## iscal Cliff Provision

Tax Increases by Cash Income Percentile, $2013{ }^{1}$

| Cash Income Percentile ${ }^{2,3}$ | Tax Units ${ }^{4}$ |  | Tax Units with a Tax Increase ${ }^{5}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Number (thousands) | Percent of Total | All Fiscal Cliff Provisions |  | Payroll Tax |  | Health Care Law Provisions |  | High Income Capital Gains and Dividends |  |
|  |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Percent } \\ \text { within Class } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Avg Tax } \\ \text { Increase (\$) } \end{gathered}$ | Percent within Class | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { Avg Tax } \\ \text { Increase (\$) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { Percent } \\ \text { within Class } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Avg Tax } \\ \text { Increase (\$) } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { Percent } \\ \text { within Class } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Avg Tax } \\ \text { Increase (\$) } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |
| Lowest Quintile | 40,520 | 25.6 | 67.1 | 590 | 62.4 | 192 | 0.4 | 43 | 0.0 | 0 |
| Second Quintile | 36,208 | 22.9 | 88.5 | 1,327 | 74.7 | 487 | 2.5 | 80 | 0.0 | 0 |
| Middle Quintile | 31,370 | 19.8 | 98.6 | 1,942 | 81.0 | 830 | 4.7 | 151 | 0.0 | 0 |
| Fourth Quintile | 26,062 | 16.5 | 99.8 | 3,415 | 85.8 | 1,324 | 5.1 | 260 | 0.0 | 0 |
| Top Quintile | 23,189 | 14.7 | 99.9 | 12,964 | 89.5 | 2,179 | 18.1 | 6,311 | 6.8 | 14,566 |
| All | 158,260 | 100.0 | 88.4 | 3,637 | 76.6 | 942 | 5.1 | 3,360 | 1.0 | 14,566 |
| Addendum |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 80-90 | 11,692 | 7.4 | 100.0 | 6,162 | 89.2 | 1,902 | 5.0 | 464 | 0.0 | 0 |
| 90-95 | 5,736 | 3.6 | 100.0 | 7,830 | 90.2 | 2,297 | 4.2 | 614 | 0.1 | 846 |
| 95-99 | 4,615 | 2.9 | 99.7 | 14,085 | 89.0 | 2,572 | 48.5 | 1,088 | 14.1 | 1,662 |
| Top 1 Percent | 1,147 | 0.7 | 100.0 | 103,445 | 90.2 | 2,820 | 98.9 | 20,807 | 81.1 | 23,684 |
| Top 0.1 Percent | 117 | 0.1 | 100.0 | 532,351 | 90.6 | 2,940 | 99.7 | 119,037 | 92.6 | 133,620 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Cash Income Percentile ${ }^{2,3}$ | Tax Units with a Tax Increase |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Stimulus Prov and | ns EITC, CTC, TC | Certain Indivi Exte | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Income Tax } \\ & a^{6} \end{aligned}$ |  | Tax | Other 2001-0 | Tax Provisions | Alternative | nimum Tax |
|  | Percent within Class | $\begin{gathered} \text { Avg Tax } \\ \text { Increase (\$) } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | Percent within Class | $\begin{gathered} \text { Avg Tax } \\ \text { Increase (\$) } \end{gathered}$ | Percent within Class | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { Avg Tax } \\ \text { Increase (\$) } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | Percent within Class | $\begin{gathered} \text { Avg Tax } \\ \text { Increase (\$) } \end{gathered}$ | Percent within Class | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { Avg Tax } \\ \text { Increase (\$) } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |
| Lowest Quintile | 22.4 | 934 | 0.7 | 63 | 0.0 | 0 | 20.9 | 255 | 0.0 | 0 |
| Second Quintile | 19.6 | 943 | 4.1 | 121 | * | ** | 74.8 | 746 | 1.4 | 861 |
| Middle Quintile | 13.5 | 762 | 9.6 | 149 | * | ** | 92.4 | 961 | 8.4 | 1,231 |
| Fourth Quintile | 7.9 | 928 | 17.8 | 245 | 0.1 | 420,493 | 98.2 | 1,479 | 28.2 | 1,563 |
| Top Quintile | 7.6 | 1,349 | 21.9 | 433 | 0.1 | 1,021,626 | 97.7 | 3,973 | 47.8 | 2,657 |
| All | 15.4 | 937 | 9.2 | 275 | * | ** | 71.3 | 1,579 | 13.6 | 2,069 |
| Addendum |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 80-90 | 10.2 | 1,123 | 23.7 | 397 | 0.1 | 495,156 | 98.9 | 2,934 | 44.5 | 2,126 |
| 90-95 | 9.7 | 1,843 | 30.9 | 475 | 0.1 | 736,449 | 99.0 | 3,857 | 43.4 | 2,030 |
| 95-99 | 0.4 | 1,078 | 11.3 | 488 | 0.2 | 1,143,538 | 95.4 | 5,850 | 72.3 | 3,923 |
| Top 1 Percent | * | ** | 1.2 | 129 | 0.3 | 2,063,900 | 88.8 | 8,292 | 5.5 | 4,259 |
| Top 0.1 Percent | * | ** | 0.3 | 121 | 0.5 | 3,910,597 | 74.9 | 10,385 | 0.2 | 2,658 |

Source: Urban-Brookings Tax Policy Center Microsimulation Model (version 0412-7)
(1) Calendar year. Provisions are stacked in the order listed. Initial baseline is current policy with the following modifications: extension of 2 percent payroll tax cut; repeal of the health care legislation taxes on earnings, and investment income; repeal of the 10 percent limitation on the deductibility of medical expenses; and extension of certain business and other provisions. For a description of TPC's current policy baseline, see:
http://taxpolicycenter.org/numbers/displayatab.cfm?Docid=3131 (2) Tax units with negative cash income class but are included in the totals. For a description of cash income, see
http://www.taxpolicycenter.org/TaxModel/income.cfm
(3) The income percentile classes used in this table are based on the income distribution for the entire population and contain an equal number of people, not tax units. The breaks are (in 2012 dollars): 20\% \$20,113; 40\% \$39,790; 60\% \$64,484; 80\% \$108,266; 90\% \$143,373; 95\% \$204,296; 99\% \$506,210; 99.9\% \$2,655,675.
(4) Includes both filing and non-filing units but excludes those that are dependents of other tax units.
(4) Threshold for tax increase is $\$ 10$. Average is calculated for those tax units with a tax increase. For a description of the provisions, see http://www.taxpolicycenter.org/publications/url.cfm?ID=412666
(6) Deduction for state and local sales taxes, the above-the-line deduction for education expenses, and the educator expense deduction.

