| Year | $\begin{gathered} \hline \hline \text { Top Tax } \\ \text { Rate } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | Top Tax Bracket | Year | $\begin{gathered} \hline \hline \text { Top Tax } \\ \text { Rate } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | Top Tax Bracket | Year | $\begin{gathered} \hline \hline \text { Top Tax } \\ \text { Rate } \end{gathered}$ | Top Tax Bracket | Year | $\begin{gathered} \hline \hline \text { Top Tax } \\ \text { Rate } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | Top Tax Bracket |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1909 | 1\% |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1910 | 1\% |  | 1945 | 40\% | \$50,000 | 1980 | 46\% | \$100,000 | 2015 | 35\% | \$18,333,333 |
| 1911 | 1\% |  | 1946 | 38\% | \$50,000 | 1981 | 46\% | \$100,000 | 2016 | 35\% | \$18,333,333 |
| 1912 | 1\% |  | 1947 | 38\% | \$50,000 | 1982 | 46\% | \$100,000 | 2017 | 35\% | \$18,333,333 |
| 1913 | 1\% |  | 1948 | 38\% | \$50,000 | 1983 | 46\% | \$100,000 | 2018 | 21\% |  |
| 1914 | 1\% |  | 1949 | 38\% | \$50,000 | 1984 | 46\% | \$1,405,000 | 2019 | 21\% |  |
| 1915 | 1\% |  | 1950 | 42\% | \$25,000 | 1985 | 46\% | \$1,405,000 | 2020 | 21\% |  |
| 1916 | 2\% |  | 1951 | 51\% | \$25,000 | 1986 | 46\% | \$1,405,000 |  |  |  |
| 1917 | 6\% |  | 1952 | 52\% | \$25,000 | 1987 | 40\% | \$1,405,000 |  |  |  |
| 1918 | 12\% |  | 1953 | 52\% | \$25,000 | 1988 | 34\% | \$335,000 |  |  |  |
| 1919 | 10\% |  | 1954 | 52\% | \$25,000 | 1989 | 34\% | \$335,000 |  |  |  |
| 1920 | 10\% |  | 1955 | 52\% | \$25,000 | 1990 | 34\% | \$335,000 |  |  |  |
| 1921 | 10\% |  | 1956 | 52\% | \$25,000 | 1991 | 34\% | \$335,000 |  |  |  |
| 1922 | 12.50\% |  | 1957 | 52\% | \$25,000 | 1992 | 34\% | \$335,000 |  |  |  |
| 1923 | 12.50\% |  | 1958 | 52\% | \$25,000 | 1993 | 35\% | \$18,333,333 |  |  |  |
| 1924 | 12.50\% |  | 1959 | 52\% | \$25,000 | 1994 | 35\% | \$18,333,333 |  |  |  |
| 1925 | 13\% |  | 1960 | 52\% | \$25,000 | 1995 | 35\% | \$18,333,333 |  |  |  |
| 1926 | 13.50\% |  | 1961 | 52\% | \$25,000 | 1996 | 35\% | \$18,333,333 |  |  |  |
| 1927 | 13.50\% |  | 1962 | 52\% | \$25,000 | 1997 | 35\% | \$18,333,333 |  |  |  |
| 1928 | 12\% |  | 1963 | 52\% | \$25,000 | 1998 | 35\% | \$18,333,333 |  |  |  |
| 1929 | 11\% |  | 1964 | 50\% | \$25,000 | 1999 | 35\% | \$18,333,333 |  |  |  |
| 1930 | 12\% |  | 1965 | 48\% | \$25,000 | 2000 | 35\% | \$18,333,333 |  |  |  |
| 1931 | 12\% |  | 1966 | 48\% | \$25,000 | 2001 | 35\% | \$18,333,333 |  |  |  |
| 1932 | 13.75\% |  | 1967 | 48\% | \$25,000 | 2002 | 35\% | \$18,333,333 |  |  |  |
| 1933 | 13.75\% |  | 1968 | 52.8\% | \$25,000 | 2003 | 35\% | \$18,333,333 |  |  |  |
| 1934 | 13.75\% |  | 1969 | 52.8\% | \$25,000 | 2004 | 35\% | \$18,333,333 |  |  |  |
| 1935 | 13.75\% |  | 1970 | 49.2\% | \$25,000 | 2005 | 35\% | \$18,333,333 |  |  |  |
| 1936 | 15\% | \$40,000 | 1971 | 48\% | \$25,000 | 2006 | 35\% | \$18,333,333 |  |  |  |
| 1937 | 15\% | \$40,000 | 1972 | 48\% | \$25,000 | 2007 | 35\% | \$18,333,333 |  |  |  |
| 1938 | 19\% | \$25,000 | 1973 | 48\% | \$25,000 | 2008 | 35\% | \$18,333,333 |  |  |  |
| 1939 | 19\% | \$25,000 | 1974 | 48\% | \$25,000 | 2009 | 35\% | \$18,333,333 |  |  |  |
| 1940 | 24\% | \$38,566 | 1975 | 48\% | \$50,000 | 2010 | 35\% | \$18,333,333 |  |  |  |
| 1941 | 31\% | \$38,462 | 1976 | 48\% | \$50,000 | 2011 | 35\% | \$18,333,333 |  |  |  |
| 1942 | 40\% | \$50,000 | 1977 | 48\% | \$50,000 | 2012 | 35\% | \$18,333,333 |  |  |  |
| 1943 | 40\% | \$50,000 | 1978 | 48\% | \$50,000 | 2013 | 35\% | \$18,333,333 |  |  |  |
| 1944 | 40\% | \$50,000 | 1979 | 46\% | \$100,000 | 2014 | 35\% | \$18,333,333 |  |  |  |

Notes: Data refer to the top marginal tax rate on corporations. Unless otherwise mentioned, this is the tax rate applicable at the federal level on domestic companies. Different rates apply on non-resident/ foreign-owned companies. Provincial and local governments may levy additional taxes. In addition, the effective corporate tax rate may be higher due to the imposition of corporate level taxes on dividend or other distributions.
Exemptions, 1896-1935: 1896-1912: \$5,000 exemption; 1913-1917: no exemption; 1918-1927: \$2,000 exemption; 1928-1931: \$3,000 exemption; 1932-1935: no exemption. Bracket notes, 1936-1939: 1936-1937: The normal tax rate applicable on the first $\$ 2000$ was $8 \%$. The surtax on undistributed profits ranged from $7 \%$ to $27 \%$; $1938-1939$ : The tax rate applicable on the first \$25,000 was between $12.5 \%$ and $16 \%$.

Other brackets and corresponding rates, 1940-1999: tax brackets and the corresponding tax rates were: 1940: First \$25,000: 14.85\% to 18.7\%, \$25,000-\$31,964.30: $38.3 \%$, $\$ 31,964.30-\$ 38,565.89: 36.9 \%$; 1941: First \$25,000: 21\% to $25 \%$, $\$ 25,000-\$ 38,461.54: 44 \% ; 1942-1945$ : First $\$ 25,000$ : $25 \%$ to $29 \%, \$ 25,000-\$ 50,000: 53 \% ; 1946-1949$ : First \$25,000: 21\% to 25\%, \$25,000-\$50,000: 53\%.
Tax on first \$25,000, 1950-1978; 1950: 23\%; 1951: 28.75\%; 1952-1963: 30\%; 1954-1967: 22\%; 1968-1969: 24.2\%; 1970: 22.55\%; 1971-1974: 22\%; 1975-1978: 20\% (next \$25,000 was $22 \%$ ).

Other tax brackets and the correponding tax rates, 1979-2016: 1979-1981: First \$25,000: 17\%, \$25,000-\$50,000: 20\%, \$50,000-\$75,000: 30\%, \$75,000-\$100,000: 40\%; 1982: First $\$ 25,000: 16 \%, \$ 25,000-\$ 50,000: 19 \%, \$ 50,000-\$ 75,000: 30 \%, \$ 75,000-\$ 100,000: 40 \% ; 1983:$ First $\$ 25,000: 15 \%, \$ 25,000-\$ 50,000: 18 \%, \$ 50,000-\$ 75,000: 30 \%, \$ 75,000-$ \$100,000: 40\%; 1984-1986: First \$25,000: 15\%, \$25,000-\$50,000: 18\%, \$50,000-\$75,000: 30\%, \$75,000-\$100,000: 40\%, \$100,000-\$1,000,000: 46\%, \$1,000,000-\$1,405,000: 51\%; 1987: First \$25,000: 15\%, \$25,000-\$50,000: 16.5\%, \$50,000-\$75,000: 27.5\%, \$75,000-\$100,000: 37\%, \$100,000-\$335,000: 42.5\%, \$335,000-\$1,000,000: 40\%, $\$ 1,000,000-\$ 1,405,000: 42.5 \%$; 1988-1992: First $\$ 50,000: 15 \%, \$ 50,000-\$ 75,000: 25 \%, \$ 75,000-\$ 100,000: 34 \%, \$ 100,000-\$ 335,000: 39 \%$. The rate structure was designed so that a corporation with $\$ 335,000$ or more in taxable income faced an effective tax rate of 34 percent on the entire amount of its taxable income; 1993-2016: First $\$ 50,000$ : $15 \%, \$ 50,000$ - \$75,000: $25 \%, \$ 75,000-\$ 100,000: 34 \%, \$ 100,000-\$ 335,000: 39 \%, \$ 335,000-\$ 10,000,000: 34 \%, \$ 10,000,000-\$ 15,000,000: 35 \%, \$ 15,000,000-\$ 18,333,333: 38 \%$. The rate structure was designed so that a corporation with $\$ 18,333,333$ or more in taxable income faced an effective tax rate of $35 \%$ on the entire amount of its taxable income.

Sources:

