
All	2.0	98.0	0.0	100.0	40	0.1	100.0	100.0	22.5	22.5

Baseline Distribution of Income and Federal Taxes

Expanded Cash Income	Tax Units		Pre-Tax Income		Federal Ta	ax Burden	After-Tax In	come ⁴	Average – Federal Tax
evel (thousands of 2022 dollars) ²	Number (thousands)	Percent of Total	Average (dollars)	Percent of Total	Average (dollars)	Percent of Total	Average (dollars)	Percent of Total	Federal lax Rate ⁵
Less than 10	780	1.5	7,360	0.1	-1,080	0.0	8,450	0.1	-14.7
10-20	2,740	5.3	17,360	0.5	-2,120	-0.3	19,470	0.7	-12.2
20-30	4,160	8.1	27,910	1.2	-1,740	-0.3	29,650	1.7	-6.2
30-40	4,370	8.5	38,600	1.8	270	0.1	38,330	2.3	0.7
40-50	3,610	7.0	49,450	1.9	3,020	0.5	46,430	2.3	6.1
50-75	6,610	12.8	68,250	4.8	7,370	2.3	60,880	5.5	10.8
75-100	4,840	9.4	96,170	4.9	13,110	3.0	83,070	5.5	13.6
100-200	12,320	23.9	159,940	20.7	29,210	16.8	130,730	21.9	18.3
200-500	9,730	18.9	321,120	32.9	75,650	34.4	245,470	32.4	23.6
500-1,000	1,560	3.0	735,820	12.1	210,910	15.4	524,920	11.1	28.7
More than 1,000	620	1.2	2,987,510	19.4	976,380	28.1	2,011,130	16.8	32.7
All	51,570	100.0	184,240	100.0	41,500	100.0	142,740	100.0	22.5

by Expanded Cash Income Level, 2026¹

Source: Urban-Brookings Tax Policy Center Microsimulation Model (version 0722-2).

* Non-zero value rounded to zero; ** Insufficient data

Note: Tax units with children are those claiming an exemption for children at home or away from home or with children qualifying for the Child Tax Credit or EITC.

(1) Calendar year. Baseline is current law as of December 19, 2022. Table shows the tax benefit of the partial exclusion from income of Social Security benefits. Tax expenditure is estimated by assuming that under a normal income tax structure, 85 percent of Social Security benefits would be included in gross income. For more information on TPC's baseline

definitions, see

http://www.taxpolicycenter.org/taxtopics/Baseline-Definitions.cfm

(2) Includes both filing and non-filing units but excludes those that are dependents of other tax units. Tax units with negative adjusted gross income are excluded from their respective income class but are included in the totals. For a description of expanded cash income, see

http://www.taxpolicycenter.org/TaxModel/income.cfm

(3) Tax units with benefit are tax units with a net benefit of \$10 or more.

(4) After-tax income is expanded cash income less: individual income tax net of refundable credits; corporate income tax; payroll taxes (Social Security and Medicare); estate tax; and excise taxes.

(5) For income categories for which the baseline tax burden is negative, a negative value for the tax benefit as a percent of federal tax indicates a net increase in federal subsidies, and a positive value indicates a net decrease in federal subsidies.

Table T22-0199 Tax Benefit of the Partial Exclusion of Social Security Benefits Baseline: Current Law Distribution of Federal Tax Change by Expanded Cash Income Level, 2026 ¹ Detail Table - Elderly Tax Units

Expanded Cash Income Perce Level (thousands of 2022		Tax Units ³	Benefit as a Percent of After-	Share of Total	Avera	ge Benefit	Share of Fede	eral Taxes	Average Federal Tax Rate ⁶	
dollars) ²	With Benefit	Without Benefit	Tax Income 4	Benefit	Dollars	Percent of Federal Taxes ⁵	With Provision	Without Provision	With Provision	Without Provision
Less than 10	0.0	100.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	2.4	2.4
10-20	32.1	67.9	0.3	1.1	50	28.1	0.1	0.1	1.1	1.4
20-30	61.4	38.7	1.4	8.1	370	56.1	0.4	0.6	2.4	3.7
30-40	76.4	23.6	2.2	15.5	820	70.1	0.6	1.0	3.0	5.1
40-50	79.6	20.4	2.3	18.4	1,080	49.7	1.0	1.5	4.4	6.6
50-75	70.4	29.6	1.8	32.0	1,120	23.2	3.9	4.6	7.1	8.7
75-100	44.8	55.2	0.9	16.3	790	8.5	5.4	5.7	9.8	10.6
100-200	14.4	85.6	0.2	8.4	240	1.1	21.5	21.1	14.3	14.4
200-500	0.9	99.1	0.0	0.2	20	0.0	24.9	24.3	20.5	20.5
500-1,000	0.0	100.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	10.7	10.4	26.9	26.9
More than 1,000	*	**	0.0	0.0	10	0.0	30.8	30.0	32.7	32.7
All	44.5	55.6	0.6	100.0	540	2.8	100.0	100.0	17.0	17.5

Baseline Distribution of Income and Federal Taxes

Expanded Cash Income Tax Units Pre-Tax Income Federal Tax Burden Average After-Tax Income⁴ Level (thousands of 2022 Federal Tax Number Percent of Percent of Percent of dollars)² Average (dollars) Average (dollars) Percent of Total Average (dollars) Rate ⁵ (thousands) Total Total Total Less than 10 1,180 2.3 5,820 0.1 140 0.0 5,680 0.1 2.4 17.490 10-20 5.680 190 17,300 11.0 1.7 0.1 2.0 11 20-30 6,100 11.8 27,360 2.9 650 26,700 2.4 0.4 3.4 30-40 5,260 10.2 38,640 3.5 1,160 37,480 3.0 0.6 4.1 40-50 4,710 9.1 49,620 4.0 2,180 1.0 47,430 4.6 4.4 50-75 7,920 15.4 67.910 9.3 4.820 3.9 63,090 10.4 7.1 9,400 75-100 5,670 11.0 96,020 9.4 5.4 86,620 10.2 9.8 100-200 9,800 19.0 151,870 25.6 21,680 21.5 130,190 26.5 14.3 200-500 3.800 7.4 316,780 20.7 64,930 24.9 251.850 19.8 20.5 500-1,000 727,290 10.7 540 1.0 6.7 195,910 531,380 5.9 26.9 More than 1,000 260 0.5 3,610,250 16.1 1,178,650 30.8 2,431,600 13.0 32.7 100.0 All 51,570 100.0 112,670 100.0 19,170 93,500 100.0 17.0

by Expanded Cash Income Level, 2026¹

Source: Urban-Brookings Tax Policy Center Microsimulation Model (version 0722-2).

* Non-zero value rounded to zero; ** Insufficient data

Note: Elderly tax units are those with either head or spouse (if filing jointly) age 65 or older.

(1) Calendar year. Baseline is current law as of December 19, 2022. Table shows the tax benefit of the partial exclusion from income of Social Security benefits. Tax expenditure is estimated by assuming that under a normal income tax structure, 85 percent of Social Security benefits would be included in gross income. For more information on TPC's baseline

definitions, see

http://www.taxpolicycenter.org/taxtopics/Baseline-Definitions.cfm

(2) Includes both filing and non-filing units but excludes those that are dependents of other tax units. Tax units with negative adjusted gross income are excluded from their respective income class but are included in the totals. For a description of expanded cash income, see

http://www.taxpolicycenter.org/TaxModel/income.cfm

(3) Tax units with benefit are tax units with a net benefit of \$10 or more.

(4) After-tax income is expanded cash income less: individual income tax net of refundable credits; corporate income tax; payroll taxes (Social Security and Medicare); estate tax; and excise taxes.

(5) For income categories for which the baseline tax burden is negative, a negative value for the tax benefit as a percent of federal tax indicates a net increase in federal subsidies, and a positive value indicates a net decrease in federal subsidies.