Table T05-0023
Effects of PEP/PEASE Repeal
Distribution of Federal Tax Change by Cash Income Class, 2010¹

Cash Income Class (thousands of 2003 dollars) ²	Tax Units ³			Percent Change	Percent of	Average Tax	Average Federal Tax Rate ⁵	
	Number (thousands)	Percent of Total	Percent with Tax Cut	in After-Tax Income ⁴	IMBLIBY	Change (\$)	Baseline	Proposal
Less than 10	20,774	13.4	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	3.0	3.0
10-20	27,902	18.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	5.0	5.0
20-30	21,378	13.8	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	11.0	11.0
30-40	16,596	10.7	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	14.8	14.8
40-50	12,306	7.9	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	16.8	16.8
50-75	20,306	13.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	19.3	19.3
75-100	12,845	8.3	0.8	0.0	0.1	-1	20.6	20.6
100-200	17,016	10.9	14.6	0.0	3.2	-25	22.8	22.8
200-500	4,600	3.0	40.5	0.2	19.1	-558	25.3	25.1
500-1,000	779	0.5	58.9	0.7	24.0	-4,141	26.7	26.2
More than 1,000	374	0.2	73.7	0.9	53.5	-19,234	29.9	29.3
All	155,433	100.0	3.3	0.2	100.0	-86	21.1	20.9

Source: Urban-Brookings Tax Policy Center Microsimulation Model, version 0304-3.

⁽¹⁾ Baseline is current law minus the repeal of PEP and PEASE with extension of expiring provisions and the AMT indexed to 2005 levels.

⁽²⁾ Tax units with negative cash income are excluded from the lowest income class but are included in the totals. For a description of cash income, see http://www.taxpolicycenter.org/TaxModel/income.cfm

⁽³⁾ Includes both filing and non-filing units. Tax units that are dependents of other taxpayers are excluded from the analysis.

⁽⁴⁾ After-tax income is cash income less: individual income tax net of refundable credits; corporate income tax; payroll taxes (Social Security and Medicare); and estate

⁽⁵⁾ Average federal tax (individual income tax, net of refundable credits; corporate income tax; payroll taxes (Social Security and Medicare); and estate tax) as a percentage of average cash income.