10-Jul-20

PRELIMINARY RESULTS

Click on PDF or Excel link above for additional tables containing more detail and breakdowns by filing status and demographic groups.

Table T20-0213

Implement a Universal Earned Income Tax Credit (UEITC), Provide a Universal Basic Income (UBI), and Institute an 11 Percent Broad Base VAT

Baseline: Current Law

Distribution of Federal Tax Change by Expanded Cash Income Percentile, 2023¹

Summary Table

Expanded Cash Income		Tax Units with Ta	ax Increase or Cut ⁴		Percent Change	Share of Total	Average	Average Fede	eral Tax Rate ⁶
Expanded Cash Income Percentile ^{2,3}	With Ta	ax Cut	With Tax I	With Tax Increase		Federal Tax	Federal Tax	Change (%	Undowtho
Percentile "	Pct of Tax Units	Avg Tax Cut	Pct of Tax Units	Avg Tax Increase	Income ⁵	Change	Change (\$)	Change (% Points)	Under the Proposal
Lowest Quintile	94.5	-3,770	2.3	370	21.0	-378.9	-3,550	-20.2	-16.3
Second Quintile	90.4	-3,640	8.8	920	8.0	-281.9	-3,210	-7.4	0.4
Middle Quintile	75.7	-3,060	24.0	1,540	2.8	-149.1	-1,950	-2.5	10.4
Fourth Quintile	41.6	-3,240	58.2	3,040	-0.4	26.7	420	0.3	16.3
Top Quintile	6.2	-1,830	93.8	17,490	-5.2	884.9	16,290	4.0	28.3
All	69.0	-3,500	29.8	8,950	-0.3	100.0	260	0.2	19.0
Addendum									
80-90	10.6	-1,790	89.4	5,420	-2.7	130.2	4,650	2.2	21.1
90-95	2.1	-2,070	97.9	10,960	-4.5	143.7	10,690	3.6	24.6
95-99	0.9	-2,230	99.1	23,090	-5.9	237.1	22,860	4.5	27.7
Top 1 Percent	0.5	-2,650	99.5	148,510	-7.6	374.0	147,750	5.2	36.8
Top 0.1 Percent	0.1	-2,030	99.9	666,980	-7.7	171.9	666,010	5.2	37.7

Source: Urban-Brookings Tax Policy Center Microsimulation Model (version 0217-1).

Number of AMT Taxpayers (millions). Baseline: 0.2

Proposal: 0.2

* Non-zero value rounded to zero; ** Insufficient data

1) Calendar year. Baseline is current law in place for 2023 as of January 1st, 2018. This proposal institutes a Universal Earned Income Tax Credit (UEITC) of 100% on earned

income up to \$14,000; provides a \$2,000 per person Universal Basic Income (UBI); and adds an 11 percent broad base Value Added Tax (VAT). These

proposals would begin phasing in on January 1, 2020, and would be fully phased in on January 1, 2023. The maximum UEITC is indexed to per capita GDP after 2023. These

estimates are based on an economic forecast that does not include the potential effects of the economic disruption caused by COVID-19.

(2) Includes both filing and non-filing units but excludes those that are dependents of other tax units. Tax units with negative adjusted gross income are excluded from their respective income class but are included in the totals. For a description of expanded cash income, see

http://www.taxpolicycenter.org/TaxModel/income.cfm

(3) The income percentile classes used in this table are based on the income distribution for the entire population and contain an equal number of people, not tax units. The breaks are (in 2017 dollars): 20% \$26,500; 40% \$52,100; 60% \$89,900; 80% \$152,800; 90% \$223,900; 95% \$311,500; 99% \$788,100; 99.9% \$4,152,700.

(4) Includes tax units with a change in federal tax burden of \$10 or more in absolute value.

(5) After-tax income is expanded cash income less: individual income tax net of refundable credits; corporate income tax; payroll taxes (Social Security and Medicare); estate tax; and excise taxes.

(6) Average federal tax (includes individual and corporate income tax, payroll taxes for Social Security and Medicare, the estate tax, and excise taxes) as a percentage of average expanded cash income.

Table T20-0213

Implement a Universal Earned Income Tax Credit (UEITC), Provide a Universal Basic Income (UBI), and Institute an 11 Percent Broad Base VAT

Baseline: Current Law

Distribution of Federal Tax Change by Expanded Cash Income Percentile, 2023¹

Detail Table

Expanded Cash Income	Percent of Tax Units ⁴		Percent Change		Average Federal Tax Change		Share of Feder	al Taxes	Average Federal Tax Rate ⁶	
Percentile ^{2,3}	With Tax Cut	With Tax Increase	in After-Tax Income ⁵	Federal Tax Change	Dollars	Percent	Change (% Points)	Under the Proposal	Change (% Points)	Under the Proposal
Lowest Quintile	94.5	2.3	21.0	-378.9	-3,550	-515.3	-4.7	-3.8	-20.2	-16.3
Second Quintile	90.4	8.8	8.0	-281.9	-3,210	-94.6	-3.5	0.2	-7.4	0.4
Middle Quintile	75.7	24.0	2.8	-149.1	-1,950	-19.1	-2.0	7.8	-2.5	10.4
Fourth Quintile	41.6	58.2	-0.4	26.7	420	1.9	0.1	17.3	0.3	16.3
Top Quintile	6.2	93.8	-5.2	884.9	16,290	16.3	10.1	78.2	4.0	28.3
All	69.0	29.8	-0.3	100.0	260	1.3	0.0	100.0	0.2	19.0
Addendum										
80-90	10.6	89.4	-2.7	130.2	4,650	11.8	1.4	15.3	2.2	21.1
90-95	2.1	97.9	-4.5	143.7	10,690	17.1	1.7	12.2	3.6	24.6
95-99	0.9	99.1	-5.9	237.1	22,860	19.4	2.7	18.0	4.5	27.7
Top 1 Percent	0.5	99.5	-7.6	374.0	147,750	16.5	4.3	32.7	5.2	36.8
Top 0.1 Percent	0.1	99.9	-7.7	171.9	666,010	16.0	2.0	15.4	5.2	37.7

Baseline Distribution of Income and Federal Taxes by Expanded Cash Income Percentile, 2023¹

Federal Tax Burden Tax Units **Pre-Tax Income** After-Tax In **Expanded Cash Income** Percentile ^{2,3} Number Percent of Percent of Average (dollars) Percent of Total Average (dollars) Average (dollars) Total (thousands) Total **Lowest Quintile** 49,540 27.2 17,610 4.4 690 0.9 16,920 Second Quintile 40,840 22.5 3,390 3.7 40,120 43,510 9.0 Middle Quintile 35,530 10,220 9.8 69,210 19.5 79,420 14.3 Fourth Quintile 29,590 16.3 134,840 20.2 21,550 17.2 113,290 Top Quintile 68.1 25,220 13.9 411,500 52.4 100,170 311,320 181,850 100.0 108,880 100.0 20,400 100.0 88,480 All Addendum 80-90 12,990 7.1 209,620 13.8 39,540 13.9 170,080 298,870 90-95 6,240 3.4 9.4 62,720 10.6 236,150 117,720 95-99 4.820 2.7 508,360 12.4 15.3 390,640 **Top 1 Percent** 1,180 0.7 2,843,970 16.9 897,340 28.4 1,946,630 Top 0.1 Percent 120 12,786,600 4,160,280 13.4 8,626,310 0.1 7.7

Source: Urban-Brookings Tax Policy Center Microsimulation Model (version 0217-1). Proposal: 0.2

Number of AMT Taxpayers (millions). Baseline: 0.2

* Non-zero value rounded to zero; ** Insufficient data

1) Calendar year. Baseline is current law in place for 2023 as of January 1st, 2018. This proposal institutes a Universal Earned Income Tax Credit (UEITC) of 100% on earned income up to \$14,000; provides a \$2,000 per person Universal Basic Income (UBI); and adds an 11 percent broad base Value Added Tax (VAT). These

proposals would begin phasing in on January 1, 2020, and would be fully phased in on January 1, 2023. The maximum UEITC is indexed to per capita GDP after 2023. These estimates are based on an economic forecast that does not include the potential effects of the economic disruption caused by COVID-19.

(2) Includes both filing and non-filing units but excludes those that are dependents of other tax units. Tax units with negative adjusted gross income are excluded from their respective income class but are included in the totals. For a description of expanded cash income, see

http://www.taxpolicycenter.org/TaxModel/income.cfm

(3) The income percentile classes used in this table are based on the income distribution for the entire population and contain an equal number of people, not tax units. The breaks are (in 2017 dollars): 20% \$26,500; 40% \$52,100; 60% \$89,900; 80% \$152,800; 90% \$223,900; 95% \$311,500; 99% \$788,100; 99.9% \$4,152,700.

(4) Includes tax units with a change in federal tax burden of \$10 or more in absolute value.

າດ	come ⁵	Average Federal Tax
	Percent of Total	Rate ⁶
	5.2	3.9
	10.2	7.8
	15.3	12.9
	20.8	16.0
	48.8	24.3
	100.0	18.7
	13.7	18.9
	9.2	21.0
	11.7	23.2
	14.2	31.6
	6.4	32.5

Table T20-0213

Implement a Universal Earned Income Tax Credit (UEITC), Provide a Universal Basic Income (UBI), and Institute an 11 Percent Broad Base VAT

Baseline: Current Law

Distribution of Federal Tax Change by Expanded Cash Income Percentile Adjusted for Family Size, 2023¹

Detail Table

Expanded Cash Income	Percent of Tax Units ⁴		Percent Change		Average Federal Tax Change		Share of Fed	leral Taxes	Average Federal Tax Rate ⁶	
Percentile ^{2,3}	With Tax Cut	With Tax Increase	in After-Tax Income ⁵	Federal Tax Change	Dollars	Percent	Change (% Points)	Under the Proposal	Change (% Points)	Under the Proposal
Lowest Quintile	95.8	1.5	23.2	-323.1	-3,770	-2,332.4	-4.0	-3.8	-23.0	-22.0
Second Quintile	91.2	6.6	9.6	-289.0	-3,440	-130.6	-3.6	-0.8	-9.0	-2.1
Middle Quintile	83.4	16.2	4.2	-200.7	-2,590	-32.3	-2.6	5.2	-3.7	7.8
Fourth Quintile	52.7	47.1	0.1	-3.7	-50	-0.3	-0.3	16.2	0.0	15.4
Top Quintile	9.4	90.6	-5.0	918.3	13,240	15.9	10.5	83.0	3.8	27.8
All	69.0	29.8	-0.3	100.0	260	1.3	0.0	100.0	0.2	19.0
Addendum										
80-90	15.4	84.4	-2.5	130.4	3,690	11.0	1.4	16.2	2.1	20.7
90-95	4.6	95.4	-4.1	146.3	8,370	15.9	1.7	13.2	3.3	23.9
95-99	1.5	98.5	-5.7	255.0	18,880	18.9	2.9	19.8	4.4	27.3
Top 1 Percent	0.7	99.4	-7.5	386.6	128,200	16.5	4.4	33.8	5.2	36.5
Top 0.1 Percent	0.2	99.8	-7.7	178.7	587,490	15.9	2.0	16.1	5.2	37.8

Baseline Distribution of Income and Federal Taxes by Expanded Cash Income Percentile Adjusted for Family Size, 2023¹

Tax Units Pre-Tax Income Federal Tax Burden After-Tax **Expanded Cash Income** Percentile ^{2,3} Number Percent of Percent of Average (dollars) Average (dollars) Percent of Total Average (dollars) Total Total (thousands) **Lowest Quintile** 39,750 21.9 16,410 3.3 160 0.2 16,250 Second Quintile 38,980 21.4 38,460 7.6 2,640 2.8 35,820 Middle Quintile 19.8 69,960 12.7 8,040 7.8 61,930 35,940 18.6 20.0 18,070 16.5 Fourth Quintile 33,840 117,010 98,940 72.5 **Top Quintile** 32,190 17.7 348,260 56.6 83,550 264,710 181,850 100.0 108,880 100.0 20,400 100.0 88,480 All Addendum 33,460 146,040 16,410 9.0 179,500 14.9 14.8 80-90 90-95 8,110 4.5 255,250 10.5 52,740 11.5 202,510 95-99 6,270 3.5 433,690 13.7 99,660 16.9 334,030 **Top 1 Percent** 1,400 0.8 2,482,760 17.6 776,990 29.3 1,705,770 Top 0.1 Percent 140 0.1 11,322,140 8.1 3,686,310 14.0 7,635,830

Source: Urban-Brookings Tax Policy Center Microsimulation Model (version 0217-1).

Number of AMT Taxpayers (millions). Baseline: 0.2 Proposal: 0.2

* Non-zero value rounded to zero; ** Insufficient data

1) Calendar year. Baseline is current law in place for 2023 as of January 1st, 2018. This proposal institutes a Universal Earned Income Tax Credit (UEITC) of 100% on earned income up to \$14,000; provides a \$2,000 per person Universal Basic Income (UBI); and adds an 11 percent broad base Value Added Tax (VAT). These proposals would begin phasing in on January 1, 2020, and would be fully phased in on January 1, 2023. The maximum UEITC is indexed to per capita GDP after 2023. These

estimates are based on an economic forecast that does not include the potential effects of the economic disruption caused by COVID-19.

(2) Includes both filing and non-filing units but excludes those that are dependents of other tax units. Tax units with negative adjusted gross income are excluded from their respective income class but are included in the totals. For a description of expanded cash income, see

http://www.taxpolicycenter.org/TaxModel/income.cfm

(3) The income percentile classes used in this table are based on the income distribution for the entire population and contain an equal number of people, not tax units. The incomes used are adjusted for family size by dividing by the square root of the number of people in the tax unit. The resulting percentile breaks are (in 2017 dollars): 20% \$19,000; 40% \$34,500; 60% \$58,200; 80% \$93,900; 90% \$134,500; 95% \$188,100; 99% \$454,300; 99.9% \$2,378,000.

(4) Includes tax units with a change in federal tax burden of \$10 or more in absolute value.

Income ⁵	Average Federal Tax
Percent of	
Total	Rate ⁶
4.0	1.0
8.7	6.9
13.8	11.5
20.8	15.4
53.0	24.0
100.0	18.7
14.9	18.6
10.2	20.7
13.0	23.0
14.8	31.3
6.7	32.6

Table T20-0213

Implement a Universal Earned Income Tax Credit (UEITC), Provide a Universal Basic Income (UBI), and Institute an 11 Percent Broad Base VAT

Baseline: Current Law

Distribution of Federal Tax Change by Expanded Cash Income Percentile Adjusted for Family Size, 2023¹ **Detail Table - Single Tax Units**

Expanded Cash Income	Percent of Tax Units ⁴		Percent Change		Average Feder	Average Federal Tax Change		al Taxes	Average Federal Tax Rate ⁶	
Percentile ^{2,3}	With Tax Cut	With Tax Increase	in After-Tax Income ⁵	Federal Tax Change	Dollars	Percent	Change (% Points)	Under the Proposal	Change (% Points)	Under the Proposal
Lowest Quintile	95.0	1.6	28.0	69.0	-3,330	-405.8	-10.9	-8.5	-26.2	-19.7
Second Quintile	90.6	6.4	10.8	59.0	-3,070	-135.1	-8.7	-2.5	-10.0	-2.6
Middle Quintile	84.6	15.1	4.8	32.0	-2,240	-35.9	-3.2	9.4	-4.3	7.6
Fourth Quintile	57.6	42.0	0.1	0.6	-60	-0.4	3.3	24.2	-0.1	16.4
Top Quintile	6.5	93.4	-4.7	-61.1	7,700	14.9	19.5	77.2	3.6	27.4
All	76.8	21.3	2.9	100.0	-1,370	-14.1	0.0	100.0	-2.4	14.4
Addendum										
80-90	8.8	91.0	-2.8	-12.9	2,920	11.4	4.7	20.6	2.3	22.0
90-95	4.8	95.2	-4.2	-11.8	5,990	15.7	3.7	14.4	3.3	24.5
95-99	2.1	97.9	-5.7	-17.2	13,070	18.5	5.0	18.1	4.4	28.0
Top 1 Percent	1.5	98.5	-7.2	-19.2	83,560	15.0	6.1	24.1	4.9	37.3
Top 0.1 Percent	0.7	99.3	-7.2	-9.1	361,130	14.3	3.0	11.9	4.8	38.3

Baseline Distribution of Income and Federal Taxes

by Expanded Cash Income Percentile Adjusted for Family Size, 2023¹

Expanded Cash Income	Tax Units		Pre-Tax Income		Federal Ta	ax Burden	After-Tax In	Average	
Percentile ^{2,3}	entile ^{2,3} Number Percent of (thousands) Total		Average (dollars) Percent of Total		Average (dollars)	Percent of Total	Average (dollars) Percent of Total		Federal Tax Rate ⁶
Lowest Quintile	25,970	28.3	12,720	6.3	820	2.4	11,900	7.0	6.4
Second Quintile	24,040	26.2	30,600	13.9	2,270	6.2	28,330	15.5	7.4
Middle Quintile	17,910	19.5	52,670	17.9	6,230	12.6	46,440	18.9	11.8
Fourth Quintile	13,260	14.5	84,620	21.3	13,970	20.9	70,660	21.3	16.5
Top Quintile	9,930	10.8	216,270	40.7	51,600	57.7	164,670	37.2	23.9
All	91,750	100.0	57,560	100.0	9,680	100.0	47,880	100.0	16.8
Addendum									
80-90	5,520	6.0	129,350	13.5	25,540	15.9	103,800	13.0	19.8
90-95	2,470	2.7	181,000	8.5	38,270	10.7	142,730	8.0	21.1
95-99	1,650	1.8	298,690	9.3	70,680	13.1	228,010	8.6	23.7
Top 1 Percent	290	0.3	1,717,710	9.3	557,720	18.0	1,159,990	7.6	32.5
Top 0.1 Percent	30	0.0	7,523,340	4.5	2,518,680	8.9	5,004,660	3.6	33.5

Source: Urban-Brookings Tax Policy Center Microsimulation Model (version 0217-1).

* Non-zero value rounded to zero; ** Insufficient data

1) Calendar year. Baseline is current law in place for 2023 as of January 1st, 2018. This proposal institutes a Universal Earned Income Tax Credit (UEITC) of 100% on earned income up to \$14,000; provides a \$2,000 per person Universal Basic Income (UBI); and adds an 11 percent broad base Value Added Tax (VAT). These proposals would begin phasing in on January 1, 2020, and would be fully phased in on January 1, 2023. The maximum UEITC is indexed to per capita GDP after 2023. These

estimates are based on an economic forecast that does not include the potential effects of the economic disruption caused by COVID-19.

(2) Includes both filing and non-filing units but excludes those that are dependents of other tax units. Tax units with negative adjusted gross income are excluded from their respective income class but are included in the totals. For a description of expanded cash income, see

http://www.taxpolicycenter.org/TaxModel/income.cfm

(3) The income percentile classes used in this table are based on the income distribution for the entire population and contain an equal number of people, not tax units. The incomes used are adjusted for family size by dividing by the square root of the number of people in the tax unit. The resulting percentile breaks are (in 2017 dollars): 20% \$19,000; 40% \$34,500; 60% \$58,200; 80% \$93,900; 90% \$134,500; 95% \$188,100; 99% \$454,300; 99.9% \$2,378,000.

(4) Includes tax units with a change in federal tax burden of \$10 or more in absolute value.

Table T20-0213

Implement a Universal Earned Income Tax Credit (UEITC), Provide a Universal Basic Income (UBI), and Institute an 11 Percent Broad Base VAT

Baseline: Current Law

Distribution of Federal Tax Change by Expanded Cash Income Percentile Adjusted for Family Size, 2023¹ **Detail Table - Married Tax Units Filing Jointly**

Expanded Cash Income	Percent of Tax Units ⁴		Percent Change		Average Federa	al Tax Change	Share of Feder	ral Taxes	Average Federal Tax Rate ⁶	
Percentile ^{2,3}	With Tax Cut	With Tax Increase	in After-Tax Income ⁵	Federal Tax Change	Dollars	Percent	Change (% Points)	Under the Proposal	Change (% Points)	Under the Proposal
Lowest Quintile	96.6	0.3	24.9	-16.1	-6,070	4,577.2	-1.2	-1.2	-25.1	-25.6
Second Quintile	95.3	3.3	10.6	-19.8	-5,440	-139.5	-1.5	-0.4	-9.9	-2.8
Middle Quintile	85.9	13.6	4.6	-22.7	-3,730	-36.8	-2.0	2.9	-4.1	7.0
Fourth Quintile	54.0	45.9	0.3	-3.5	-410	-2.0	-1.3	12.8	-0.3	14.5
Top Quintile	11.1	88.8	-5.0	162.0	15,950	16.0	6.0	85.7	3.8	27.8
All	54.9	44.6	-2.0	100.0	3,210	7.9	0.0	100.0	1.6	21.9
Addendum										
80-90	20.2	79.6	-2.3	19.4	3,960	10.4	0.4	15.0	1.9	20.0
90-95	4.4	95.6	-4.1	24.4	9,410	15.8	0.9	13.1	3.2	23.7
95-99	1.1	98.9	-5.6	46.1	21,360	19.1	2.0	21.0	4.4	27.1
Top 1 Percent	0.4	99.6	-7.6	72.1	138,340	16.8	2.8	36.7	5.2	36.3
Top 0.1 Percent	*	100.0	-7.8	32.3	653,220	16.2	1.2	16.9	5.3	37.7

Baseline Distribution of Income and Federal Taxes

by Expanded Cash Income Percentile Adjusted for Family Size, 2023¹

Expanded Cash Income	Tax Units		Pre-Tax Income		Federal Ta	ax Burden	After-Tax In	Average	
Percentile ^{2,3}	Number (thousands)	Percent of Total	Average (dollars)	Percent of Total	Average (dollars)	Percent of Total	Average (dollars)	Percent of Total	Federal Tax Rate ⁶
Lowest Quintile	5,310	8.5	24,190	1.0	-130	0.0	24,320	1.3	-0.6
Second Quintile	7,270	11.7	55,160	3.2	3,900	1.1	51,270	3.7	7.1
Middle Quintile	12,180	19.5	92,110	9.0	10,160	4.9	81,950	10.0	11.0
Fourth Quintile	16,920	27.1	142,810	19.4	21,130	14.1	121,680	20.7	14.8
Top Quintile	20,340	32.6	415,940	67.7	99,610	79.7	316,330	64.7	24.0
All	62,390	100.0	200,190	100.0	40,720	100.0	159,470	100.0	20.3
Addendum									
80-90	9,780	15.7	209,450	16.4	38,010	14.6	171,440	16.8	18.2
90-95	5,200	8.3	292,370	12.2	59,720	12.2	232,650	12.2	20.4
95-99	4,320	6.9	491,310	17.0	111,920	19.0	379,390	16.5	22.8
Top 1 Percent	1,040	1.7	2,653,770	22.2	824,410	33.9	1,829,370	19.2	31.1
Top 0.1 Percent	100	0.2	12,407,360	9.8	4,021,850	15.7	8,385,520	8.3	32.4

Source: Urban-Brookings Tax Policy Center Microsimulation Model (version 0217-1).

* Non-zero value rounded to zero; ** Insufficient data

1) Calendar year. Baseline is current law in place for 2023 as of January 1st, 2018. This proposal institutes a Universal Earned Income Tax Credit (UEITC) of 100% on earned income up to \$14,000; provides a \$2,000 per person Universal Basic Income (UBI); and adds an 11 percent broad base Value Added Tax (VAT). These proposals would begin phasing in on January 1, 2020, and would be fully phased in on January 1, 2023. The maximum UEITC is indexed to per capita GDP after 2023. These

estimates are based on an economic forecast that does not include the potential effects of the economic disruption caused by COVID-19.

(2) Includes both filing and non-filing units but excludes those that are dependents of other tax units. Tax units with negative adjusted gross income are excluded from their respective income class but are included in the totals. For a description of expanded cash income, see

http://www.taxpolicycenter.org/TaxModel/income.cfm

(3) The income percentile classes used in this table are based on the income distribution for the entire population and contain an equal number of people, not tax units. The incomes used are adjusted for family size by dividing by the square root of the number of people in the tax unit. The resulting percentile breaks are (in 2017 dollars): 20% \$19,000; 40% \$34,500; 60% \$58,200; 80% \$93,900; 90% \$134,500; 95% \$188,100; 99% \$454,300; 99.9% \$2,378,000.

(4) Includes tax units with a change in federal tax burden of \$10 or more in absolute value.

Table T20-0213

Implement a Universal Earned Income Tax Credit (UEITC), Provide a Universal Basic Income (UBI), and Institute an 11 Percent Broad Base VAT

Baseline: Current Law

Distribution of Federal Tax Change by Expanded Cash Income Percentile Adjusted for Family Size, 2023¹ **Detail Table - Head of Household Tax Units**

Expanded Cash Income	Percent of Tax Units ⁴		Percent Change		Average Feder	al Tax Change	Share of Fede	ral Taxes	Average Federal Tax Rate ⁶	
Percentile ^{2,3}	With Tax Cut	With Tax Increase	in After-Tax Income ⁵	Federal Tax Change	Dollars	Percent	Change (% Points)	Under the Proposal	Change (% Points)	Under the Proposal
Lowest Quintile	97.7	2.1	14.5	92.5	-3,660	196.7	-19.9	-27.7	-15.7	-23.7
Second Quintile	88.7	11.2	5.6	56.6	-2,560	-108.1	-9.5	-0.8	-5.3	-0.4
Middle Quintile	73.1	26.6	1.6	17.9	-1,140	-12.5	1.1	24.8	-1.4	10.0
Fourth Quintile	20.6	79.3	-2.0	-18.5	2,060	10.6	9.4	38.1	1.7	17.6
Top Quintile	5.4	94.6	-5.4	-48.9	11,560	17.3	19.0	65.7	4.1	27.8
All	75.9	24.0	2.2	100.0	-1,310	-16.6	0.0	100.0	-1.9	9.7
Addendum										
80-90	5.0	95.0	-4.1	-14.9	5 <i>,</i> 830	16.9	5.9	20.5	3.3	22.9
90-95	6.7	93.3	-5.3	-10.4	10,350	18.8	3.9	13.1	4.1	26.2
95-99	5.3	94.7	-5.6	-9.1	15,690	17.8	3.5	11.9	4.3	28.3
Top 1 Percent	0.6	99.4	-7.8	-14.5	161,450	16.6	5.7	20.2	5.3	37.1
Top 0.1 Percent	0.9	99.2	-7.6	-7.9	828,260	15.8	3.2	11.4	5.1	37.6

Baseline Distribution of Income and Federal Taxes

by Expanded Cash Income Percentile Adjusted for Family Size, 2023¹

Expanded Cash Income	Tax Units		Pre-Tax Income		Federal Ta	ax Burden	After-Tax In	Average	
Percentile ^{2,3}	ntile ^{2,3} Number Percent of (thousands) Total		Average (dollars) Percent of Total		Average (dollars)	Percent of Total	Average (dollars) Percent of Total		Federal Tax Rate ⁶
Lowest Quintile	8,020	33.1	23,310	11.4	-1,860	-7.8	25,170	13.9	-8.0
Second Quintile	7,000	28.9	48,440	20.6	2,370	8.7	46,070	22.2	4.9
Middle Quintile	4,980	20.6	79,630	24.1	9,110	23.7	70,530	24.1	11.4
Fourth Quintile	2,850	11.8	121,530	21.0	19,330	28.7	102,200	20.0	15.9
Top Quintile	1,340	5.5	281,280	22.9	66,640	46.7	214,640	19.8	23.7
All	24,220	100.0	67,960	100.0	7,910	100.0	60,050	100.0	11.6
ddendum									
80-90	810	3.4	176,780	8.7	34,590	14.6	142,200	7.9	19.6
90-95	320	1.3	249,950	4.9	55,050	9.2	194,900	4.3	22.0
95-99	180	0.8	367,350	4.1	88,110	8.4	279,230	3.5	24.0
Top 1 Percent	30	0.1	3,053,640	5.3	970,950	14.4	2,082,700	4.1	31.8
Top 0.1 Percent	*	0.0	16,122,860	3.0	5,227,990	8.2	10,894,860	2.3	32.4

Source: Urban-Brookings Tax Policy Center Microsimulation Model (version 0217-1).

* Non-zero value rounded to zero; ** Insufficient data

1) Calendar year. Baseline is current law in place for 2023 as of January 1st, 2018. This proposal institutes a Universal Earned Income Tax Credit (UEITC) of 100% on earned income up to \$14,000; provides a \$2,000 per person Universal Basic Income (UBI); and adds an 11 percent broad base Value Added Tax (VAT). These proposals would begin phasing in on January 1, 2020, and would be fully phased in on January 1, 2023. The maximum UEITC is indexed to per capita GDP after 2023. These

estimates are based on an economic forecast that does not include the potential effects of the economic disruption caused by COVID-19.

(2) Includes both filing and non-filing units but excludes those that are dependents of other tax units. Tax units with negative adjusted gross income are excluded from their respective income class but are included in the totals. For a description of expanded cash income, see

http://www.taxpolicycenter.org/TaxModel/income.cfm

(3) The income percentile classes used in this table are based on the income distribution for the entire population and contain an equal number of people, not tax units. The incomes used are adjusted for family size by dividing by the square root of the number of people in the tax unit. The resulting percentile breaks are (in 2017 dollars): 20% \$19,000; 40% \$34,500; 60% \$58,200; 80% \$93,900; 90% \$134,500; 95% \$188,100; 99% \$454,300; 99.9% \$2,378,000.

(4) Includes tax units with a change in federal tax burden of \$10 or more in absolute value.

Table T20-0213

Implement a Universal Earned Income Tax Credit (UEITC), Provide a Universal Basic Income (UBI), and Institute an 11 Percent Broad Base VAT

Baseline: Current Law

Distribution of Federal Tax Change by Expanded Cash Income Percentile Adjusted for Family Size, 2023¹ Detail Table - Tax Units with Children

Expanded Cash Income	Percent of T	ax Units ⁴	Percent Change	Share of Total Federal Tax —	Average Feder	al Tax Change	Share of Fed	leral Taxes	Average Federal Tax Rate ⁶	
Percentile ^{2,3}	With Tax Cut	With Tax Increase	in After-Tax Income ⁵	Federal Tax Change	Dollars	Percent	Change (% Points)	Under the Proposal	Change (% Points)	Under the Proposal
Lowest Quintile	97.8	1.9	16.3	-53.1	-4,290	230.5	-3.1	-4.5	-17.6	-25.2
Second Quintile	90.8	9.1	7.0	-41.3	-3,570	-117.8	-2.6	-0.4	-6.6	-1.0
Middle Quintile	78.0	21.8	2.9	-27.4	-2,430	-21.0	-2.1	6.1	-2.5	9.6
Fourth Quintile	35.0	64.9	-1.0	14.2	1,350	5.3	-0.2	16.7	0.9	17.1
Top Quintile	2.0	98.1	-5.9	208.2	21,150	17.7	7.9	81.9	4.4	29.5
All	63.6	36.2	-1.5	100.0	1,790	6.3	0.0	100.0	1.2	20.3
Addendum										
80-90	3.1	96.9	-3.6	34.1	6,930	15.0	1.2	15.5	2.9	22.4
90-95	1.0	99.0	-5.0	33.1	13,180	18.5	1.3	12.5	4.0	25.3
95-99	0.7	99.3	-6.4	53.4	28,140	20.0	2.2	18.9	4.8	29.0
Top 1 Percent	0.2	99.8	-8.1	87.6	169,890	17.3	3.3	35.0	5.5	37.3
Top 0.1 Percent	0.1	99.9	-8.2	38.5	745,720	17.0	1.4	15.6	5.5	37.9

Baseline Distribution of Income and Federal Taxes by Expanded Cash Income Percentile Adjusted for Family Size, 2023¹

Expanded Cash Income	Tax Units		Pre-Tax Income		Federal Ta	x Burden	After-Tax Income ⁵		Average
Percentile ^{2,3}	Number (thousands)	Percent of Total	Average (dollars)	Percent of Total	Average (dollars)	Percent of Total	Average (dollars)	Percent of Total	Federal Tax Rate ⁶
Lowest Quintile	12,170	22.2	24,390	3.6	-1,860	-1.5	26,250	4.8	-7.6
Second Quintile	11,380	20.8	53,820	7.5	3,030	2.2	50,790	8.7	5.6
Middle Quintile	11,100	20.2	95,450	13.0	11,540	8.2	83,910	14.1	12.1
Fourth Quintile	10,310	18.8	157,350	19.8	25,590	16.9	131,760	20.5	16.3
Top Quintile	9,670	17.6	477,470	56.4	119,700	74.0	357,770	52.3	25.1
All	54,840	100.0	149,170	100.0	28,510	100.0	120,660	100.0	19.1
ddendum									
80-90	4,830	8.8	237,800	14.1	46,370	14.3	191,430	14.0	19.5
90-95	2,470	4.5	333,670	10.1	71,190	11.2	262,470	9.8	21.3
95-99	1,860	3.4	581,690	13.2	140,400	16.7	441,290	12.4	24.1
Top 1 Percent	510	0.9	3,081,390	19.1	979,530	31.7	2,101,860	16.1	31.8
Top 0.1 Percent	50	0.1	13,526,530	8.4	4,380,270	14.2	9,146,250	7.0	32.4

Source: Urban-Brookings Tax Policy Center Microsimulation Model (version 0217-1).

* Non-zero value rounded to zero; ** Insufficient data

Note: Tax units with children are those claiming an exemption for children at home or away from home or with children qualifying for the Child Tax Credit or EITC. 1) Calendar year. Baseline is current law in place for 2023 as of January 1st, 2018. This proposal institutes a Universal Earned Income Tax Credit (UEITC) of 100% on earned income up to \$14,000; provides a \$2,000 per person Universal Basic Income (UBI); and adds an 11 percent broad base Value Added Tax (VAT). These

proposals would begin phasing in on January 1, 2020, and would be fully phased in on January 1, 2023. The maximum UEITC is indexed to per capita GDP after 2023. These estimates are based on an economic forecast that does not include the potential effects of the economic disruption caused by COVID-19.

(2) Includes both filing and non-filing units but excludes those that are dependents of other tax units. Tax units with negative adjusted gross income are excluded from their respective income class but are included in the totals. For a description of expanded cash income, see

http://www.taxpolicycenter.org/TaxModel/income.cfm

(3) The income percentile classes used in this table are based on the income distribution for the entire population and contain an equal number of people, not tax units. The incomes used are adjusted for family size by dividing by the square root of the number of people in the tax unit. The resulting percentile breaks are (in 2017 dollars): 20% \$19,000; 40% \$34,500; 60% \$58,200; 80% \$93,900; 90% \$134,500; 95% \$188,100; 99% \$454,300; 99.9% \$2,378,000.

(4) Includes tax units with a change in federal tax burden of \$10 or more in absolute value.

Table T20-0213

Implement a Universal Earned Income Tax Credit (UEITC), Provide a Universal Basic Income (UBI), and Institute an 11 Percent Broad Base VAT

Baseline: Current Law

Distribution of Federal Tax Change by Expanded Cash Income Percentile Adjusted for Family Size, 2023¹ **Detail Table - Elderly Tax Units**

Expanded Cash Income Percentile ^{2,3}	Percent of Tax Units ⁴		Percent Change	Share of Total	Average Federal Tax Change		Share of Federal Taxes		Average Federal Tax Rate ⁶	
	With Tax Cut	With Tax Increase	in After-Tax Income ⁵	Federal Tax – Change	Dollars	Percent	Change (% Points)	Under the Proposal	Change (% Points)	Under the Proposal
Lowest Quintile	89.1	3.3	15.2	-87.7	-2,290	-918.0	-2.4	-2.2	-14.9	-13.3
Second Quintile	86.0	8.8	6.4	-143.4	-2,050	-280.8	-4.0	-2.5	-6.3	-4.0
Middle Quintile	72.5	26.6	2.7	-85.5	-1,560	-47.4	-2.5	2.6	-2.5	2.8
Fourth Quintile	46.8	53.0	0.0	1.0	20	0.2	-0.3	12.9	0.0	10.3
Top Quintile	15.1	84.7	-4.3	414.3	11,180	14.8	9.2	88.6	3.3	25.9
All	65.8	31.3	-0.5	100.0	410	2.8	0.0	100.0	0.4	15.7
Addendum										
80-90	23.4	76.2	-2.0	50.7	2,710	11.3	1.0	13.8	1.7	16.6
90-95	10.6	89.4	-3.3	57.0	6,290	15.3	1.3	11.8	2.7	20.5
95-99	2.9	97.1	-4.4	100.1	13,500	16.7	2.3	19.2	3.5	24.4
Top 1 Percent	1.4	98.6	-6.7	206.4	113,240	14.9	4.6	43.8	4.6	35.7
Top 0.1 Percent	0.1	99.9	-7.1	110.2	519,070	14.7	2.5	23.7	4.8	37.3

Baseline Distribution of Income and Federal Taxes by Expanded Cash Income Percentile Adjusted for Family Size, 2023¹

Expanded Cash Income	Tax Units		Pre-Tax Income		Federal Ta	ıx Burden	After-Tax Income ⁵		Average
Percentile ^{2,3}	Number (thousands)	Percent of Total	Average (dollars)	Percent of Total	Average (dollars)	Percent of Total	Average (dollars)	Percent of Total	Federal Tax Rate ⁶
Lowest Quintile	7,960	15.6	15,310	2.5	250	0.3	15,060	2.9	1.6
Second Quintile	14,480	28.4	32,850	9.9	730	1.4	32,120	11.4	2.2
Middle Quintile	11,410	22.4	61,120	14.5	3,280	5.1	57,840	16.2	5.4
Fourth Quintile	9,050	17.7	104,560	19.7	10,730	13.2	93,830	20.9	10.3
Top Quintile	7,690	15.1	335,750	53.7	75,750	79.4	260,000	49.1	22.6
All	51,020	100.0	94,160	100.0	14,380	100.0	79,790	100.0	15.3
ddendum									
80-90	3,890	7.6	161,540	13.1	24,040	12.8	137,490	13.1	14.9
90-95	1,880	3.7	230,450	9.0	41,030	10.5	189,420	8.8	17.8
95-99	1,540	3.0	385,850	12.4	80,770	16.9	305,090	11.5	20.9
Top 1 Percent	380	0.7	2,447,470	19.3	759,850	39.2	1,687,620	15.7	31.1
Top 0.1 Percent	40	0.1	10,890,540	10.0	3,537,490	21.2	7,353,050	8.0	32.5

Source: Urban-Brookings Tax Policy Center Microsimulation Model (version 0217-1).

* Non-zero value rounded to zero; ** Insufficient data

Note: Elderly tax units are those with either head or spouse (if filing jointly) age 65 or older.

1) Calendar year. Baseline is current law in place for 2023 as of January 1st, 2018. This proposal institutes a Universal Earned Income Tax Credit (UEITC) of 100% on earned income up to \$14,000; provides a \$2,000 per person Universal Basic Income (UBI); and adds an 11 percent broad base Value Added Tax (VAT). These

proposals would begin phasing in on January 1, 2020, and would be fully phased in on January 1, 2023. The maximum UEITC is indexed to per capita GDP after 2023. These estimates are based on an economic forecast that does not include the potential effects of the economic disruption caused by COVID-19.

(2) Includes both filing and non-filing units but excludes those that are dependents of other tax units. Tax units with negative adjusted gross income are excluded from their respective income class but are included in the totals. For a description of expanded cash income, see

http://www.taxpolicycenter.org/TaxModel/income.cfm

(3) The income percentile classes used in this table are based on the income distribution for the entire population and contain an equal number of people, not tax units. The incomes used are adjusted for family size by dividing by the square root of the number of people in the tax unit. The resulting percentile breaks are (in 2017 dollars): 20% \$19,000; 40% \$34,500; 60% \$58,200; 80% \$93,900; 90% \$134,500; 95% \$188,100; 99% \$454,300; 99.9% \$2,378,000.

(4) Includes tax units with a change in federal tax burden of \$10 or more in absolute value.