Table T22-0051
Baseline Distribution of Income and Federal Taxes
All Tax Units
by Expanded Cash Income Percentile, 2032 ¹

Expanded Cash Income Percentile ^{2,3}	Tax Units		Average Income	Tax Burden	Average After-Tax	Federal lax	Share of Pre- Tax Income	Share of Post-Tax Income	Share of Federal Taxes
	Number (thousands)	Percent of Total	(Dollars)	(Dollars)	Income ⁴ (Dollars)	Rate ⁵	Percent of Total	Percent of Total	Percent of Total
Lowest Quintile	49,970	25.8	25,460	1,130	24,340	4.4	4.1	4.9	0.9
Second Quintile	42,960	22.2	62,920	6,380	56,540	10.1	8.7	9.9	4.2
Middle Quintile	40,260	20.8	115,900	18,040	97,860	15.6	15.0	16.0	11.1
Fourth Quintile	32,290	16.7	206,550	39,890	166,660	19.3	21.4	21.8	19.7
Top Quintile	26,410	13.7	599,170	158,330	440,840	26.4	50.8	47.3	63.9
All	193,510	100.0	161,130	33,810	127,330	21.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Addendum									
80-90	13,570	7.0	332,300	74,070	258,230	22.3	14.5	14.2	15.4
90-95	6,590	3.4	471,130	115,540	355,590	24.5	10.0	9.5	11.6
95-99	5,020	2.6	784,410	215,190	569,220	27.4	12.6	11.6	16.5
Top 1 Percent	1,230	0.6	3,474,350	1,085,390	2,388,960	31.2	13.7	11.9	20.4
Top 0.1 Percent	120	0.1	14,379,220	4,541,780	9,837,450	31.6	5.7	4.9	8.6

Source: Urban-Brookings Tax Policy Center Microsimulation Model (version 0722-2).

Number of AMT Taxpayers (millions). Baseline: 9.7

* Non-zero value rounded to zero; ** Insufficient data

(1) Calendar year. Baseline is current law as of 10/13/2022. For more information on TPC's baseline definitions, see:

http://www.taxpolicycenter.org/taxtopics/Baseline-Definitions.cfm

(2) Includes both filing and non-filing units but excludes those that are dependents of other tax units. Tax units with negative adjusted gross income are excluded from their respective income class but are included in the totals. For a description of expanded cash income, see:

http://www.taxpolicycenter.org/TaxModel/income.cfm

(3) The income percentile classes used in this table are based on the income distribution for the entire population and contain an equal number of people, not tax units. The breaks are (in 2022 dollars): 20% \$34,300; 40% \$67,500; 60% \$120,700; 80% \$219,200; 90% \$317,100; 95% \$447,800; 99% \$1,019,900; 99.9% \$4,879,900.

(4) After-tax income is expanded cash income less: individual income tax net of refundable credits; corporate income tax; payroll taxes (Social Security and Medicare); estate tax; and excise taxes.
(5) Average federal tax (includes individual and corporate income tax, payroll taxes for Social Security and Medicare, the estate tax, and excise taxes) as a percentage of average expanded cash income.

Table T22-0051 Baseline Distribution of Income and Federal Taxes All Tax Units by Expanded Cash Income Percentile, 2032¹

Expanded Cash Income	Tax Units		Average Income	Average Federal Tax Burden	Average After-Tax	Average Federal Tax	Share of Pre- Tax Income	Share of Post-Tax Income	Share of Federal Taxes
Percentile ^{2,3}	Number	Percent of	(Dollars)	(Dollars)	Income ⁴ (Dollars)	Rate⁵	Percent of	Percent of	Percent of
	(thousands)	Total					Total	Total	Total
Lowest Quintile	41,780	21.6	24,190	530	23,650	2.2	3.2	4.0	0.3
Second Quintile	41,150	21.3	56,670	5,300	51,380	9.3	7.5	8.6	3.3
Middle Quintile	39,900	20.6	104,630	14,780	89,850	14.1	13.4	14.6	9.0
Fourth Quintile	35,800	18.5	181,540	34,180	147,350	18.8	20.8	21.4	18.7
Top Quintile	33,270	17.2	514,640	134,450	380,200	26.1	54.9	51.3	68.4
All	193,510	100.0	161,130	33,810	127,330	21.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Addendum									
80-90	16,840	8.7	286,430	63,220	223,210	22.1	15.5	15.3	16.3
90-95	8,360	4.3	404,730	97,720	307,010	24.1	10.9	10.4	12.5
95-99	6,530	3.4	669,870	180,710	489,150	27.0	14.0	13.0	18.0
Top 1 Percent	1,530	0.8	2,964,740	921,710	2,043,030	31.1	14.6	12.7	21.6
Top 0.1 Percent	150	0.1	12,714,670	4,013,410	8,701,270	31.6	6.0	5.2	9.1

Source: Urban-Brookings Tax Policy Center Microsimulation Model (version 0722-2).

Number of AMT Taxpayers (millions). Baseline: 9.7

* Non-zero value rounded to zero; ** Insufficient data

(1) Calendar year. Baseline is current law as of 10/13/2022. For more information on TPC's baseline definitions, see:

http://www.taxpolicycenter.org/taxtopics/Baseline-Definitions.cfm

(2) Includes both filing and non-filing units but excludes those that are dependents of other tax units. Tax units with negative adjusted gross income are excluded from their

respective income class but are included in the totals. For a description of expanded cash income, see:

https://www.taxpolicycenter.org/resources/income-measure-used-

(3) The income percentile classes used in this table are based on the income distribution for the entire population and contain an equal number of people, not tax units. The incomes used are adjusted for family size by dividing by the square root of the number of people in the tax unit. The breaks are (in 2022 dollars): 20% \$24,700; 40% \$48,200; 60% \$82,100; 80% \$135,400; 90% \$195,200; 95% \$269,600; 99% \$613,200; 99.9% \$2,689,300.

(4) After-tax income is expanded cash income less: individual income tax net of refundable credits; corporate income tax; payroll taxes (Social Security and Medicare); estate tax; and excise taxes.

Table T22-0051 Baseline Distribution of Income and Federal Taxes Single Tax Units by Expanded Cash Income Percentile, 2032¹

Expanded Cash Income	Tax Units		Average Income	Average Federal Tax Burden	Average After-Tax	Average Federal Tax	Share of Pre- Tax Income	Share of Post-Tax Income	Share of Federal Taxes
Percentile ^{2,3}	Number	Percent of	(Dollars)	(Dollars)	Income ⁴ (Dollars)	Rate⁵	Percent of	Percent of	Percent of
	(thousands)	Total					Total	Total	Total
Lowest Quintile	26,650	27.9	19,440	950	18,490	4.9	6.0	7.1	1.5
Second Quintile	23,240	24.3	45,740	4,370	41,370	9.6	12.3	13.8	6.0
Middle Quintile	20,240	21.2	82,150	12,040	70,100	14.7	19.2	20.4	14.5
Fourth Quintile	14,430	15.1	132,810	26,360	106,450	19.9	22.2	22.0	22.6
Top Quintile	10,070	10.5	344,630	92,270	252,360	26.8	40.1	36.4	55.1
All	95,550	100.0	90,590	17,630	72,960	19.5	100.0	100.0	100.0
Addendum									
80-90	5,380	5.6	206,090	48,450	157,640	23.5	12.8	12.2	15.5
90-95	2,460	2.6	291,970	71,970	220,000	24.7	8.3	7.8	10.5
95-99	1,860	1.9	476,500	132,380	344,120	27.8	10.2	9.2	14.6
Top 1 Percent	380	0.4	2,009,400	650,450	1,358,960	32.4	8.8	7.4	14.6
Top 0.1 Percent	30	0.0	9,372,560	3,129,670	6,242,900	33.4	3.5	2.9	6.0

Source: Urban-Brookings Tax Policy Center Microsimulation Model (version 0722-2).

Number of AMT Taxpayers (millions). Baseline: 9.7

* Non-zero value rounded to zero; ** Insufficient data

(1) Calendar year. Baseline is current law as of 10/13/2022. For more information on TPC's baseline definitions, see:

http://www.taxpolicycenter.org/taxtopics/Baseline-Definitions.cfm

(2) Includes both filing and non-filing units but excludes those that are dependents of other tax units. Tax units with negative adjusted gross income are excluded from their respective income class but are included in the totals. For a description of expanded cash income, see:

http://www.taxpolicycenter.org/TaxModel/income.cfm

(3) The income percentile classes used in this table are based on the income distribution for the entire population and contain an equal number of people, not tax units. The incomes used are adjusted for family size by dividing by the square root of the number of people in the tax unit. The breaks are (in 2022 dollars): 20% \$24,700; 40% \$48,200; 60% \$82,100; 80% \$135,400; 90% \$195,200; 95% \$269,600; 99% \$613,200; 99.9% \$2,689,300.

(4) After-tax income is expanded cash income less: individual income tax net of refundable credits; corporate income tax; payroll taxes (Social Security and Medicare); estate tax; and excise taxes.

Table T22-0051 Baseline Distribution of Income and Federal Taxes Married Tax Units Filing Jointly by Expanded Cash Income Percentile, 2032¹

Expanded Cash Income Percentile ^{2,3}	Tax Units		Average Income Tax Burden	Average After-Tax	Average Federal Tax	Share of Pre- Tax Income	Share of Post-Tax Income	Share of Federal Taxes	
	Number (thousands)	Percent of Total	(Dollars)	(Dollars)	Income ⁴ (Dollars)	Rate⁵	Percent of Total	Percent of Total	Percent of Total
Lowest Quintile	6,570	9.8	32,760	810	31,960	2.5	1.1	1.4	0.1
Second Quintile	9,120	13.5	73,580	5,520	68,060	7.5	3.5	4.2	1.2
Middle Quintile	13,030	19.4	134,970	17,430	117,540	12.9	9.2	10.3	5.3
Fourth Quintile	17,190	25.5	223,980	40,300	183,680	18.0	20.1	21.2	16.3
Top Quintile	20,920	31.1	603,290	156,330	446,960	25.9	66.0	62.9	76.9
All	67,340	100.0	284,090	63,180	220,900	22.2	100.0	100.0	100.0
Addendum									
80-90	10,210	15.2	332,700	71,320	261,370	21.4	17.8	18.0	17.1
90-95	5,330	7.9	464,360	111,250	353,110	24.0	12.9	12.6	13.9
95-99	4,330	6.4	762,560	203,760	558,800	26.7	17.3	16.3	20.7
Top 1 Percent	1,050	1.6	3,283,050	1,016,090	2,266,960	31.0	18.0	16.0	25.1
Top 0.1 Percent	100	0.2	13,591,380	4,274,270	9,317,110	31.5	7.3	6.4	10.3

Source: Urban-Brookings Tax Policy Center Microsimulation Model (version 0722-2).

Number of AMT Taxpayers (millions). Baseline: 9.7

* Non-zero value rounded to zero; ** Insufficient data

(1) Calendar year. Baseline is current law as of 10/13/2022. For more information on TPC's baseline definitions, see:

http://www.taxpolicycenter.org/taxtopics/Baseline-Definitions.cfm

(2) Includes both filing and non-filing units but excludes those that are dependents of other tax units. Tax units with negative adjusted gross income are excluded from their respective income class but are included in the totals. For a description of expanded cash income, see:

http://www.taxpolicycenter.org/TaxModel/income.cfm

(3) The income percentile classes used in this table are based on the income distribution for the entire population and contain an equal number of people, not tax units. The incomes used are adjusted for family size by dividing by the square root of the number of people in the tax unit. The breaks are (in 2022 dollars): 20% \$24,700; 40% \$48,200; 60% \$82,100; 80% \$135,400; 90% \$195,200; 95% \$269,600; 99% \$613,200; 99.9% \$2,689,300.

(4) After-tax income is expanded cash income less: individual income tax net of refundable credits; corporate income tax; payroll taxes (Social Security and Medicare); estate tax; and excise taxes.

Table T22-0051 Baseline Distribution of Income and Federal Taxes Head of Household Tax Units by Expanded Cash Income Percentile, 2032 ¹

Expanded Cash Income	Tax Units		Average Income	Average Federal Tax Burden	Average After-Tax	Average Federal Tax	Share of Pre- Tax Income	Share of Post-Tax Income	Share of Federal Taxes
Percentile ^{2,3}	Number	Percent of	(Dollars)	(Dollars)	Income ⁴ (Dollars)	Rate ⁵	Percent of	Percent of	Percent of
	(thousands)	Total					Total	Total	Total
Lowest Quintile	7,880	32.1	33,320	-1,260	34,570	-3.8	10.7	13.1	-2.6
Second Quintile	7,530	30.7	70,680	7,460	63,220	10.6	21.7	22.9	14.9
Middle Quintile	5,130	20.9	120,960	18,430	102,530	15.2	25.3	25.3	25.1
Fourth Quintile	2,800	11.4	191,480	39,070	152,410	20.4	21.8	20.5	29.0
Top Quintile	1,180	4.8	426,660	107,060	319,600	25.1	20.5	18.1	33.5
All	24,560	100.0	99,960	15,330	84,630	15.3	100.0	100.0	100.0
Addendum									
80-90	720	2.9	287,340	65,970	221,370	23.0	8.4	7.6	12.6
90-95	300	1.2	364,360	83,110	281,250	22.8	4.4	4.1	6.6
95-99	130	0.5	640,660	171,240	469,420	26.7	3.4	2.9	5.9
Top 1 Percent	30	0.1	3,102,770	941,490	2,161,290	30.3	4.3	3.5	8.5
Top 0.1 Percent	0	0.0	16,846,300	5,097,000	11,749,310	30.3	2.0	1.7	4.0

Source: Urban-Brookings Tax Policy Center Microsimulation Model (version 0722-2).

Number of AMT Taxpayers (millions). Baseline: 9.7

* Non-zero value rounded to zero; ** Insufficient data

(1) Calendar year. Baseline is current law as of 10/13/2022. For more information on TPC's baseline definitions, see:

http://www.taxpolicycenter.org/taxtopics/Baseline-Definitions.cfm

(2) Includes both filing and non-filing units but excludes those that are dependents of other tax units. Tax units with negative adjusted gross income are excluded from their respective income class but are included in the totals. For a description of expanded cash income, see:

http://www.taxpolicycenter.org/TaxModel/income.cfm

(3) The income percentile classes used in this table are based on the income distribution for the entire population and contain an equal number of people, not tax units. The incomes used are adjusted for family size by dividing by the square root of the number of people in the tax unit. The breaks are (in 2022 dollars): 20% \$24,700; 40% \$48,200; 60% \$82,100; 80% \$135,400; 90% \$195,200; 95% \$269,600; 99% \$613,200; 99.9% \$2,689,300.

(4) After-tax income is expanded cash income less: individual income tax net of refundable credits; corporate income tax; payroll taxes (Social Security and Medicare); estate tax; and excise taxes.

Table T22-0051 Baseline Distribution of Income and Federal Taxes Tax Units with Children by Expanded Cash Income Percentile, 2032¹

Expanded Cash Income	Tax Units		Average Income Tax Bi	Average Federal Tax Burden	Average After-Tax	Average Federal Tax	Share of Pre- Tax Income	Share of Post-Tax Income	Share of Federal Taxes
Percentile ^{2,3}	Number	Percent of	(Dollars)	(Dollars)	Income ⁴ (Dollars)	Rate⁵	Percent of	Percent of	Percent of
	(thousands)	Total					Total	Total	Total
Lowest Quintile	11,780	22.4	34,270	-1,040	35,310	-3.0	3.4	4.5	-0.5
Second Quintile	11,200	21.3	76,110	8,290	67,820	10.9	7.2	8.3	3.5
Middle Quintile	9,830	18.7	143,220	22,810	120,410	15.9	11.9	12.9	8.5
Fourth Quintile	10,000	19.0	248,330	51,160	197,170	20.6	21.0	21.5	19.3
Top Quintile	9,640	18.3	692,300	189,910	502,390	27.4	56.5	52.8	69.0
All	52,680	100.0	224,430	50,340	174,080	22.4	100.0	100.0	100.0
Addendum									
80-90	4,910	9.3	378,730	88,440	290,290	23.4	15.7	15.6	16.4
90-95	2,370	4.5	536,610	138,070	398,550	25.7	10.8	10.3	12.4
95-99	1,890	3.6	890,540	252,840	637,710	28.4	14.2	13.1	18.0
Top 1 Percent	470	0.9	3,965,740	1,261,440	2,704,300	31.8	15.7	13.8	22.3
Top 0.1 Percent	50	0.1	15,559,590	4,920,830	10,638,760	31.6	6.4	5.7	9.0

Source: Urban-Brookings Tax Policy Center Microsimulation Model (version 0722-2).

Number of AMT Taxpayers (millions). Baseline: 9.7

* Non-zero value rounded to zero; ** Insufficient data

Note: Tax units with children are those claiming an exemption for children at home or away from home or with children qualifying for the Child Tax Credit or EITC.

(1) Calendar year. Baseline is current law as of 10/13/2022. For more information on TPC's baseline definitions, see:

http://www.taxpolicycenter.org/taxtopics/Baseline-Definitions.cfm

(2) Includes both filing and non-filing units but excludes those that are dependents of other tax units. Tax units with negative adjusted gross income are excluded from their respective income class but are included in the totals. For a description of expanded cash income, see:

http://www.taxpolicycenter.org/TaxModel/income.cfm

(3) The income percentile classes used in this table are based on the income distribution for the entire population and contain an equal number of people, not tax units. The incomes used are adjusted for family size by dividing by the square root of the number of people in the tax unit. The breaks are (in 2022 dollars): 20% \$24,700; 40% \$48,200; 60% \$82,100; 80% \$135,400; 90% \$195,200; 95% \$269,600; 99% \$613,200; 99.9% \$2,689,300.

(4) After-tax income is expanded cash income less: individual income tax net of refundable credits; corporate income tax; payroll taxes (Social Security and Medicare); estate tax; and excise taxes.

(5) Average federal tax (includes individual and corporate income tax, payroll taxes for Social Security and Medicare, the estate tax, and excise taxes) as a percentage of average expanded cash income.

14-Oct-22

Table T22-0051 Baseline Distribution of Income and Federal Taxes Elderly Tax Units by Expanded Cash Income Percentile, 2032¹

Expanded Cash Income Percentile ^{2,3}	Tax Units		Average Income Tax Burden	Average Federal Tax Burden	Average After-Tax	Average Federal Tax	Share of Pre- Tax Income	Share of Post-Tax Income	Share of Federal Taxes
Percentile	Number	Percent of	(Dollars)	(Dollars)	Income ⁴ (Dollars)	Rate⁵	Percent of	Percent of	Percent of
	(thousands)	Total					Total	Total	Total
Lowest Quintile	10,310	18.2	24,110	300	23,820	1.2	3.2	3.8	0.2
Second Quintile	14,860	26.2	52,410	1,760	50,650	3.4	10.0	11.6	2.1
Middle Quintile	13,970	24.6	96,630	8,020	88,610	8.3	17.4	19.1	8.8
Fourth Quintile	9,580	16.9	164,650	21,660	142,990	13.2	20.3	21.1	16.4
Top Quintile	7,380	13.0	514,280	123,960	390,320	24.1	48.9	44.3	72.0
All	56,810	100.0	136,680	22,340	114,330	16.4	100.0	100.0	100.0
Addendum									
80-90	3,730	6.6	258,660	45,540	213,120	17.6	12.4	12.2	13.4
90-95	1,720	3.0	363,800	71,610	292,190	19.7	8.1	7.7	9.7
95-99	1,470	2.6	618,460	153,450	465,010	24.8	11.7	10.5	17.8
Top 1 Percent	450	0.8	2,849,430	871,820	1,977,610	30.6	16.6	13.8	31.1
Top 0.1 Percent	50	0.1	11,619,530	3,677,310	7,942,220	31.7	7.6	6.2	14.8

Source: Urban-Brookings Tax Policy Center Microsimulation Model (version 0722-2).

Number of AMT Taxpayers (millions). Baseline: 9.7

* Non-zero value rounded to zero; ** Insufficient data

Note: Elderly tax units are those with either head or spouse (if filing jointly) age 65 or older.

(1) Calendar year. Baseline is current law as of 10/13/2022. For more information on TPC's baseline definitions, see:

http://www.taxpolicycenter.org/taxtopics/Baseline-Definitions.cfm

(2) Includes both filing and non-filing units but excludes those that are dependents of other tax units. Tax units with negative adjusted gross income are excluded from their respective income class but are included in the totals. For a description of expanded cash income, see:

http://www.taxpolicycenter.org/TaxModel/income.cfm

(3) The income percentile classes used in this table are based on the income distribution for the entire population and contain an equal number of people, not tax units. The incomes used are adjusted for family size by dividing by the square root of the number of people in the tax unit. The breaks are (in 2022 dollars): 20% \$24,700; 40% \$48,200; 60% \$82,100; 80% \$135,400; 90% \$195,200; 95% \$269,600; 99% \$613,200; 90.9% \$2,689,300.

(4) After-tax income is expanded cash income less: individual income tax net of refundable credits; corporate income tax; payroll taxes (Social Security and Medicare); estate tax; and excise taxes.