16-Jun-22 **IRS Data Book Table 31** Collections, Costs, Personnel, and U.S. Population, Fiscal Years 1991 – 2020

Fiscal year	Gross collections (thousands of dollars) [1]	Operating costs (thousands of dollars) [2]	Cost of collecting \$100 (dollars)	U.S. population (thousands) [3] (4)	Average tax per capita (dollars) [4]	Full-time equivalent positions realized [5]
1992	\$1,120,799,558	\$6,536,336	\$0.58	257,861	\$4,347	116,67
1993	\$1,176,685,625	\$7,077,985	\$0.60	261,163	\$4,506	113,46
1994	\$1,276,466,776	\$7,245,344	\$0.57	264,301	\$4,830	110,74
1995	\$1,375,731,836	\$7,389,692	\$0.54	267,456	\$5,144	112,02
1996	\$1,486,546,674	\$7,240,221	\$0.49	270,581	\$5,494	106,64
1997	\$1,623,272,071	\$7,163,541	\$0.44	273,852	\$5,928	101,70
1998	\$1,769,408,739	\$7,564,661	\$0.43	277,003	\$6,388	98,03
1999	\$1,904,151,888	\$8,269,387	\$0.43	280,203	\$6,796	98,73
2000	\$2,096,916,925	\$8,258,423	\$0.39	283,201	\$7,404	97,07
2001	\$2,128,831,182	\$8,771,510	\$0.41	286,098	\$7,441	97,70
2002	\$2,016,627,269	\$9,063,471	\$0.45	288,870	\$6,981	99,18
2003	\$1,952,929,045	\$9,401,407	\$0.48	291,574	\$6,698	98,8
2004	\$2,018,502,103	\$9,756,344	\$0.48	294,230	\$6,860	97,59
2005	\$2,268,895,122	\$10,397,837	\$0.46	296,972	\$7,640	94,28
2006	\$2,518,680,230	\$10,605,845	\$0.42	299,835	\$8,400	91,7
2007	\$2,691,537,557	\$10,764,736	\$0.40	302,807	\$8,889	92,0
2008	\$2,745,035,410	\$11,307,223	\$0.41	305,554	\$8,984	90,6
2009	\$2,345,337,177	\$11,708,604	\$0.50	308,189	\$7,610	92,5
2010	\$2,345,055,978	\$12,353,344	\$0.53	310,391	\$7,555	94,7
2011	\$2,414,952,112	\$12,358,877	\$0.51	312,616	\$7,725	94,70
2012	\$2,524,320,134	\$12,059,409	\$0.48	314,806	\$8,019	90,2
2013	\$2,855,059,420	\$11,597,560	\$0.41	316,953	\$9,008	86,9
2014	\$3,064,301,358	\$11,591,007	\$0.38	319,263	\$9,598	84,13
2015	\$3,302,677,258	\$11,395,839	\$0.35	321,540	\$10,271	79,89
2016	\$3,333,449,083	\$11,707,422	\$0.35	323,784	\$10,295	77,9
2017	\$3,416,714,139	\$11,526,389	\$0.34	325,742	\$10,489	76,8
2018	\$3,465,466,627	\$11,746,448	\$0.34	327,407	\$10,585	73,5
2019	\$3,564,583,961	\$11,825,241	\$0.33	328,981	\$10,835	73,5
2020	\$3,493,067,956	\$12,316,275	\$0.35	330,619	\$10,565	75,7
2021	\$4,111,569,512	\$13,701,027	\$0.33	332,459	\$12,367	78,6

Excludes alcohol and tobacco excise taxes starting with 1988 and taxes on firearms starting with the second quarter of Fiscal Year 1991. Responsibilities for these excise taxes were transferred from the IRS to the Alcohol and Tobacco Tax and Trade Bureau and to U.S. Customs and Border Protection, respectively.

NOTE: All amounts are in current dollars.

SOURCE: Chief Financial Officer, Corporate Budget and Financial Management.

^[1] Gross collections are collections before refunds are issued. They also include penalties and interest in addition to taxes. See Table 1 for the difference between gross collections and net collections. Includes gross collections for individual income tax, business income taxes, estate and trust income tax, employment taxes, estate tax, gift tax, and excise taxes. See Table 6 for gross collections data by type of tax.

^[2] Operating costs exclude costs reimbursed by other Federal agencies and private entities for services performed for these external parties. Data represent total obligations against appropriated funds. Includes costs for the Health Insurance Tax Credit Administration from FY 2005 through 2015 and for Business Systems Modernization from FY 2005 onward.

^[3] U.S. population is based on resident population plus armed forces overseas as of October 1 of each year. This information is provided by the U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census.

^[4] Average tax per capita is based on gross collections (Column 1) divided by an estimate of U.S. population (Column 4).

^[5] Full-time equivalent (FTE) is defined as the total number of regular straight-time hours worked (that is, not including overtime or holiday hours worked) by employees divided by the number of compensable hours applicable to each fiscal year. In FY 2021, this includes: 1,587 FTEs funded through the CARES Act; 831 FTEs funded through the American Rescue Plan; 2,101 FTEs funded through supplemental appropriations in the Consolidated Appropriations Act of 2021; and 1 FTE funded through the No Surprises Act. See Table 32 to compare FTEs and the number of employees. Excludes positions funded by reimbursements from other Federal agencies and private entities for services performed for these external parties.