Table T05-0269
EGTRRA, JGTRRA, and WFTRA Made Permanent
Distribution of Federal Tax Change by Cash Income Class, $2010{ }^{1}$

| Cash Income Class (thousands of 2005 dollars) ${ }^{2}$ | Percent of Tax Units ${ }^{3}$ |  | Percent <br> Change in <br> After-Tax <br> Income ${ }^{4}$ | Share of Total Federal Tax Change | Average Federal Tax Change |  | Share of Federal Taxes |  | Average Federal Tax Rate ${ }^{5}$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{gathered} \text { With Tax } \\ \text { Cut } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | With Tax Increase |  |  | Dollars | Percent | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { Change (\% } \\ \text { Points) } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | Under the Proposal | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { Change (\% } \\ \text { Points) } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | Under the Proposal |
| Less than 10 | 5.3 | 0.0 | 0.1 | 0.1 | -7 | -2.7 | 0.0 | 0.2 | -0.1 | 4.2 |
| 10-20 | 51.2 | 0.0 | 1.2 | 1.9 | -195 | -19.2 | -0.1 | 0.8 | -1.2 | 4.9 |
| 20-30 | 79.1 | 0.0 | 2.4 | 4.9 | -572 | -17.0 | -0.2 | 2.5 | -2.1 | 10.2 |
| 30-40 | 86.7 | 0.0 | 2.4 | 5.0 | -765 | -12.2 | -0.1 | 3.7 | -2.0 | 14.3 |
| 40-50 | 91.9 | 0.0 | 2.2 | 4.5 | -886 | -9.6 | 0.0 | 4.4 | -1.8 | 16.8 |
| 50-75 | 95.9 | 0.0 | 2.2 | 10.6 | -1,187 | -8.3 | 0.1 | 12.0 | -1.7 | 19.2 |
| 75-100 | 95.7 | 0.0 | 2.2 | 9.1 | -1,655 | -7.6 | 0.2 | 11.4 | -1.7 | 20.9 |
| 100-200 | 93.0 | 0.0 | 2.3 | 18.6 | -2,593 | -6.8 | 0.7 | 26.3 | -1.7 | 23.9 |
| 200-500 | 90.8 | 0.0 | 2.5 | 11.1 | -5,721 | -6.4 | 0.5 | 16.7 | -1.8 | 26.4 |
| 500-1,000 | 98.1 | 0.0 | 5.3 | 8.9 | -28,145 | -12.6 | -0.2 | 6.3 | -3.7 | 25.9 |
| More than 1,000 | 99.0 | 0.0 | 7.3 | 25.0 | -154,515 | -14.3 | -0.9 | 15.5 | -4.8 | 29.0 |
| All | 74.0 | 0.0 | 2.9 | 100.0 | -1,635 | -9.3 | 0.0 | 100.0 | -2.2 | 21.5 |

Baseline Distribution of Income and Federal Taxes
by Cash Income Class, $2010{ }^{1}$

| Cash Income Class <br> (thousands of 2005 dollars) ${ }^{2}$ | Tax Units ${ }^{3}$ |  | Average Income (Dollars) | Average Federal Tax Burden (Dollars) | Average After-Tax Income ${ }^{4}$ (Dollars) | Average Federal Tax Rate ${ }^{5}$ | Share of Pre- <br> Tax Income <br> Percent of <br> Total | Share of Post- <br> Tax Income <br> Percent of <br> Total | Share of <br> Federal Taxes <br> Percent of <br> Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Number (thousands) | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { Percent of } \\ \text { Total } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Less than 10 | 17,298 | 11.2 | 6,190 | 264 | 5,926 | 4.3 | 0.9 | 1.2 | 0.2 |
| 10-20 | 24,828 | 16.1 | 16,653 | 1,015 | 15,638 | 6.1 | 3.6 | 4.5 | 0.9 |
| 20-30 | 21,679 | 14.1 | 27,490 | 3,367 | 24,123 | 12.3 | 5.3 | 6.0 | 2.7 |
| 30-40 | 16,440 | 10.7 | 38,628 | 6,282 | 32,346 | 16.3 | 5.6 | 6.1 | 3.8 |
| 40-50 | 12,893 | 8.4 | 49,638 | 9,247 | 40,391 | 18.6 | 5.6 | 6.0 | 4.4 |
| 50-75 | 22,442 | 14.6 | 68,192 | 14,275 | 53,917 | 20.9 | 13.5 | 14.0 | 11.9 |
| 75-100 | 13,870 | 9.0 | 95,865 | 21,729 | 74,136 | 22.7 | 11.7 | 11.9 | 11.2 |
| 100-200 | 18,051 | 11.7 | 149,322 | 38,222 | 111,100 | 25.6 | 23.7 | 23.2 | 25.6 |
| 200-500 | 4,875 | 3.2 | 317,752 | 89,504 | 228,248 | 28.2 | 13.6 | 12.8 | 16.2 |
| 500-1,000 | 794 | 0.5 | 752,123 | 223,207 | 528,916 | 29.7 | 5.3 | 4.8 | 6.6 |
| More than 1,000 | 408 | 0.3 | 3,203,897 | 1,084,191 | 2,119,706 | 33.8 | 11.5 | 10.0 | 16.4 |
| All | 154,170 | 100.0 | 73,696 | 17,497 | 56,199 | 23.7 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 |

(1) Calendar year. Baseline is pre-EGTRRA law. Includes provisions in the Economic Growth and Tax Relief Reconciliation Act of 2001 (EGTRRA), the Jobs and Growth Tax Relief Reconciliation Act of 2003 (JGTRRA), and the Working Families Tax Relief Act of 2004 (WFTRA) affecting the following: marginal tax rates; the 10-percent bracket; the child tax credit; the child and dependent care credit; the AMT; the personal exemption phaseout (PEP); the limitation on itemized deductions (Pease); the standard deduction, 15 -percent bracket, and EITC fo married couples; tax rates on long-term capital gains and dividends; pension and IRA provisions; student loan interest deduction (excludes other education provisions); and estate tax exemption, rates, and state death tax credit. Assumes all non-AMT provisions, other than the saver's credit, are made permanent, as outlined in the Administration's FY2006 budget proposal. (2) Tax units with negative cash income are excluded from the lowest income class but are included in the totals. For a description of cash income, see
http://www.taxpolicycenter.org/TaxModel/income.cfm
(3) Includes both filing and non-filing units. Tax units that are dependents of other taxpayers are excluded from the analysis.
(4) After-tax income is cash income less: individual income tax net of refundable credits; corporate income tax; payroll taxes (Social Security and Medicare); and estate tax.
(5) Average federal tax (includes individual and corporate income tax, payroll taxes for Social Security and Medicare, and the estate tax) as a percentage of average cash income.

