11-Oct-16 PRELIMINARY RESULTS http://www.taxpolicycenter.org

Table T16-0228

Effective Marginal Tax Rates (EMTR) On Wages and Salaries

Under Current Law and Secretary Clinton's Revised Tax Proposals

By Expanded Cash Income Percentile, 2017 1

Expanded Cash Income Percentiles ^{2,3}	Tax Units (thousands)	Individual Income Tax			Individual Income Tax plus Payroll Tax		
		Current Law	Clinton Proposal	Change (Percentage Points)	Current Law	Clinton Proposal	Change (Percentage Points)
Lowest Quintile	48,340	2.3	2.9	0.6	16.2	16.8	0.6
Second Quintile	38,630	15.6	15.8	0.2	29.4	29.6	0.2
Third Quintile	33,880	19.2	19.2	0.0	32.8	32.8	0.0
Fourth Quintile	28,660	20.1	20.1	0.0	33.7	33.7	0.0
Top Quintile	23,960	31.1	32.4	1.3	38.4	39.7	1.3
All	174,680	24.7	25.5	0.7	35.1	35.8	0.7
Addendum							
80-90	12,390	25.5	25.7	0.3	36.6	36.9	0.3
90-95	5,910	27.8	29.0	1.2	35.7	36.9	1.2
95-99	4,530	33.0	35.5	2.6	38.6	41.1	2.6
Top 1 Percent	1,130	38.8	40.3	1.5	42.7	44.2	1.5
Top 0.1 Percent	120	39.5	42.6	3.0	43.3	46.4	3.0

Source: Urban-Brookings Tax Policy Center Microsimulation Model (version 0516-1).

(3) The income percentile classes used in this table are based on the income distribution for the entire population and contain an equal number of people, not tax units. The breaks are (in 2016 dollars): 20% \$24,800; 40% \$48,400; 60% \$83,300; 80% \$143,100; 90% \$208,800; 95% \$292,100; 99% \$699,000; 99.9% \$3,749,600.

⁽¹⁾ Calendar year. Baseline is current law. We calculate effective marginal tax rates by adding \$1,000 to wages and salaries and recomputing tax liability. Our computation includes the impact of the alternative minimum tax and the phase-in and phase-out of credits and other tax provisions. We assume that the increase in wages does not change the reported amount of any deductions, exclusions, or other forms of income. Effective marginal tax rates are weighted by wages and salaries. (2) Includes both filing and non-filing units but excludes those that are dependents of other tax units. Tax units with negative adjusted gross income are excluded from their respective income class but are included in the totals. For a description of expanded cash income, see http://www.taxpolicycenter.org/TaxModel/income.cfm