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Click on PDF or Excel link above for additional tables containing more detail and breakdowns by filing status and demographic groups.

Table T15-0159

Limit the Tax Value of Individual Retirement Arrangements and Defined Contribution Retirement Plans' Individual Deductions or Employer Exclusions for Income Tax Purpose to 15 Percent and Introduce a Non-refundable Tax Credit to Potentially Increase the Tax Value of These Deductions and Exclusions to 15 Percent

Baseline: Current Law

Distribution of Federal Tax Change by Expanded Cash Income Level, 2016

Summary Table

Expanded Cash Income		Tax Units with Ta	ax Increase or Cut ³		Percent Change	Share of Total	Average	Average Fede	eral Tax Rate⁵
Level (thousands of 2015	With Ta	ax Cut	With Tax I	ncrease	in After-Tax	Federal Tax	Federal Tax	Change (0/	l lood on Albo
dollars) ²	Pct of Tax Units	Avg Tax Cut	Pct of Tax Units	Avg Tax Increase	Income ⁴	Change	Change (\$)	Change (% Points)	Under the Proposal
Less than 10	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	7.6
10-20	0.2	-65	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	3.5
20-30	0.6	-84	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	5.5
30-40	0.5	-112	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	-1	0.0	8.9
40-50	1.0	-148	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	-1	0.0	11.5
50-75	0.9	-185	6.5	417	-0.1	1.3	25	0.0	13.8
75-100	0.5	-283	14.1	783	-0.2	3.8	109	0.1	16.5
100-200	0.2	-458	35.0	1,283	-0.4	27.1	448	0.3	19.4
200-500	0.2	-468	66.0	2,973	-0.9	45.1	1,961	0.7	24.1
500-1,000	0.0	0	67.4	7,037	-1.0	13.9	4,741	0.7	29.2
More than 1,000	0.0	0	60.0	9,430	-0.3	8.9	5,661	0.2	35.0
All	0.4	-180	12.4	2,106	-0.4	100.0	261	0.3	20.7

Source: Urban-Brookings Tax Policy Center Microsimulation Model (version 0515-3).

Number of AMT Taxpayers (millions). Baseline: 4.3

Proposal: 4.2

http://www.taxpolicycenter.org/taxtopics/Baseline-Definitions.cfm

(2) Includes both filing and non-filing units but excludes those that are dependents of other tax units. Tax units with negative adjusted gross income are excluded from their respective income class but are included in the totals. For a description of expanded cash income, see

- (3) Includes tax units with a change in federal tax burden of \$10 or more in absolute value.
- (4) After-tax income is expanded cash income less: individual income tax net of refundable credits; corporate income tax; payroll taxes (Social Security and Medicare); estate taxes; and excise taxes.
- (5) Average federal tax (includes individual and corporate income tax, payroll taxes for Social Security and Medicare, the estate tax, and excise taxes) as a percentage of average expanded cash income.

^{*} Less than 0.05

^{**} Insufficient data

⁽¹⁾ The proposal would limit the federal income tax value of specified deductions or exclusions from taxable income. This limitation would reduce the value of these deductions and exclusions otherwise lowering taxable income in the 25-precent, 28-percent, 33-percent, 35-percent, or 39.6-percent tax brackets under the current law to 15 percent. A similar limitation would apply under the alternative minimum tax as well. In addition, the proposal would introduce a non-refundable tax credit to potentially increase the tax value of these deductions and exclusions otherwise lowering taxable income in the 10-percent tax bracket to 15 percent. This credit would be an alternative to the existing Retirement Savings Contributions Credit. The income deductions and exclusions limited by this provision would include individual and employer contributions to Individual Retirement Arrangements and defined contribution retirement plans. The proposal would be effective for taxable years beginning after December 31, 2015.

Table T15-0159

Limit the Tax Value of Individual Retirement Arrangements and Defined Contribution Retirement Plans' Individual Deductions or Employer Exclusions for Income Tax Purpose to 15 Percent and Introduce a Non-refundable Tax Credit to Potentially Increase the Tax Value of These Deductions and Exclusions to 15 Percent

Baseline: Current Law

Distribution of Federal Tax Change by Expanded Cash Income Level, 2016 ¹ Detail Table

Expanded Cash Income Level (thousands of 2015	Percent of T	ax Units ³	Percent Change	Share of Total Federal Tax —	Average Federa	l Tax Change	Share of Fed	eral Taxes	Average Fede	eral Tax Rate ⁵
dollars) ²	With Tax cut	With Tax Increase	in After-Tax Income ⁴	Change	Dollars	Percent	Change (% Points)	Under the Proposal	Change (% Points)	Under the Proposal
Less than 10	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0.2	0.0	7.6
10-20	0.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0.5	0.0	3.5
20-30	0.6	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	1.0	0.0	5.5
30-40	0.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	-1	0.0	0.0	1.6	0.0	8.9
40-50	1.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	-1	0.0	0.0	2.2	0.0	11.5
50-75	0.9	6.5	-0.1	1.3	25	0.3	-0.1	6.7	0.0	13.8
75-100	0.5	14.1	-0.2	3.8	109	0.8	-0.1	7.5	0.1	16.5
100-200	0.2	35.0	-0.4	27.1	448	1.7	0.0	24.1	0.3	19.4
200-500	0.2	66.0	-0.9	45.1	1,961	2.9	0.3	23.2	0.7	24.1
500-1,000	0.0	67.4	-1.0	13.9	4,741	2.4	0.1	8.5	0.7	29.2
More than 1,000	0.0	60.0	-0.3	8.9	5,661	0.5	-0.2	24.3	0.2	35.0
All	0.4	12.4	-0.4	100.0	261	1.5	0.0	100.0	0.3	20.7

Baseline Distribution of Income and Federal Taxes by Expanded Cash Income Level, 2016 ¹

Expanded Cash Income	Tax U	nits	Pre-Tax Income		Federal Tax	Burden	After-Tax In	come ⁴	Average Federal Tax
Level (thousands of 2015 dollars) ²	Number (thousands)	Percent of Total	Average (dollars)	Percent of Total	Average (dollars)	Percent of Total	Average (dollars)	Percent of Total	Rate 5
Less than 10	14,724	8.5	5,753	0.6	439	0.2	5,313	0.7	7.6
10-20	26,039	15.1	15,359	2.7	539	0.5	14,820	3.2	3.5
20-30	21,906	12.7	25,245	3.7	1,382	1.0	23,863	4.4	5.5
30-40	16,072	9.3	35,565	3.8	3,153	1.7	32,412	4.4	8.9
40-50	13,205	7.7	45,784	4.0	5,244	2.3	40,540	4.5	11.5
50-75	23,789	13.8	62,910	10.0	8,655	6.7	54,255	10.8	13.8
75-100	15,880	9.2	88,631	9.4	14,527	7.5	74,103	9.9	16.4
100-200	27,265	15.8	141,622	25.7	27,050	24.1	114,572	26.2	19.1
200-500	10,362	6.0	288,418	19.9	67,569	22.9	220,849	19.2	23.4
500-1,000	1,317	0.8	686,585	6.0	195,971	8.4	490,614	5.4	28.5
More than 1,000	705	0.4	3,064,525	14.4	1,066,076	24.6	1,998,449	11.8	34.8
All	172,532	100.0	86,987	100.0	17,747	100.0	69,241	100.0	20.4

Source: Urban-Brookings Tax Policy Center Microsimulation Model (version 0515-3).

Number of AMT Taxpayers (millions). Baseline: 4.3

Proposal: 4.2

(1) The proposal would limit the federal income tax value of specified deductions or exclusions from taxable income. This limitation would reduce the value of these deductions and exclusions otherwise lowering taxable income in the 25-precent, 28-percent, 33-percent, 35-percent, or 39.6-percent tax brackets under the current law to 15 percent. A similar limitation would apply under the alternative minimum tax as well. In addition, the proposal would introduce a non-refundable tax credit to potentially increase the tax value of these deductions and exclusions otherwise lowering taxable income in the 10-percent tax bracket to 15 percent. This credit would be an alternative to the existing Retirement Savings Contributions Credit. The income deductions and exclusions limited by this provision would include individual and employer contributions to Individual Retirement Arrangements and defined contribution retirement plans. The proposal would be effective for taxable years beginning after December 31, 2015.

http://www.taxpolicycenter.org/taxtopics/Baseline-Definitions.cfm

(2) Includes both filing and non-filing units but excludes those that are dependents of other tax units. Tax units with negative adjusted gross income are excluded from their respective income class but are included in the totals. For a description of expanded cash income, see

- (3) Includes tax units with a change in federal tax burden of \$10 or more in absolute value.
- (4) After-tax income is expanded cash income less: individual income tax net of refundable credits; corporate income tax; payroll taxes (Social Security and Medicare); estate tax; and excise taxes.
- (5) Average federal tax (includes individual and corporate income tax, payroll taxes for Social Security and Medicare, the estate tax, and excise taxes) as a percentage of average expanded cash income.

^{*} Less than 0.0

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Table T15-0159

Limit the Tax Value of Individual Retirement Arrangements and Defined Contribution Retirement Plans' Individual Deductions or Employer Exclusions for Income Tax Purpose to 15 Percent and Introduce a Non-refundable Tax Credit to Potentially Increase the Tax Value of These Deductions and Exclusions to 15 Percent

Baseline: Current Law

Distribution of Federal Tax Change by Expanded Cash Income Level, 2016 ¹
Detail Table - Single Tax Units

Expanded Cash Income	Percent of T	ax Units ³	Percent Change	Share of Total	Average Federa	Tax Change	Share of Fede	ral Taxes	Average Fede	eral Tax Rate ⁵
Level (thousands of 2015 dollars) ²	With Tax cut	With Tax Increase	in After-Tax Income ⁴	Federal Tax Change	Dollars	Percent	Change (% Points)	Under the Proposal	Change (% Points)	Under the Proposal
Less than 10	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	1.0	0.0	9.5
10-20	0.3	0.0	0.0	-0.1	0	0.0	0.0	2.7	0.0	6.4
20-30	0.8	0.0	0.0	-0.1	-1	0.0	-0.1	4.5	0.0	9.2
30-40	0.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	-0.1	5.5	0.0	12.3
40-50	0.5	0.0	0.0	-0.1	-1	0.0	-0.1	6.7	0.0	14.5
50-75	0.2	13.6	-0.1	7.2	56	0.5	-0.1	16.3	0.1	17.4
75-100	0.1	35.8	-0.4	18.7	292	1.6	0.1	13.7	0.3	20.7
100-200	0.1	45.2	-0.8	48.7	798	2.7	0.3	22.0	0.6	22.9
200-500	0.2	49.0	-0.8	19.1	1,647	2.2	0.1	10.3	0.6	27.3
500-1,000	0.0	41.1	-0.6	3.9	2,973	1.3	0.0	3.5	0.4	32.6
More than 1,000	0.0	34.2	-0.2	2.8	2,895	0.2	-0.1	13.7	0.1	37.8
All	0.3	7.3	-0.3	100.0	98	1.2	0.0	100.0	0.2	18.8

Baseline Distribution of Income and Federal Taxes by Expanded Cash Income Level, 2016 ¹

Expanded Cash Income	Tax U	Inits	Pre-Tax Income		Federal Tax	Burden	After-Tax In	come ⁴	Average
Level (thousands of 2015 dollars) ²	Number (thousands)	Percent of Total	Average (dollars)	Percent of Total	Average (dollars)	Percent of Total	Average (dollars)	Percent of Total	Federal Tax Rate ⁵
Less than 10	12,809	14.7	5,712	1.9	540	1.0	5,171	2.1	9.5
10-20	20,058	23.0	15,217	7.9	971	2.7	14,246	9.0	6.4
20-30	14,163	16.3	25,106	9.2	2,305	4.5	22,801	10.2	9.2
30-40	9,258	10.6	35,513	8.5	4,363	5.6	31,150	9.1	12.3
40-50	7,373	8.5	45,789	8.7	6,653	6.8	39,137	9.1	14.5
50-75	10,972	12.6	62,354	17.6	10,769	16.4	51,585	17.9	17.3
75-100	5,479	6.3	87,830	12.4	17,880	13.6	69,951	12.1	20.4
100-200	5,238	6.0	133,711	18.0	29,832	21.7	103,878	17.2	22.3
200-500	994	1.1	276,795	7.1	73,900	10.2	202,896	6.4	26.7
500-1,000	112	0.1	694,692	2.0	223,500	3.5	471,193	1.7	32.2
More than 1,000	83	0.1	3,180,472	6.8	1,197,912	13.8	1,982,560	5.2	37.7
All	87,180	100.0	44,584	100.0	8,266	100.0	36,317	100.0	18.5

Source: Urban-Brookings Tax Policy Center Microsimulation Model (version 0515-3).

http://www.taxpolicycenter.org/taxtopics/Baseline-Definitions.cfm

(2) Includes both filing and non-filing units but excludes those that are dependents of other tax units. Tax units with negative adjusted gross income are excluded from their respective income class but are included in the totals. For a description of expanded cash income, see

- (3) Includes tax units with a change in federal tax burden of \$10 or more in absolute value.
- (4) After-tax income is expanded cash income less: individual income tax net of refundable credits; corporate income tax; payroll taxes (Social Security and Medicare); estate tax; and excise taxes.
- (5) Average federal tax (includes individual and corporate income tax, payroll taxes for Social Security and Medicare, the estate tax, and excise taxes) as a percentage of average expanded cash income.

^{*} Less than 0.0

⁽¹⁾ The proposal would limit the federal income tax value of specified deductions or exclusions from taxable income. This limitation would reduce the value of these deductions and exclusions otherwise lowering taxable income in the 25-precent, 28-percent, 33-percent, 35-percent, or 39.6-percent tax brackets under the current law to 15 percent. A similar limitation would apply under the alternative minimum tax as well. In addition, the proposal would introduce a non-refundable tax credit to potentially increase the tax value of these deductions and exclusions otherwise lowering taxable income in the 10-percent tax bracket to 15 percent. This credit would be an alternative to the existing Retirement Savings Contributions Credit. The income deductions and exclusions limited by this provision would include individual and employer contributions to Individual Retirement Arrangements and defined contribution retirement plans. The proposal would be effective for taxable years beginning after December 31, 2015.

Table T15-0159

Limit the Tax Value of Individual Retirement Arrangements and Defined Contribution Retirement Plans' Individual Deductions or Employer Exclusions for Income Tax Purpose to 15 Percent and Introduce a Non-refundable Tax Credit to Potentially Increase the Tax Value of These Deductions and Exclusions to 15 Percent

Baseline: Current Law

Distribution of Federal Tax Change by Expanded Cash Income Level, 2016

Detail Table - Married Tax Units Filing Jointly

Expanded Cash Income	Percent of T	ax Units ³	Percent Change	Share of Total	Average Federa	Tax Change	Share of Feder	al Taxes	Average Fede	eral Tax Rate ⁵
evel (thousands of 2015 dollars) ²	With Tax cut	With Tax Increase	in After-Tax Income ⁴	Federal Tax Change	Dollars	Percent	Change (% Points)	Under the Proposal	Change (% Points)	Under the Proposal
Less than 10	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	2.3
10-20	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.0
20-30	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.0
30-40	0.4	0.0	0.0	0.0	-1	0.0	0.0	0.2	0.0	3.8
40-50	1.9	0.0	0.0	0.0	-3	-0.1	0.0	0.4	0.0	6.8
50-75	1.6	0.0	0.0	-0.1	-4	-0.1	0.0	2.3	0.0	10.0
75-100	0.8	0.2	0.0	0.0	-1	0.0	-0.1	4.5	0.0	13.8
100-200	0.2	31.6	-0.3	19.5	340	1.3	-0.1	24.4	0.2	18.5
200-500	0.2	68.6	-0.9	53.0	2,012	3.0	0.4	28.9	0.7	23.7
500-1,000	0.0	70.9	-1.0	16.9	4,984	2.6	0.1	10.7	0.7	28.9
More than 1,000	0.0	65.1	-0.3	10.7	6,198	0.6	-0.3	28.4	0.2	34.5
All	0.5	23.4	-0.5	100.0	589	1.6	0.0	100.0	0.4	22.5

Baseline Distribution of Income and Federal Taxes by Expanded Cash Income Level, 2016 ¹

Expanded Cash Income	Tax U	Inits	Pre-Tax Income		Federal Tax	Burden	After-Tax In	come ⁴	Average
Level (thousands of 2015 dollars) ²	Number (thousands)	Percent of Total	Average (dollars)	Percent of Total	Average (dollars)	Percent of Total	Average (dollars)	Percent of Total	Federal Tax Rate ⁵
Less than 10	825	1.4	4,990	0.0	114	0.0	4,876	0.1	2.3
10-20	1,902	3.3	15,969	0.3	165	0.0	15,804	0.4	1.0
20-30	2,948	5.1	25,619	0.8	243	0.0	25,376	1.0	1.0
30-40	2,940	5.0	35,768	1.1	1,355	0.2	34,412	1.4	3.8
40-50	2,904	5.0	45,927	1.4	3,124	0.4	42,803	1.7	6.8
50-75	7,878	13.5	63,892	5.3	6,395	2.4	57,497	6.1	10.0
75-100	7,909	13.6	89,407	7.4	12,363	4.6	77,045	8.2	13.8
100-200	19,667	33.7	144,686	29.7	26,354	24.4	118,332	31.2	18.2
200-500	9,043	15.5	290,037	27.4	66,805	28.5	223,232	27.1	23.0
500-1,000	1,165	2.0	685,362	8.3	192,911	10.6	492,451	7.7	28.2
More than 1,000	594	1.0	2,981,946	18.5	1,023,566	28.6	1,958,379	15.6	34.3
All	58,288	100.0	164,217	100.0	36,401	100.0	127,815	100.0	22.2

Source: Urban-Brookings Tax Policy Center Microsimulation Model (version 0515-3).

http://www.taxpolicycenter.org/taxtopics/Baseline-Definitions.cfm

(2) Includes both filing and non-filing units but excludes those that are dependents of other tax units. Tax units with negative adjusted gross income are excluded from their respective income class but are included in the totals. For a description of expanded cash income, see

- (3) Includes tax units with a change in federal tax burden of \$10 or more in absolute value.
- (4) After-tax income is expanded cash income less: individual income tax net of refundable credits; corporate income tax; payroll taxes (Social Security and Medicare); estate tax; and excise taxes.
- (5) Average federal tax (includes individual and corporate income tax, payroll taxes for Social Security and Medicare, the estate tax, and excise taxes) as a percentage of average expanded cash income.

^{*} Less than 0.0

⁽¹⁾ The proposal would limit the federal income tax value of specified deductions or exclusions from taxable income. This limitation would reduce the value of these deductions and exclusions otherwise lowering taxable income in the 25-precent, 28-percent, 33-percent, 35-percent, or 39.6-percent tax brackets under the current law to 15 percent. A similar limitation would apply under the alternative minimum tax as well. In addition, the proposal would introduce a non-refundable tax credit to potentially increase the tax value of these deductions and exclusions otherwise lowering taxable income in the 10-percent tax bracket to 15 percent. This credit would be an alternative to the existing Retirement Savings Contributions Credit. The income deductions and exclusions limited by this provision would include individual and employer contributions to Individual Retirement Arrangements and defined contribution retirement plans. The proposal would be effective for taxable years beginning after December 31, 2015.

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Table T15-0159

Limit the Tax Value of Individual Retirement Arrangements and Defined Contribution Retirement Plans' Individual Deductions or Employer Exclusions for Income Tax Purpose to 15 Percent and Introduce a Non-refundable Tax Credit to Potentially Increase the Tax Value of These Deductions and Exclusions to 15 Percent

Baseline: Current Law

Distribution of Federal Tax Change by Expanded Cash Income Level, 2016 ¹
Detail Table - Head of Household Tax Units

Expanded Cash Income	Percent of T	ax Units ³	Percent Change	Share of Total	Average Federa	Tax Change	Share of Feder	al Taxes	Average Fede	eral Tax Rate ⁵
evel (thousands of 2015 dollars) ²	With Tax cut	With Tax Increase	in After-Tax Income ⁴	Federal Tax Change	Dollars	Percent	Change (% Points)	Under the Proposal	Change (% Points)	Under the Proposal
Less than 10	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	-0.4	0.0	-10.2
10-20	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	-4.1	0.0	-10.6
20-30	0.3	0.0	0.0	-0.1	0	0.0	0.0	-2.9	0.0	-3.9
30-40	1.2	0.0	0.0	-0.3	-1	-0.1	0.0	2.7	0.0	3.4
40-50	1.2	0.0	0.0	-0.3	-1	0.0	-0.1	5.6	0.0	7.2
50-75	1.7	0.0	0.0	-0.5	-2	0.0	-0.2	19.8	0.0	11.2
75-100	0.4	9.1	-0.1	5.6	39	0.3	-0.1	19.0	0.0	15.4
100-200	0.2	40.4	-0.5	66.4	516	2.0	0.3	33.3	0.4	19.8
200-500	0.0	45.6	-0.6	22.0	1,288	1.9	0.1	11.3	0.5	24.7
500-1,000	0.0	40.6	-0.6	4.5	2,862	1.4	0.0	3.3	0.4	30.1
More than 1,000	0.0	31.4	-0.1	2.6	2,803	0.2	-0.1	12.3	0.1	34.8
All	0.7	4.6	-0.1	100.0	63	1.0	0.0	100.0	0.1	12.0

Baseline Distribution of Income and Federal Taxes by Expanded Cash Income Level, 2016 ¹

Expanded Cash Income	Tax U	Inits	Pre-Tax Income		Federal Tax	Burden	After-Tax In	come ⁴	Average
Level (thousands of 2015 dollars) ²	Number (thousands)	Percent of Total	Average (dollars)	Percent of Total	Average (dollars)	Percent of Total	Average (dollars)	Percent of Total	Federal Tax Rate ⁵
Less than 10	944	3.9	6,963	0.5	-711	-0.4	7,674	0.6	-10.2
10-20	3,778	15.7	15,795	4.6	-1,677	-4.2	17,473	5.8	-10.6
20-30	4,451	18.4	25,430	8.8	-986	-2.9	26,416	10.4	-3.9
30-40	3,522	14.6	35,527	9.7	1,194	2.8	34,333	10.7	3.4
40-50	2,630	10.9	45,596	9.3	3,301	5.7	42,295	9.8	7.2
50-75	4,350	18.0	62,486	21.1	7,017	20.0	55,469	21.3	11.2
75-100	2,175	9.0	87,734	14.8	13,431	19.2	74,303	14.2	15.3
100-200	1,950	8.1	132,812	20.1	25,725	32.9	107,087	18.4	19.4
200-500	258	1.1	274,070	5.5	66,328	11.2	207,742	4.7	24.2
500-1,000	24	0.1	693,999	1.3	206,308	3.2	487,692	1.0	29.7
More than 1,000	14	0.1	3,840,137	4.2	1,333,715	12.4	2,506,422	3.1	34.7
All	24,145	100.0	53,332	100.0	6,313	100.0	47,020	100.0	11.8

Source: Urban-Brookings Tax Policy Center Microsimulation Model (version 0515-3).

http://www.taxpolicycenter.org/taxtopics/Baseline-Definitions.cfm

(2) Includes both filing and non-filing units but excludes those that are dependents of other tax units. Tax units with negative adjusted gross income are excluded from their respective income class but are included in the totals. For a description of expanded cash income, see

- (3) Includes tax units with a change in federal tax burden of \$10 or more in absolute value.
- (4) After-tax income is expanded cash income less: individual income tax net of refundable credits; corporate income tax; payroll taxes (Social Security and Medicare); estate tax; and excise taxes.
- (5) Average federal tax (includes individual and corporate income tax, payroll taxes for Social Security and Medicare, the estate tax, and excise taxes) as a percentage of average expanded cash income.

^{*} Less than 0.0

⁽¹⁾ The proposal would limit the federal income tax value of specified deductions or exclusions from taxable income. This limitation would reduce the value of these deductions and exclusions otherwise lowering taxable income in the 25-precent, 28-percent, 33-percent, 35-percent, or 39.6-percent tax brackets under the current law to 15 percent. A similar limitation would apply under the alternative minimum tax as well. In addition, the proposal would introduce a non-refundable tax credit to potentially increase the tax value of these deductions and exclusions otherwise lowering taxable income in the 10-percent tax bracket to 15 percent. This credit would be an alternative to the existing Retirement Savings Contributions Credit. The income deductions and exclusions limited by this provision would include individual and employer contributions to Individual Retirement Arrangements and defined contribution retirement plans. The proposal would be effective for taxable years beginning after December 31, 2015.

Table T15-0159

Limit the Tax Value of Individual Retirement Arrangements and Defined Contribution Retirement Plans' Individual Deductions or Employer Exclusions for Income Tax Purpose to 15 Percent and Introduce a Non-refundable Tax Credit to Potentially Increase the Tax Value of These Deductions and Exclusions to 15 Percent

Baseline: Current Law

Distribution of Federal Tax Change by Expanded Cash Income Level, 2016 ¹
Detail Table - Tax Units with Children

Expanded Cash Income	Percent of T	ax Units ³	Percent Change	Share of Total Federal Tax —	Average Federa	l Tax Change	Share of Fed	leral Taxes	Average Fed	eral Tax Rate ⁵
Level (thousands of 2015 dollars) ²	With Tax cut	With Tax Increase	in After-Tax Income ⁴	Federal Tax Change	Dollars	Percent	Change (% Points)	Under the Proposal	Change (% Points)	Under the Proposal
Less than 10	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	-0.1	0.0	-11.8
10-20	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	-0.7	0.0	-11.5
20-30	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	-0.5	0.0	-4.8
30-40	0.7	0.0	0.0	0.0	-1	-0.1	0.0	0.2	0.0	2.0
40-50	1.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	-1	0.0	0.0	0.8	0.0	6.3
50-75	1.3	0.3	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	-0.1	3.6	0.0	10.7
75-100	0.6	3.7	0.0	0.4	16	0.1	-0.1	5.1	0.0	14.4
100-200	0.2	34.5	-0.3	19.5	379	1.5	-0.1	23.7	0.3	18.4
200-500	*	74.7	-1.0	51.5	2,191	3.2	0.4	28.3	0.8	23.8
500-1,000	0.0	78.1	-1.1	17.6	5,592	2.9	0.1	10.9	0.8	29.2
More than 1,000	0.0	72.6	-0.4	11.1	6,997	0.7	-0.3	28.4	0.2	34.7
All	0.4	17.9	-0.5	100.0	449	1.8	0.0	100.0	0.4	21.0

Baseline Distribution of Income and Federal Taxes by Expanded Cash Income Level, 2016 ¹

Expanded Cash Income	Tax U	Inits	Pre-Tax Income		Federal Tax	Burden	After-Tax In	come ⁴	Average Federal Tax
Level (thousands of 2015 dollars) ²	Number (thousands)	Percent of Total	Average (dollars)	Percent of Total	Average (dollars)	Percent of Total	Average (dollars)	Percent of Total	Rate 5
Less than 10	1,246	2.5	6,635	0.1	-782	-0.1	7,417	0.2	-11.8
10-20	4,675	9.3	15,763	1.2	-1,818	-0.7	17,580	1.7	-11.5
20-30	5,672	11.3	25,471	2.3	-1,218	-0.5	26,689	3.1	-4.8
30-40	4,492	8.9	35,564	2.6	705	0.3	34,858	3.2	2.0
40-50	3,628	7.2	45,644	2.7	2,881	0.8	42,763	3.1	6.3
50-75	7,050	14.0	63,024	7.1	6,717	3.7	56,307	8.0	10.7
75-100	5,198	10.3	89,122	7.4	12,820	5.2	76,302	8.0	14.4
100-200	11,657	23.2	144,292	27.0	26,147	23.8	118,145	27.9	18.1
200-500	5,301	10.5	293,122	25.0	67,624	27.9	225,498	24.2	23.1
500-1,000	712	1.4	683,288	7.8	193,863	10.8	489,425	7.0	28.4
More than 1,000	357	0.7	2,994,529	17.2	1,031,349	28.7	1,963,181	14.2	34.4
All	50,272	100.0	123,886	100.0	25,527	100.0	98,359	100.0	20.6

 $Source: Urban-Brookings\ Tax\ Policy\ Center\ Microsimulation\ Model\ (version\ 0515-3).$

Note: Tax units with children are those claiming an exemption for children at home or away from home.

(1) The proposal would limit the federal income tax value of specified deductions or exclusions from taxable income. This limitation would reduce the value of these deductions and exclusions otherwise lowering taxable income in the 25-precent, 28-percent, 33-percent, 35-percent, or 39.6-percent tax brackets under the current law to 15 percent. A similar limitation would apply under the alternative minimum tax as well. In addition, the proposal would introduce a non-refundable tax credit to potentially increase the tax value of these deductions and exclusions otherwise lowering taxable income in the 10-percent tax bracket to 15 percent. This credit would be an alternative to the existing Retirement Savings Contributions Credit. The income deductions and exclusions limited by this provision would include individual and employer contributions to Individual Retirement Arrangements and defined contribution retirement plans. The proposal would be effective for taxable years beginning after December 31, 2015.

http://www.taxpolicycenter.org/taxtopics/Baseline-Definitions.cfm

(2) Includes both filing and non-filing units but excludes those that are dependents of other tax units. Tax units with negative adjusted gross income are excluded from their respective income class but are included in the totals. For a description of expanded cash income, see

- (3) Includes tax units with a change in federal tax burden of \$10 or more in absolute value.
- (4) After-tax income is expanded cash income less: individual income tax net of refundable credits; corporate income tax; payroll taxes (Social Security and Medicare); estate tax; and excise taxes.
- (5) Average federal tax (includes individual and corporate income tax, payroll taxes for Social Security and Medicare, the estate tax, and excise taxes) as a percentage of average expanded cash income.

^{*} Less than 0.05

Table T15-0159

Limit the Tax Value of Individual Retirement Arrangements and Defined Contribution Retirement Plans' Individual Deductions or Employer Exclusions for Income Tax Purpose to 15 Percent and Introduce a Non-refundable Tax Credit to Potentially Increase the Tax Value of These Deductions and Exclusions to 15 Percent

Baseline: Current Law

Distribution of Federal Tax Change by Expanded Cash Income Level, 2016 ¹
Detail Table - Elderly Tax Units

Expanded Cash Income Level (thousands of 2015	Percent of T	ax Units ³	Percent Change in After-Tax	Share of Total Federal Tax —	Average Federa	l Tax Change	Share of Fed	eral Taxes	Average Fede	eral Tax Rate ⁵
dollars) ²	With Tax cut	With Tax Increase	Income ⁴	Change	Dollars	Percent	Change (% Points)	Under the Proposal	Change (% Points)	Under the Proposal
Less than 10	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	2.4
10-20	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0.4	0.0	1.7
20-30	*	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0.8	0.0	2.9
30-40	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	1.2	0.0	4.4
40-50	0.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	1.7	0.0	6.1
50-75	0.4	0.4	0.0	0.1	0	0.0	0.0	5.7	0.0	8.6
75-100	0.3	1.9	0.0	1.5	13	0.1	0.0	7.6	0.0	12.4
100-200	0.3	12.6	-0.1	24.2	155	0.7	0.0	21.6	0.1	17.1
200-500	0.3	33.7	-0.4	43.5	930	1.4	0.2	18.5	0.3	23.7
500-1,000	*	39.2	-0.5	16.1	2,402	1.2	0.1	8.2	0.3	29.4
More than 1,000	0.0	35.4	-0.1	14.7	3,043	0.3	-0.1	33.9	0.1	35.9
All	0.2	3.4	-0.1	100.0	80	0.6	0.0	100.0	0.1	17.9

Baseline Distribution of Income and Federal Taxes by Expanded Cash Income Level, 2016 ¹

Expanded Cash Income Level (thousands of 2015 dollars) ²	Tax Units		Pre-Tax Income		Federal Tax Burden		After-Tax Income 4		Average
	Number (thousands)	Percent of Total	Average (dollars)	Percent of Total	Average (dollars)	Percent of Total	Average (dollars)	Percent of Total	Federal Tax Rate ⁵
Less than 10	1,889	4.6	5,514	0.3	131	0.0	5,383	0.4	2.4
10-20	7,909	19.2	15,610	3.9	265	0.4	15,344	4.7	1.7
20-30	6,516	15.8	25,150	5.2	721	0.8	24,429	6.2	2.9
30-40	4,256	10.3	35,561	4.8	1,580	1.2	33,981	5.6	4.4
40-50	3,361	8.2	45,754	4.9	2,786	1.7	42,968	5.6	6.1
50-75	5,868	14.3	62,781	11.7	5,408	5.7	57,373	13.0	8.6
75-100	3,871	9.4	88,361	10.9	10,948	7.6	77,413	11.6	12.4
100-200	5,135	12.5	138,547	22.6	23,509	21.6	115,038	22.9	17.0
200-500	1,539	3.7	285,155	14.0	66,530	18.3	218,625	13.0	23.3
500-1,000	220	0.5	710,712	5.0	206,407	8.1	504,305	4.3	29.0
More than 1,000	159	0.4	3,339,288	16.9	1,195,134	34.0	2,144,154	13.2	35.8
All	41,164	100.0	76,347	100.0	13,565	100.0	62,782	100.0	17.8

Source: Urban-Brookings Tax Policy Center Microsimulation Model (version 0515-3).

Note: Elderly tax units are those with either head or spouse (if filing jointly) age 65 or older.

(1) The proposal would limit the federal income tax value of specified deductions or exclusions from taxable income. This limitation would reduce the value of these deductions and exclusions otherwise lowering taxable income in the 25-precent, 28-percent, 33-percent, 35-percent, or 39.6-percent tax brackets under the current law to 15 percent. A similar limitation would apply under the alternative minimum tax as well. In addition, the proposal would introduce a non-refundable tax credit to potentially increase the tax value of these deductions and exclusions otherwise lowering taxable income in the 10-percent tax bracket to 15 percent. This credit would be an alternative to the existing Retirement Savings Contributions Credit. The income deductions and exclusions limited by this provision would include individual and employer contributions to Individual Retirement Arrangements and defined contribution retirement plans. The proposal would be effective for taxable years beginning after December 31, 2015.

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(2) Includes both filing and non-filing units but excludes those that are dependents of other tax units. Tax units with negative adjusted gross income are excluded from their respective income class but are included in the totals. For a description of expanded cash income, see

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^{*} Less than 0.05