2-Sep-21 PRELIMINARY RESULTS http://www.taxpolicycenter.org

Table T21-0212
Individual Income Tax on Long-Term Capital Gains and Qualified Dividends
Baseline: Current Law
Distribution of Federal Tax Change by Cash Income Level, 2031
Summary Table

Expanded Cash Income Level (thousands of 2020 dollars) ²	All Tax Units (thousands)	Tax Units Reporting Gains or Qualified Dividends ³		Tax Units Paying Positive Individual Income Tax On Gains or Qualified Dividends				
		Percent Within Class	Average Gains and Dividends (\$)	Percent Within Class	Average Tax Paid on Gains and Dividends (\$)	Share of Positive Individual Income Tax on Gains and Dividends	Average Individual Income Tax Rate	
							On Gains and Dividends ⁴	On All Other Income ⁵
Less than 10	8,770	2.5	2,680	*	**	*	**	**
10-20	19,860	3.0	3,090	0.2	**	*	**	**
20-30	20,100	5.7	3,510	0.5	**	*	**	**
30-40	17,120	9.1	4,220	1.8	120	*	4.8	0.9
40-50	14,370	11.7	5,540	3.6	270	*	5.8	9.1
50-75	27,370	15.3	7,630	7.2	600	0.5	6.8	12.2
75-100	20,950	20.6	9,060	13.2	850	0.9	8.1	14.6
100-200	38,100	27.4	13,280	19.2	1,510	4.3	9.7	16.4
200-500	20,460	45.4	25,500	41.9	4,190	13.8	15.8	21.8
500-1,000	2,940	72.1	65,990	70.0	13,040	10.3	19.3	28.6
More than 1,000	1,060	85.6	1,008,410	85.0	202,260	70.1	19.9	36.1
All	192,590	19.2	42,710	12.7	10,580	100.0	18.0	27.2

Source: Urban-Brookings Tax Policy Center Microsimulation Model (version 0721-1).

http://www.taxpolicycenter.org/taxtopics/Baseline-Definitions.cfm

- (3) Tax units reporting long-term positive gains and qualified dividends.
- (4) Average individual income tax on long-term positive capital gains and qualifed dividends as a percentage of gains and qualified dividends.
- (5) Average individual income tax as a percentage of nongain taxable income.

^{*} Non-zero value rounded to zero; ** Insufficient data

⁽¹⁾ Calendar year. Baseline is current law for 2031 as of July 19, 2021. Individual income tax on long-term capital gains and qualified dividends is calculated by comparing liability under current law to liability when qualified dividends and net long term gains in excess of net short-term losses are excluded from income and excluded from the base of the 3.8 percent net investment surtax enacted by the Affordable Care Act (ACA). For a description of TPC's current law and current policy baselines, see

⁽²⁾ Includes both filing and non-filing units but excludes those that are dependents of other tax units. Tax units with negative adjusted gross income are excluded from their respective income class but are included in the totals. For a description of expanded cash income, see http://www.taxpolicycenter.org/TaxModel/income.cfm