Click on PDF or Excel link above for additional tables containing more detail and breakdowns by filing status and demographic groups.

Table T21-0296

Phase out Benefit of \$80,000 SALT Limit Starting at AGI of \$900,000 MFJ/\$450,000 Single/\$675,000 HoH in H.R.5376, The Build Back Better Act as Reported by the Committee on the Budget, with Modifications Rules Committee Print 117-18 as Amended by 117-19: November 4, 2021

Baseline: Current Law

Distribution of Federal Tax Change by Expanded Cash Income Level, 2022 ¹ Summary Table

| Expanded Cash Income | Та | x Units | Percent Change in After-Tax Income 3 | Share of Total | Average | Average Fede | ral Tax Rate 4 |
|--|-----------------------|------------------|--|-----------------------|----------------------------|----------------------|-----------------------|
| evel (thousands of 2020 dollars) ² | Number (thousands) | Percent of Total | | Federal Tax Change | Federal Tax Change (\$) | Change (% Points) | Under the Proposal |
| Less than 10 | 10,480 | 5.8 | 7.6 | 5.5 | -440 | -7.3 | -2.9 |
| 10-20 | 22,180 | 12.4 | 4.2 | 17.4 | -660 | -4.1 | -1.5 |
| 20-30 | 19,840 | 11.1 | 3.8 | 22.8 | -960 | -3.7 | 0.2 |
| 30-40 | 16,080 | 9.0 | 2.6 | 17.5 | -910 | -2.5 | 4.2 |
| 40-50 | 13,340 | 7.4 | 1.8 | 12.0 | -750 | -1.6 | 7.7 |
| 50-75 | 24,900 | 13.9 | 1.2 | 20.4 | -680 | -1.1 | 11.4 |
| 75-100 | 18,160 | 10.1 | 0.9 | 14.6 | -670 | -0.7 | 14.0 |
| 100-200 | 32,870 | 18.3 | 0.7 | 34.4 | -870 | -0.6 | 17.1 |
| 200-500 | 16,970 | 9.5 | 0.7 | 32.0 | -1,570 | -0.5 | 21.4 |
| 500-1,000 | 2,270 | 1.3 | 1.0 | 14.5 | -5,350 | -0.8 | 25.1 |
| More than 1,000 | 940 | 0.5 | -3.5 | -92.0 | 82,130 | 2.5 | 33.0 |
| All | 179,520 | 100.0 | 0.5 | 100.0 | -470 | -0.4 | 19.1 |

Source: Urban-Brookings Tax Policy Center Microsimulation Model (version 0721-2).

Number of AMT Taxpayers (millions). Baseline: 0.3

Proposal: 0.7

(1) Calendar Year. Baseline is the law currently in place as of December 14, 2021. Includes provisions contained in JCX-45-21 except: provisions related to expanding access to health coverage; Subtitle E, Part 4, item 1; Subtitle H, Part 5, item 5; and provisions with a revenue change of less than \$50 million in the years of our analysis. In lieu of Subtitle G, Part 6 as amended by Rules Committee Print 117-19, provision would increase the limit on deductible state and local taxes from \$10,000 to \$80,000. Any additional deduction above the amount allowed by the current-law \$10,000 limit would phase out rateably over an adjusted gross income (AGI) range of \$100,000 starting at \$900,000 for married couples filing a joint return (\$450,000 for singles and \$675,000 for heads of household). For married individuals filing a separate return, the limit would increase from \$5,000 to \$40,000; any additional deduction would phase out between \$450,000 and \$500,000 of AGI. http://www.taxpolicycenter.org/taxtopics/Baseline-Definitions.cfm

(2) Includes both filing and non-filing units but excludes those that are dependents of other tax units. Tax units with negative adjusted gross income are excluded from their respective income class but are included in the totals. For a description of expanded cash income, see http://www.taxpolicycenter.org/TaxModel/income.cfm

⁽³⁾ After-tax income is expanded cash income less: individual income tax net of refundable credits; corporate income tax; payroll taxes (Social Security and Medicare); estate tax; and excise taxes.

⁽⁴⁾ Average federal tax (includes individual and corporate income tax, payroll taxes for Social Security and Medicare, the estate tax, and excise taxes) as a percentage of average expanded cash income.

Table T21-0296

Phase out Benefit of \$80,000 SALT Limit Starting at AGI of \$900,000 MFJ/\$450,000 Single/\$675,000 HoH in H.R.5376, The Build Back Better Act as Reported by the Committee on the Budget, with Modifications Rules Committee Print 117-18 as Amended by 117-19: November 4, 2021

Baseline: Current Law

Distribution of Federal Tax Change by Expanded Cash Income Level, 2022 ¹ Detail Table

| Expanded Cash Income | Percent Change in | Share of Total | Average Federal Tax Change | | Share of Fe | deral Taxes | Average Federal Tax Rate 5 | | |
|---|----------------------------------|-----------------------|----------------------------|----------------------|----------------------|-----------------------|----------------------------|-----------------------|--|
| Level (thousands of 2020 dollars) ² | After-Tax Income ³ | Federal Tax Change | Dollars | Percent ⁴ | Change (% Points) | Under the Proposal | Change (% Points) | Under the Proposal | |
| Less than 10 | 7.6 | 5.5 | -440 | -164.8 | -0.1 | -0.1 | -7.3 | -2.9 | |
| 10-20 | 4.2 | 17.4 | -660 | -155.2 | -0.4 | -0.1 | -4.1 | -1.5 | |
| 20-30 | 3.8 | 22.8 | -960 | -95.7 | -0.5 | 0.0 | -3.7 | 0.2 | |
| 30-40 | 2.6 | 17.5 | -910 | -37.2 | -0.4 | 0.6 | -2.5 | 4.2 | |
| 40-50 | 1.8 | 12.0 | -750 | -17.1 | -0.2 | 1.3 | -1.6 | 7.7 | |
| 50-75 | 1.2 | 20.4 | -680 | -8.4 | -0.3 | 4.8 | -1.1 | 11.4 | |
| 75-100 | 0.9 | 14.6 | -670 | -5.0 | -0.2 | 6.1 | -0.7 | 14.0 | |
| 100-200 | 0.7 | 34.4 | -870 | -3.3 | -0.3 | 21.6 | -0.6 | 17.1 | |
| 200-500 | 0.7 | 32.0 | -1,570 | -2.4 | -0.1 | 28.4 | -0.5 | 21.4 | |
| 500-1,000 | 1.0 | 14.5 | -5,350 | -2.9 | -0.1 | 10.4 | -0.8 | 25.1 | |
| More than 1,000 | -3.5 | -92.0 | 82,130 | 8.0 | 2.5 | 26.8 | 2.5 | 33.0 | |
| All | 0.5 | 100.0 | -470 | -2.1 | 0.0 | 100.0 | -0.4 | 19.1 | |

Baseline Distribution of Income and Federal Taxes by Expanded Cash Income Level, 2022 ¹

| Expanded Cash Income | Tax U | nits | Pre-Tax In | come | Federal Ta | x Burden | After-Tax In | come ³ | Average Federal Tax |
|--|-----------------------|---------------------|-------------------|---------------------|-------------------|------------------|-------------------|---------------------|------------------------|
| Level (thousands of 2019 dollars) ² | Number (thousands) | Percent of Total | Average (dollars) | Percent of Total | Average (dollars) | Percent of Total | Average (dollars) | Percent of Total | Rate 5 |
| Less than 10 | 10,480 | 5.8 | 6,010 | 0.3 | 270 | 0.1 | 5,740 | 0.4 | 4.4 |
| 10-20 | 22,180 | 12.4 | 15,920 | 1.8 | 420 | 0.2 | 15,490 | 2.1 | 2.7 |
| 20-30 | 19,840 | 11.1 | 26,290 | 2.6 | 1,000 | 0.5 | 25,290 | 3.1 | 3.8 |
| 30-40 | 16,080 | 9.0 | 36,890 | 2.9 | 2,440 | 1.0 | 34,440 | 3.4 | 6.6 |
| 40-50 | 13,340 | 7.4 | 47,440 | 3.1 | 4,390 | 1.5 | 43,050 | 3.5 | 9.3 |
| 50-75 | 24,900 | 13.9 | 65,490 | 8.1 | 8,130 | 5.1 | 57,360 | 8.8 | 12.4 |
| 75-100 | 18,160 | 10.1 | 91,870 | 8.3 | 13,570 | 6.3 | 78,300 | 8.8 | 14.8 |
| 100-200 | 32,870 | 18.3 | 148,340 | 24.1 | 26,200 | 21.8 | 122,150 | 24.7 | 17.7 |
| 200-500 | 16,970 | 9.5 | 302,100 | 25.4 | 66,220 | 28.5 | 235,880 | 24.6 | 21.9 |
| 500-1,000 | 2,270 | 1.3 | 703,260 | 7.9 | 181,920 | 10.5 | 521,340 | 7.3 | 25.9 |
| More than 1,000 | 940 | 0.5 | 3,345,750 | 15.5 | 1,021,690 | 24.3 | 2,324,070 | 13.4 | 30.5 |
| All | ********** | 100.0 | 112,520 | 100.0 | 21,970 | 100.0 | 90,550 | 100.0 | 19.5 |

Source: Urban-Brookings Tax Policy Center Microsimulation Model (version 0721-2).

Number of AMT Taxpayers (millions). Baseline: 0.3

Proposal: 0.7

(1) Calendar Year. Baseline is the law currently in place as of December 14, 2021. Includes provisions contained in JCX-45-21 except:

provisions related to expanding access to health coverage; Subtitle E, Part 4, item 1; Subtitle H, Part 5, item 5; and provisions with a revenue change of less than \$50 million in the years of our analysis. In lieu of Subtitle G, Part 6 as amended by Rules Committee Print 117-19,

provision would increase the limit on deductible state and local taxes from \$10,000 to \$80,000. Any additional deduction above the amount

allowed by the current-law \$10,000 limit would phase out rateably over an adjusted gross income (AGI) range of \$100,000 starting at \$900,000

for married couples filing a joint return (\$450,000 for singles and \$675,000 for heads of household). For married individuals filing a separate

return, the limit would increase from \$5,000 to \$40,000; any additional deduction would phase out between \$450,000 and \$500,000 of AGI.

http://www.taxpolicycenter.org/taxtopics/Baseline-Definitions.cfm

(2) Includes both filing and non-filing units but excludes those that are dependents of other tax units. Tax units with negative adjusted gross income are excluded from their respective income class but are included in the totals. For a description of expanded cash income, see

http://www.taxpolicycenter.org/TaxModel/income.cfm

(3) After-tax income is expanded cash income less: individual income tax net of refundable credits; corporate income tax; payroll taxes (Social Security and Medicare); estate tax; and excise taxes.

(4) For income categories for which the baseline tax burden is negative, a positive percent change in average federal tax indicates a net increase in federal subsidies, and a negative percent change indicates a net

(5) Average federal tax (includes individual and corporate income tax, payroll taxes for Social Security and Medicare, the estate tax, and excise taxes) as a percentage of average expanded cash income.

Table T21-0296

Phase out Benefit of \$80,000 SALT Limit Starting at AGI of \$900,000 MFJ/\$450,000 Single/\$675,000 HoH in H.R.5376, The Build Back Better Act as Reported by the Committee on the Budget, with Modifications Rules Committee Print 117-18 as Amended by 117-19: November 4, 2021

Baseline: Current Law

Distribution of Federal Tax Change by Expanded Cash Income Level, 2022 ¹
Detail Table - Single Tax Units

| Expanded Cash Income | Percent Change in | Share of Total | Average Federal Tax Change | | Share of Fe | deral Taxes | Average Federal Tax Rate 5 | | |
|--|----------------------------------|-----------------------|----------------------------|----------------------|----------------------|-----------------------|----------------------------|-----------------------|--|
| Level (thousands of 2020 dollars) ² | After-Tax Income ³ | Federal Tax Change | Dollars | Percent ⁴ | Change (% Points) | Under the Proposal | Change (% Points) | Under the Proposal | |
| Less than 10 | 4.8 | 15.0 | -270 | -78.2 | -0.2 | 0.1 | -4.6 | 1.3 | |
| 10-20 | 2.5 | 40.9 | -370 | -48.7 | -0.7 | 0.7 | -2.4 | 2.5 | |
| 20-30 | 1.5 | 27.4 | -360 | -17.8 | -0.4 | 2.1 | -1.4 | 6.3 | |
| 30-40 | 0.7 | 12.4 | -220 | -5.7 | -0.2 | 3.4 | -0.6 | 9.6 | |
| 40-50 | 0.2 | 4.7 | -100 | -1.8 | 0.0 | 4.4 | -0.2 | 11.8 | |
| 50-75 | 0.2 | 9.0 | -110 | -1.1 | 0.1 | 13.7 | -0.2 | 15.0 | |
| 75-100 | 0.2 | 6.0 | -120 | -0.7 | 0.1 | 13.9 | -0.1 | 18.3 | |
| 100-200 | 0.2 | 12.9 | -240 | -0.8 | 0.2 | 27.4 | -0.2 | 21.4 | |
| 200-500 | 0.8 | 23.7 | -1,770 | -2.4 | -0.1 | 16.0 | -0.6 | 24.1 | |
| 500-1,000 | 0.1 | 0.9 | -640 | -0.3 | 0.1 | 5.0 | -0.1 | 29.6 | |
| More than 1,000 | -3.5 | -53.7 | 84,200 | 7.2 | 1.1 | 13.2 | 2.4 | 35.2 | |
| All | 0.4 | 100.0 | -180 | -1.6 | 0.0 | 100.0 | -0.3 | 18.0 | |

Baseline Distribution of Income and Federal Taxes by Expanded Cash Income Level, 2022 ¹

| Expanded Cash Income | Tax U | nits | Pre-Tax In | icome | Federal Ta | ıx Burden | After-Tax In | come ³ | Average Federal Tax |
|--|--------------------|---------------------|-------------------|---------------------|-------------------|------------------|-------------------|---------------------|------------------------|
| Level (thousands of 2019 dollars) ² | Number (thousands) | Percent of Total | Average (dollars) | Percent of Total | Average (dollars) | Percent of Total | Average (dollars) | Percent of Total | Rate 5 |
| Less than 10 | 8,760 | 9.9 | 6,010 | 1.0 | 350 | 0.3 | 5,660 | 1.1 | 5.8 |
| 10-20 | 17,470 | 19.7 | 15,770 | 5.2 | 770 | 1.4 | 15,000 | 6.0 | 4.9 |
| 20-30 | 12,260 | 13.8 | 26,090 | 6.0 | 2,010 | 2.5 | 24,080 | 6.8 | 7.7 |
| 30-40 | 9,210 | 10.4 | 36,790 | 6.3 | 3,750 | 3.5 | 33,040 | 7.0 | 10.2 |
| 40-50 | 7,570 | 8.5 | 47,500 | 6.7 | 5,720 | 4.4 | 41,780 | 7.2 | 12.0 |
| 50-75 | 13,430 | 15.1 | 65,180 | 16.4 | 9,900 | 13.6 | 55,280 | 17.0 | 15.2 |
| 75-100 | 7,950 | 9.0 | 91,450 | 13.6 | 16,890 | 13.7 | 74,550 | 13.6 | 18.5 |
| 100-200 | 8,790 | 9.9 | 140,440 | 23.1 | 30,230 | 27.2 | 110,210 | 22.2 | 21.5 |
| 200-500 | 2,140 | 2.4 | 297,940 | 11.9 | 73,540 | 16.1 | 224,400 | 11.0 | 24.7 |
| 500-1,000 | 230 | 0.3 | 700,480 | 3.0 | 207,850 | 4.9 | 492,640 | 2.6 | 29.7 |
| More than 1,000 | 100 | 0.1 | 3,544,800 | 6.8 | 1,163,250 | 12.1 | 2,381,550 | 5.6 | 32.8 |
| All | 88,710 | 100.0 | 60,330 | 100.0 | 11,030 | 100.0 | 49,290 | 100.0 | 18.3 |

Source: Urban-Brookings Tax Policy Center Microsimulation Model (version 0721-2).

(1) Calendar Year. Baseline is the law currently in place as of December 14, 2021. Includes provisions contained in JCX-45-21 except: provisions related to expanding access to health coverage; Subtitle E, Part 4, item 1; Subtitle H, Part 5, item 5; and provisions with a revenue change of less than \$50 million in the years of our analysis. In lieu of Subtitle 6, Part 6 as amended by Rules Committee Print 117-19, provision would increase the limit on deductible state and local taxes from \$10,000 to \$80,000. Any additional deduction above the amount allowed by the current-law \$10,000 limit would phase out rateably over an adjusted gross income (AGI) range of \$100,000 starting at \$900,000 or married couples filing a joint return (\$450,000 for singles and \$675,000 for heads of household). For married individuals filing a separate return, the limit would increase from \$5,000 to \$40,000; any additional deduction would phase out between \$450,000 and \$500,000 of AGI.

http://www.taxpolicycenter.org/taxtopics/Baseline-Definitions.cfm

(2) Includes both filling and non-filling units but excludes those that are dependents of other tax units. Tax units with negative adjusted gross income are excluded from their respective income class but are included in the totals. For a description of expanded cash income, see http://www.taxpolicycenter.org/TaxModel/income.cfm

- (3) After-tax income is expanded cash income less: individual income tax net of refundable credits; corporate income tax; payroll taxes (Social Security and Medicare); estate tax; and excise taxes.
- (4) For income categories for which the baseline tax burden is negative, a positive percent change in average federal tax indicates a net increase in federal subsidies, and a negative percent change indicates a net decrease in federal subsidies.
- (5) Average federal tax (includes individual and corporate income tax, payroll taxes for Social Security and Medicare, the estate tax, and excise taxes) as a percentage of average expanded cash income.

Table T21-0296

Phase out Benefit of \$80,000 SALT Limit Starting at AGI of \$900,000 MFJ/\$450,000 Single/\$675,000 HoH in H.R.5376, The Build Back Better Act as Reported by the Committee on the Budget, with Modifications Rules Committee Print 117-18 as Amended by 117-19: November 4, 2021

Baseline: Current Law

Distribution of Federal Tax Change by Expanded Cash Income Level, 2022 ¹
Detail Table - Married Tax Units Filing Jointly

| Expanded Cash Income | Percent Change in | Share of Total | Average Federal Tax Change | | Share of Fe | deral Taxes | Average Federal Tax Rate 5 | | |
|--|----------------------------------|-----------------------|----------------------------|----------------------|----------------------|-----------------------|----------------------------|-----------------------|--|
| Level (thousands of 2020 dollars) ² | After-Tax Income ³ | Federal Tax Change | Dollars | Percent ⁴ | Change (% Points) | Under the Proposal | Change (% Points) | Under the Proposal | |
| Less than 10 | 11.9 | 2.4 | -620 | -328.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | -11.5 | -8.0 | |
| 10-20 | 5.6 | 7.4 | -910 | -347.9 | -0.1 | -0.1 | -5.5 | -3.9 | |
| 20-30 | 4.4 | 15.1 | -1,150 | -266.0 | -0.2 | -0.1 | -4.4 | -2.7 | |
| 30-40 | 3.4 | 14.5 | -1,240 | -158.0 | -0.2 | -0.1 | -3.4 | -1.2 | |
| 40-50 | 2.7 | 12.7 | -1,240 | -63.2 | -0.1 | 0.1 | -2.6 | 1.5 | |
| 50-75 | 1.7 | 23.9 | -1,040 | -19.8 | -0.2 | 1.0 | -1.6 | 6.3 | |
| 75-100 | 1.1 | 23.3 | -910 | -9.0 | -0.2 | 2.5 | -1.0 | 10.0 | |
| 100-200 | 0.8 | 80.1 | -1,080 | -4.4 | -0.6 | 18.3 | -0.7 | 15.3 | |
| 200-500 | 0.6 | 78.3 | -1,530 | -2.4 | -0.5 | 34.1 | -0.5 | 20.9 | |
| 500-1,000 | 1.1 | 42.8 | -5,970 | -3.3 | -0.3 | 13.0 | -0.9 | 24.5 | |
| More than 1,000 | -3.2 | ########## | 70,070 | 7.3 | 2.4 | 31.1 | 2.2 | 32.5 | |
| All | 0.3 | 100.0 | -430 | -1.0 | 0.0 | 100.0 | -0.2 | 20.6 | |

Baseline Distribution of Income and Federal Taxes by Expanded Cash Income Level, 2022 ¹

| Expanded Cash Income Level (thousands of 2019 | Tax U | Inits | Pre-Tax In | come | Federal Ta | ax Burden | After-Tax Ir | icome ³ | Average Federal Tax |
|--|--------------------|---------------------|-------------------|---------------------|-------------------|------------------|-------------------|---------------------|------------------------|
| dollars) 2 | Number (thousands) | Percent of Total | Average (dollars) | Percent of Total | Average (dollars) | Percent of Total | Average (dollars) | Percent of Total | Rate 5 |
| Less than 10 | 1,050 | 1.6 | 5,390 | 0.0 | 190 | 0.0 | 5,210 | 0.1 | 3.5 |
| 10-20 | 2,260 | 3.5 | 16,390 | 0.3 | 260 | 0.0 | 16,130 | 0.4 | 1.6 |
| 20-30 | 3,620 | 5.6 | 26,490 | 0.8 | 430 | 0.1 | 26,050 | 0.9 | 1.6 |
| 30-40 | 3,220 | 5.0 | 36,990 | 0.9 | 790 | 0.1 | 36,210 | 1.2 | 2.1 |
| 40-50 | 2,830 | 4.4 | 47,270 | 1.0 | 1,960 | 0.2 | 45,310 | 1.3 | 4.2 |
| 50-75 | 6,340 | 9.9 | 66,440 | 3.3 | 5,250 | 1.3 | 61,190 | 3.8 | 7.9 |
| 75-100 | 7,040 | 10.9 | 92,660 | 5.1 | 10,190 | 2.7 | 82,470 | 5.7 | 11.0 |
| 100-200 | 20,540 | 31.9 | 153,160 | 24.6 | 24,500 | 18.9 | 128,660 | 26.0 | 16.0 |
| 200-500 | 14,130 | 22.0 | 303,540 | 33.5 | 65,070 | 34.5 | 238,460 | 33.2 | 21.4 |
| 500-1,000 | 1,980 | 3.1 | 703,570 | 10.9 | 178,440 | 13.3 | 525,120 | 10.2 | 25.4 |
| More than 1,000 | 800 | 1.2 | 3,173,900 | 19.7 | 960,130 | 28.7 | 2,213,770 | 17.4 | 30.3 |
| All | 64,340 | 100.0 | 199,170 | 100.0 | 41,370 | 100.0 | 157,800 | 100.0 | 20.8 |

Source: Urban-Brookings Tax Policy Center Microsimulation Model (version 0721-2).

(1) Calendar Year. Baseline is the law currently in place as of December 14, 2021. Includes provisions contained in JCX-45-21 except: provisions related to expanding access to health coverage; Subtitle E, Part 4, item 1; Subtitle H, Part 5, item 5; and provisions with a revenue change of less than \$50 million in the years of our analysis. In lieu of Subtitle 6, Part 6 as amended by Rules Committee Print 117-19, provision would increase the limit on deductible state and local taxes from \$10,000 to \$80,000. Any additional deduction above the amount allowed by the current-law \$10,000 limit would phase out rateably over an adjusted gross income (AGI) range of \$100,000 starting at \$900,000 for married couples filing a joint return (\$450,000 for singles and \$675,000 for heads of household). For married individuals filing a separate return, the limit would increase from \$5,000 to \$40,000; any additional deduction would phase out between \$450,000 and \$500,000 of AGI.

http://www.taxpolicycenter.org/taxtopics/Baseline-Definitions.cfm

(2) Includes both filling and non-filling units but excludes those that are dependents of other tax units. Tax units with negative adjusted gross income are excluded from their respective income class but are included in the totals. For a description of expanded cash income, see http://www.taxpolicycenter.org/TaxModel/income.cfm

- (3) After-tax income is expanded cash income less: individual income tax net of refundable credits; corporate income tax; payroll taxes (Social Security and Medicare); estate tax; and excise taxes.
- (4) For income categories for which the baseline tax burden is negative, a positive percent change in average federal tax indicates a net increase in federal subsidies, and a negative percent change indicates a net decrease in federal subsidies.
- (5) Average federal tax (includes individual and corporate income tax, payroll taxes for Social Security and Medicare, the estate tax, and excise taxes) as a percentage of average expanded cash income.

Table T21-0296

Phase out Benefit of \$80,000 SALT Limit Starting at AGI of \$900,000 MFJ/\$450,000 Single/\$675,000 HoH in H.R.5376, The Build Back Better Act as Reported by the Committee on the Budget, with Modifications Rules Committee Print 117-18 as Amended by 117-19: November 4, 2021

Baseline: Current Law

Distribution of Federal Tax Change by Expanded Cash Income Level, 2022 ¹ Detail Table - Head of Household Tax Units

| Expanded Cash Income | Percent Change in | Share of Total | Average Federal Tay Change | | Share of Fe | deral Taxes | Average Federal Tax Rate 5 | | |
|--|----------------------------------|-----------------------|----------------------------|----------------------|----------------------|-----------------------|----------------------------|-----------------------|--|
| Level (thousands of 2020 dollars) ² | After-Tax Income ³ | Federal Tax Change | Dollars | Percent ⁴ | Change (% Points) | Under the Proposal | Change (% Points) | Under the Proposal | |
| Less than 10 | 33.8 | 3.3 | -2,780 | 259.3 | -1.1 | -1.4 | -38.9 | -53.9 | |
| 10-20 | 14.3 | 13.2 | -2,700 | 118.7 | -4.8 | -7.3 | -16.3 | -30.0 | |
| 20-30 | 9.9 | 22.7 | -2,860 | 138.2 | -8.0 | -11.9 | -10.7 | -18.4 | |
| 30-40 | 7.1 | 18.7 | -2,620 | -7,971.0 | -5.6 | -5.6 | -7.1 | -7.0 | |
| 40-50 | 4.9 | 12.4 | -2,190 | -81.3 | -2.7 | 0.9 | -4.6 | 1.1 | |
| 50-75 | 3.3 | 19.2 | -1,960 | -30.3 | -1.4 | 13.4 | -3.0 | 6.9 | |
| 75-100 | 2.3 | 10.1 | -1,780 | -15.2 | 1.6 | 17.1 | -2.0 | 10.9 | |
| 100-200 | 1.3 | 9.2 | -1,440 | -5.8 | 8.4 | 45.2 | -1.0 | 16.8 | |
| 200-500 | 0.7 | 1.7 | -1,610 | -2.5 | 4.3 | 20.4 | -0.6 | 22.3 | |
| 500-1,000 | 0.8 | 0.3 | -3,920 | -2.0 | 1.1 | 4.9 | -0.6 | 28.2 | |
| More than 1,000 | -7.1 | -11.1 | 289,420 | 16.0 | 8.2 | 24.3 | 4.9 | 35.7 | |
| All | 3.3 | 100.0 | -2,000 | -23.2 | 0.0 | 100.0 | -2.9 | 9.5 | |

Baseline Distribution of Income and Federal Taxes by Expanded Cash Income Level, 2022 ¹

| Expanded Cash Income | Tax U | nits | Pre-Tax In | come | Federal Ta | ax Burden | After-Tax In | come ³ | Average Federal Tax |
|--|-----------------------|---------------------|-------------------|---------------------|-------------------|------------------|-------------------|---------------------|------------------------|
| Level (thousands of 2019 dollars) ² | Number (thousands) | Percent of Total | Average (dollars) | Percent of Total | Average (dollars) | Percent of Total | Average (dollars) | Percent of Total | Rate 5 |
| Less than 10 | 540 | 2.4 | 7,140 | 0.2 | -1,070 | -0.3 | 8,210 | 0.3 | -15.0 |
| 10-20 | 2,210 | 9.8 | 16,600 | 2.3 | -2,270 | -2.6 | 18,870 | 3.0 | -13.7 |
| 20-30 | 3,610 | 15.9 | 26,730 | 6.1 | -2,070 | -3.8 | 28,790 | 7.6 | -7.7 |
| 30-40 | 3,220 | 14.2 | 37,040 | 7.6 | 30 | 0.1 | 37,000 | 8.7 | 0.1 |
| 40-50 | 2,570 | 11.4 | 47,470 | 7.8 | 2,690 | 3.5 | 44,780 | 8.4 | 5.7 |
| 50-75 | 4,450 | 19.7 | 65,080 | 18.4 | 6,470 | 14.8 | 58,610 | 19.0 | 9.9 |
| 75-100 | 2,580 | 11.4 | 91,120 | 14.9 | 11,700 | 15.5 | 79,420 | 14.9 | 12.8 |
| 100-200 | 2,880 | 12.7 | 139,690 | 25.6 | 24,900 | 36.8 | 114,800 | 24.1 | 17.8 |
| 200-500 | 490 | 2.2 | 280,980 | 8.7 | 64,260 | 16.1 | 216,720 | 7.7 | 22.9 |
| 500-1,000 | 40 | 0.2 | 701,210 | 1.7 | 201,670 | 3.9 | 499,540 | 1.4 | 28.8 |
| More than 1,000 | 20 | 0.1 | 5,872,500 | 6.5 | 1,805,620 | 16.1 | 4,066,870 | 5.1 | 30.8 |
| All | 22,650 | 100.0 | 69,380 | 100.0 | 8,610 | 100.0 | 60,770 | 100.0 | 12.4 |

Source: Urban-Brookings Tax Policy Center Microsimulation Model (version 0721-2).

(1) Calendar Year. Baseline is the law currently in place as of December 14, 2021. Includes provisions contained in JCX-45-21 except: provisions related to expanding access to health coverage; Subtitle E, Part 4, item 1; Subtitle H, Part 5, item 5; and provisions with a revenue change of less than \$50 million in the years of our analysis. In lieu of Subtitle G, Part 6 as amended by Rules Committee Print 117-19, provision would increase the limit on deductible state and local taxes from \$10,000 to \$80,000. Any additional deduction above the amount allowed by the current-law \$10,000 limit would phase out rateably over an adjusted gross income (AGI) range of \$100,000 starting at \$900,000 or married couples filing a joint return (\$450,000 for singles and \$675,000 for heads of household). For married individuals filing a separate return, the limit would increase from \$5,000 to \$40,000; any additional deduction would phase out between \$450,000 and \$500,000 of AGI.

http://www.taxpolicycenter.org/taxtopics/Baseline-Definitions.cfm

(2) Includes both filling and non-filling units but excludes those that are dependents of other tax units. Tax units with negative adjusted gross income are excluded from their respective income class but are included in the totals. For a description of expanded cash income, see http://www.taxpolicycenter.org/TaxModel/income.cfm

- (3) After-tax income is expanded cash income less: individual income tax net of refundable credits; corporate income tax; payroll taxes (Social Security and Medicare); estate tax; and excise taxes.
- (4) For income categories for which the baseline tax burden is negative, a positive percent change in average federal tax indicates a net increase in federal subsidies, and a negative percent change indicates a net decrease in federal subsidies.
- (5) Average federal tax (includes individual and corporate income tax, payroll taxes for Social Security and Medicare, the estate tax, and excise taxes) as a percentage of average expanded cash income.

Table T21-0296

Phase out Benefit of \$80,000 SALT Limit Starting at AGI of \$900,000 MFJ/\$450,000 Single/\$675,000 HoH in H.R.5376, The Build Back Better Act as Reported by the Committee on the Budget, with Modifications Rules Committee Print 117-18 as Amended by 117-19: November 4, 2021

Baseline: Current Law

Distribution of Federal Tax Change by Expanded Cash Income Level, 2022 ¹
Detail Table - Tax Units with Children

| Expanded Cash Income | Percent Change in | Share of Total | Average Federal Tax Change | | Share of Fe | deral Taxes | Average Federal Tax Rate 5 | | |
|--|----------------------------------|-----------------------|----------------------------|----------------------|----------------------|-----------------------|----------------------------|-----------------------|--|
| Level (thousands of 2020 dollars) ² | After-Tax Income ³ | Federal Tax Change | Dollars | Percent ⁴ | Change (% Points) | Under the Proposal | Change (% Points) | Under the Proposal | |
| Less than 10 | 40.2 | 3.2 | -3,320 | 295.5 | -0.2 | -0.3 | -46.5 | -62.2 | |
| 10-20 | 15.0 | 10.1 | -2,830 | 121.4 | -0.7 | -1.2 | -17.1 | -31.2 | |
| 20-30 | 10.8 | 17.2 | -3,110 | 153.9 | -1.1 | -1.8 | -11.7 | -19.2 | |
| 30-40 | 7.7 | 14.2 | -2,840 | 4,642.4 | -0.9 | -0.9 | -7.7 | -7.9 | |
| 40-50 | 5.8 | 9.8 | -2,600 | -116.9 | -0.6 | -0.1 | -5.5 | -0.8 | |
| 50-75 | 4.0 | 17.0 | -2,390 | -38.5 | -0.9 | 1.7 | -3.7 | 5.9 | |
| 75-100 | 2.8 | 11.9 | -2,260 | -19.7 | -0.5 | 3.0 | -2.5 | 10.0 | |
| 100-200 | 1.7 | 26.4 | -2,110 | -8.1 | -0.5 | 18.5 | -1.4 | 15.7 | |
| 200-500 | 0.9 | 17.2 | -2,030 | -3.0 | 1.0 | 34.2 | -0.7 | 21.4 | |
| 500-1,000 | 1.3 | 8.2 | -6,590 | -3.6 | 0.3 | 13.7 | -0.9 | 25.1 | |
| More than 1,000 | -3.2 | -36.0 | 70,030 | 7.3 | 4.0 | 32.8 | 2.2 | 32.8 | |
| All | 1.5 | 100.0 | -1,840 | -5.9 | 0.0 | 100.0 | -1.2 | 19.0 | |

Baseline Distribution of Income and Federal Taxes by Expanded Cash Income Level, 2022 ¹

| Expanded Cash Income | Tax U | Inits | Pre-Tax In | come | Federal Ta | ax Burden | After-Tax In | icome ³ | Average Federal Tax |
|--|-----------------------|---------------------|-------------------|---------------------|-------------------|------------------|-------------------|---------------------|------------------------|
| Level (thousands of 2019 dollars) ² | Number (thousands) | Percent of Total | Average (dollars) | Percent of Total | Average (dollars) | Percent of Total | Average (dollars) | Percent of Total | Rate 5 |
| Less than 10 | 900 | 1.8 | 7,150 | 0.1 | -1,130 | -0.1 | 8,270 | 0.1 | -15.7 |
| 10-20 | 3,400 | 6.6 | 16,510 | 0.7 | -2,330 | -0.5 | 18,840 | 1.0 | -14.1 |
| 20-30 | 5,250 | 10.2 | 26,650 | 1.7 | -2,020 | -0.7 | 28,670 | 2.3 | -7.6 |
| 30-40 | 4,750 | 9.2 | 36,950 | 2.2 | -60 | 0.0 | 37,010 | 2.7 | -0.2 |
| 40-50 | 3,570 | 7.0 | 47,410 | 2.1 | 2,220 | 0.5 | 45,190 | 2.5 | 4.7 |
| 50-75 | 6,720 | 13.1 | 65,400 | 5.5 | 6,220 | 2.6 | 59,180 | 6.2 | 9.5 |
| 75-100 | 5,000 | 9.7 | 92,070 | 5.7 | 11,460 | 3.5 | 80,620 | 6.3 | 12.4 |
| 100-200 | 11,860 | 23.1 | 152,150 | 22.4 | 25,960 | 19.0 | 126,180 | 23.3 | 17.1 |
| 200-500 | 8,030 | 15.6 | 303,960 | 30.3 | 67,070 | 33.2 | 236,890 | 29.6 | 22.1 |
| 500-1,000 | 1,180 | 2.3 | 705,100 | 10.4 | 183,560 | 13.4 | 521,540 | 9.6 | 26.0 |
| More than 1,000 | 490 | 1.0 | 3,132,560 | 19.0 | 957,400 | 28.8 | 2,175,160 | 16.5 | 30.6 |
| All | 51,400 | 100.0 | 156,600 | 100.0 | 31,540 | 100.0 | 125,060 | 100.0 | 20.1 |

Source: Urban-Brookings Tax Policy Center Microsimulation Model (version 0721-2).

Note: Tax units with children are those claiming an exemption for children at home or away from home or with children qualifying for the Child Tax Credit or EITC.

(1) Calendar Year. Baseline is the law currently in place as of December 14, 2021. Includes provisions contained in JCX-45-21 except:

provisions related to expanding access to health coverage; Subtitle E, Part 4, item 1; Subtitle H, Part 5, item 5; and provisions with a revenue

change of less than \$50 million in the years of our analysis. In lieu of Subtitle G, Part 6 as amended by Rules Committee Print 117-19,

 $provision\ would\ increase\ the\ limit\ on\ deductible\ state\ and\ local\ taxes\ from\ \$10,000\ to\ \$80,000.\ Any\ additional\ deduction\ above\ the\ amount$

allowed by the current-law \$10,000 limit would phase out rateably over an adjusted gross income (AGI) range of \$100,000 starting at \$900,000 for married couples filing a joint return (\$450,000 for singles and \$675,000 for heads of household). For married individuals filing a separate

return, the limit would increase from \$5,000 to \$40,000; any additional deduction would phase out between \$450,000 and \$500,000 of AGI.

http://www.taxpolicycenter.org/taxtopics/Baseline-Definitions.cfm

(2) Includes both filling and non-filling units but excludes those that are dependents of other tax units. Tax units with negative adjusted gross income are excluded from their respective income class but are included in the totals. For a description of expanded cash income, see

http://www.taxpolicycenter.org/TaxModel/income.cfm

(3) After-tax income is expanded cash income less: individual income tax net of refundable credits; corporate income tax; payroll taxes (Social Security and Medicare); estate tax; and excise taxes.

(4) For income categories for which the baseline tax burden is negative, a positive percent change in average federal tax indicates a net increase in federal subsidies, and a negative percent change indicates a net decrease in federal subsidies.

(5) Average federal tax (includes individual and corporate income tax, payroll taxes for Social Security and Medicare, the estate tax, and excise taxes) as a percentage of average expanded cash income.

Table T21-0296

Phase out Benefit of \$80,000 SALT Limit Starting at AGI of \$900,000 MFJ/\$450,000 Single/\$675,000 HoH in H.R.5376, The Build Back Better Act as Reported by the Committee on the Budget, with Modifications Rules Committee Print 117-18 as Amended by 117-19: November 4, 2021

Baseline: Current Law

Distribution of Federal Tax Change by Expanded Cash Income Level, 2022 ¹
Detail Table - Elderly Tax Units

| Expanded Cash Income | Percent Change in | Share of Total | Average Federal Tay Change | | Share of Fe | deral Taxes | Average Federal Tax Rate 5 | | |
|---|----------------------------------|-----------------------|----------------------------|----------------------|----------------------|-----------------------|----------------------------|-----------------------|--|
| Level (thousands of 2020 dollars) ² | After-Tax Income ³ | Federal Tax Change | Dollars | Percent ⁴ | Change (% Points) | Under the Proposal | Change (% Points) | Under the Proposal | |
| Less than 10 | 0.9 | -0.8 | -50 | -113.8 | 0.0 | 0.0 | -0.9 | -0.1 | |
| 10-20 | 0.4 | -3.5 | -60 | -34.5 | -0.1 | 0.1 | -0.4 | 0.7 | |
| 20-30 | 0.5 | -5.3 | -110 | -18.4 | -0.1 | 0.4 | -0.4 | 1.9 | |
| 30-40 | 0.4 | -5.9 | -150 | -13.5 | -0.1 | 0.6 | -0.4 | 2.6 | |
| 40-50 | 0.4 | -5.0 | -160 | -7.4 | -0.1 | 1.1 | -0.3 | 4.2 | |
| 50-75 | 0.3 | -8.5 | -160 | -3.7 | -0.2 | 3.7 | -0.3 | 6.4 | |
| 75-100 | 0.1 | -4.6 | -120 | -1.4 | -0.2 | 5.6 | -0.1 | 9.2 | |
| 100-200 | 0.2 | -12.0 | -190 | -1.0 | -0.6 | 20.1 | -0.1 | 13.2 | |
| 200-500 | 0.4 | -23.4 | -990 | -1.7 | -0.8 | 22.7 | -0.3 | 18.9 | |
| 500-1,000 | 0.6 | -10.7 | -3,300 | -1.9 | -0.3 | 9.2 | -0.5 | 23.9 | |
| More than 1,000 | -4.0 | 180.2 | 108,430 | 9.2 | 2.5 | 36.0 | 2.8 | 33.1 | |
| All | -0.3 | 100.0 | 260 | 1.7 | 0.0 | 100.0 | 0.3 | 16.0 | |

Baseline Distribution of Income and Federal Taxes by Expanded Cash Income Level, 2022 ¹

| Expanded Cash Income Level (thousands of 2019 dollars) ² | Tax Units | | Pre-Tax Income | | Federal Tax Burden | | After-Tax Income ³ | | Average |
|---|-----------------------|---------------------|-------------------|---------------------|--------------------|------------------|-------------------------------|---------------------|----------------------------------|
| | Number (thousands) | Percent of Total | Average (dollars) | Percent of Total | Average (dollars) | Percent of Total | Average (dollars) | Percent of Total | Federal Tax Rate ⁵ |
| Less than 10 | 1,880 | 4.0 | 6,330 | 0.3 | 50 | 0.0 | 6,280 | 0.3 | 0.8 |
| 10-20 | 7,360 | 15.5 | 16,070 | 2.5 | 170 | 0.2 | 15,900 | 3.0 | 1.1 |
| 20-30 | 5,870 | 12.4 | 26,200 | 3.3 | 620 | 0.5 | 25,580 | 3.8 | 2.4 |
| 30-40 | 4,890 | 10.3 | 36,870 | 3.9 | 1,120 | 0.8 | 35,750 | 4.5 | 3.0 |
| 40-50 | 3,980 | 8.4 | 47,410 | 4.1 | 2,130 | 1.2 | 45,280 | 4.6 | 4.5 |
| 50-75 | 6,570 | 13.8 | 65,430 | 9.2 | 4,330 | 3.9 | 61,090 | 10.2 | 6.6 |
| 75-100 | 4,940 | 10.4 | 91,930 | 9.7 | 8,590 | 5.8 | 83,350 | 10.5 | 9.3 |
| 100-200 | 7,790 | 16.4 | 144,700 | 24.2 | 19,340 | 20.6 | 125,360 | 24.9 | 13.4 |
| 200-500 | 2,960 | 6.2 | 303,550 | 19.3 | 58,220 | 23.5 | 245,320 | 18.5 | 19.2 |
| 500-1,000 | 410 | 0.9 | 699,360 | 6.1 | 170,330 | 9.5 | 529,030 | 5.5 | 24.4 |
| More than 1,000 | 210 | 0.4 | 3,880,470 | 17.4 | 1,177,660 | 33.6 | 2,702,800 | 14.4 | 30.4 |
| All | 47,490 | 100.0 | 98,080 | 100.0 | 15,410 | 100.0 | 82,670 | 100.0 | 15.7 |

Source: Urban-Brookings Tax Policy Center Microsimulation Model (version 0721-2).

Note: Elderly tax units are those with either head or spouse (if filing jointly) age 65 or older.

(1) Calendar Year. Baseline is the law currently in place as of December 14, 2021. Includes provisions contained in JCX-45-21 except:

provisions related to expanding access to health coverage; Subtitle E, Part 4, item 1; Subtitle H, Part 5, item 5; and provisions with a revenue

change of less than \$50 million in the years of our analysis. In lieu of Subtitle G, Part 6 as amended by Rules Committee Print 117-19, provision would increase the limit on deductible state and local taxes from \$10,000 to \$80,000. Any additional deduction above the amount

allowed by the current-law \$10,000 limit would phase out rateably over an adjusted gross income (AGI) range of \$100,000 starting at \$900,000

for married couples filing a joint return (\$450,000 for singles and \$675,000 for heads of household). For married individuals filing a separate

return, the limit would increase from \$5,000 to \$40,000; any additional deduction would phase out between \$450,000 and \$500,000 of AGI.

http://www.taxpolicycenter.org/taxtopics/Baseline-Definitions.cfm

(2) Includes both filling and non-filling units but excludes those that are dependents of other tax units. Tax units with negative adjusted gross income are excluded from their respective income class but are included in the totals. For a description of expanded cash income, see

http://www.taxpolicycenter.org/TaxModel/income.cfm

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(5) Average federal tax (includes individual and corporate income tax, payroll taxes for Social Security and Medicare, the estate tax, and excise taxes) as a percentage of average expanded cash income.