Table T21-0277

Major Individual Income Tax and Payroll Tax Provisions in H.R.5376, The Build Back Better Act as Reported by the Committee on the Budget, with Modifications (Rules Committee Print 117-18 as Amended by 117-19: November 4, 2021) Excludes Corporate Income Tax and Excise Tax Provisions Tax Units with a Tax Increase or Tax Cut, by Expanded Cash Income Percentile, 2026¹

Baseline: Current Law

Expanded Cash Income Percentile ^{2,3}	Tax Units		Tax Units with Tax Increase or Cut ⁴				Average Tax Change (Dollars) For all Tax Units	
	Niveshau	Percent of Total	With Tax Cut		With Tax Increase			Major Provisions
	Number (thousands)		Pct of Tax Units	Avg Tax Change (\$)	Pct of Tax Units	Avg Tax Change (\$)	All Provisions⁵	Included Here ⁶
Lowest Quintile	48,270	26.1	4.9	-1,070	0.0	0	-60	-50
Second Quintile	40,270	21.7	1.7	-1,200	0.0	0	-40	-20
Middle Quintile	38,410	20.7	0.5	-1,180	0.0	0	-60	-10
Fourth Quintile	31,330	16.9	0.1	-1,290	0.0	0	-90	*
Top Quintile	25,460	13.7	*	**	5.0	85,590	4,150	4,260
All	185,260	100.0	1.8	-1,110	0.7	85,790	520	570
Addendum								
80-90	13,040	7.0	*	**	0.2	1,650	-110	*
90-95	6,400	3.5	*	**	0.3	2,970	-160	10
95-99	4,840	2.6	0.0	0	9.8	8,230	560	810
Top 1 Percent	1,180	0.6	0.0	0	64.0	137,880	88,940	88,220
Top 0.1 Percent	120	0.1	0.0	0	89.6	778,690	706,190	697,570

Source: Urban-Brookings Tax Policy Center Microsimulation Model (version 0721-2).

* Non-zero value rounded to zero; ** Insufficient data

(1) Calendar year. Baseline is the law currently in place as of November 9, 2021.

http://www.taxpolicycenter.org/taxtopics/Baseline-Definitions.cfm

(2) Includes both filing and non-filing units but excludes those that are dependents of other tax units. Tax units with negative adjusted gross income are excluded from their respective income class but are included in the totals. For a description of expanded cash income, see

http://www.taxpolicycenter.org/TaxModel/income.cfm

(3) The income percentile classes used in this table are based on the income distribution for the entire population and contain an equal number of people, not tax units. The breaks are (in 2020 dollars): 20% \$27,600; 40% \$54,500; 60% \$98,000; 80% \$180,100; 90% \$262,200; 95% \$380,000; 99% \$879,400; 99.9% \$4,044,100.

(4) Includes tax units with a change in federal tax burden of \$10 or more in absolute value.

(5) Includes provisions contained in JCX-45-21 except: corporate income tax provisions; excise tax provisions; provisions related to expanding access to health coverage; Subtitle E, Part 4, item 1; Subtitle H, Part 5, item 5; and provisions with a revenue change of less than \$50 million in the years of our analysis. Includes Subtitle G, Part 6 as amended by Rules Committee Print 117-19.

(6) Includes following provisions from JCX-45-21: Subtitle G, Part 1; Subtitle G, Part 2, item 1; Subtitle G, Part 6 as amended by Rules Committee Print 117-19; and Subtitle H, Part 2. For certain proposals, the TPC model is detailed enough to estimate the average tax change by income group but, due to data limitations, we cannot assign the tax change to individual tax units. Thus, for those proposals, we cannot reliably estimate the percent of tax units with a tax increase or cut.