Table T18-0104 Effective Marginal Tax Rates on Wages, Salaries, and Capital Income By Expanded Cash Income Level, 2017 Baseline: Current Law

Expanded Cash Income Level (thousands of 2018 dollars) ²	Tax Units (thousands)	Individual Income Tax ³				Individual Income Tax plus Payroll Tax ⁴
		Wages and	Long-term	Qualified	Interest	Wages and
uoliars)		Salaries	Capital Gains	Dividends	Income	Salaries
Less than 10	12,700	-6.4	1.3	1.6	0.4	7.3
10-20	22,130	-0.4	2.7	0.7	2.4	13.4
20-30	19,250	10.6	0.7	0.1	2.5	24.4
30-40	15,450	15.9	2.6	0.9	5.7	29.7
40-50	13,430	17.5	1.4	1.2	9.3	31.2
50-75	25,060	19.1	6.2	6.6	16.6	32.8
75-100	16,410	19.8	9.5	11.0	20.7	33.4
100-200	29,920	22.4	12.2	12.3	23.5	35.0
200-500	12,100	29.7	19.3	19.1	30.9	37.1
500-1,000	1,560	35.3	23.0	22.7	35.4	39.7
More than 1,000	680	38.8	22.8	23.9	35.3	42.7
All	169,910	24.4	20.3	18.7	26.3	34.9

Source: Urban-Brookings Tax Policy Center Microsimulation Model (version 0718-1).

- (2) Includes both filing and non-filing units but excludes those that are dependents of other tax units. Tax units with negative adjusted gross income are excluded from their respective income class but are included in the totals. For a description of expanded cash income, see http://www.taxpolicycenter.org/TaxModel/income.cfm
- (3) We calculate each tax unit's effective marginal individual income tax rate by adding \$1,000 to the income source and dividing the resulting tax change by that \$1,000. We then calculate the averages by weighting by the initial value of the appropriate income source.
- (4) We calculate each tax unit's effective marginal individual plus payroll tax rate by adding \$1,000 to wages and salaries. We then divide the resulting change in individual income tax plus the resulting change in the employer and employee portions of payroll taxes for Social Security and Medicare by that \$1,000. We then calculate the averages by weighting by the initial value of wages and salaries. For married couples filing jointly, we assign a portion of the \$1,000 increase to each spouse based on their initial shares of the household's total wages and salaries.

⁽¹⁾ Calendar year. Baseline is the law in place for year 2017 as of August 23, 2018. Effective marginal tax rates are weighted by the appropriate income source. For more information on TPC's baseline definitions, see: http://www.taxpolicycenter.org/taxtopics/Baseline-Definitions.cfm