Table T20-0057

Share of Federal Taxes - All Tax Units

By Expanded Cash Income Percentile, 2026 ¹

Baseline: Current Law

		Share of Total								
Expanded Cash Income Percentile ^{2,3}	Tax Units	Expanded Cash Income	Individual Income Tax ⁴	Payroll Tax ⁵	Corporate Income Tax	Estate Tax	Excise Tax	All Federal Tax ⁶		
Lowest Quintile	25.7	3.8	-1.7	4.2	1.3	0.2	6.9	0.7		
Second Quintile	22.1	8.4	0.3	8.9	3.9	0.2	11.2	3.7		
Middle Quintile	20.5	14.3	6.8	15.9	8.9	4.0	16.6	10.2		
Fourth Quintile	16.9	20.8	15.4	25.1	15.5	6.9	22.4	18.7		
Top Quintile	14.2	52.6	79.2	45.8	69.4	87.3	42.5	66.6		
All	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0		
Addendum										
80-90	7.3	14.4	13.8	17.9	12.3	12.8	14.3	15.0		
90-95	3.5	9.8	11.2	11.1	10.2	10.8	9.1	11.0		
95-99	2.7	13.1	20.4	11.4	16.4	22.8	10.9	16.9		
Top 1 Percent	0.7	15.2	33.8	5.3	30.4	40.9	8.2	23.6		
Top 0.1 Percent	0.1	7.0	15.8	1.3	18.0	16.4	3.1	11.0		

Source: Urban-Brookings Tax Policy Center Microsimulation Model (version 0319-2).

 $\underline{http://www.taxpolicycenter.org/taxtopics/Baseline-Definitions.cfm}$

^{*} Non-zero value rounded to zero; ** Insufficient data

⁽¹⁾ Calendar year. Baseline is current law as of 12/24/2019. For more information on TPC's baseline definitions, see:

⁽²⁾ Includes both filing and non-filing units but excludes those that are dependents of other tax units. Tax units with negative adjusted gross income are excluded from their respective income class but are included in the totals. For a description of expanded cash income, see http://www.taxpolicycenter.org/TaxModel/income.cfm

⁽³⁾ The income percentile classes used in this table are based on the income distribution for the entire population and contain an equal number of people, not tax units.

The breaks are (in 2019 dellars), 20% \$28,400, 40% \$55,000, 60% \$08,000, 80% \$178,200, 00% \$258,100, 00% \$268,000, 00% \$289,700, 00 8% \$2,071,000

Table T20-0057

Share of Federal Taxes - All Tax Units

By Expanded Cash Income Percentile, 2026 ¹

Baseline: Current Law

			Share of Total									
Expanded Cash Income Percentile ^{2,3}	Tax Units	Expanded Cash Income	Individual Income Tax ⁴	Payroll Tax ⁵	Corporate Income Tax	Estate Tax	Excise Tax	All Federal Tax ⁶				
Lowest Quintile	21.1	3.0	-2.4	3.8	0.9	0.2	5.6	0.1				
Second Quintile	20.8	7.1	-0.4	7.8	2.7	0.1	9.9	2.8				
Middle Quintile	20.5	12.7	4.6	14.1	6.7	2.3	15.2	8.2				
Fourth Quintile	19.0	20.5	14.5	24.7	14.0	2.2	22.5	17.9				
Top Quintile	17.9	56.7	83.7	49.4	74.8	94.0	46.4	70.9				
All	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0				
Addendum												
80-90	9.1	15.4	14.8	18.8	12.9	6.2	15.5	15.9				
90-95	4.5	10.9	12.5	12.3	11.3	9.0	10.3	12.2				
95-99	3.4	14.3	21.3	12.4	18.5	25.0	11.9	18.0				
Top 1 Percent	0.8	16.1	35.1	5.8	32.1	53.9	8.8	24.7				
Top 0.1 Percent	0.1	7.3	16.5	1.4	18.9	19.8	3.2	11.5				

Source: Urban-Brookings Tax Policy Center Microsimulation Model (version 0319-2).

^{*} Non-zero value rounded to zero; ** Insufficient data

⁽¹⁾ Calendar year. Baseline is current law as of 12/24/2019. For more information on TPC's baseline definitions, see:

http://www.taxpolicycenter.org/taxtopics/Baseline-Definitions.cfm

⁽²⁾ Includes both filing and non-filing units but excludes those that are dependents of other tax units. Tax units with negative adjusted gross income are excluded from their respective income class but are included in the totals. For a description of expanded cash income, see http://www.taxpolicycenter.org/TaxModel/income.cfm

⁽³⁾ The income percentile classes used in this table are based on the income distribution for the entire population and contain an equal number of people, not tax units. The incomes used are adjusted for family size by dividing by the square root of the number of people in the tax unit. The breaks are (in 2019 dollars): 20% \$19,700; 40%

Table T20-0057 Share of Federal Taxes - Single Tax Units By Expanded Cash Income Percentile, 2026 ¹

Baseline: Current Law

Expanded Cash Income Percentile ^{2,3}	Share of Total									
	Tax Units	Expanded Cash Income	Individual Income Tax ⁴	Payroll Tax ⁵	Corporate Income Tax	Estate Tax	Excise Tax	All Federal Tax ⁶		
Lowest Quintile	26.3	5.3	-2.2	6.1	1.7	0.2	10.4	1.5		
Second Quintile	24.0	11.7	1.8	11.0	5.1	0.1	14.8	5.7		
Middle Quintile	21.3	18.5	10.0	18.7	12.1	2.5	20.2	13.3		
Fourth Quintile	16.3	23.2	22.5	26.9	19.8	2.3	23.7	23.3		
Top Quintile	11.2	41.1	67.8	37.0	60.2	94.0	30.6	55.9		
All	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0		
Addendum										
80-90	6.3	13.9	17.3	16.4	14.6	6.7	12.7	16.4		
90-95	2.7	8.6	11.7	9.6	10.7	9.8	7.0	10.7		
95-99	1.9	9.5	15.5	8.0	15.4	26.0	6.8	12.9		
Top 1 Percent	0.4	9.1	23.4	3.0	19.5	51.6	4.2	16.0		
Top 0.1 Percent	0.0	4.2	11.3	0.7	12.0	17.6	1.6	7.5		

Source: Urban-Brookings Tax Policy Center Microsimulation Model (version 0319-2).

^{*} Non-zero value rounded to zero; ** Insufficient data

⁽¹⁾ Calendar year. Baseline is current law as of 12/24/2019. For more information on TPC's baseline definitions, see: http://www.taxpolicycenter.org/taxtopics/Baseline-Definitions.cfm

⁽²⁾ Includes both filing and non-filing units but excludes those that are dependents of other tax units. Tax units with negative adjusted gross income are excluded from their respective income class but are included in the totals. For a description of expanded cash income, see http://www.taxpolicycenter.org/TaxModel/income.cfm

⁽³⁾ The income percentile classes used in this table are based on the income distribution for the entire population and contain an equal number of people, not tax units. The incomes used are adjusted for family size by dividing by the square root of the number of people in the tax unit. The breaks are (in 2019 dollars): 20% \$19,700; 40% \$38,000; 60% \$65,400; 80% \$109,400; 90% \$157,600; 95% \$222,500; 99% \$513,700; 99.9% \$2,282,500.

⁽⁴⁾ After tax credits (including refundable portion of earned income and child tax credits).

⁽⁵⁾ Includes both the employee and employer portion of Social Security and Medicare tax.

⁽⁶⁾ Excludes customs duties.

Table T20-0057 Share of Federal Taxes - Married Tax Units, Filing Jointly By Expanded Cash Income Percentile, 2026 ¹

Baseline: Current Law

Expanded Cash Income Percentile ^{2,3}					Share of Total			
	Tax Units	Expanded Cash Income	Individual Income Tax ⁴	Payroll Tax ⁵	Corporate Income Tax	Estate Tax	Excise Tax	All Federal Tax ⁶
Lowest Quintile	11.0	1.2	-0.7	1.4	0.4	0.0	2.0	0.0
Second Quintile	13.3	3.5	-0.3	3.6	1.1	0.1	4.9	1.1
Middle Quintile	18.7	8.7	2.3	10.1	3.9	0.1	11.1	4.9
Fourth Quintile	25.1	19.3	11.0	24.1	11.4	1.2	22.4	15.2
Top Quintile	31.3	67.4	87.8	60.6	82.3	93.3	59.2	78.6
All	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Addendum								
80-90	15.0	17.1	13.9	21.7	12.8	0.8	18.4	16.2
90-95	8.1	12.9	12.7	15.1	12.3	1.3	13.1	13.4
95-99	6.6	17.8	23.5	16.1	21.3	15.8	16.0	21.0
Top 1 Percent	1.6	19.6	37.7	7.6	35.9	75.4	11.7	28.0
Top 0.1 Percent	0.2	8.4	16.9	1.8	19.4	40.4	4.0	12.4

Source: Urban-Brookings Tax Policy Center Microsimulation Model (version 0319-2).

^{*} Non-zero value rounded to zero; ** Insufficient data

⁽¹⁾ Calendar year. Baseline is current law as of 12/24/2019. For more information on TPC's baseline definitions, see: http://www.taxpolicycenter.org/taxtopics/Baseline-Definitions.cfm

⁽²⁾ Includes both filing and non-filing units but excludes those that are dependents of other tax units. Tax units with negative adjusted gross income are excluded from their respective income class but are included in the totals. For a description of expanded cash income, see http://www.taxpolicycenter.org/TaxModel/income.cfm

⁽³⁾ The income percentile classes used in this table are based on the income distribution for the entire population and contain an equal number of people, not tax units. The incomes used are adjusted for family size by dividing by the square root of the number of people in the tax unit. The breaks are (in 2019 dollars): 20% \$19,700; 40% \$38,000; 60% \$65,400; 80% \$109,400; 90% \$157,600; 95% \$222,500; 99% \$513,700; 99.9% \$2,282,500.

⁽⁴⁾ After tax credits (including refundable portion of earned income and child tax credits).

⁽⁵⁾ Includes both the employee and employer portion of Social Security and Medicare tax.

⁽⁶⁾ Excludes customs duties.

Table T20-0057 Share of Federal Taxes - Head of Household Tax Units By Expanded Cash Income Percentile, 2026 ¹

Baseline: Current Law

Expanded Cash Income Percentile ^{2,3}					Share of Total			
	Tax Units	Expanded Cash Income	Individual Income Tax ⁴	Payroll Tax ⁵	Corporate Income Tax	Estate Tax	Excise Tax	All Federal Tax ⁶
Lowest Quintile	31.3	10.2	n/a	12.6	4.9	0.0	14.5	-5.5
Second Quintile	30.6	21.4	n/a	24.3	11.6	0.0	26.0	11.4
Middle Quintile	21.4	25.0	n/a	25.7	16.5	0.0	24.5	24.9
Fourth Quintile	11.6	21.5	n/a	22.3	19.9	0.6	19.7	29.6
Top Quintile	5.0	21.8	n/a	14.9	47.0	99.2	15.2	39.6
All	100.0	100.0	n/a	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Addendum								
80-90	3.2	8.9	n/a	8.7	10.6	5.9	7.6	14.1
90-95	1.2	4.4	n/a	3.3	5.8	6.9	3.3	7.3
95-99	0.5	3.1	n/a	1.9	4.7	25.8	2.1	5.8
Top 1 Percent	0.1	5.4	n/a	1.0	25.9	60.6	2.3	12.4
Top 0.1 Percent	0.0	3.5	n/a	0.3	22.6	28.5	1.2	8.0

Source: Urban-Brookings Tax Policy Center Microsimulation Model (version 0319-2).

n/a: Since the total individual income tax paid by head of households tax units is small in absolute value, the shares paid by each income class can be misleading and are therefore not shown in this analysis.

 $(1) \ Calendar\ year.\ Baseline\ is\ current\ law\ as\ of\ 12/24/2019.\ For\ more\ information\ on\ TPC's\ baseline\ definitions,\ see:$

http://www.taxpolicycenter.org/taxtopics/Baseline-Definitions.cfm

(2) Includes both filing and non-filing units but excludes those that are dependents of other tax units. Tax units with negative adjusted gross income are excluded from their respective income class but are included in the totals. For a description of expanded cash income, see http://www.taxpolicycenter.org/TaxModel/income.cfm

- (4) After tax credits (including refundable portion of earned income and child tax credits).
- (5) Includes both the employee and employer portion of Social Security and Medicare tax.
- (6) Excludes customs duties.

^{*} Non-zero value rounded to zero; ** Insufficient data

⁽³⁾ The income percentile classes used in this table are based on the income distribution for the entire population and contain an equal number of people, not tax units. The incomes used are adjusted for family size by dividing by the square root of the number of people in the tax unit. The breaks are (in 2019 dollars): 20% \$19,700; 40% \$38,000; 60% \$65,400; 80% \$109,400; 90% \$157,600; 95% \$222,500; 99% \$513,700; 99.9% \$2,282,500.

Table T20-0057

Share of Federal Taxes - Tax Units with Children

By Expanded Cash Income Percentile, 2026

Baseline: Current Law

-	Share of Total									
Expanded Cash Income Percentile ^{2,3}	Tax Units	Expanded Cash Income	Individual Income Tax ⁴	Payroll Tax⁵	Corporate Income Tax	Estate Tax	Excise Tax	All Federal Tax ⁶		
Lowest Quintile	22.4	3.4	-5.8	4.7	1.4	0.0	5.8	-1.1		
Second Quintile	21.4	7.4	-2.4	9.5	3.2	0.0	10.4	2.7		
Middle Quintile	19.7	12.5	3.6	15.1	6.4	0.0	15.0	8.4		
Fourth Quintile	18.7	20.5	14.0	25.5	13.3	0.6	22.2	18.4		
Top Quintile	17.5	56.3	90.6	45.0	74.9	80.5	46.4	71.5		
All	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0		
Addendum										
80-90	8.9	14.9	14.7	17.5	12.0	1.3	14.8	15.6		
90-95	4.2	10.2	12.6	10.6	10.4	2.1	9.6	11.7		
95-99	3.4	14.3	24.6	11.2	16.6	28.8	12.1	18.7		
Top 1 Percent	0.9	16.9	38.7	5.6	36.0	48.3	9.8	25.5		
Top 0.1 Percent	0.1	7.5	17.0	1.4	22.3	27.2	3.6	11.2		

Source: Urban-Brookings Tax Policy Center Microsimulation Model (version 0319-2).

Note: Tax units with children are those claiming an exemption for children at home or away from home or with children qualifying for the Child Tax Credit or EITC.

(1) Calendar year. Baseline is current law as of 12/24/2019. For more information on TPC's baseline definitions, see:

http://www.taxpolicycenter.org/taxtopics/Baseline-Definitions.cfm

^{*} Non-zero value rounded to zero; ** Insufficient data

⁽²⁾ Includes both filing and non-filing units but excludes those that are dependents of other tax units. Tax units with negative adjusted gross income are excluded from their respective income class but are included in the totals. For a description of expanded cash income, see http://www.taxpolicycenter.org/TaxModel/income.cfm

⁽³⁾ The income percentile classes used in this table are based on the income distribution for the entire population and contain an equal number of people, not tax units. The incomes used are adjusted for family size by dividing by the square root of the number of people in the tax unit. The breaks are (in 2019 dollars): 20% \$19,700; 40% \$38,000; 60% \$65,400; 80% \$109,400; 90% \$157,600; 95% \$222,500; 99% \$513,700; 99.9% \$2,282,500.

⁽⁴⁾ After tax credits (including refundable portion of earned income and child tax credits).

⁽⁵⁾ Includes both the employee and employer portion of Social Security and Medicare tax.

⁽⁶⁾ Excludes customs duties.

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Table T20-0057 Share of Federal Taxes - Elderly Tax Units By Expanded Cash Income Percentile, 2026 ¹

Baseline: Current Law

					Share of Total			
Expanded Cash Income Percentile ^{2,3}	Tax Units	Expanded Cash Income	Individual Income Tax ⁴	Payroll Tax ⁵	Corporate Income Tax	Estate Tax	Excise Tax	All Federal Tax ⁶
Lowest Quintile	14.1	2.0	-0.2	1.2	0.4	0.2	1.9	0.2
Second Quintile	24.4	8.2	0.1	3.7	2.3	0.0	10.1	1.2
Middle Quintile	24.8	15.0	4.4	9.4	7.7	2.4	17.8	5.9
Fourth Quintile	19.3	20.2	13.9	20.2	15.2	2.3	23.5	14.9
Top Quintile	16.3	54.4	81.8	64.6	73.2	93.8	46.1	77.4
All	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Addendum								
80-90	8.1	13.5	13.2	20.1	12.2	6.5	14.3	13.9
90-95	4.1	9.8	10.9	15.4	10.9	9.2	9.7	11.5
95-99	3.2	13.0	17.9	18.1	18.3	24.8	11.6	18.1
Top 1 Percent	0.8	18.1	39.9	11.0	31.8	53.4	10.6	33.8
Top 0.1 Percent	0.1	9.3	21.6	3.1	19.2	19.5	4.6	17.9

Source: Urban-Brookings Tax Policy Center Microsimulation Model (version 0319-2).

Notes: Elderly tax units are those with either head or spouse (if filing jointly) age 65 or older.

^{*} Non-zero value rounded to zero; ** Insufficient data

⁽¹⁾ Calendar year. Baseline is current law as of 12/24/2019. For more information on TPC's baseline definitions, see:

http://www.taxpolicycenter.org/taxtopics/Baseline-Definitions.cfm

⁽²⁾ Includes both filing and non-filing units but excludes those that are dependents of other tax units. Tax units with negative adjusted gross income are excluded from their respective income class but are included in the totals. For a description of expanded cash income, see http://www.taxpolicycenter.org/TaxModel/income.cfm

⁽³⁾ The income percentile classes used in this table are based on the income distribution for the entire population and contain an equal number of people, not tax units. The incomes used are adjusted for family size by dividing by the square root of the number of people in the tax unit. The breaks are (in 2019 dollars): 20% \$19,700; 40% \$38,000; 60% \$65,400; 80% \$109,400; 90% \$157,600; 95% \$222,500; 99% \$513,700; 99.9% \$2,282,500.

⁽⁴⁾ After tax credits (including refundable portion of earned income and child tax credits).

⁽⁵⁾ Includes both the employee and employer portion of Social Security and Medicare tax.

⁽⁶⁾ Excludes customs duties.