## Table T15-0020

## AMT Revenue per AMT Taxpayer (\$)<sup>1</sup>

Group of AMT taxpayers All	<b>2014</b> 6,760.59	<b>2015</b> 6,888	<b>2016</b> 6,909	<b>2025</b> 9,147
Less than 30	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
30-50	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
50-75	n/a	n/a	n/a	1,021
75-100	909	849	1,013	1,269
100-200	1,864	1,965	1,965	2,489
200-500	4,380	4,413	4,473	5,587
500-1,000	9,029	8,841	9,082	12,043
1,000 and more	65,588	64,908	68,491	102,964
By Number of Children <sup>3</sup>				
0	7,431	7,625	7,619	9,790
1	5,473	5,484	5,595	7,042
2	6,773	6,774	6,768	9,434
3 or more	6,398	6,648	6,703	9,331
By State Tax Level				
High	6,125	6,357	6,423	8,683
Middle	6,559	6,458	6,472	8,232
Low	8,017	8,200	8,194	11,086
By Filing Status				
Single	6,453	6,944	6,928	8,471
Married Filing Joint	7,215	7,257	7,339	10,475
Head of Household	3,894	4,100	3,971	4,339
Married Filing Separate	4,904	5,335	5,113	6,092

Source: Urban-Brookings Tax Policy Center Microsimulation Model (version 0515-1).

n/a: Insufficient data.

(1) Includes AMT liability on Form 6251, lost credits, and the value of reduced deductions. Tax units that are dependents of other tax units are excluded fom the analysis.

(2) Tax units with negative adjusted gross income are excluded from their respective income classes. For a description of expanded cash income, see http://www.taxpolicycenter.org/TaxModel/income.cfm.

(3) Number of children is defined as number of exemptions taken for children living at home.