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Click on PDF or Excel link above for additional tables containing more detail and breakdowns by filing status and demographic groups.

Table T15-0007

President Obama's State of the Union Proposal: Major Tax Increase Provisions

Baseline: Current Law

Distribution of Federal Tax Change by Expanded Cash Income Level, 2016 ¹ Summary Table

Expanded Cash Income		Tax Units with Tax	ax Increase or Cut ³		Percent Change	Share of Total	Average	Average Fede	eral Tax Rate ⁵
evel (thousands of 2013	With Ta	nx Cut	With Tax Increase		in After-Tax	Federal Tax	Federal Tax	Change (9/	l ludou tho
dollars) ²	Pct of Tax Units	Avg Tax Cut	Pct of Tax Units	Avg Tax Increase	Income ⁴	Change	Change (\$)	Change (% Points)	Under the Proposal
Less than 10	0.0	0	2.1	257	-0.1	0.1	6	0.1	4.7
10-20	0.0	0	4.3	207	-0.1	0.4	11	0.1	2.4
20-30	0.0	0	12.2	170	-0.1	0.7	24	0.1	5.0
30-40	0.0	0	20.3	214	-0.1	1.2	47	0.1	8.0
40-50	0.0	0	31.2	235	-0.2	1.6	77	0.2	10.3
50-75	0.0	0	56.9	209	-0.2	4.8	122	0.2	13.8
75-100	0.0	0	92.0	267	-0.3	6.4	246	0.3	16.3
100-200	0.0	0	98.7	220	-0.2	10.1	217	0.2	18.6
200-500	0.0	0	99.7	849	-0.4	13.3	846	0.3	22.9
500-1,000	0.0	0	99.5	4,433	-0.9	8.3	4,409	0.6	29.0
More than 1,000	0.0	0	99.9	47,011	-2.2	50.8	46,981	1.4	36.7
All	0.0	0	49.2	770	-0.5	100.0	380	0.4	20.4

Source: Urban-Brookings Tax Policy Center Microsimulation Model (version 0613-5).

Number of AMT Taxpayers (millions). Baseline: 4.8

Proposal: 4.8

28-Jan-15

(1) Calendar year. Baseline is current law. Proposal would: (a) raise the top tax rate on long-term capital gains and qualified dividends from 20 percent to 24.2 percent; (b) tax unrealized capital gains at death (table shows the fully-phased in impact of this provision); (c) impose a tax on financial institutions; (d) limit the size of accumulated balances in IRA and 401(k)-type retirement accounts; and (e) repeal the deduction for student loan interest for new borrowers (table shows the fully phased in effect).

Although the education credit provisions provide a net tax increase for some tax units because of the repeal of the Lifetime Learning Credit, they are included in the Tax

Decrease Provision Tables, T15-0009 and T15-0010. Estimates in this table are based on descriptions of these proposals provided by the Administration in its fact sheet: http://www.whitehouse.gov/the-press-office/2015/01/17/fact-sheet-simpler-fairer-tax-code-responsibly-invests-middle-class-fami

For a description of TPC's current law baseline, see

http://www.taxpolicycenter.org/taxtopics/Baseline-Definitions.cfm

(2) Includes both filing and non-filing units but excludes those that are dependents of other tax units. Tax units with negative adjusted gross income are excluded from their respective income class but are included in the totals. For a description of expanded cash income, see http://www.taxpolicycenter.org/TaxModel/income.cfm

- (3) Includes tax units with a change in federal tax burden of \$10 or more in absolute value.
- (4) After-tax income is expanded cash income less: individual income tax net of refundable credits; corporate income tax; payroll taxes (Social Security and Medicare); and estate tax.
- (5) Average federal tax (includes individual and corporate income tax, payroll taxes for Social Security and Medicare, and the estate tax) as a percentage of average expanded cash income.

^{*} Less than 0.05

^{**} Insufficient data

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Table T15-0007 President Obama's State of the Union Proposal: Major Tax Increase Provisions Baseline: Current Law Distribution of Federal Tax Change by Expanded Cash Income Level, 2016 ¹

Detail Table

Expanded Cash Income	Percent of T	ax Units 3	Percent Change	Share of Total	Average Federa	l Tax Change	Share of Fede	ral Taxes	Average Fede	eral Tax Rate ⁵
dollars) 2	With Tax Cut	With Tax Increase	in After-Tax Income ⁴	Federal Tax Change	Dollars	Percent	Change (% Points)	Under the Proposal	Change (% Points)	Under the Proposal
Less than 10	0.0	2.1	-0.1	0.1	6	2.2	0.0	0.1	0.1	4.7
10-20	0.0	4.3	-0.1	0.4	11	2.8	0.0	0.3	0.1	2.4
20-30	0.0	12.2	-0.1	0.7	24	1.8	0.0	0.8	0.1	5.0
30-40	0.0	20.3	-0.1	1.2	47	1.6	0.0	1.5	0.1	8.0
40-50	0.0	31.2	-0.2	1.6	77	1.6	0.0	2.0	0.2	10.3
50-75	0.0	56.9	-0.2	4.8	122	1.4	0.0	7.0	0.2	13.8
75-100	0.0	92.0	-0.3	6.4	246	1.7	0.0	7.7	0.3	16.3
100-200	0.0	98.7	-0.2	10.1	217	0.8	-0.3	25.0	0.2	18.6
200-500	0.0	99.7	-0.4	13.3	846	1.3	-0.2	21.4	0.3	22.9
500-1,000	0.0	99.5	-0.9	8.3	4,409	2.2	0.0	7.7	0.6	29.0
More than 1,000	0.0	99.9	-2.2	50.8	46,981	4.0	0.5	26.2	1.4	36.7
All	0.0	49.2	-0.5	100.0	380	2.0	0.0	100.0	0.4	20.4

Baseline Distribution of Income and Federal Taxes by Expanded Cash Income Level, 2016 ¹

Expanded Cash Income	Tax Units		Pre-Tax Income		Federal Tax	Burden	After-Tax In	come ⁴	Average — Federal Tax
Level (thousands of 2013 dollars) ²	Number (thousands)	Percent of Total	Average (dollars)	Percent of Total	Average (dollars)	Percent of Total	Average (dollars)	Percent of Total	Federal Tax Rate ⁵
Less than 10	10,764	6.5	6,190	0.4	284	0.1	5,906	0.5	4.6
10-20	21,954	13.3	16,095	2.3	379	0.3	15,715	2.8	2.4
20-30	19,661	11.9	26,361	3.3	1,298	0.8	25,062	4.0	4.9
30-40	16,011	9.7	37,032	3.8	2,931	1.5	34,101	4.4	7.9
40-50	12,822	7.8	47,606	3.9	4,821	2.0	42,785	4.4	10.1
50-75	24,605	14.9	65,365	10.3	8,881	7.0	56,485	11.1	13.6
75-100	16,308	9.9	91,774	9.6	14,716	7.7	77,058	10.1	16.0
100-200	29,194	17.7	146,327	27.4	26,977	25.3	119,350	27.9	18.4
200-500	9,885	6.0	299,793	19.0	67,818	21.6	231,975	18.4	22.6
500-1,000	1,183	0.7	713,230	5.4	202,519	7.7	510,711	4.8	28.4
More than 1,000	678	0.4	3,336,255	14.5	1,176,375	25.7	2,159,880	11.7	35.3
All	164,808	100.0	94,528	100.0	18,855	100.0	75,672	100.0	20.0

Source: Urban-Brookings Tax Policy Center Microsimulation Model (version 0613-5).

Number of AMT Taxpayers (millions). Baseline: 4.8

Proposal: 4.8

Although the education credit provisions provide a net tax increase for some tax units because of the repeal of the Lifetime Learning Credit, they are included in the

Tax Decrease Provisions tables, T15-0009 and T15-0010. Estimates in this table are based on descriptions of these proposals provided by the Administration in its fact sheet: http://www.whitehouse.gov/the-press-office/2015/01/17/fact-sheet-simpler-fairer-tax-code-responsibly-invests-middle-class-fami

For a description of TPC's current law baseline, see

http://www.taxpolicycenter.org/taxtopics/Baseline-Definitions.cfm

(2) Includes both filing and non-filing units but excludes those that are dependents of other tax units. Tax units with negative adjusted gross income are excluded from their respective income class but are included in the totals. For a description of expanded cash income, see

- (3) Includes tax units with a change in federal tax burden of \$10 or more in absolute value.
- (4) After-tax income is expanded cash income less: individual income tax net of refundable credits; corporate income tax; payroll taxes (Social Security and Medicare); and estate tax.
- (5) Average federal tax (includes individual and corporate income tax, payroll taxes for Social Security and Medicare, and the estate tax) as a percentage of average expanded cash income.

^{*} Less than 0.05

⁽¹⁾ Calendar year. Baseline is current law. Proposal would: (a) raise the top tax rate on long-term capital gains and qualified dividends from 20 percent to 24.2 percent; (b) tax unrealized capital gains at death (table shows the fully-phased in impact of this provision); (c) impose a tax on financial institutions; (d) limit the size of accumulated balances in IRA and 401(k)-type retirement accounts; and (e) repeal the deduction for student loan interest for new borrowers (table shows the fully phased in effect).

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Table T15-0007

President Obama's State of the Union Proposal: Major Tax Increase Provisions Baseline: Current Law

Distribution of Federal Tax Change by Expanded Cash Income Level, 2016 ¹ Detail Table - Single Tax Units

Expanded Cash Income	Percent of T	ax Units 3	Percent Change		Average Federa	l Tax Change	Share of Fede	ral Taxes	Average Fede	eral Tax Rate ⁵
dollars) ²	With Tax Cut	With Tax Increase	in After-Tax Income ⁴	Federal Tax Change	Dollars	Percent	Change (% Points)	Under the Proposal	Change (% Points)	Under the Proposal
Less than 10	0.0	1.7	-0.1	0.3	6	1.4	0.0	0.5	0.1	6.8
10-20	0.0	3.8	-0.1	1.1	12	1.4	0.0	2.0	0.1	5.5
20-30	0.0	13.2	-0.1	2.2	32	1.4	0.0	3.9	0.1	8.9
30-40	0.0	23.0	-0.2	3.2	66	1.5	-0.1	5.3	0.2	11.9
40-50	0.0	33.5	-0.3	4.2	119	1.8	0.0	5.9	0.3	14.3
50-75	0.0	62.3	-0.4	12.4	213	1.8	-0.1	17.0	0.3	18.1
75-100	0.0	94.0	-0.8	17.4	582	3.1	0.1	14.1	0.6	21.0
100-200	0.0	97.9	-0.5	13.3	489	1.6	-0.2	21.4	0.4	23.0
200-500	0.0	99.4	-0.8	9.7	1,747	2.3	0.0	10.8	0.6	26.3
500-1,000	0.0	97.0	-1.4	4.9	6,712	3.1	0.0	4.0	1.0	31.4
More than 1,000	0.0	99.5	-2.9	27.6	61,997	4.8	0.3	14.8	1.8	39.4
All	0.0	32.3	-0.6	100.0	239	2.5	0.0	100.0	0.5	19.3

Baseline Distribution of Income and Federal Taxes by Expanded Cash Income Level, 2016 ¹

Expanded Cash Income	Tax U	nits	Pre-Tax In	come	Federal Tax	Burden	After-Tax In	come ⁴	Average Federal Tax
Level (thousands of 2013 dollars) ²	Number (thousands)	Percent of Total	Average (dollars)	Percent of Total	Average (dollars)	Percent of Total	Average (dollars)	Percent of Total	Rate 5
Less than 10	8,866	11.9	6,177	1.5	417	0.5	5,761	1.7	6.7
10-20	16,020	21.5	16,023	6.9	876	2.0	15,147	8.0	5.5
20-30	12,106	16.3	26,183	8.5	2,300	4.0	23,883	9.6	8.8
30-40	8,702	11.7	36,976	8.6	4,329	5.4	32,648	9.4	11.7
40-50	6,249	8.4	47,482	8.0	6,649	5.9	40,833	8.4	14.0
50-75	10,357	13.9	65,401	18.2	11,632	17.2	53,769	18.4	17.8
75-100	5,309	7.1	90,951	13.0	18,525	14.0	72,426	12.7	20.4
100-200	4,814	6.5	138,693	17.9	31,465	21.6	107,228	17.1	22.7
200-500	985	1.3	299,252	7.9	76,909	10.8	222,343	7.2	25.7
500-1,000	130	0.2	708,853	2.5	215,847	4.0	493,005	2.1	30.5
More than 1,000	79	0.1	3,405,735	7.2	1,280,491	14.4	2,125,243	5.6	37.6
All	74,432	100.0	50,088	100.0	9,438	100.0	40,650	100.0	18.8

Source: Urban-Brookings Tax Policy Center Microsimulation Model (version 0613-5).

(1) Calendar year. Baseline is current law. Proposal would: (a) raise the top tax rate on long-term capital gains and qualified dividends from 20 percent to 24.2 percent; (b) tax unrealized capital gains at death (table shows the fully-phased in impact of this provision); (c) impose a tax on financial institutions; (d) limit the size of accumulated balances in IRA and 401(k)-type retirement accounts; and (e) repeal the deduction for student loan interest for new borrowers (table shows the fully phased in effect).

Although the education credit provisions provide a net tax increase for some tax units because of the repeal of the Lifetime Learning Credit, they are included in the

Tax Decrease Provisions tables, T15-0009 and T15-0010. Estimates in this table are based on descriptions of these proposals provided by the Administration in its fact sheet: http://www.whitehouse.gov/the-press-office/2015/01/17/fact-sheet-simpler-fairer-tax-code-responsibly-invests-middle-class-fami

For a description of TPC's current law baseline, see

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(2) Includes both filing and non-filing units but excludes those that are dependents of other tax units. Tax units with negative adjusted gross income are excluded from their respective income class but are included in the totals. For a description of expanded cash income, see

 $\underline{\text{http://www.taxpolicycenter.org/TaxModel/income.cfm}}$

- (3) Includes tax units with a change in federal tax burden of \$10 or more in absolute value.
- (4) After-tax income is expanded cash income less: individual income tax net of refundable credits; corporate income tax; payroll taxes (Social Security and Medicare); and estate tax.
- (5) Average federal tax (includes individual and corporate income tax, payroll taxes for Social Security and Medicare, and the estate tax) as a percentage of average expanded cash income.

^{*} Less than 0.0!

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Table T15-0007

President Obama's State of the Union Proposal: Major Tax Increase Provisions Baseline: Current Law

Distribution of Federal Tax Change by Expanded Cash Income Level, 2016 ¹ Detail Table - Married Tax Units Filing Jointly

Expanded Cash Income	Percent of T	ax Units ³	Percent Change	Share of Total Federal Tax -	Average Federa	Tax Change	Share of Feder	al Taxes	Average Federal Tax Rate ⁵		
dollars) ²	With Tax Cut	With Tax Increase	in After-Tax Income ⁴	Federal Tax Change	Dollars	Percent	Change (% Points)	Under the Proposal	Change (% Points)	Under the Proposal	
Less than 10	0.0	7.6	-0.3	0.0	18	19.7	0.0	0.0	0.3	2.0	
10-20	0.0	15.0	-0.1	0.1	12	52.3	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.2	
20-30	0.0	21.9	-0.1	0.1	15	2.8	0.0	0.1	0.1	2.1	
30-40	0.0	29.4	-0.1	0.3	32	2.3	0.0	0.2	0.1	3.8	
40-50	0.0	39.3	-0.1	0.4	45	1.7	0.0	0.4	0.1	5.8	
50-75	0.0	59.5	-0.1	1.5	71	1.1	0.0	2.5	0.1	9.6	
75-100	0.0	90.9	-0.1	1.9	97	0.8	-0.1	4.6	0.1	13.3	
100-200	0.0	98.9	-0.1	9.0	168	0.7	-0.3	26.1	0.1	17.5	
200-500	0.0	99.7	-0.3	15.2	737	1.1	-0.2	26.0	0.3	22.4	
500-1,000	0.0	99.9	-0.8	10.0	4,111	2.1	0.0	9.3	0.6	28.7	
More than 1,000	0.0	100.0	-2.1	60.1	44,010	3.9	0.6	30.4	1.4	36.3	
All	0.0	77.8	-0.5	100.0	665	1.9	0.0	100.0	0.4	21.7	

Baseline Distribution of Income and Federal Taxes by Expanded Cash Income Level, 2016 ¹

Expanded Cash Income	Tax Units		Pre-Tax Income		Federal Tax	Burden	After-Tax In	Average Federal Tax	
Level (thousands of 2013 dollars) ²	Number (thousands)	Percent of Total	Average (dollars)	Percent of Total	Average (dollars)	Percent of Total	Average (dollars)	Percent of Total	Rate 5
Less than 10	793	1.3	5,399	0.0	89	0.0	5,310	0.1	1.7
10-20	1,809	2.9	16,592	0.3	23	0.0	16,569	0.4	0.1
20-30	3,022	4.8	26,749	0.8	557	0.1	26,192	1.0	2.1
30-40	3,252	5.2	37,230	1.2	1,393	0.2	35,837	1.4	3.7
40-50	3,501	5.6	47,869	1.6	2,715	0.4	45,154	2.0	5.7
50-75	9,022	14.3	65,781	5.8	6,222	2.6	59,560	6.7	9.5
75-100	8,297	13.2	92,667	7.5	12,248	4.6	80,419	8.3	13.2
100-200	22,351	35.5	148,912	32.4	25,920	26.5	122,992	34.0	17.4
200-500	8,625	13.7	299,844	25.2	66,481	26.2	233,362	24.9	22.2
500-1,000	1,018	1.6	713,846	7.1	200,599	9.3	513,247	6.5	28.1
More than 1,000	571	0.9	3,269,774	18.2	1,143,209	29.8	2,126,565	15.0	35.0
All	62,924	100.0	163,166	100.0	34,788	100.0	128,378	100.0	21.3

Source: Urban-Brookings Tax Policy Center Microsimulation Model (version 0613-5).

Tax Decrease Provisions tables, T15-0009 and T15-0010. Estimates in this table are based on descriptions of these proposals provided by the Administration in its fact sheet: http://www.whitehouse.gov/the-press-office/2015/01/17/fact-sheet-simpler-fairer-tax-code-responsibly-invests-middle-class-fami

For a description of TPC's current law baseline, see

http://www.taxpolicycenter.org/taxtopics/Baseline-Definitions.cfm

(2) Includes both filing and non-filing units but excludes those that are dependents of other tax units. Tax units with negative adjusted gross income are excluded from their respective income class but are included in the totals. For a description of expanded cash income, see

 $\underline{\text{http://www.taxpolicycenter.org/TaxModel/income.cfm}}$

- (3) Includes tax units with a change in federal tax burden of \$10 or more in absolute value.
- (4) After-tax income is expanded cash income less: individual income tax net of refundable credits; corporate income tax; payroll taxes (Social Security and Medicare); and estate tax.
- (5) Average federal tax (includes individual and corporate income tax, payroll taxes for Social Security and Medicare, and the estate tax) as a percentage of average expanded cash income.

^{*} Less than 0.0

⁽¹⁾ Calendar year. Baseline is current law. Proposal would: (a) raise the top tax rate on long-term capital gains and qualified dividends from 20 percent to 24.2 percent; (b) tax unrealized capital gains at death (table shows the fully-phased in impact of this provision); (c) impose a tax on financial institutions; (d) limit the size of accumulated balances in IRA and 401(k)-type retirement accounts; and (e) repeal the deduction for student loan interest for new borrowers (table shows the fully phased in effect).

Although the education credit provisions provide a net tax increase for some tax units because of the repeal of the Lifetime Learning Credit, they are included in the

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Table T15-0007

President Obama's State of the Union Proposal: Major Tax Increase Provisions Baseline: Current Law

Distribution of Federal Tax Change by Expanded Cash Income Level, 2016 ¹ Detail Table - Head of Household Tax Units

Expanded Cash Income	Percent of T	ax Units ³	Percent Change	Share of Total Federal Tax —	Average Federa	Tax Change	Share of Feder	ral Taxes	Average Federal Tax Rate ⁵		
evel (thousands of 2013 dollars) ²	With Tax Cut	With Tax Increase	in After-Tax Income ⁴	Federal Tax Change	Dollars	Percent	Change (% Points)	Under the Proposal	Change (% Points)	Under the Proposal	
Less than 10	0.0	0.3	0.0	0.1	1	-0.1	0.0	-0.5	0.0	-11.3	
10-20	0.0	0.8	0.0	1.0	2	-0.2	0.0	-4.3	0.0	-9.7	
20-30	0.0	2.1	0.0	1.9	5	-0.4	0.0	-3.6	0.0	-4.7	
30-40	0.0	4.9	0.0	3.6	10	1.4	0.0	1.9	0.0	2.0	
40-50	0.0	14.8	0.0	4.4	16	0.5	0.0	5.7	0.0	6.3	
50-75	0.0	39.6	0.0	10.0	22	0.3	-0.1	24.2	0.0	11.8	
75-100	0.0	90.5	0.0	7.5	34	0.2	-0.1	21.8	0.0	15.6	
100-200	0.0	97.9	-0.1	11.2	67	0.3	-0.1	30.8	0.1	19.5	
200-500	0.0	98.3	-0.2	7.5	371	0.5	0.0	10.1	0.1	24.2	
500-1,000	0.0	94.4	-0.5	5.3	2,418	1.2	0.0	3.2	0.4	29.3	
More than 1,000	0.0	99.9	-1.6	46.2	34,251	3.1	0.3	10.7	1.1	35.5	
All	0.0	26.4	-0.1	100.0	41	0.7	0.0	100.0	0.1	11.1	

Baseline Distribution of Income and Federal Taxes by Expanded Cash Income Level, 2016 ¹

Expanded Cash Income	Tax U	nits	Pre-Tax Income		Federal Tax	Burden	After-Tax In	come ⁴	Average
Level (thousands of 2013 dollars) ²	Number (thousands)	Percent of Total	Average (dollars)	Percent of Total	Average (dollars)	Percent of Total	Average (dollars)	Percent of Total	Federal Tax Rate ⁵
Less than 10	991	4.1	6,932	0.5	-785	-0.5	7,716	0.7	-11.3
10-20	3,911	16.1	16,165	4.9	-1,567	-4.3	17,732	6.1	-9.7
20-30	4,185	17.2	26,542	8.6	-1,243	-3.6	27,784	10.1	-4.7
30-40	3,664	15.1	36,939	10.5	731	1.9	36,208	11.6	2.0
40-50	2,738	11.3	47,547	10.1	2,981	5.7	44,566	10.6	6.3
50-75	4,543	18.7	64,562	22.7	7,621	24.3	56,940	22.6	11.8
75-100	2,217	9.1	90,547	15.6	14,072	21.9	76,476	14.8	15.5
100-200	1,672	6.9	135,775	17.6	26,369	30.9	109,406	16.0	19.4
200-500	203	0.8	295,754	4.7	71,059	10.1	224,695	4.0	24.0
500-1,000	22	0.1	699,809	1.2	202,428	3.1	497,381	1.0	28.9
More than 1,000	14	0.1	3,214,257	3.4	1,107,169	10.5	2,107,088	2.5	34.5
All	24,338	100.0	52,994	100.0	5,864	100.0	47,130	100.0	11.1

Source: Urban-Brookings Tax Policy Center Microsimulation Model (version 0613-5).

(1) Calendar year. Baseline is current law. Proposal would: (a) raise the top tax rate on long-term capital gains and qualified dividends from 20 percent to 24.2 percent; (b) tax unrealized capital gains at death (table shows the fully-phased in impact of this provision); (c) impose a tax on financial institutions; (d) limit the size of accumulated balances in IRA and 401(k)-type retirement accounts; and (e) repeal the deduction for student loan interest for new borrowers (table shows the fully phased in effect).

Although the education credit provisions provide a net tax increase for some tax units because of the repeal of the Lifetime Learning Credit, they are included in the

Tax Decrease Provisions tables, T15-0009 and T15-0010. Estimates in this table are based on descriptions of these proposals provided by the Administration in its fact sheet: http://www.whitehouse.gov/the-press-office/2015/01/17/fact-sheet-simpler-fairer-tax-code-responsibly-invests-middle-class-fami

For a description of TPC's current law baseline, see

http://www.taxpolicycenter.org/taxtopics/Baseline-Definitions.cfm

(2) Includes both filing and non-filing units but excludes those that are dependents of other tax units. Tax units with negative adjusted gross income are excluded from their respective income class but are included in the totals. For a description of expanded cash income, see

- (3) Includes tax units with a change in federal tax burden of \$10 or more in absolute value.
- (4) After-tax income is expanded cash income less: individual income tax net of refundable credits; corporate income tax; payroll taxes (Social Security and Medicare); and estate tax.
- (5) Average federal tax (includes individual and corporate income tax, payroll taxes for Social Security and Medicare, and the estate tax) as a percentage of average expanded cash income.

^{*} Less than 0.05

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Table T15-0007

President Obama's State of the Union Proposal: Major Tax Increase Provisions Baseline: Current Law

Distribution of Federal Tax Change by Expanded Cash Income Level, 2016 ¹ Detail Table - Tax Units with Children

Expanded Cash Income	Percent of T	ax Units ³	Percent Change	Share of Total Federal Tax —	Average Federa	Tax Change	Share of Feder	al Taxes	Average Federal Tax Rate ⁵		
evel (thousands of 2013 dollars) ²	With Tax Cut	With Tax Increase	in After-Tax Income ⁴	Federal Tax Change	Dollars	Percent	Change (% Points)	Under the Proposal	Change (% Points)	Under the Proposal	
Less than 10	0.0	0.2	-0.1	0.1	4	-0.4	0.0	-0.1	0.1	-15.7	
10-20	0.0	1.5	0.0	0.1	4	-0.2	0.0	-0.8	0.0	-13.2	
20-30	0.0	3.9	0.0	0.3	7	-0.4	0.0	-0.8	0.0	-6.9	
30-40	0.0	8.4	0.0	0.4	11	-21.8	0.0	0.0	0.0	-0.1	
40-50	0.0	18.6	0.0	0.5	16	0.8	0.0	0.7	0.0	4.5	
50-75	0.0	47.7	-0.1	1.8	28	0.4	0.0	4.1	0.0	10.1	
75-100	0.0	94.7	-0.1	1.7	36	0.3	0.0	5.9	0.0	13.6	
100-200	0.0	99.6	-0.1	8.3	75	0.3	-0.2	27.6	0.1	17.0	
200-500	0.0	99.9	-0.1	8.7	213	0.3	-0.2	26.3	0.1	21.9	
500-1,000	0.0	100.0	-0.3	7.1	1,524	0.8	0.0	9.2	0.2	28.0	
More than 1,000	0.0	100.0	-1.4	69.8	28,121	2.5	0.4	27.8	0.9	35.9	
All	0.0	56.7	-0.2	100.0	229	1.0	0.0	100.0	0.2	19.1	

Baseline Distribution of Income and Federal Taxes by Expanded Cash Income Level, 2016 ¹

Expanded Cash Income	Tax U	Tax Units		Pre-Tax Income		Burden	After-Tax In	come ⁴	Average Federal Tax
Level (thousands of 2013 dollars) ²	Number (thousands)	Percent of Total	Average (dollars)	Percent of Total	Average (dollars)	Percent of Total	Average (dollars)	Percent of Total	Federal Tax Rate ⁵
Less than 10	1,314	2.5	6,606	0.1	-1,043	-0.1	7,649	0.2	-15.8
10-20	4,482	8.7	16,300	1.2	-2,157	-0.8	18,457	1.6	-13.2
20-30	5,071	9.8	26,480	2.1	-1,829	-0.8	28,309	2.8	-6.9
30-40	4,588	8.9	36,926	2.7	-52	0.0	36,978	3.3	-0.1
40-50	3,767	7.3	47,623	2.9	2,130	0.7	45,494	3.4	4.5
50-75	7,470	14.5	65,340	7.7	6,550	4.1	58,790	8.6	10.0
75-100	5,676	11.0	92,064	8.3	12,489	5.9	79,574	8.8	13.6
100-200	13,148	25.5	148,626	31.0	25,232	27.8	123,393	31.7	17.0
200-500	4,834	9.4	299,909	23.0	65,360	26.5	234,549	22.2	21.8
500-1,000	554	1.1	711,773	6.3	197,781	9.2	513,992	5.6	27.8
More than 1,000	294	0.6	3,175,190	14.8	1,111,551	27.3	2,063,639	11.9	35.0
All	51,650	100.0	122,065	100.0	23,105	100.0	98,959	100.0	18.9

Source: Urban-Brookings Tax Policy Center Microsimulation Model (version 0613-5).

Note: Tax units with children are those claiming an exemption for children at home or away from home.

(1) Calendar year. Baseline is current law. Proposal would: (a) raise the top tax rate on long-term capital gains and qualified dividends from 20 percent to 24.2 percent; (b) tax unrealized capital gains at death (table shows the fully-phased in impact of this provision); (c) impose a tax on financial institutions; (d) limit the size of accumulated balances in IRA and 401(k)-type retirement accounts; and (e) repeal the deduction for student loan interest for new borrowers (table shows the fully phased in effect).

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(2) Includes both filing and non-filing units but excludes those that are dependents of other tax units. Tax units with negative adjusted gross income are excluded from their respective income class but are included in the totals. For a description of expanded cash income, see

- (3) Includes tax units with a change in federal tax burden of \$10 or more in absolute value.
- (4) After-tax income is expanded cash income less: individual income tax net of refundable credits; corporate income tax; payroll taxes (Social Security and Medicare); and estate tax.
- (5) Average federal tax (includes individual and corporate income tax, payroll taxes for Social Security and Medicare, and the estate tax) as a percentage of average expanded cash income.

k Less than 0.0!

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Table T15-0007

President Obama's State of the Union Proposal: Major Tax Increase Provisions Baseline: Current Law

Distribution of Federal Tax Change by Expanded Cash Income Level, 2016 ¹ Detail Table - Elderly Tax Units

Expanded Cash Income	Percent of T	ax Units ³	Percent Change in After-Tax Income ⁴	Share of Total Federal Tax —	Average Federa	Tax Change	Share of Fede	ral Taxes	Average Fed	eral Tax Rate⁵
evel (thousands of 2013 dollars) ²	With Tax Cut	With Tax Increase		Federal Tax Change	Dollars	Percent	Change (% Points)	Under the Proposal	Change (% Points)	Under the Proposal
Less than 10	0.0	2.3	-0.3	0.1	19	29.5	0.0	0.0	0.3	1.3
10-20	0.0	3.4	-0.1	0.3	16	15.7	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.7
20-30	0.0	21.0	-0.2	0.8	56	9.6	0.0	0.6	0.2	2.5
30-40	0.0	33.9	-0.4	1.5	136	8.6	0.0	1.2	0.4	4.6
40-50	0.0	43.8	-0.5	2.3	235	8.3	0.0	1.8	0.5	6.4
50-75	0.0	59.9	-0.6	6.4	378	6.4	0.0	6.5	0.6	9.8
75-100	0.0	78.5	-1.1	9.8	914	7.9	0.1	8.1	1.0	13.7
100-200	0.0	95.1	-0.7	11.9	833	3.6	-0.6	20.8	0.6	16.9
200-500	0.0	98.5	-1.6	16.6	3,708	5.4	-0.2	19.7	1.2	24.0
500-1,000	0.0	98.2	-2.9	9.1	14,618	7.0	0.0	8.5	2.0	31.3
More than 1,000	0.0	99.9	-4.3	38.9	93,323	7.9	0.4	32.4	2.8	38.3
All	0.0	46.9	-1.4	100.0	945	6.5	0.0	100.0	1.1	18.5

Baseline Distribution of Income and Federal Taxes by Expanded Cash Income Level, 2016 ¹

Expanded Cash Income Level (thousands of 2013 dollars) ²	Tax Units		Pre-Tax Income		Federal Tax Burden		After-Tax Income 4		Average
	Number (thousands)	Percent of Total	Average (dollars)	Percent of Total	Average (dollars)	Percent of Total	Average (dollars)	Percent of Total	Federal Tax Rate ⁵
Less than 10	1,457	3.9	6,339	0.3	65	0.0	6,274	0.4	1.0
10-20	6,526	17.3	16,345	3.4	104	0.1	16,242	4.1	0.6
20-30	5,200	13.8	26,113	4.3	590	0.6	25,523	5.1	2.3
30-40	4,042	10.7	37,177	4.7	1,581	1.2	35,596	5.5	4.3
40-50	3,424	9.1	47,594	5.1	2,826	1.8	44,767	5.9	5.9
50-75	6,060	16.0	64,902	12.4	5,953	6.5	58,949	13.6	9.2
75-100	3,810	10.1	91,972	11.1	11,639	8.0	80,334	11.7	12.7
100-200	5,100	13.5	141,706	22.8	23,129	21.4	118,577	23.1	16.3
200-500	1,597	4.2	302,486	15.2	68,857	19.9	233,628	14.2	22.8
500-1,000	222	0.6	716,118	5.0	209,788	8.4	506,330	4.3	29.3
More than 1,000	149	0.4	3,337,465	15.7	1,185,167	31.9	2,152,298	12.2	35.5
All	37,787	100.0	83,961	100.0	14,622	100.0	69,339	100.0	17.4

Source: Urban-Brookings Tax Policy Center Microsimulation Model (version 0613-5).

Note: Elderly tax units are those with either head or spouse (if filing jointly) age 65 or older.

(1) Calendar year. Baseline is current law. Proposal would: (a) raise the top tax rate on long-term capital gains and qualified dividends from 20 percent to 24.2 percent; (b) tax unrealized capital gains at death (table shows the fully-phased in impact of this provision); (c) impose a tax on financial institutions; (d) limit the size of accumulated balances in IRA and 401(k)-type retirement accounts; and (e) repeal the deduction for student loan interest for new borrowers (table shows the fully phased in effect).

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