Table T21-0208 Individual Income Tax on Long-Term Capital Gains and Qualified Dividends Baseline: Current Law Distribution of Federal Tax Change by Cash Income Level, 2025¹ Summary Table

Expanded Cash Income Level (thousands of 2020 dollars) ²	All Tax Units (thousands)	Tax Units Reporting Gains or Qualified Dividends ³		Tax Units Paying Positive Individual Income Tax On Gains or Qualified Dividends				
		Percent Within Class	Average Gains and Dividends (\$)	Percent Within Class	Average Tax Paid on Gains and Dividends (\$)	Share of Positive Individual Income Tax on Gains and Dividends	Average Individual Income Tax Rate	
							On Gains and Dividends ⁴	On All Other Income ⁵
Less than 10	10,100	2.2	2,570	*	**	*	**	**
10-20	21,830	3.0	2,630	0.2	**	*	**	**
20-30	20,310	5.6	3,690	0.3	**	*	**	**
30-40	16,630	8.4	4,110	1.2	200	*	4.3	-9.4
40-50	13,700	11.3	4,460	3.0	220	*	5.8	6.3
50-75	25,290	14.8	6,730	6.8	490	0.4	5.8	9.9
75-100	18,970	21.0	8,370	13.1	820	0.9	7.9	12.4
100-200	33,930	28.6	12,180	19.4	1,560	4.4	10.4	13.6
200-500	18,090	47.4	24,480	43.4	3,790	12.8	14.6	17.6
500-1,000	2,490	73.3	57,390	71.0	10,670	8.1	18.0	24.1
More than 1,000	970	85.7	967,070	85.0	206,320	72.8	21.2	32.8
All	183,870	18.6	39,410	11.9	10,630	100.0	18.5	23.6

Source: Urban-Brookings Tax Policy Center Microsimulation Model (version 0721-1).

* Non-zero value rounded to zero; ** Insufficient data

(1) Calendar year. Baseline is current law for 2025 as of July 19, 2021. Individual income tax on long-term capital gains and qualified dividends is calculated by comparing liability under current law to liability when qualified dividends and net long term gains in excess of net short-term losses are excluded from income and excluded from the base of the 3.8 percent net investment surtax enacted by the Affordable Care Act (ACA). For a description of TPC's current law and current policy baselines, see

http://www.taxpolicycenter.org/taxtopics/Baseline-Definitions.cfm

(2) Includes both filing and non-filing units but excludes those that are dependents of other tax units. Tax units with negative adjusted gross income are excluded from their respective income class but are included in the totals. For a description of expanded cash income, see

http://www.taxpolicycenter.org/TaxModel/income.cfm

(3) Tax units reporting long-term positive gains and qualified dividends.

(4) Average individual income tax on long-term positive capital gains and qualifed dividends as a percentage of gains and qualified dividends.

(5) Average individual income tax as a percentage of nongain taxable income.