## Table T15-0223

Option 2: Reduce the Maximum Amount of Debt Eligible for the Mortgage Interest Deduction to \$500,000
Baseline: Current Law
Distribution of Federal Tax Change by Expanded Cash Income Level, $2016{ }^{1}$ Summary Table

| Expanded Cash Income Level (thousands of 2015 dollars) ${ }^{2}$ | Tax Units with Tax Increase or Cut ${ }^{3}$ |  |  |  | Percent Change in After-Tax Income ${ }^{4}$ | Share of Total Federal Tax Change | Average <br> Federal Tax <br> Change (\$) | Average Federal Tax Rate ${ }^{5}$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | With Tax Cut |  | With Tax Increase |  |  |  |  |  | Under the |
|  | Pct of Tax Units | Avg Tax Cut | Pct of Tax Units | Avg Tax Increase |  |  |  | Points) | Proposal |
| Less than 10 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 7.6 |
| 10-20 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 3.5 |
| 20-30 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 5.5 |
| 30-40 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 8.9 |
| 40-50 | 0.0 | 0 | * | ** | 0.0 | 0.1 | 0 | 0.0 | 11.5 |
| 50-75 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.1 | 495 | 0.0 | 0.3 | 1 | 0.0 | 13.8 |
| 75-100 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.6 | 1,394 | 0.0 | 2.1 | 8 | 0.0 | 16.4 |
| 100-200 | 0.0 | 0 | 1.7 | 1,496 | 0.0 | 12.0 | 25 | 0.0 | 19.1 |
| 200-500 | 0.0 | 0 | 7.0 | 3,330 | -0.1 | 42.4 | 234 | 0.1 | 23.5 |
| 500-1,000 | 0.0 | 0 | 20.5 | 4,964 | -0.2 | 23.5 | 1,018 | 0.2 | 28.7 |
| More than 1,000 | 0.0 | 0 | 25.6 | 6,196 | -0.1 | 19.6 | 1,589 | 0.1 | 34.8 |
| All | 0.0 | 0 | 1.0 | 3,255 | -0.1 | 100.0 | 33 | 0.0 | 20.4 |
| Addendum |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 100-125 | 0.0 | 0 | 1.0 | 1,169 | 0.0 | 2.2 | 11 | 0.0 | 17.7 |
| 125-150 | 0.0 | 0 | 1.5 | 1,313 | 0.0 | 2.6 | 20 | 0.0 | 18.8 |
| 150-175 | 0.0 | 0 | 2.2 | 1,542 | 0.0 | 3.1 | 34 | 0.0 | 20.0 |
| 175-200 | 0.0 | 0 | 3.3 | 1,904 | 0.0 | 4.1 | 62 | 0.0 | 21.0 |

Source: Urban-Brookings Tax Policy Center Microsimulation Model (version 0515-3).
Number of AMT Taxpayers (millions). Baseline: 4.3
Proposal: 4.3

* Less than 0.05
** Insufficient data
(1) Calendar year. Baseline is current law. Proposal would reduce the maximum amount of debt eligible for the mortgage interest deduction to $\$ 500,000$ of debt on a primary residence, second home, and/or a home equity loan. Estimates are static and do not assume that taxpayers would adjust their investment portfolio and pay down their mortgage balance if their tax benefit from mortgage interest was reduced. For a description of TPC's current law baseline, see?
http://www.taxpolicycenter.org/taxtopics/Baseline-Definitions.cfm
(2) Includes both filing and non-filing units but excludes those that are dependents of other tax units. Tax units with negative adjusted gross income are excluded from their respective income class but are included in the totals. For a description of expanded cash income, see
http://www.taxpolicycenter.org/TaxModel/income.cfm
(3) Includes tax units with a change in federal tax burden of $\$ 10$ or more in absolute value.
(4) After-tax income is expanded cash income less: individual income tax net of refundable credits; corporate income tax; payroll taxes (Social Security and Medicare); estate taxes; and excise taxes.
(5) Average federal tax (includes individual and corporate income tax, payroll taxes for Social Security and Medicare, the estate tax, and excise taxes) as a percentage of average expanded cash income.

Ption 2: Reduce the Maximum Amo Interest Deduction to $\$ 500,00$
Debt Eligible for the
Baseline: Current Law
(hange by Expanded Cash Income Level, 2016 Detail Table

| Expanded Cash Income Level (thousands of 2015 dollars) ${ }^{2}$ | Percent of Tax Units ${ }^{3}$ |  | Percent Change <br> in After-Tax Income ${ }^{4}$ | Share of Total Federal Tax Change | Average Federal Tax Change |  | Share of Federal Taxes |  | Average Federal Tax Rate ${ }^{5}$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | With Tax cut | With Tax Increase |  |  | Dollars | Percent | Change (\% Points | Under the Proposal | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { Change (\% } \\ \text { Points) } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | Under the Proposal |
| Less than 10 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.2 | 0.0 | 7.6 |
| 10-20 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.5 | 0.0 | 3.5 |
| 20.30 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 1.0 | 0.0 | 5.5 |
| 30-40 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 1.7 | 0.0 | 8.9 |
| 40-50 | 0.0 | * | 0.0 | 0.1 | 0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 2.3 | 0.0 | 11.5 |
| 50-75 | 0.0 | 0.1 | 0.0 | 0.3 | 1 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 6.7 | 0.0 | 13.8 |
| 75-100 | 0.0 | 0.6 | 0.0 | 2.1 | 8 | 0.1 | 0.0 | 7.5 | 0.0 | 16.4 |
| 100-200 | 0.0 | 1.7 | 0.0 | 12.0 | 25 | 0.1 | 0.0 | 24.1 | 0.0 | 19.1 |
| 200-500 | 0.0 | 7.0 | -0.1 | 42.4 | 234 | 0.4 | 0.0 | 22.9 | 0.1 | 23.5 |
| 500-1,000 | 0.0 | 20.5 | -0.2 | 23.5 | 1,018 | 0.5 | 0.0 | 8.5 | 0.2 | 28.7 |
| More than 1,000 | 0.0 | 25.6 | -0.1 | 19.6 | 1,589 | 0.2 | 0.0 | 24.6 | 0.1 | 34.8 |
| All | 0.0 | 1.0 | -0.1 | 100.0 | 33 | 0.2 | 0.0 | 100.0 | 0.0 | 20.4 |
| Addendum |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 100-125 | 0.0 | 1.0 | 0.0 | 2.2 | 11 | 0.1 | 0.0 | 7.1 | 0.0 | 17.7 |
| 125-150 | 0.0 | 1.5 | 0.0 | 2.6 | 20 | 0.1 | 0.0 | 6.4 | 0.0 | 18.8 |
| 150-175 | 0.0 | 2.2 | 0.0 | 3.1 | 34 | 0.1 | 0.0 | 5.6 | 0.0 | 20.0 |
| 175-200 | 0.0 | 3.3 | 0.0 | 4.1 | 62 | 0.2 | 0.0 | 5.0 | 0.0 | 21.0 |

Baseline Distribution of Income and Federal Taxe by Expanded Cash Income Level, 2016

| Expanded Cash Income Level (thousands of 2015 dollars) ${ }^{2}$ | Tax Units |  | Pre-Tax Income |  | Federal Tax Burden |  | After-Tax Income ${ }^{4}$ |  | Average Federal Tax Rate ${ }^{5}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Number } \\ \text { (thousands) } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Percent of } \\ \text { Total } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | Average (dollars) | $\begin{gathered} \text { Percent of } \\ \text { Total } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | Average (dollars) | $\begin{gathered} \text { Percent of } \\ \text { Total } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | Average (dollars) | $\begin{gathered} \text { Percent of } \\ \text { Total } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |  |
| Less than 10 | 14,724 | 8.5 | 5,753 | 0.6 | 439 | 0.2 | 5,313 | 0.7 | 7.6 |
| 10-20 | 26,039 | 15.1 | 15,359 | 2.7 | 539 | 0.5 | 14,820 | 3.2 | 3.5 |
| 20-30 | 21,906 | 12.7 | 25,245 | 3.7 | 1,382 | 1.0 | 23,863 | 4.4 | 5.5 |
| 30-40 | 16,072 | 9.3 | 35,565 | 3.8 | 3,153 | 1.7 | 32,412 | 4.4 | 8.9 |
| 40.50 | 13,205 | 7.7 | 45,784 | 4.0 | 5,244 | 2.3 | 40,540 | 4.5 | 11.5 |
| 50-75 | 23,789 | 13.8 | 62,910 | 10.0 | 8,655 | 6.7 | 54,255 | 10.8 | 13.8 |
| 75-100 | 15,880 | 9.2 | 88,631 | 9.4 | 14,527 | 7.5 | 74,103 | 9.9 | 16.4 |
| 100-200 | 27,265 | 15.8 | 141,622 | 25.7 | 27,050 | 24.1 | 114,572 | 26.2 | 19.1 |
| 200-500 | 10,362 | 6.0 | 288,418 | 19.9 | 67,569 | 22.9 | 220,849 | 19.2 | 23.4 |
| 500-1,000 | 1,317 | 0.8 | 686,585 | 6.0 | 195,971 | 8.4 | 490,614 | 5.4 | 28.5 |
| More than 1,000 | 705 | 0.4 | 3,064,525 | 14.4 | 1,066,076 | 24.6 | 1,998,449 | 11.8 | 34.8 |
| All | \#\#\#\#\#\#\#\#\#\# | \#\#\#\#\#\#\#\#\# | 86,987 | 100.0 | 17,747 | 100.0 | 69,241 | 100.0 | 20.4 |
| Addendum |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 100-125 | 10,817 | 6.3 | 114,131 | 8.2 | 20,177 | 7.1 | 93,954 | 8.5 | 17.7 |
| 125-150 | 7,442 | 4.3 | 139,840 | 6.9 | 26,253 | 6.4 | 113,586 | 7.1 | 18.8 |
| 150-175 | 5,221 | 3.0 | 165,502 | 5.8 | 32,982 | 5.6 | 132,520 | 5.8 | 19.9 |
| 175-200 | 3,785 | 2.2 | 190,750 | 4.8 | 40,076 | 5.0 | 150,674 | 4.8 | 21.0 |

Source: Urban-Brookings Tax Policy Center Microsimulation Model (version 0515-3).
Number of AMT Taxnayers (millions). Baseline: 4.3
Number of AMT
(1) Calendar year. Baseline is current law. Proposal would reduce the maximum amount of debt eligible for the mortgage interest deduction to $\$ 500,000$ of debt on a primary
residence, second home, and/or a home equity loan. Estimates are static and do not assume that taxpayers would adjust their investment portfolio and pay down their mortgage balance if their tax benefit from mortgage interest was reduced. For a description of TPC's current law baseline, seel
$\frac{h t t p p: / / \text { www.taxpolicycenter.org/taxtopics/Baseline-Definitions.ctf }}{\text { (2) |ccludes both filing and non-filing units but excludes those }}$
included in the totals. For a description of expanded cash income, see dependents of other tax units. Tax units with negative adjusted gross income are excluded from their respective income class but are http://www.taxpolicycenter.org/TaxModel/income.cfm
(3) Includes tax units with a change in federal tax burden of $\$ 10$ or more in absolute value.
(5) Aer
(5) Average federal tax (includes individual and corporate income tax, payroll taxes for Social Security and Medicare, the estate tax, and excise taxes) as a percentage of average expanded cash income.

## Table T15-0223

ption 2: Reduce the Maximum Amount of Debt Eligible for the Mortgage Interest Deduction to $\$ \mathbf{5 0 0 , 0 0 0}$ Baseline: Current Law
Distribution of Federal Tax Change by Expanded Cash Income Level, 2016 Detail Table - Single Tax Units

| Expanded Cash Income Level (thousands of 2015 dollars) ${ }^{2}$ | Percent of Tax Units ${ }^{3}$ |  | Percent Change <br> in After-Tax Income ${ }^{4}$ | Share of Total <br> Federal Tax Change | Average Federal Tax Change |  | Share of Federal Taxes |  | Average Federal Tax Rate ${ }^{5}$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | With Tax cut | With Tax Increase |  |  | Dollars | Percent | Change (\% Points) | Under the Proposal | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { Change (\% } \\ \text { Points) } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | Under the Proposal |
| Less than 10 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 1.0 | 0.0 | 9.5 |
| 10-20 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 2.7 | 0.0 | 6.4 |
| 20-30 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 4.5 | 0.0 | 9.2 |
| 30-40 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 5.6 | 0.0 | 12.3 |
| 40-50 | 0.0 | * | 0.0 | 0.8 | 1 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 6.8 | 0.0 | 14.5 |
| 50-75 | 0.0 | 0.1 | 0.0 | 0.5 | 0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 16.4 | 0.0 | 17.3 |
| 75-100 | 0.0 | 0.4 | 0.0 | 8.1 | 8 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 13.6 | 0.0 | 20.4 |
| 100-200 | 0.0 | 1.0 | 0.0 | 17.0 | 17 | 0.1 | 0.0 | 21.7 | 0.0 | 22.3 |
| 200-500 | 0.0 | 6.1 | -0.1 | 41.4 | 222 | 0.3 | 0.0 | 10.2 | 0.1 | 26.8 |
| 500-1,000 | 0.0 | 15.4 | -0.2 | 15.7 | 750 | 0.3 | 0.0 | 3.5 | 0.1 | 32.3 |
| More than 1,000 | 0.0 | 16.7 | -0.1 | 16.4 | 1,054 | 0.1 | 0.0 | 13.8 | 0.0 | 37.7 |
| All | 0.0 | 0.2 | 0.0 | 100.0 | 6 | 0.1 | 0.0 | 100.0 | 0.0 | 18.6 |
| Addendum |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 100-125 | 0.0 | 0.8 | 0.0 | 5.8 | 11 | 0.1 | 0.0 | 9.2 | 0.0 | 21.4 |
| 125-150 | 0.0 | 0.7 | 0.0 | 2.5 | 10 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 5.8 | 0.0 | 22.3 |
| 150-175 | 0.0 | 1.3 | 0.0 | 4.2 | 32 | 0.1 | 0.0 | 3.7 | 0.0 | 23.0 |
| 175-200 | 0.0 | 2.1 | 0.0 | 4.5 | 53 | 0.1 | 0.0 | 3.0 | 0.0 | 24.7 |

Baseline Distribution of Income and Federal Taxes
by Expanded Cash Income Level, $2016{ }^{1}$

| Expanded Cash Income Level (thousands of 2015 dollars) ${ }^{2}$ | Tax Units |  | Pre-Tax Income |  | Federal Tax Burden |  | After-Tax Income ${ }^{4}$ |  | Average Federal Tax Rate ${ }^{5}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Number } \\ \text { (thousands) } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | Percent of <br> Total | Average (dollars) | $\begin{gathered} \text { Percent of } \\ \text { Total } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | Average (dollars) | $\begin{gathered} \text { Percent of } \\ \text { Total } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | Average (dollars) | $\begin{gathered} \text { Percent of } \\ \text { Total } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |  |
| Less than 10 | 12,809 | 14.7 | 5,712 | 1.9 | 540 | 1.0 | 5,171 | 2.1 | 9.5 |
| 10-20 | 20,058 | 23.0 | 15,217 | 7.9 | 971 | 2.7 | 14,246 | 9.0 | 6.4 |
| 20-30 | 14,163 | 16.3 | 25,106 | 9.2 | 2,305 | 4.5 | 22,801 | 10.2 | 9.2 |
| 30-40 | 9,258 | 10.6 | 35,513 | 8.5 | 4,363 | 5.6 | 31,150 | 9.1 | 12.3 |
| 40.50 | 7,373 | 8.5 | 45,789 | 8.7 | 6,653 | 6.8 | 39,137 | 9.1 | 14.5 |
| 50-75 | 10,972 | 12.6 | 62,354 | 17.6 | 10,769 | 16.4 | 51,585 | 17.9 | 17.3 |
| 75-100 | 5,479 | 6.3 | 87,830 | 12.4 | 17,880 | 13.6 | 69,951 | 12.1 | 20.4 |
| 100-200 | 5,238 | 6.0 | 133,711 | 18.0 | 29,832 | 21.7 | 103,878 | 17.2 | 22.3 |
| 200-500 | 994 | 1.1 | 276,795 | 7.1 | 73,900 | 10.2 | 202,896 | 6.4 | 26.7 |
| 500-1,000 | 112 | 0.1 | 694,692 | 2.0 | 223,500 | 3.5 | 471,193 | 1.7 | 32.2 |
| More than 1,000 | 83 | 0.1 | 3,180,472 | 6.8 | 1,197,912 | 13.8 | 1,982,560 | 5.2 | 37.7 |
| All | 87,180 | \#\#\#\#\#\#\#\#\# | 44,584 | 100.0 | 8,266 | 100.0 | 36,317 | 100.0 | 18.5 |
| Addendum |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 100-125 | 2,728 | 3.1 | 113,538 | 8.0 | 24,278 | 9.2 | 89,259 | 7.7 | 21.4 |
| 125-150 | 1,353 | 1.6 | 139,393 | 4.9 | 31,137 | 5.9 | 108,256 | 4.6 | 22.3 |
| 150-175 | 700 | 0.8 | 164,372 | 3.0 | 37,722 | 3.7 | 126,650 | 2.8 | 23.0 |
| 175-200 | 457 | 0.5 | 190,329 | 2.2 | 47,032 | 3.0 | 143,297 | 2.1 | 24.7 |

## Source: Urban-B

(1) Calendar year. Baseline is current law. Proposal would reduce the maximum amount of debt eligible for the mortgage interest deduction to $\$ 500,000$ of debt on a primary
residence, second home, and/or a home equity loan. Estimates are static and do not assume that taxpayers would adjust their investment portfolio and pay down their mortgage balance
It their tax benefit from mortgage interest was reduced. For a description of TPC's current law baseline, seeß
$\frac{h t t p: / / / \text { www.taxpolicycenter.org/taxtopics/Baseline-Definitions.cfm }}{\text { (2) Includes both filing and non-filing units but excludes those that are dependents of other tax units. Tax units with negative adjusted gross income are excluded from their respective income class but are }}$ cluded in the totals. For a description of expanded cash income, see
http://www.taxpolicycenter.org/TaxModel/income.cfm
3) Includes tax units with a change in federal tax burden of $\$ 10$ or more in absolute value
(4) After-tax income is expanded cash income less: individual income tax net of refundable credits; corporate income tax; payroll taxes (Social Security and Medicare); estate tax; and excise taxes.
(5) Average federal tax (includes individual and corporate income tax, payroll taxes for Social Security and Medicare, the estate tax, and excise taxes) as a percentage of average expanded cash income.

## Table T15-0223

ption 2: Reduce the Maximum Amount of Debt Eligible for the Mortgage Interest Deduction to $\$ \mathbf{5 0 0 , 0 0}$ Baseline: Current Law
Distribution of Federal Tax Change by Expanded Cash Income Level, 2016 Detail Table - Married Tax Units Filing Jointly

| Expanded Cash Income Level (thousands of 2015 dollars) ${ }^{2}$ | Percent of Tax Units ${ }^{3}$ |  | Percent Change in After-Tax Income ${ }^{4}$ | Share of Total Federal Tax Change | Average Federal Tax Change |  | Share of Federal Taxes |  | Average Federal Tax Rate ${ }^{5}$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | With Tax cut | With Tax Increase |  |  | Dollars | Percent | Change (\% Points) | Under the Proposal | Change (\% Points) | Under the Proposal |
| Less than 10 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 2.3 |
| 10-20 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 1.0 |
| 20-30 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 1.0 |
| 30-40 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.2 | 0.0 | 3.8 |
| 40.50 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.4 | 0.0 | 6.8 |
| 50-75 | 0.0 | 0.1 | 0.0 | 0.2 | 1 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 2.4 | 0.0 | 10.0 |
| 75-100 | 0.0 | 0.5 | 0.0 | 0.9 | 6 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 4.6 | 0.0 | 13.8 |
| 100-200 | 0.0 | 1.8 | 0.0 | 11.0 | 28 | 0.1 | 0.0 | 24.4 | 0.0 | 18.2 |
| 200-500 | 0.0 | 7.1 | -0.1 | 42.8 | 233 | 0.4 | 0.0 | 28.5 | 0.1 | 23.1 |
| 500-1,000 | 0.0 | 21.1 | -0.2 | 24.9 | 1,052 | 0.6 | 0.0 | 10.6 | 0.2 | 28.3 |
| More than 1,000 | 0.0 | 27.0 | -0.1 | 20.2 | 1,673 | 0.2 | 0.0 | 28.6 | 0.1 | 34.4 |
| All | 0.0 | 2.5 | -0.1 | 100.0 | 85 | 0.2 | 0.0 | 100.0 | 0.1 | 22.2 |
| Addendum |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 100-125 | 0.0 | 0.9 | 0.0 | 1.6 | 11 | 0.1 | 0.0 | 5.9 | 0.0 | 16.1 |
| 125-150 | 0.0 | 1.5 | 0.0 | 2.5 | 22 | 0.1 | 0.0 | 6.4 | 0.0 | 17.8 |
| 150-175 | 0.0 | 2.2 | 0.0 | 2.8 | 33 | 0.1 | 0.0 | 6.3 | 0.0 | 19.3 |
| 175-200 | 0.0 | 3.5 | 0.0 | 4.2 | 65 | 0.2 | 0.0 | 5.8 | 0.0 | 20.4 |

Baseline Distribution of Income and Federal Taxe
by Expanded Cash Income Level, $2016{ }^{1}$

| Expanded Cash Income Level (thousands of 2015 dollars) ${ }^{2}$ | Tax Units |  | Pre-Tax Income |  | Federal Tax Burden |  | After-Tax Income ${ }^{4}$ |  | Average Federal Tax Rate ${ }^{5}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{gathered} \begin{array}{c} \text { Number } \\ \text { (thousands) } \end{array} \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | Percent of | Average (dollars) | $\begin{gathered} \text { Percent of } \\ \text { Total } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | Average (dollars) | $\begin{gathered} \text { Percent of } \\ \text { Total } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | Average (dollars) | $\begin{gathered} \text { Percent of } \\ \text { Total } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |  |
| Less than 10 | 825 | 1.4 | 4,990 | 0.0 | 114 | 0.0 | 4,876 | 0.1 | 2.3 |
| 10-20 | 1,902 | 3.3 | 15,969 | 0.3 | 165 | 0.0 | 15,804 | 0.4 | 1.0 |
| 20-30 | 2,948 | 5.1 | 25,619 | 0.8 | 243 | 0.0 | 25,376 | 1.0 | 1.0 |
| 30-40 | 2,940 | 5.0 | 35,768 | 1.1 | 1,355 | 0.2 | 34,412 | 1.4 | 3.8 |
| 40-50 | 2,904 | 5.0 | 45,927 | 1.4 | 3,124 | 0.4 | 42,803 | 1.7 | 6.8 |
| 50-75 | 7,878 | 13.5 | 63,892 | 5.3 | 6,395 | 2.4 | 57,497 | 6.1 | 10.0 |
| 75-100 | 7,909 | 13.6 | 89,407 | 7.4 | 12,363 | 4.6 | 77,045 | 8.2 | 13.8 |
| 100-200 | 19,667 | 33.7 | 144,686 | 29.7 | 26,354 | 24.4 | 118,332 | 31.2 | 18.2 |
| 200-500 | 9,043 | 15.5 | 290,037 | 27.4 | 66,806 | 28.5 | 223,232 | 27.1 | 23.0 |
| 500-1,000 | 1,165 | 2.0 | 685,362 | 8.3 | 192,911 | 10.6 | 492,451 | 7.7 | 28.2 |
| More than 1,000 | 594 | 1.0 | 2,981,946 | 18.5 | 1,023,566 | 28.6 | 1,958,379 | 15.6 | 34.3 |
| All | 58,288 | \#\#\#\#\#\#\#\#\#\# | 164,217 | 100.0 | 36,401 | 100.0 | 127,815 | 100.0 | 22.2 |
| Addendum |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 100-125 | 6,866 | 11.8 | 114,485 | 8.2 | 18,380 | 6.0 | 96,105 | 8.9 | 16.1 |
| 125-150 | 5,469 | 9.4 | 140,013 | 8.0 | 24,883 | 6.4 | 115,131 | 8.5 | 17.8 |
| 150-175 | 4,179 | 7.2 | 165,610 | 7.2 | 31,928 | 6.3 | 133,681 | 7.5 | 19.3 |
| 175-200 | 3,153 | 5.4 | 190,822 | 6.3 | 38,878 | 5.8 | 151,944 | 6.4 | 20.4 |

## Source: Urban-

(1) Calendar year. Baseline is current law. Proposal would reduce the maximum amount of debt eligible for the mortgage interest deduction to $\$ 500,000$ of debt on a primary
residence, second home, and/or a home equity loan. Estimates are static and do not assume that taxpayers would adjust their investment portfolio and pay down their mortgage balance
their tax benefit from mortgage interest was reduced. For a description of TPC's current law baseline, seeß
$\frac{\text { http://www.taxpolicycenter.org/taxtopics/Baseline-Definitions.cfm }}{\text { (2) Includes both filing and non-filing units but excludes those that are dependents of other tax units. Tax units with negative adjusted gross income are excluded from their respective income class but are }}$ cluded in the totals. For a description of expanded cash income, see
http://www.taxpolicycenter.org/TaxModel/income.cfm
3) Includes tax units with a change in federal tax burden of $\$ 10$ or more in absolute value
4) After-tax income is expanded cash income less: individual income tax net of refundable credits; corporate income tax; payroll taxes (Social Security and Medicare); estate tax; and excise taxes.
(5) Average federal tax (includes individual and corporate income tax, payroll taxes for Social Security and Medicare, the estate tax, and excise taxes) as a percentage of average expanded cash income.

## Table T15-0223

ption 2: Reduce the Maximum Amount of Debt Eligible for the Mortgage Interest Deduction to $\$ \mathbf{5 0 0 , 0 0 0}$ Baseline: Current Law
Distribution of Federal Tax Change by Expanded Cash Income Level, 2016
Detail Table - Head of Household Tax Units

| Expanded Cash Income Level (thousands of 2015 dollars) ${ }^{2}$ | Percent of Tax Units ${ }^{3}$ |  | Percent Change in After-Tax Income ${ }^{4}$ | Share of Total <br> Federal Tax Change | Average Federal Tax Change |  | Share of Federal Taxes |  | Average Federal Tax Rate ${ }^{5}$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | With Tax cut | With Tax Increase |  |  | Dollars | Percent | Change (\% Points) | Under the Proposal | Change (\% Points) | Under the Proposal |
| Less than 10 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | -0.4 | 0.0 | -10.2 |
| 10-20 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | -4.2 | 0.0 | -10.6 |
| 20-30 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | -2.9 | 0.0 | -3.9 |
| 30-40 | 0.0 | * | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 2.8 | 0.0 | 3.4 |
| 40.50 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 5.7 | 0.0 | 7.2 |
| 50-75 | 0.0 | 0.1 | 0.0 | 0.9 | 0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 20.0 | 0.0 | 11.2 |
| 75-100 | 0.0 | 1.0 | 0.0 | 13.9 | 12 | 0.1 | 0.0 | 19.2 | 0.0 | 15.3 |
| 100-200 | 0.0 | 2.6 | 0.0 | 25.0 | 24 | 0.1 | 0.0 | 32.9 | 0.0 | 19.4 |
| 200-500 | 0.0 | 6.3 | -0.1 | 35.7 | 255 | 0.4 | 0.0 | 11.3 | 0.1 | 24.3 |
| 500-1,000 | 0.0 | 21.1 | -0.2 | 10.5 | 812 | 0.4 | 0.0 | 3.3 | 0.1 | 29.8 |
| More than 1,000 | 0.0 | 28.9 | -0.1 | 14.0 | 1,827 | 0.1 | 0.0 | 12.4 | 0.1 | 34.8 |
| All | 0.0 | 0.4 | 0.0 | 100.0 | 8 | 0.1 | 0.0 | 100.0 | 0.0 | 11.9 |
| Addendum |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 100-125 | 0.0 | 1.6 | 0.0 | 7.5 | 13 | 0.1 | 0.0 | 13.8 | 0.0 | 17.9 |
| 125-150 | 0.0 | 3.1 | 0.0 | 5.6 | 20 | 0.1 | 0.0 | 9.4 | 0.0 | 19.7 |
| 150-175 | 0.0 | 5.3 | -0.1 | 9.1 | 63 | 0.2 | 0.0 | 6.2 | 0.0 | 21.3 |
| 175-200 | 0.0 | 3.1 | 0.0 | 2.8 | 41 | 0.1 | 0.0 | 3.5 | 0.0 | 21.8 |

Baseline Distribution of Income and Federal Taxes
by Expanded Cash Income Level, $2016{ }^{1}$

| Expanded Cash Income Level (thousands of 2015 dollars) ${ }^{2}$ | Tax Units |  | Pre-Tax Income |  | Federal Tax Burden |  | After-Tax Income ${ }^{4}$ |  | Average Federal Tax Rate ${ }^{5}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{gathered} \begin{array}{c} \text { Number } \\ \text { (thousands) } \end{array} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Percent of } \\ \text { Total } \end{gathered}$ | Average (dollars) | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { Percent of } \\ \text { Total } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | Average (dollars) | $\begin{gathered} \text { Percent of } \\ \text { Total } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | Average (dollars) | $\begin{gathered} \text { Percent of } \\ \text { Total } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |  |
| Less than 10 | 944 | 3.9 | 6,963 | 0.5 | -711 | -0.4 | 7,674 | 0.6 | -10.2 |
| 10-20 | 3,778 | 15.7 | 15,795 | 4.6 | -1,677 | -4.2 | 17,473 | 5.8 | -10.6 |
| 20-30 | 4,451 | 18.4 | 25,430 | 8.8 | -986 | -2.9 | 26,416 | 10.4 | -3.9 |
| 30-40 | 3,522 | 14.6 | 35,527 | 9.7 | 1,194 | 2.8 | 34,333 | 10.7 | 3.4 |
| 40-50 | 2,630 | 10.9 | 45,596 | 9.3 | 3,301 | 5.7 | 42,295 | 9.8 | 7.2 |
| 50-75 | 4,350 | 18.0 | 62,486 | 21.1 | 7,017 | 20.0 | 55,469 | 21.3 | 11.2 |
| 75-100 | 2,175 | 9.0 | 87,734 | 14.8 | 13,431 | 19.2 | 74,303 | 14.2 | 15.3 |
| 100-200 | 1,950 | 8.1 | 132,812 | 20.1 | 25,725 | 32.9 | 107,087 | 18.4 | 19.4 |
| 200-500 | 258 | 1.1 | 274,070 | 5.5 | 66,328 | 11.2 | 207,742 | 4.7 | 24.2 |
| 500-1,000 | 24 | 0.1 | 693,999 | 1.3 | 206,308 | 3.2 | 487,692 | 1.0 | 29.7 |
| More than 1,000 | 14 | 0.1 | 3,840,137 | 4.2 | 1,333,715 | 12.4 | 2,506,422 | 3.1 | 34.7 |
| All | 24,145 | \#\#\#\#\#\#\#\#\# | 53,332 | 100.0 | 6,313 | 100.0 | 47,020 | 100.0 | 11.8 |
| Addendum |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 100-125 | 1,033 | 4.3 | 113,608 | 9.1 | 20,363 | 13.8 | 93,245 | 8.5 | 17.9 |
| 125-150 | 523 | 2.2 | 139,299 | 5.7 | 27,481 | 9.4 | 111,818 | 5.2 | 19.7 |
| 150-175 | 266 | 1.1 | 167,150 | 3.5 | 35,543 | 6.2 | 131,607 | 3.1 | 21.3 |
| 175-200 | 128 | 0.5 | 189,759 | 1.9 | 41,375 | 3.5 | 148,384 | 1.7 | 21.8 |

## Source: Urban-B

(1) Calendar year. Baseline is current law. Proposal would reduce the maximum amount of debt eligible for the mortgage interest deduction to $\$ 500,000$ of debt on a primary
residence, second home, and/or a home equity loan. Estimates are static and do not assume that taxpayers would adjust their investment portfolio and pay down their mortgage balance
It their tax benefit from mortgage interest was reduced. For a description of TPC's current law baseline, seeß
$\frac{h t t p: / / / \text { www.taxpolicycenter.org/taxtopics/Baseline-Definitions.cfm }}{\text { (2) Includes both filing and non-filing units but excludes those that are dependents of other tax units. Tax units with negative adjusted gross income are excluded from their respective income class but are }}$ cluded in the totals. For a description of expanded cash income, see
http://www.taxpolicycenter.org/TaxModel/income.cfm
3) Includes tax units with a change in federal tax burden of $\$ 10$ or more in absolute value
4) After-tax income is expanded cash income less: individual income tax net of refundable credits; corporate income tax; payroll taxes (Social Security and Medicare); estate tax; and excise taxes.
(5) Average federal tax (includes individual and corporate income tax, payroll taxes for Social Security and Medicare, the estate tax, and excise taxes) as a percentage of average expanded cash income.

Option 2: Reduce the Maximum Amount of Debt Eligib for the Mortgage Interest Deduction to \$500,00
Baseline: Current Law
Distribution of Federal Tax Change by Expanded Cash Income Level, 2016 Detail Table - Tax Units with Children

| Expanded Cash Income Level (thousands of 2015 dollars) ${ }^{2}$ | Percent of Tax Units ${ }^{3}$ |  | Percent Change in After-Tax Income ${ }^{4}$ | Share of Total <br> Federal Tax Change | Average Federal Tax Change |  | Share of Federal Taxes |  | Average Federal Tax Rate ${ }^{5}$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | With Tax cut | With Tax Increase |  |  | Dollars | Percent | Change (\% Points) | Under the Proposal | Change (\% Points) | Under the Proposal |
| Less than 10 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | -0.1 | 0.0 | -11.8 |
| 10-20 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | -0.7 | 0.0 | -11.5 |
| 20.30 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | -0.5 | 0.0 | -4.8 |
| 30-40 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.3 | 0.0 | 2.0 |
| 40-50 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.8 | 0.0 | 6.3 |
| 50-75 | 0.0 | 0.2 | 0.0 | 0.2 | 1 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 3.7 | 0.0 | 10.7 |
| 75-100 | 0.0 | 1.0 | 0.0 | 1.7 | 12 | 0.1 | 0.0 | 5.2 | 0.0 | 14.4 |
| 100-200 | 0.0 | 2.5 | 0.0 | 11.6 | 36 | 0.1 | 0.0 | 23.7 | 0.0 | 18.2 |
| 200-500 | 0.0 | 8.8 | -0.1 | 44.3 | 305 | 0.5 | 0.1 | 28.0 | 0.1 | 23.2 |
| 500-1,000 | 0.0 | 24.5 | -0.3 | 23.5 | 1,202 | 0.6 | 0.0 | 10.8 | 0.2 | 28.6 |
| More than 1,000 | 0.0 | 31.4 | -0.1 | 18.8 | 1,923 | 0.2 | 0.0 | 28.7 | 0.1 | 34.5 |
| All | 0.0 | 2.2 | -0.1 | 100.0 | 73 | 0.3 | 0.0 | 100.0 | 0.1 | 20.7 |
| Addendum |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 100-125 | 0.0 | 1.5 | 0.0 | 2.0 | 18 | 0.1 | 0.0 | 6.0 | 0.0 | 16.3 |
| 125-150 | 0.0 | 2.0 | 0.0 | 2.7 | 30 | 0.1 | 0.0 | 6.2 | 0.0 | 17.6 |
| 150-175 | 0.0 | 3.3 | 0.0 | 2.8 | 42 | 0.1 | 0.0 | 6.0 | 0.0 | 19.2 |
| 175-200 | 0.0 | 4.4 | -0.1 | 4.1 | 81 | 0.2 | 0.0 | 5.5 | 0.0 | 20.1 |

Baseline Distribution of Income and Federal Taxes by Expanded Cash Income Level, 2016

| Expanded Cash Income Level (thousands of 2015 dollars) ${ }^{2}$ | Tax Units |  | Pre-Tax Income |  | Federal Tax Burden |  | After-Tax Income ${ }^{4}$ |  | Average Federal Tax Rate ${ }^{5}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Number } \\ \text { (thousands) } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Percent of } \\ \text { Total } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | Average (dollars) | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { Percent of } \\ \text { Total } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | Average (dollars) | $\begin{gathered} \text { Percent of } \\ \text { Total } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | Average (dollars) | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { Percent of } \\ \text { Total } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |  |
| Less than 10 | 1,246 | 2.5 | 6,635 | 0.1 | -782 | -0.1 | 7,417 | 0.2 | -11.8 |
| 10-20 | 4,675 | 9.3 | 15,763 | 1.2 | -1,818 | -0.7 | 17,580 | 1.7 | -11.5 |
| 20-30 | 5,672 | 11.3 | 25,471 | 2.3 | -1,218 | -0.5 | 26,689 | 3.1 | -4.8 |
| 30-40 | 4,492 | 8.9 | 35,564 | 2.6 | 705 | 0.3 | 34,858 | 3.2 | 2.0 |
| 40-50 | 3,628 | 7.2 | 45,644 | 2.7 | 2,881 | 0.8 | 42,763 | 3.1 | 6.3 |
| 50-75 | 7,050 | 14.0 | 63,024 | 7.1 | 6,717 | 3.7 | 56,307 | 8.0 | 10.7 |
| 75-100 | 5,198 | 10.3 | 89,122 | 7.4 | 12,820 | 5.2 | 76,302 | 8.0 | 14.4 |
| 100-200 | 11,657 | 23.2 | 144,292 | 27.0 | 26,147 | 23.8 | 118,145 | 27.9 | 18.1 |
| 200-500 | 5,301 | 10.5 | 293,122 | 25.0 | 67,624 | 27.9 | 225,498 | 24.2 | 23.1 |
| 500-1,000 | 712 | 1.4 | 683,288 | 7.8 | 193,863 | 10.8 | 489,425 | 7.0 | 28.4 |
| More than 1,000 | 357 | 0.7 | 2,994,529 | 17.2 | 1,031,349 | 28.7 | 1,963,181 | 14.2 | 34.4 |
| All | 50,272 | \#\#\#\#\#\#\#\#\# | 123,886 | 100.0 | 25,527 | 100.0 | 98,359 | 100.0 | 20.6 |
| Addendum |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 100-125 | 4,112 | 8.2 | 114,421 | 7.6 | 18,656 | 6.0 | 95,765 | 8.0 | 16.3 |
| 125-150 | 3,266 | 6.5 | 139,695 | 7.3 | 24,519 | 6.2 | 115,176 | 7.6 | 17.6 |
| 150-175 | 2,443 | 4.9 | 165,757 | 6.5 | 31,758 | 6.1 | 133,999 | 6.6 | 19.2 |
| 175-200 | 1,835 | 3.7 | 190,832 | 5.6 | 38,360 | 5.5 | 152,471 | 5.7 | 20.1 |

Source: Urban-Brookings Tax Policy Center Microsimulation Model (version 0515-3).
Note: Tax units with children are those claiming an exemption for children at home or away from home.
(1) Calendar year. Baseline is current law. Proposal would reduce the maximum amount of debt eligible for the mortgage interest deduction to $\$ 500,000$ of debt on a primary
residence, second home, and/or a home equity loan. Estimates are static and do not assume that taxpayers would adjust their investment portfolio and pay down their mortgage balance
if their tax benefit from mortgage interest was reduced. For a description of TPC's current law baseline, seeß
$\frac{h \text { htpp://www.taxpolicycenter.org/taxtopics/Baseline-Definitions.cff }}{\text { (2) Includes both filing and non-filing units but excludes those }}$
are dependents of other tax units. Tax units with negative adjusted gross income are excluded from their respective income class but are included in the totals. For a description of expanded cash
http://www.taxpolicycenter.org/TaxModel//income.fm
(3) Includes tax units with a change in federal tax burden of $\$ 10$ or more in absolute value.
(5) Aver
(4) Atter-tax income is expanded cash income less: individual income tax net of refundable credits; corporate income tax; payrol taxes (Social Security and Medicare); estate tax; and excise taxes.
(5) Average federal tax (includes individual and corporate income tax, payroll taxes for Social Security and Medicare, the estate tax, and excise taxes) as a percentage of average expanded cash income.

Option 2: Reduce the Maximum Amount of Debt Eligible for the Mortgage Interest Deduction to \$500,000
Baseline: Current Law
Distribution of F al Tax Change by Expanded Cash Income Level, 2016
Detail Table - Elderly Tax Units

| Expanded Cash Income Level (thousands of 2015 dollars) ${ }^{2}$ | Percent of Tax Units ${ }^{3}$ |  | Percent Change in After-Tax Income ${ }^{4}$ | Share of Total <br> Federal Tax Change | Average Federal Tax Change |  | Share of Federal Taxes |  | Average Federal Tax Rate ${ }^{5}$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | With Tax cut | With Tax Increase |  |  | Dollars | Percent | Change (\% Points | Under the Proposal | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { Change (\% } \\ \text { Points) } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | Under the Proposal |
| Less than 10 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 2.4 |
| 10-20 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.4 | 0.0 | 1.7 |
| 20-30 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.8 | 0.0 | 2.9 |
| 30-40 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 1.2 | 0.0 | 4.4 |
| 40-50 | 0.0 | * | 0.0 | 0.7 | 1 | 0.1 | 0.0 | 1.7 | 0.0 | 6.1 |
| 50-75 | 0.0 | * | 0.0 | 0.4 | 0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 5.7 | 0.0 | 8.6 |
| 75-100 | 0.0 | 0.1 | 0.0 | 0.6 | 1 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 7.6 | 0.0 | 12.4 |
| 100-200 | 0.0 | 0.7 | 0.0 | 8.6 | 11 | 0.1 | 0.0 | 21.6 | 0.0 | 17.0 |
| 200-500 | 0.0 | 4.0 | -0.1 | 32.2 | 133 | 0.2 | 0.0 | 18.4 | 0.1 | 23.4 |
| 500-1,000 | 0.0 | 13.7 | -0.2 | 26.4 | 761 | 0.4 | 0.0 | 8.2 | 0.1 | 29.2 |
| More than 1,000 | 0.0 | 20.2 | -0.1 | 31.2 | 1,245 | 0.1 | 0.0 | 34.0 | 0.0 | 35.8 |
| All | 0.0 | 0.4 | 0.0 | 100.0 | 15 | 0.1 | 0.0 | 100.0 | 0.0 | 17.8 |
| Addendum |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 100-125 | 0.0 | 0.4 | 0.0 | 1.7 | 5 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 6.8 | 0.0 | 14.7 |
| 125-150 | 0.0 | 1.0 | 0.0 | 2.7 | 12 | 0.1 | 0.0 | 6.0 | 0.0 | 17.2 |
| 150-175 | 0.0 | 0.8 | 0.0 | 1.9 | 14 | 0.1 | 0.0 | 4.8 | 0.0 | 18.2 |
| 175-200 | 0.0 | 1.1 | 0.0 | 2.2 | 24 | 0.1 | 0.0 | 4.0 | 0.0 | 20.2 |

Baseline Distribution of Income and Federal Taxes
by Expanded Cash Income Level, 2016

| Expanded Cash Income Level (thousands of 2015 dollars) ${ }^{2}$ | Tax Units |  | Pre-Tax Income |  | Federal Tax Burden |  | After-Tax Income ${ }^{4}$ |  | Average Federal Tax Rate ${ }^{5}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{gathered} \begin{array}{c} \text { Number } \\ \text { (thousands) } \end{array} \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Percent of } \\ \text { Total } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | Average (dollars) | $\begin{gathered} \text { Percent of } \\ \text { Total } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | Average (dollars) | $\begin{gathered} \text { Percent of } \\ \text { Total } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | Average (dollars) | $\begin{gathered} \text { Percent of } \\ \text { Total } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |  |
| Less than 10 | 1,889 | 4.6 | 5,514 | 0.3 | 131 | 0.0 | 5,383 | 0.4 | 2.4 |
| 10-20 | 7,909 | 19.2 | 15,610 | 3.9 | 265 | 0.4 | 15,344 | 4.7 | 1.7 |
| 20-30 | 6,516 | 15.8 | 25,150 | 5.2 | 721 | 0.8 | 24,429 | 6.2 | 2.9 |
| 30-40 | 4,256 | 10.3 | 35,561 | 4.8 | 1,580 | 1.2 | 33,981 | 5.6 | 4.4 |
| 40-50 | 3,361 | 8.2 | 45,754 | 4.9 | 2,786 | 1.7 | 42,968 | 5.6 | 6.1 |
| 50-75 | 5,868 | 14.3 | 62,781 | 11.7 | 5,408 | 5.7 | 57,373 | 13.0 | 8.6 |
| 75-100 | 3,871 | 9.4 | 88,361 | 10.9 | 10,948 | 7.6 | 77,413 | 11.6 | 12.4 |
| 100-200 | 5,135 | 12.5 | 138,547 | 22.6 | 23,509 | 21.6 | 115,038 | 22.9 | 17.0 |
| 200-500 | 1,539 | 3.7 | 285,155 | 14.0 | 66,530 | 18.3 | 218,625 | 13.0 | 23.3 |
| 500-1,000 | 220 | 0.5 | 710,712 | 5.0 | 206,407 | 8.1 | 504,305 | 4.3 | 29.0 |
| More than 1,000 | 159 | 0.4 | 3,339,288 | 16.9 | 1,195,134 | 34.0 | 2,144,154 | 13.2 | 35.8 |
| All | 41,164 | \#\#\#\#\#\#\#\# | 76,347 | 100.0 | 13,565 | 100.0 | 62,782 | 100.0 | 17.8 |
| Addendum |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 100-125 | 2,270 | 5.5 | 114,026 | 8.2 | 16,786 | 6.8 | 97,240 | 8.5 | 14.7 |
| 125-150 | 1,390 | 3.4 | 139,736 | 6.2 | 24,020 | 6.0 | 115,716 | 6.2 | 17.2 |
| 150-175 | 893 | 2.2 | 164,995 | 4.7 | 30,040 | 4.8 | 134,956 | 4.7 | 18.2 |
| 175-200 | 582 | 1.4 | 190,799 | 3.5 | 38,497 | 4.0 | 152,301 | 3.4 | 20.2 |

Source: Urban-Brookings Tax Policy Center Microsimulation Model (version 0515-3).
*Less than 0.05
*Less than 0.05
(1) Calendar year. Baseline is current law. Proposal would reduce the maximum amount of debt eligible for the mortgage interest deduction to $\$ 500,000$ of debt on a primary
residence, second home, and/or a home equity loan. Estimates are static and do not assume that taxpayers would adjust their investment portfolio and pay down their mortgage balance
if their tax benefit from mortgage interest was reduced. For a description of TPC's current law baseline, seed
$\frac{h \text { http://www.taxpolicycenter.org/taxtopics/Baseline-Definitions.cfm }}{\text { (2) /ncludes both filing and non-filing units but excludes those that }}$
fhat are dependents of other tax units. Tax units with negative adjusted gross income are excluded from their respective income class but are http://www.taxpolicycenter.org/TaxModel/income.cfm
(3) Includes tax units with a change in federal tax burden of $\$ 10$ or more in absolute value
(5) Aer
(5) Average federal tax (includes individual and corporate income tax, payroll taxes for Social Security and Medicare, the estate tax, and excise taxes) as a percentage of average expanded cash income.

