Click on PDF or Excel link above for additional tables containing more detail and breakdowns by filing status and demographic groups.

Table T20-0243

Former Vice President Biden's Tax Plan Excluding Corporate Income Tax Provisions

Updated to Include Proposals as of September 28, 2020

Baseline: Current Law

Distribution of Federal Tax Change by Expanded Cash Income Percentile, 2022 ¹ Summary Table

| Expanded Cash Income | Та | x Units | Percent Change | Share of Total | Average | Average Fede | eral Tax Rate 5 |
|---------------------------|-----------------------|------------------|---------------------------------------|-----------------------|----------------------------|----------------------|-----------------------|
| Percentile ^{2,3} | Number (thousands) | Percent of Total | — in After-Tax Income ⁴ | Federal Tax Change | Federal Tax Change (\$) | Change (% Points) | Under the Proposal |
| Lowest Quintile | 45,610 | 25.8 | 5.5 | -34.7 | -790 | -5.3 | -2.5 |
| Second Quintile | 39,280 | 22.3 | 2.6 | -35.9 | -950 | -2.4 | 4.8 |
| Middle Quintile | 35,760 | 20.3 | 1.6 | -35.0 | -1,020 | -1.4 | 11.1 |
| Fourth Quintile | 29,550 | 16.7 | 1.2 | -36.1 | -1,280 | -1.0 | 15.3 |
| Top Quintile | 24,840 | 14.1 | -3.5 | 241.6 | 10,150 | 2.6 | 26.6 |
| All | 176,490 | 100.0 | -0.7 | 100.0 | 590 | 0.6 | 19.1 |
| Addendum | | | | | | | |
| 80-90 | 12,830 | 7.3 | 0.7 | -14.3 | -1,160 | -0.6 | 18.9 |
| 90-95 | 6,110 | 3.5 | 0.3 | -4.3 | -740 | -0.3 | 21.3 |
| 95-99 | 4,750 | 2.7 | -0.9 | 16.1 | 3,520 | 0.7 | 24.5 |
| Top 1 Percent | 1,150 | 0.7 | -13.3 | 244.2 | 221,230 | 9.3 | 39.3 |
| Top 0.1 Percent | 120 | 0.1 | -18.2 | 150.6 | 1,330,800 | 12.6 | 43.3 |

Source: Urban-Brookings Tax Policy Center Microsimulation Model (version 0920-1).

Number of AMT Taxpayers (millions). Baseline: 0.1

Proposal: 0.1

(1) Calendar year. Baseline is the law currently in place for 2022 as of March 17, 2020. Table shows the effect of the individual income tax, payroll tax, and estate tax provisions but excludes all corporate income tax provisions. For a detailed description of the proposal, see the TPC publication "An Updated Analysis of Former Vice President Biden's Tax Proposals".

http://www.taxpolicycenter.org/taxtopics/Baseline-Definitions.cfm

(2) Includes both filing and non-filing units but excludes those that are dependents of other tax units. Tax units with negative adjusted gross income are excluded from their respective income class but are included in the totals. For a description of expanded cash income, see http://www.taxpolicycenter.org/TaxModel/income.cfm

- (3) The income percentile classes used in this table are based on the income distribution for the entire population and contain an equal number of people, not tax units. The breaks are (in 2019 dollars): 20% \$24,800; 40% \$49,800; 60% \$88,500; 80% \$159,800; 90% \$234,300; 95% \$331,500; 99% \$788,100; 99.9% \$3,472,100.
- (4) After-tax income is expanded cash income less: individual income tax net of refundable credits; corporate income tax; payroll taxes (Social Security and Medicare); estate tax; and excise taxes.
- (5) Average federal tax (includes individual and corporate income tax, payroll taxes for Social Security and Medicare, the estate tax, and excise taxes) as a percentage of average expanded cash income.

Table T20-0243

Former Vice President Biden's Tax Plan Excluding Corporate Income Tax Provisions

Updated to Include Proposals as of September 28, 2020

Baseline: Current Law

Distribution of Federal Tax Change by Expanded Cash Income Percentile, 2022 ¹ Detail Table

| Expanded Cash Income | Percent Change in | Share of Total | Average Fede | ral Tax Change | Share of Fe | deral Taxes | Average Federal Tax Rate 5 | | |
|---------------------------|----------------------------------|-----------------------|--------------|----------------|----------------------|-----------------------|----------------------------|-----------------------|--|
| Percentile ^{2,3} | After-Tax Income ⁴ | Federal Tax Change | Dollars | Percent | Change (% Points) | Under the Proposal | Change (% Points) | Under the Proposal | |
| Lowest Quintile | 5.5 | -34.7 | -790 | -188.2 | -1.1 | -0.5 | -5.3 | -2.5 | |
| Second Quintile | 2.6 | -35.9 | -950 | -33.6 | -1.2 | 2.1 | -2.4 | 4.8 | |
| Middle Quintile | 1.6 | -35.0 | -1,020 | -11.3 | -1.3 | 8.3 | -1.4 | 11.1 | |
| Fourth Quintile | 1.2 | -36.1 | -1,280 | -6.1 | -1.6 | 16.6 | -1.0 | 15.3 | |
| Top Quintile | -3.5 | 241.6 | 10,150 | 11.0 | 5.2 | 73.3 | 2.6 | 26.6 | |
| All | -0.7 | 100.0 | 590 | 3.1 | 0.0 | 100.0 | 0.6 | 19.1 | |
| Addendum | | | | | | | | | |
| 80-90 | 0.7 | -14.3 | -1,160 | -2.9 | -0.9 | 14.4 | -0.6 | 18.9 | |
| 90-95 | 0.3 | -4.3 | -740 | -1.2 | -0.5 | 11.1 | -0.3 | 21.3 | |
| 95-99 | -0.9 | 16.1 | 3,520 | 3.0 | 0.0 | 16.7 | 0.7 | 24.5 | |
| Top 1 Percent | -13.3 | 244.2 | 221,230 | 30.9 | 6.6 | 31.1 | 9.3 | 39.3 | |
| Top 0.1 Percent | -18.2 | 150.6 | 1,330,800 | 41.1 | 4.2 | 15.5 | 12.6 | 43.3 | |

Baseline Distribution of Income and Federal Taxes by Expanded Cash Income Percentile, 2022 ¹

| Expanded Cash Income | Tax U | Inits | Pre-Tax In | icome | Federal Ta | x Burden | After-Tax In | come ⁴ | Average |
|---------------------------|-----------------------|---------------------|-------------------|---------------------|-------------------|------------------|-------------------|---------------------|----------------------------------|
| Percentile ^{2,3} | Number (thousands) | Percent of Total | Average (dollars) | Percent of Total | Average (dollars) | Percent of Total | Average (dollars) | Percent of Total | Federal Tax Rate ⁵ |
| Lowest Quintile | 45,610 | 25.8 | 14,880 | 3.7 | 420 | 0.6 | 14,460 | 4.5 | 2.8 |
| Second Quintile | 39,280 | 22.3 | 39,140 | 8.5 | 2,840 | 3.3 | 36,300 | 9.6 | 7.3 |
| Middle Quintile | 35,760 | 20.3 | 72,540 | 14.3 | 9,060 | 9.6 | 63,480 | 15.3 | 12.5 |
| Fourth Quintile | 29,550 | 16.7 | 127,700 | 20.8 | 20,780 | 18.2 | 106,920 | 21.4 | 16.3 |
| Top Quintile | 24,840 | 14.1 | 385,310 | 52.7 | 92,360 | 68.1 | 292,960 | 49.2 | 24.0 |
| All | 176,490 | 100.0 | 102,940 | 100.0 | 19,100 | 100.0 | 83,840 | 100.0 | 18.6 |
| Addendum | | | | | | | | | |
| 80-90 | 12,830 | 7.3 | 206,010 | 14.6 | 40,120 | 15.3 | 165,890 | 14.4 | 19.5 |
| 90-95 | 6,110 | 3.5 | 296,180 | 10.0 | 63,720 | 11.5 | 232,470 | 9.6 | 21.5 |
| 95-99 | 4,750 | 2.7 | 499,270 | 13.1 | 118,960 | 16.8 | 380,310 | 12.2 | 23.8 |
| Top 1 Percent | 1,150 | 0.7 | 2,385,620 | 15.1 | 716,550 | 24.5 | 1,669,080 | 13.0 | 30.0 |
| Top 0.1 Percent | 120 | 0.1 | 10,563,960 | 6.9 | 3,237,820 | 11.3 | 7,326,140 | 5.8 | 30.7 |

Source: Urban-Brookings Tax Policy Center Microsimulation Model (version 0920-1).

Number of AMT Taxpayers (millions). Baseline: 0.1

Proposal: 0.1

(1) Calendar year. Baseline is the law currently in place for 2022 as of March 17, 2020. Table shows the effect of the individual income tax,

payroll tax, and estate tax provisions but excludes all corporate income tax provisions. For a detailed description of the proposal, see

the TPC publication "An Updated Analysis of Former Vice President Biden's Tax Proposals".

http://www.taxpolicycenter.org/taxtopics/Baseline-Definitions.cfm

(2) Includes both filing and non-filing units but excludes those that are dependents of other tax units. Tax units with negative adjusted gross income are excluded from their respective income class but are included in the totals. For a description of expanded cash income, see

http://www.taxpolicycenter.org/TaxModel/income.cfm

(3) The income percentile classes used in this table are based on the income distribution for the entire population and contain an equal number of people, not tax units. The breaks are (in 2019 dollars): 20% \$24,800; 40% \$49,800; 60% \$88,500; 80% \$159,800; 90% \$234,300; 95% \$331,500; 99% \$788,100; 99.9% \$3,472,100.

(4) After-tax income is expanded cash income less: individual income tax net of refundable credits; corporate income tax; payroll taxes (Social Security and Medicare); estate tax; and excise taxes.

(5) Average federal tax (includes individual and corporate income tax, payroll taxes for Social Security and Medicare, the estate tax, and excise taxes) as a percentage of average expanded cash income.

Table T20-0243

Former Vice President Biden's Tax Plan Excluding Corporate Income Tax Provisions

Updated to Include Proposals as of September 28, 2020

Baseline: Current Law

Distribution of Federal Tax Change by Expanded Cash Income Percentile Adjusted for Family Size, 2022 ¹ Detail Table

| Expanded Cash Income | Percent Change in | Share of Total | Average Fede | ral Tax Change | Share of Fe | deral Taxes | Average Feder | al Tax Rate 5 |
|---------------------------|----------------------------------|-----------------------|--------------|----------------|----------------------|-----------------------|----------------------|-----------------------|
| Percentile ^{2,3} | After-Tax Income ⁴ | Federal Tax Change | Dollars | Percent | Change (% Points) | Under the Proposal | Change (% Points) | Under the Proposal |
| Lowest Quintile | 8.9 | -45.0 | -1,250 | 980.0 | -1.4 | -1.5 | -9.0 | -9.9 |
| Second Quintile | 3.0 | -34.9 | -990 | -46.7 | -1.1 | 1.2 | -2.8 | 3.2 |
| Middle Quintile | 1.8 | -34.8 | -1,010 | -13.9 | -1.3 | 6.5 | -1.6 | 9.8 |
| Fourth Quintile | 1.3 | -38.2 | -1,190 | -6.8 | -1.7 | 15.9 | -1.1 | 14.8 |
| Top Quintile | -3.4 | 252.8 | 8,450 | 10.8 | 5.4 | 77.7 | 2.6 | 26.2 |
| All | -0.7 | 100.0 | 590 | 3.1 | 0.0 | 100.0 | 0.6 | 19.1 |
| Addendum | | | | | | | | |
| 80-90 | 0.7 | -14.1 | -920 | -2.7 | -0.9 | 15.3 | -0.5 | 18.8 |
| 90-95 | 0.2 | -2.3 | -310 | -0.6 | -0.5 | 12.1 | -0.1 | 21.1 |
| 95-99 | -1.1 | 20.8 | 3,580 | 3.6 | 0.1 | 18.1 | 0.8 | 24.2 |
| Top 1 Percent | -12.8 | 248.5 | 184,580 | 30.1 | 6.7 | 32.3 | 9.0 | 38.7 |
| Top 0.1 Percent | -18.1 | 157.3 | 1,150,460 | 41.0 | 4.4 | 16.2 | 12.5 | 43.2 |

Baseline Distribution of Income and Federal Taxes by Expanded Cash Income Percentile Adjusted for Family Size, 2022 ¹

| Expanded Cash Income | Tax U | Inits | Pre-Tax In | come | Federal Ta | x Burden | After-Tax In | come ⁴ | Average |
|---------------------------|-----------------------|---------------------|-------------------|---------------------|-------------------|------------------|-------------------|---------------------|----------------------------------|
| Percentile ^{2,3} | Number (thousands) | Percent of Total | Average (dollars) | Percent of Total | Average (dollars) | Percent of Total | Average (dollars) | Percent of Total | Federal Tax Rate ⁵ |
| Lowest Quintile | 37,490 | 21.2 | 13,910 | 2.9 | -130 | -0.1 | 14,030 | 3.6 | -0.9 |
| Second Quintile | 36,960 | 20.9 | 34,860 | 7.1 | 2,110 | 2.3 | 32,750 | 8.2 | 6.1 |
| Middle Quintile | 35,920 | 20.4 | 64,230 | 12.7 | 7,270 | 7.8 | 56,950 | 13.8 | 11.3 |
| Fourth Quintile | 33,460 | 19.0 | 111,460 | 20.5 | 17,670 | 17.5 | 93,800 | 21.2 | 15.9 |
| Top Quintile | 31,200 | 17.7 | 330,360 | 56.7 | 78,120 | 72.3 | 252,240 | 53.2 | 23.7 |
| All | 176,490 | 100.0 | 102,940 | 100.0 | 19,100 | 100.0 | 83,840 | 100.0 | 18.6 |
| Addendum | | | | | | | | | |
| 80-90 | 15,960 | 9.0 | 176,920 | 15.5 | 34,170 | 16.2 | 142,750 | 15.4 | 19.3 |
| 90-95 | 7,790 | 4.4 | 255,660 | 11.0 | 54,270 | 12.5 | 201,390 | 10.6 | 21.2 |
| 95-99 | 6,050 | 3.4 | 429,700 | 14.3 | 100,460 | 18.0 | 329,240 | 13.5 | 23.4 |
| Top 1 Percent | 1,400 | 0.8 | 2,059,800 | 15.9 | 613,470 | 25.6 | 1,446,330 | 13.7 | 29.8 |
| Top 0.1 Percent | 140 | 0.1 | 9,173,270 | 7.2 | 2,808,160 | 11.9 | 6,365,110 | 6.1 | 30.6 |

Source: Urban-Brookings Tax Policy Center Microsimulation Model (version 0920-1).

Number of AMT Taxpayers (millions). Baseline: 0.1

Proposal: 0.1

(1) Calendar year. Baseline is the law currently in place for 2022 as of March 17, 2020. Table shows the effect of the individual income tax,

payroll tax, and estate tax provisions but excludes all corporate income tax provisions. For a detailed description of the proposal, see

the TPC publication "An Updated Analysis of Former Vice President Biden's Tax Proposals".

http://www.taxpolicycenter.org/taxtopics/Baseline-Definitions.cfm

(2) Includes both filing and non-filing units but excludes those that are dependents of other tax units. Tax units with negative adjusted gross income are excluded from their respective income class but are included in the totals. For a description of expanded cash income, see

http://www.taxpolicycenter.org/TaxModel/income.cfm

- (3) The income percentile classes used in this table are based on the income distribution for the entire population and contain an equal number of people, not tax units. The incomes used are adjusted for family size by dividing by the square root of the number of people in the tax unit. The resulting percentile breaks are (in 2019 dollars): 20% \$17,200; 40% \$33,900; 60% \$58,200; 80% \$97,800; 90% \$141,600; 95% \$198,600;
- (4) After-tax income is expanded cash income less: individual income tax net of refundable credits; corporate income tax; payroll taxes (Social Security and Medicare); estate tax; and excise taxes.
- (5) Average federal tax (includes individual and corporate income tax, payroll taxes for Social Security and Medicare, the estate tax, and excise taxes) as a percentage of average expanded cash income.

Table T20-0243

Former Vice President Biden's Tax Plan Excluding Corporate Income Tax Provisions

Updated to Include Proposals as of September 28, 2020

Baseline: Current Law

Distribution of Federal Tax Change by Expanded Cash Income Percentile Adjusted for Family Size, 2022 ¹ Detail Table - Single Tax Units

| Expanded Cash Income | Percent Change in | Share of Total | Average Feder | ral Tax Change | Share of Fe | deral Taxes | Average Federal Tax Rate 5 | |
|---------------------------|----------------------------------|-----------------------|---------------|----------------|----------------------|-----------------------|----------------------------|-----------------------|
| Percentile ^{2,3} | After-Tax Income ⁴ | Federal Tax Change | Dollars | Percent | Change (% Points) | Under the Proposal | Change (% Points) | Under the Proposal |
| Lowest Quintile | 3.9 | -22.7 | -400 | -82.5 | -1.1 | 0.2 | -3.7 | 0.8 |
| Second Quintile | 0.9 | -11.9 | -240 | -10.4 | -0.8 | 4.9 | -0.9 | 7.4 |
| Middle Quintile | 0.5 | -9.9 | -220 | -3.7 | -1.1 | 12.2 | -0.5 | 11.8 |
| Fourth Quintile | 0.3 | -7.8 | -230 | -1.7 | -1.5 | 21.6 | -0.3 | 16.6 |
| Top Quintile | -4.2 | 151.8 | 6,680 | 13.4 | 4.5 | 60.9 | 3.2 | 27.0 |
| All | -1.0 | 100.0 | 480 | 5.0 | 0.0 | 100.0 | 0.9 | 18.1 |
| Addendum | | | | | | | | |
| 80-90 | -0.6 | 7.3 | 560 | 2.2 | -0.4 | 15.9 | 0.5 | 20.6 |
| 90-95 | -1.7 | 12.5 | 2,330 | 6.0 | 0.1 | 10.4 | 1.3 | 22.8 |
| 95-99 | -3.0 | 24.9 | 6,670 | 9.5 | 0.6 | 13.6 | 2.3 | 26.1 |
| Top 1 Percent | -14.7 | 107.1 | 146,960 | 31.9 | 4.3 | 21.0 | 10.1 | 41.6 |
| Top 0.1 Percent | -20.2 | 69.1 | 852,860 | 42.7 | 2.9 | 11.0 | 13.7 | 45.9 |

Baseline Distribution of Income and Federal Taxes by Expanded Cash Income Percentile Adjusted for Family Size, 2022 ¹

| Expanded Cash Income | Tax U | Inits | Pre-Tax In | icome | Federal Ta | x Burden | After-Tax In | come ⁴ | Average Federal Tax |
|---------------------------|-----------------------|---------------------|-------------------|---------------------|-------------------|------------------|-------------------|---------------------|----------------------------------|
| Percentile ^{2,3} | Number (thousands) | Percent of Total | Average (dollars) | Percent of Total | Average (dollars) | Percent of Total | Average (dollars) | Percent of Total | Federal Tax Rate ⁵ |
| Lowest Quintile | 22,680 | 26.9 | 10,830 | 5.2 | 490 | 1.4 | 10,340 | 6.0 | 4.5 |
| Second Quintile | 20,430 | 24.2 | 27,230 | 11.8 | 2,260 | 5.7 | 24,970 | 13.1 | 8.3 |
| Middle Quintile | 17,850 | 21.1 | 49,010 | 18.6 | 6,010 | 13.3 | 43,010 | 19.7 | 12.3 |
| Fourth Quintile | 13,550 | 16.1 | 81,100 | 23.4 | 13,720 | 23.0 | 67,370 | 23.5 | 16.9 |
| Top Quintile | 9,140 | 10.8 | 209,060 | 40.7 | 49,800 | 56.4 | 159,260 | 37.4 | 23.8 |
| All | 84,450 | 100.0 | 55,660 | 100.0 | 9,570 | 100.0 | 46,090 | 100.0 | 17.2 |
| Addendum | | | | | | | | | |
| 80-90 | 5,200 | 6.2 | 125,750 | 13.9 | 25,350 | 16.3 | 100,410 | 13.4 | 20.2 |
| 90-95 | 2,150 | 2.6 | 180,200 | 8.3 | 38,670 | 10.3 | 141,530 | 7.8 | 21.5 |
| 95-99 | 1,500 | 1.8 | 294,420 | 9.4 | 70,080 | 13.0 | 224,340 | 8.7 | 23.8 |
| Top 1 Percent | 290 | 0.4 | 1,459,830 | 9.1 | 460,890 | 16.7 | 998,940 | 7.5 | 31.6 |
| Top 0.1 Percent | 30 | 0.0 | 6,213,900 | 4.3 | 1,995,980 | 8.1 | 4,217,930 | 3.5 | 32.1 |

Source: Urban-Brookings Tax Policy Center Microsimulation Model (version 0920-1).

(1) Calendar year. Baseline is the law currently in place for 2022 as of March 17, 2020. Table shows the effect of the individual income tax,

payroll tax, and estate tax provisions but excludes all corporate income tax provisions. For a detailed description of the proposal, see

the TPC publication "An Updated Analysis of Former Vice President Biden's Tax Proposals".

http://www.taxpolicycenter.org/taxtopics/Baseline-Definitions.cfm

(2) Includes both filling and non-filling units but excludes those that are dependents of other tax units. Tax units with negative adjusted gross income are excluded from their respective income class but are included in the totals. For a description of expanded cash income, see

http://www.taxpolicycenter.org/TaxModel/income.cfm

(3) The income percentile classes used in this table are based on the income distribution for the entire population and contain an equal number of people, not tax units. The incomes used are adjusted for family size by dividing by the square root of the number of people in the tax unit. The resulting percentile breaks are (in 2019 dollars): 20% \$17,200; 40% \$33,900; 60% \$58,200; 80% \$97,800; 90% \$141,600; 95% \$198,600; 99% \$455,900; 99.9% \$1,998,400.

- (4) After-tax income is expanded cash income less: individual income tax net of refundable credits; corporate income tax; payroll taxes (Social Security and Medicare); estate tax; and excise taxes.
- (5) Average federal tax (includes individual and corporate income tax, payroll taxes for Social Security and Medicare, the estate tax, and excise taxes) as a percentage of average expanded cash income.

Table T20-0243

Former Vice President Biden's Tax Plan Excluding Corporate Income Tax Provisions

Updated to Include Proposals as of September 28, 2020

Baseline: Current Law

Distribution of Federal Tax Change by Expanded Cash Income Percentile Adjusted for Family Size, 2022 ¹ Detail Table - Married Tax Units Filing Jointly

| Expanded Cash Income | Percent Change in | Share of Total | Average Fede | eral Tax Change | Share of Fe | deral Taxes | Average Feder | al Tax Rate 5 |
|---------------------------|----------------------------------|-----------------------|--------------|-----------------|----------------------|-----------------------|----------------------|-----------------------|
| Percentile ^{2,3} | After-Tax Income ⁴ | Federal Tax Change | Dollars | Percent | Change (% Points) | Under the Proposal | Change (% Points) | Under the Proposal |
| Lowest Quintile | 10.3 | -13.4 | -1,900 | 1,183.8 | -0.6 | -0.6 | -10.4 | -11.3 |
| Second Quintile | 3.3 | -12.3 | -1,430 | -61.9 | -0.6 | 0.3 | -3.1 | 1.9 |
| Middle Quintile | 2.2 | -19.9 | -1,670 | -19.0 | -1.0 | 3.5 | -2.0 | 8.5 |
| Fourth Quintile | 1.6 | -30.5 | -1,880 | -9.0 | -1.9 | 12.8 | -1.4 | 13.8 |
| Top Quintile | -3.0 | 176.0 | 8,690 | 9.6 | 4.0 | 83.7 | 2.3 | 25.8 |
| All | -1.1 | 100.0 | 1,550 | 4.3 | 0.0 | 100.0 | 0.9 | 20.8 |
| Addendum | | | | | | | | |
| 80-90 | 1.0 | -16.5 | -1,700 | -4.4 | -1.4 | 15.1 | -0.8 | 18.1 |
| 90-95 | 0.6 | -7.3 | -1,400 | -2.3 | -0.9 | 12.9 | -0.5 | 20.7 |
| 95-99 | -0.7 | 10.8 | 2,510 | 2.3 | -0.4 | 20.5 | 0.5 | 23.8 |
| Top 1 Percent | -12.0 | 188.9 | 183,500 | 28.7 | 6.7 | 35.3 | 8.5 | 37.9 |
| Top 0.1 Percent | -17.4 | 114.9 | 1,186,760 | 39.6 | 4.3 | 16.9 | 12.1 | 42.5 |

Baseline Distribution of Income and Federal Taxes by Expanded Cash Income Percentile Adjusted for Family Size, 2022 ¹

| Expanded Cash Income | Tax U | Inits | Pre-Tax In | come | Federal Ta | x Burden | After-Tax In | come ⁴ | Average Federal Tax |
|---------------------------|-----------------------|---------------------|-------------------|---------------------|-------------------|------------------|-------------------|---------------------|----------------------------------|
| Percentile ^{2,3} | Number (thousands) | Percent of Total | Average (dollars) | Percent of Total | Average (dollars) | Percent of Total | Average (dollars) | Percent of Total | Federal Tax Rate ⁵ |
| Lowest Quintile | 7,080 | 10.9 | 18,280 | 1.1 | -160 | -0.1 | 18,450 | 1.4 | -0.9 |
| Second Quintile | 8,630 | 13.3 | 46,150 | 3.4 | 2,310 | 0.9 | 43,840 | 4.1 | 5.0 |
| Middle Quintile | 12,040 | 18.5 | 83,670 | 8.7 | 8,780 | 4.6 | 74,900 | 9.7 | 10.5 |
| Fourth Quintile | 16,350 | 25.2 | 137,160 | 19.3 | 20,770 | 14.7 | 116,390 | 20.4 | 15.1 |
| Top Quintile | 20,370 | 31.4 | 385,280 | 67.5 | 90,650 | 79.7 | 294,630 | 64.4 | 23.5 |
| All | 64,970 | 100.0 | 179,000 | 100.0 | 35,650 | 100.0 | 143,350 | 100.0 | 19.9 |
| Addendum | | | | | | | | | |
| 80-90 | 9,770 | 15.0 | 205,540 | 17.3 | 38,970 | 16.4 | 166,570 | 17.5 | 19.0 |
| 90-95 | 5,230 | 8.1 | 289,240 | 13.0 | 61,180 | 13.8 | 228,060 | 12.8 | 21.2 |
| 95-99 | 4,340 | 6.7 | 479,750 | 17.9 | 111,470 | 20.9 | 368,280 | 17.1 | 23.2 |
| Top 1 Percent | 1,040 | 1.6 | 2,170,630 | 19.3 | 639,930 | 28.6 | 1,530,700 | 17.0 | 29.5 |
| Top 0.1 Percent | 100 | 0.2 | 9,838,220 | 8.2 | 2,996,350 | 12.6 | 6,841,880 | 7.2 | 30.5 |

Source: Urban-Brookings Tax Policy Center Microsimulation Model (version 0920-1).

(1) Calendar year. Baseline is the law currently in place for 2022 as of March 17, 2020. Table shows the effect of the individual income tax,

payroll tax, and estate tax provisions but excludes all corporate income tax provisions. For a detailed description of the proposal, see

the TPC publication "An Updated Analysis of Former Vice President Biden's Tax Proposals".

http://www.taxpolicycenter.org/taxtopics/Baseline-Definitions.cfm

(2) Includes both filling and non-filling units but excludes those that are dependents of other tax units. Tax units with negative adjusted gross income are excluded from their respective income class but are included in the totals. For a description of expanded cash income, see

http://www.taxpolicycenter.org/TaxModel/income.cfm

(3) The income percentile classes used in this table are based on the income distribution for the entire population and contain an equal number of people, not tax units. The incomes used are adjusted for family size by dividing by the square root of the number of people in the tax unit. The resulting percentile breaks are (in 2019 dollars): 20% \$17,200; 40% \$33,900; 60% \$58,200; 80% \$97,800; 90% \$141,600; 95% \$198,600; 99% \$455,900; 99.% \$1,998,400.

- (4) After-tax income is expanded cash income less: individual income tax net of refundable credits; corporate income tax; payroll taxes (Social Security and Medicare); estate tax; and excise taxes.
- (5) Average federal tax (includes individual and corporate income tax, payroll taxes for Social Security and Medicare, the estate tax, and excise taxes) as a percentage of average expanded cash income.

Table T20-0243

Former Vice President Biden's Tax Plan Excluding Corporate Income Tax Provisions

Updated to Include Proposals as of September 28, 2020

Baseline: Current Law

Distribution of Federal Tax Change by Expanded Cash Income Percentile Adjusted for Family Size, 2022 ¹ Detail Table - Head of Household Tax Units

| Expanded Cash Income | Percent Change in | Share of Total | Average Fede | ral Tax Change | Share of Fe | deral Taxes | Average Federal Tax Rate 5 | |
|---------------------------|----------------------------------|-----------------------|--------------|----------------|----------------------|-----------------------|----------------------------|-----------------------|
| Percentile ^{2,3} | After-Tax Income ⁴ | Federal Tax Change | Dollars | Percent | Change (% Points) | Under the Proposal | Change (% Points) | Under the Proposal |
| Lowest Quintile | 15.4 | 47.5 | -3,290 | 157.4 | -26.2 | -35.7 | -17.0 | -27.9 |
| Second Quintile | 6.2 | 37.3 | -2,600 | -207.8 | -14.5 | -8.9 | -6.0 | -3.1 |
| Middle Quintile | 3.5 | 22.9 | -2,280 | -28.9 | 0.9 | 25.8 | -3.1 | 7.6 |
| Fourth Quintile | 2.0 | 10.6 | -1,970 | -10.4 | 9.9 | 42.1 | -1.7 | 14.7 |
| Top Quintile | -3.9 | -18.7 | 8,580 | 12.6 | 30.0 | 76.7 | 3.0 | 26.6 |
| All | 3.9 | 100.0 | -2,150 | -31.5 | 0.0 | 100.0 | -3.5 | 7.5 |
| ddendum | | | | | | | | |
| 80-90 | 1.0 | 1.9 | -1,350 | -3.9 | 6.1 | 21.4 | -0.8 | 19.1 |
| 90-95 | 0.4 | 0.4 | -790 | -1.5 | 3.7 | 12.2 | -0.3 | 20.9 |
| 95-99 | -1.0 | -0.6 | 3,050 | 2.9 | 3.4 | 10.3 | 0.7 | 26.1 |
| Top 1 Percent | -17.0 | -20.3 | 353,710 | 39.7 | 16.8 | 32.9 | 11.9 | 41.8 |
| Top 0.1 Percent | -21.6 | -16.4 | 2,535,730 | 50.6 | 12.2 | 22.4 | 15.2 | 45.1 |

Baseline Distribution of Income and Federal Taxes by Expanded Cash Income Percentile Adjusted for Family Size, 2022 ¹

| Expanded Cash Income | Tax U | Inits | Pre-Tax In | come | Federal Ta | x Burden | After-Tax In | come ⁴ | Average |
|---------------------------|-----------------------|---------------------|-------------------|---------------------|-------------------|------------------|-------------------|---------------------|----------------------------------|
| Percentile ^{2,3} | Number (thousands) | Percent of Total | Average (dollars) | Percent of Total | Average (dollars) | Percent of Total | Average (dollars) | Percent of Total | Federal Tax Rate ⁵ |
| Lowest Quintile | 7,300 | 31.1 | 19,290 | 9.6 | -2,090 | -9.5 | 21,380 | 12.0 | -10.8 |
| Second Quintile | 7,240 | 30.8 | 43,300 | 21.5 | 1,250 | 5.7 | 42,050 | 23.4 | 2.9 |
| Middle Quintile | 5,060 | 21.6 | 73,430 | 25.5 | 7,890 | 24.9 | 65,540 | 25.5 | 10.8 |
| Fourth Quintile | 2,720 | 11.6 | 115,750 | 21.6 | 19,000 | 32.2 | 96,760 | 20.3 | 16.4 |
| Top Quintile | 1,100 | 4.7 | 288,420 | 21.7 | 68,140 | 46.7 | 220,280 | 18.6 | 23.6 |
| All | 23,480 | 100.0 | 62,160 | 100.0 | 6,830 | 100.0 | 55,320 | 100.0 | 11.0 |
| Addendum | | | | | | | | | |
| 80-90 | 700 | 3.0 | 175,660 | 8.5 | 34,820 | 15.3 | 140,840 | 7.6 | 19.8 |
| 90-95 | 260 | 1.1 | 241,540 | 4.4 | 51,340 | 8.5 | 190,210 | 3.9 | 21.3 |
| 95-99 | 100 | 0.4 | 420,760 | 3.0 | 106,710 | 6.8 | 314,050 | 2.5 | 25.4 |
| Top 1 Percent | 30 | 0.1 | 2,974,080 | 5.9 | 890,550 | 16.1 | 2,083,530 | 4.7 | 29.9 |
| Top 0.1 Percent | * | 0.0 | 16,734,050 | 3.7 | 5,012,220 | 10.2 | 11,721,830 | 2.9 | 30.0 |

Source: Urban-Brookings Tax Policy Center Microsimulation Model (version 0920-1).

(1) Calendar year. Baseline is the law currently in place for 2022 as of March 17, 2020. Table shows the effect of the individual income tax,

payroll tax, and estate tax provisions but excludes all corporate income tax provisions. For a detailed description of the proposal, see

the TPC publication "An Updated Analysis of Former Vice President Biden's Tax Proposals".

http://www.taxpolicycenter.org/taxtopics/Baseline-Definitions.cfm

(2) Includes both filling and non-filling units but excludes those that are dependents of other tax units. Tax units with negative adjusted gross income are excluded from their respective income class but are included in the totals. For a description of expanded cash income, see

http://www.taxpolicycenter.org/TaxModel/income.cfm

(3) The income percentile classes used in this table are based on the income distribution for the entire population and contain an equal number of people, not tax units. The incomes used are adjusted for family size by dividing by the square root of the number of people in the tax unit. The resulting percentile breaks are (in 2019 dollars): 20% \$17,200; 40% \$33,900; 60% \$58,200; 80% \$97,800; 90% \$141,600; 95% \$198,600; 99% \$455,900; 99.% \$1,998,400.

- (4) After-tax income is expanded cash income less: individual income tax net of refundable credits; corporate income tax; payroll taxes (Social Security and Medicare); estate tax; and excise taxes.
- (5) Average federal tax (includes individual and corporate income tax, payroll taxes for Social Security and Medicare, the estate tax, and excise taxes) as a percentage of average expanded cash income.

Table T20-0243

Former Vice President Biden's Tax Plan Excluding Corporate Income Tax Provisions

Updated to Include Proposals as of September 28, 2020

Baseline: Current Law

Distribution of Federal Tax Change by Expanded Cash Income Percentile Adjusted for Family Size, 2022 ¹ Detail Table - Tax Units with Children

| Expanded Cash Income | Percent Change in | Share of Total | Average Fede | ral Tax Change | Share of Fe | deral Taxes | Average Federal Tax Rate 5 | | |
|---------------------------|----------------------------------|-----------------------|--------------|----------------|----------------------|-----------------------|----------------------------|-----------------------|--|
| Percentile ^{2,3} | After-Tax Income ⁴ | Federal Tax Change | Dollars | Percent | Change (% Points) | Under the Proposal | Change (% Points) | Under the Proposal | |
| Lowest Quintile | 16.2 | 137.0 | -3,610 | 176.7 | -3.1 | -4.8 | -17.9 | -28.0 | |
| Second Quintile | 6.4 | 106.0 | -2,900 | -164.2 | -2.3 | -0.9 | -6.1 | -2.4 | |
| Middle Quintile | 3.7 | 98.8 | -2,860 | -27.9 | -2.0 | 5.7 | -3.3 | 8.5 | |
| Fourth Quintile | 2.4 | 99.0 | -3,060 | -11.9 | -1.8 | 16.4 | -2.0 | 15.0 | |
| Top Quintile | -3.4 | ######### | 11,250 | 10.1 | 9.3 | 83.5 | 2.5 | 27.5 | |
| All | 0.5 | 100.0 | -580 | -2.2 | 0.0 | 100.0 | -0.4 | 18.7 | |
| Addendum | | | | | | | | | |
| 80-90 | 1.5 | 43.2 | -2,790 | -5.8 | -0.6 | 15.7 | -1.2 | 19.5 | |
| 90-95 | 0.9 | 17.1 | -2,250 | -3.0 | -0.1 | 12.6 | -0.7 | 22.0 | |
| 95-99 | -1.3 | -31.9 | 5,420 | 3.8 | 1.1 | 19.5 | 1.0 | 26.0 | |
| Top 1 Percent | -13.2 | ######### | 239,590 | 30.3 | 8.9 | 35.7 | 9.2 | 39.5 | |
| Top 0.1 Percent | -17.7 | ######### | 1,427,670 | 40.4 | 5.1 | 16.8 | 12.3 | 42.7 | |

Baseline Distribution of Income and Federal Taxes by Expanded Cash Income Percentile Adjusted for Family Size, 2022 ¹

| Expanded Cash Income Percentile ^{2,3} | Tax Units | | Pre-Tax Income | | Federal Tax Burden | | After-Tax Income 4 | | Average |
|---|-----------------------|---------------------|-------------------|---------------------|--------------------|------------------|--------------------|---------------------|----------------------------------|
| | Number (thousands) | Percent of Total | Average (dollars) | Percent of Total | Average (dollars) | Percent of Total | Average (dollars) | Percent of Total | Federal Tax Rate ⁵ |
| Lowest Quintile | 11,770 | 22.0 | 20,220 | 3.2 | -2,040 | -1.7 | 22,260 | 4.4 | -10.1 |
| Second Quintile | 11,330 | 21.1 | 47,270 | 7.2 | 1,770 | 1.4 | 45,510 | 8.6 | 3.7 |
| Middle Quintile | 10,710 | 20.0 | 87,170 | 12.6 | 10,250 | 7.7 | 76,920 | 13.7 | 11.8 |
| Fourth Quintile | 10,040 | 18.7 | 150,780 | 20.4 | 25,630 | 18.2 | 125,150 | 20.9 | 17.0 |
| Top Quintile | 9,460 | 17.7 | 444,250 | 56.7 | 111,110 | 74.2 | 333,140 | 52.5 | 25.0 |
| All | 53,600 | 100.0 | 138,440 | 100.0 | 26,440 | 100.0 | 112,000 | 100.0 | 19.1 |
| Addendum | | | | | | | | | |
| 80-90 | 4,800 | 9.0 | 233,600 | 15.1 | 48,220 | 16.3 | 185,370 | 14.8 | 20.6 |
| 90-95 | 2,360 | 4.4 | 335,020 | 10.7 | 76,040 | 12.7 | 258,980 | 10.2 | 22.7 |
| 95-99 | 1,830 | 3.4 | 569,260 | 14.0 | 142,820 | 18.4 | 426,440 | 13.0 | 25.1 |
| Top 1 Percent | 480 | 0.9 | 2,607,260 | 16.9 | 790,180 | 26.8 | 1,817,090 | 14.6 | 30.3 |
| Top 0.1 Percent | 50 | 0.1 | 11,613,480 | 7.3 | 3,535,960 | 11.7 | 8,077,510 | 6.3 | 30.5 |

Source: Urban-Brookings Tax Policy Center Microsimulation Model (version 0920-1).

Note: Tax units with children are those claiming an exemption for children at home or away from home or with children qualifying for the Child Tax Credit or EITC.

(1) Calendar year. Baseline is the law currently in place for 2022 as of March 17, 2020. Table shows the effect of the individual income tax,

payroll tax, and estate tax provisions but excludes all corporate income tax provisions. For a detailed description of the proposal, see

the TPC publication "An Updated Analysis of Former Vice President Biden's Tax Proposals".

http://www.taxpolicycenter.org/taxtopics/Baseline-Definitions.cfm

(2) Includes both filing and non-filing units but excludes those that are dependents of other tax units. Tax units with negative adjusted gross income are excluded from their respective income class but are included in the totals. For a description of expanded cash income, see

http://www.taxpolicycenter.org/TaxModel/income.cfm

- (3) The income percentile classes used in this table are based on the income distribution for the entire population and contain an equal number of people, not tax units. The incomes used are adjusted for family size by dividing by the square root of the number of people in the tax unit. The resulting percentile breaks are (in 2019 dollars): 20% \$17,200; 40% \$33,900; 60% \$58,200; 80% \$97,800; 90% \$141,600; 95% \$198,600; 95% \$198,600; 95% \$15,984,000.
- (4) After-tax income is expanded cash income less: individual income tax net of refundable credits; corporate income tax; payroll taxes (Social Security and Medicare); estate tax; and excise taxes.
- (5) Average federal tax (includes individual and corporate income tax, payroll taxes for Social Security and Medicare, the estate tax, and excise taxes) as a percentage of average expanded cash income.

Table T20-0243

Former Vice President Biden's Tax Plan Excluding Corporate Income Tax Provisions

Updated to Include Proposals as of September 28, 2020

Baseline: Current Law

Distribution of Federal Tax Change by Expanded Cash Income Percentile Adjusted for Family Size, 2022 ¹ Detail Table - Elderly Tax Units

| Expanded Cash Income | Percent Change in | Share of Total Federal Tax Change | Average Federal Tax Change | | Share of Fe | deral Taxes | Average Federal Tax Rate 5 | |
|---------------------------|----------------------------------|--|----------------------------|---------|----------------------|-----------------------|----------------------------|-----------------------|
| Percentile ^{2,3} | After-Tax Income ⁴ | | Dollars | Percent | Change (% Points) | Under the Proposal | Change (% Points) | Under the Proposal |
| Lowest Quintile | 1.8 | -1.5 | -240 | -175.6 | -0.2 | -0.1 | -1.8 | -0.8 |
| Second Quintile | 0.6 | -2.1 | -180 | -28.0 | -0.4 | 0.7 | -0.6 | 1.5 |
| Middle Quintile | 0.1 | -0.7 | -60 | -2.1 | -0.8 | 4.3 | -0.1 | 4.9 |
| Fourth Quintile | 0.0 | 0.1 | 10 | 0.1 | -1.9 | 11.8 | 0.0 | 9.7 |
| Top Quintile | -5.5 | 103.6 | 13,670 | 20.5 | 3.3 | 82.7 | 4.4 | 25.6 |
| All | -2.7 | 100.0 | 2,170 | 15.8 | 0.0 | 100.0 | 2.3 | 16.8 |
| Addendum | | | | | | | | |
| 80-90 | -0.8 | 4.4 | 1,140 | 5.0 | -1.3 | 12.6 | 0.7 | 15.1 |
| 90-95 | -1.6 | 5.6 | 2,990 | 7.7 | -0.8 | 10.8 | 1.3 | 18.4 |
| 95-99 | -2.6 | 11.6 | 7,990 | 10.1 | -0.9 | 17.1 | 2.1 | 22.4 |
| Top 1 Percent | -15.0 | 81.9 | 222,400 | 35.9 | 6.3 | 42.2 | 10.6 | 40.1 |
| Top 0.1 Percent | -20.1 | 56.2 | 1,196,240 | 45.3 | 5.0 | 24.5 | 13.9 | 44.7 |

Baseline Distribution of Income and Federal Taxes by Expanded Cash Income Percentile Adjusted for Family Size, 2022 ¹

| Expanded Cash Income Percentile ^{2,3} | Tax Units | | Pre-Tax Income | | Federal Tax Burden | | After-Tax Income 4 | | Average |
|---|-----------------------|---------------------|-------------------|---------------------|--------------------|------------------|--------------------|---------------------|----------------------------------|
| | Number (thousands) | Percent of Total | Average (dollars) | Percent of Total | Average (dollars) | Percent of Total | Average (dollars) | Percent of Total | Federal Tax Rate ⁵ |
| Lowest Quintile | 6,340 | 14.0 | 13,320 | 2.0 | 140 | 0.1 | 13,190 | 2.3 | 1.0 |
| Second Quintile | 11,220 | 24.7 | 31,620 | 8.2 | 660 | 1.2 | 30,960 | 9.4 | 2.1 |
| Middle Quintile | 10,970 | 24.2 | 57,740 | 14.7 | 2,880 | 5.1 | 54,860 | 16.4 | 5.0 |
| Fourth Quintile | 8,830 | 19.5 | 99,520 | 20.4 | 9,690 | 13.7 | 89,840 | 21.6 | 9.7 |
| Top Quintile | 7,470 | 16.5 | 314,000 | 54.5 | 66,600 | 79.4 | 247,390 | 50.2 | 21.2 |
| All | 45,400 | 100.0 | 94,830 | 100.0 | 13,790 | 100.0 | 81,040 | 100.0 | 14.5 |
| Addendum | | | | | | | | | |
| 80-90 | 3,820 | 8.4 | 157,790 | 14.0 | 22,720 | 13.8 | 135,080 | 14.0 | 14.4 |
| 90-95 | 1,860 | 4.1 | 227,990 | 9.9 | 39,030 | 11.6 | 188,960 | 9.6 | 17.1 |
| 95-99 | 1,430 | 3.2 | 388,820 | 12.9 | 78,930 | 18.0 | 309,890 | 12.0 | 20.3 |
| Top 1 Percent | 360 | 0.8 | 2,100,760 | 17.7 | 620,250 | 36.0 | 1,480,520 | 14.6 | 29.5 |
| Top 0.1 Percent | 50 | 0.1 | 8,585,830 | 9.2 | 2,641,080 | 19.6 | 5,944,750 | 7.5 | 30.8 |

Source: Urban-Brookings Tax Policy Center Microsimulation Model (version 0920-1).

Note: Elderly tax units are those with either head or spouse (if filing jointly) age 65 or older.

(1) Calendar year. Baseline is the law currently in place for 2022 as of March 17, 2020. Table shows the effect of the individual income tax,

payroll tax, and estate tax provisions but excludes all corporate income tax provisions. For a detailed description of the proposal, see

the TPC publication "An Updated Analysis of Former Vice President Biden's Tax Proposals".

http://www.taxpolicycenter.org/taxtopics/Baseline-Definitions.cfm

(2) Includes both filing and non-filing units but excludes those that are dependents of other tax units. Tax units with negative adjusted gross income are excluded from their respective income class but are included in the totals. For a description of expanded cash income, see

http://www.taxpolicycenter.org/TaxModel/income.cfm

- (3) The income percentile classes used in this table are based on the income distribution for the entire population and contain an equal number of people, not tax units. The incomes used are adjusted for family size by dividing by the square root of the number of people in the tax unit. The resulting percentile breaks are (in 2019 dollars): 20% \$17,200; 40% \$33,900; 60% \$58,200; 80% \$97,800; 90% \$141,600; 95% \$198,600; 95% \$198,600; 95% \$15,984,000.
- (4) After-tax income is expanded cash income less: individual income tax net of refundable credits; corporate income tax; payroll taxes (Social Security and Medicare); estate tax; and excise taxes.
- (5) Average federal tax (includes individual and corporate income tax, payroll taxes for Social Security and Medicare, the estate tax, and excise taxes) as a percentage of average expanded cash income.