Table T10-0201
Extend 2009 Estate Tax Law
Distribution of Federal Tax Change by Cash Income Level, $2012{ }^{1}$ Summary Table

| Cash Income Level (thousands of 2009 dollars) ${ }^{2}$ | Percent of Tax Units ${ }^{3}$ |  | Percent Change in After-Tax Income ${ }^{4}$ | Share of Total Federal Tax Change | Average <br> Federal Tax <br> Change (\$) | Average Federal Tax Rate ${ }^{5}$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | With Tax Cut | With Tax Increase |  |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { Change (\% } \\ \text { Points) } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | Under the Proposal |
| Less than 10 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.1 | -1 | 0.0 | 5.3 |
| 10-20 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.5 | -4 | 0.0 | 4.5 |
| 20-30 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 1.3 | -10 | 0.0 | 8.8 |
| 30-40 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.6 | -7 | 0.0 | 12.9 |
| 40-50 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.2 | 5.5 | -74 | -0.2 | 15.5 |
| 50-75 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.2 | 10.0 | -77 | -0.1 | 17.7 |
| 75-100 | 0.1 | 0.0 | 0.2 | 10.5 | -126 | -0.1 | 19.4 |
| 100-200 | 0.1 | 0.0 | 0.2 | 26.7 | -225 | -0.2 | 21.8 |
| 200-500 | 0.2 | 0.0 | 0.4 | 26.6 | -780 | -0.3 | 24.6 |
| 500-1,000 | 0.3 | 0.0 | 0.3 | 10.2 | -1,699 | -0.2 | 27.0 |
| More than 1,000 | 0.5 | 0.0 | 0.1 | 7.6 | -2,496 | -0.1 | 33.0 |
| All | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.2 | 100.0 | -110 | -0.1 | 21.4 |

Source: Urban-Brookings Tax Policy Center Microsimulation Model (version 0509-5).
Number of AMT Taxpayers (millions). Baseline: $4.3 \quad$ Proposal: 4.3
(1). Calendar year. Baseline is current law plus an AMT patch; extension of the 10, 25, and 28 percent tax rates, marriage penalty relief, child tax credit, child and dependent care credit, student loan interest deduction; $0 \% / 15 \%$ rate on capital gains and qualified dividends except for taxpayers in the top two brackets; and repeal of Pease and PEP for taxpayers with incomes less than $\$ 250,000$ married $/ \$ 200,000$ for others. Proposal would extend 2009 estate tax law ( $\$ 3.5$ million effective exemption not indexed for inflation, 45 percent rate, replacing credit for state-level wealth transfer taxes with a deduction, and repeal of the 5 percent bubble).
(2) Tax units with negative cash income are excluded from the lowest income class but are included in the totals. For a description of cash income, see
http://www.taxpolicycenter.org/TaxModel/income.cfm
(3) Includes both filing and non-filing units but excludes those that are dependents of other tax units.
(4) After-tax income is cash income less: individual income tax net of refundable credits; corporate income tax; payroll taxes (Social Security and Medicare); and estate tax.
(5) Average federal tax (includes individual and corporate income tax, payroll taxes for Social Security and Medicare, and the estate tax) as a percentage of average cash income.

Table T10-0201

## Extend 2009 Estate Tax Law

Distribution of Federal Tax Change by Cash Income Level, $2012{ }^{1}$
Detail Table

| Cash Income Level (thousands of 2009 dollars) ${ }^{2}$ | Percent of Tax Units ${ }^{3}$ |  | Percent Change in After-Tax Income ${ }^{4}$ | Share of Total Federal Tax Change | Average Federal Tax Change |  | Share of Federal Taxes |  | Average Federal Tax Rate ${ }^{5}$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | With Tax Cut | With Tax Increase |  |  | Dollars | Percent | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { Change (\% } \\ \text { Points) } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | Under the Proposal | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { Change (\% } \\ \text { Points) } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | Under the Proposal |
| Less than 10 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.1 | -1 | -0.3 | 0.0 | 0.2 | 0.0 | 5.3 |
| 10-20 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.5 | -4 | -0.5 | 0.0 | 0.7 | 0.0 | 4.5 |
| 20-30 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 1.3 | -10 | -0.5 | 0.0 | 1.9 | 0.0 | 8.8 |
| 30-40 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.6 | -7 | -0.1 | 0.0 | 2.9 | 0.0 | 12.9 |
| 40-50 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.2 | 5.5 | -74 | -1.0 | 0.0 | 3.6 | -0.2 | 15.5 |
| 50-75 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.2 | 10.0 | -77 | -0.7 | 0.0 | 10.0 | -0.1 | 17.7 |
| 75-100 | 0.1 | 0.0 | 0.2 | 10.5 | -126 | -0.7 | 0.0 | 9.8 | -0.1 | 19.4 |
| 100-200 | 0.1 | 0.0 | 0.2 | 26.7 | -225 | -0.7 | 0.0 | 24.8 | -0.2 | 21.8 |
| 200-500 | 0.2 | 0.0 | 0.4 | 26.6 | -780 | -1.1 | -0.1 | 16.9 | -0.3 | 24.6 |
| 500-1,000 | 0.3 | 0.0 | 0.3 | 10.2 | -1,699 | -0.9 | 0.0 | 7.8 | -0.2 | 27.0 |
| More than 1,000 | 0.5 | 0.0 | 0.1 | 7.6 | -2,496 | -0.2 | 0.1 | 21.3 | -0.1 | 33.0 |
| All | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.2 | 100.0 | -110 | -0.7 | 0.0 | 100.0 | -0.1 | 21.4 |

Baseline Distribution of Income and Federal Taxes
by Cash Income Level, $2012{ }^{1}$

| Cash Income Level (thousands of 2009 dollars) ${ }^{2}$ | Tax Units ${ }^{3}$ |  | Average Income (Dollars) | AverageFederal TaxBurden(Dollars) | Average AfterTax Income ${ }^{4}$ (Dollars) | Average <br> Federal Tax Rate ${ }^{5}$ | Share of Pre- <br> Tax Income | Share of Post- | Share of Federal Taxes |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Number (thousands) | Percent of Total |  |  |  |  | Percent of Total | Percent of Total | Percent of Total |
| Less than 10 | 16,958 | 10.8 | 5,723 | 305 | 5,418 | 5.3 | 0.8 | 1.0 | 0.2 |
| 10-20 | 24,305 | 15.5 | 15,533 | 708 | 14,825 | 4.6 | 3.2 | 3.8 | 0.7 |
| 20-30 | 21,133 | 13.4 | 25,808 | 2,275 | 23,533 | 8.8 | 4.6 | 5.3 | 1.9 |
| 30-40 | 16,074 | 10.2 | 36,190 | 4,683 | 31,506 | 12.9 | 4.9 | 5.4 | 2.9 |
| 40-50 | 12,909 | 8.2 | 46,615 | 7,304 | 39,311 | 15.7 | 5.0 | 5.4 | 3.7 |
| 50-75 | 22,702 | 14.4 | 64,099 | 11,396 | 52,703 | 17.8 | 12.1 | 12.7 | 10.0 |
| 75-100 | 14,431 | 9.2 | 90,195 | 17,592 | 72,603 | 19.5 | 10.9 | 11.1 | 9.9 |
| 100-200 | 20,606 | 13.1 | 141,257 | 30,997 | 110,260 | 21.9 | 24.3 | 24.2 | 24.8 |
| 200-500 | 5,930 | 3.8 | 296,062 | 73,572 | 222,490 | 24.9 | 14.7 | 14.0 | 16.9 |
| 500-1,000 | 1,048 | 0.7 | 704,969 | 191,771 | 513,198 | 27.2 | 6.2 | 5.7 | 7.8 |
| More than 1,000 | 531 | 0.3 | 3,114,004 | 1,028,728 | 2,085,276 | 33.0 | 13.8 | 11.8 | 21.2 |
| All | 157,348 | 100.0 | 76,169 | 16,385 | 59,783 | 21.5 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 |

Source: Urban-Brookings Tax Policy Center Microsimulation Model (version 0509-5).
Number of AMT Taxpayers (millions). Baseline: 4.3 Proposal: 4.3
(1). Calendar year. Baseline is current law plus an AMT patch; extension of the 10,25 , and 28 percent tax rates, marriage penalty relief, child tax credit, child and dependent care credit, student loan interest deduction; $0 \% / 15 \%$ rate on capital gains and qualified dividends except for taxpayers in the top two brackets; and repeal of Pease and PEP for taxpayers with incomes less than $\$ 250,000$ married $/ \$ 200,000$ for others. Proposal would extend 2009 estate tax law ( $\$ 3.5$ million effective exemption not indexed for inflation, 45 percent rate, replacing credit for state-level wealth transfer taxes with a deduction, and repeal of the 5 percent bubble).
(2) Tax units with negative cash income are excluded from the lowest income class but are included in the totals. For a description of cash income, see
http://www.taxpolicycenter.org/TaxModel/income.cfm
(3) Includes both filing and non-filing units but excludes those that are dependents of other tax units.
(4) After-tax income is cash income less: individual income tax net of refundable credits; corporate income tax; payroll taxes (Social Security and Medicare); and estate tax.
(5) Average federal tax (includes individual and corporate income tax, payroll taxes for Social Security and Medicare, and the estate tax) as a percentage of average cash income.

Table T10-0201
Extend 2009 Estate Tax Law
Distribution of Federal Tax Change by Cash Income Level, $2012{ }^{1}$
Detail Table - Single Tax Units

| Cash Income Level (thousands of 2009 dollars) ${ }^{2}$ | Percent of Tax Units ${ }^{3}$ |  | PercentChange inAfter-TaxIncome $^{4}$ | Share of Total Federal Tax Change | Average Federal Tax Change |  | Share of Federal Taxes |  | Average Federal Tax Rate ${ }^{5}$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | With Tax Cut | With Tax Increase |  |  | Dollars | Percent | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { Change (\% } \\ \text { Points) } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | Under the Proposal | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { Change (\% } \\ \hline \text { Points) } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | Under the Proposal |
| Less than 10 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.1 | -1 | -0.2 | 0.0 | 0.9 | 0.0 | 8.5 |
| 10-20 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.5 | -5 | -0.4 | 0.1 | 3.0 | 0.0 | 8.4 |
| 20-30 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.1 | 1.2 | -15 | -0.5 | 0.1 | 6.0 | -0.1 | 13.3 |
| 30-40 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.5 | -9 | -0.1 | 0.2 | 7.4 | 0.0 | 17.4 |
| 40-50 | 0.1 | 0.0 | 0.4 | 6.3 | -153 | -1.7 | 0.1 | 8.4 | -0.3 | 19.3 |
| 50-75 | 0.1 | 0.0 | 0.4 | 11.4 | -190 | -1.4 | 0.2 | 18.7 | -0.3 | 21.6 |
| 75-100 | 0.2 | 0.0 | 0.7 | 11.6 | -473 | -2.2 | 0.0 | 11.9 | -0.5 | 23.7 |
| 100-200 | 0.4 | 0.0 | 1.2 | 29.3 | -1,271 | -3.7 | -0.3 | 17.6 | -0.9 | 24.2 |
| 200-500 | 1.0 | 0.0 | 2.2 | 25.8 | -4,810 | -5.9 | -0.4 | 9.4 | -1.6 | 25.6 |
| 500-1,000 | 1.2 | 0.0 | 1.9 | 8.8 | -9,328 | -4.4 | -0.1 | 4.4 | -1.3 | 29.1 |
| More than 1,000 | 1.6 | 0.0 | 0.5 | 4.5 | -8,793 | -0.8 | 0.2 | 12.3 | -0.3 | 35.5 |
| All | 0.1 | 0.0 | 0.6 | 100.0 | -213 | -2.2 | 0.0 | 100.0 | -0.5 | 21.2 |

Baseline Distribution of Income and Federal Taxes
by Cash Income Level, $2012{ }^{1}$

| Cash Income Level (thousands of 2009 dollars) ${ }^{2}$ | Tax Units ${ }^{3}$ |  | Average Income (Dollars) | Average <br> Federal Tax <br> Burden <br> (Dollars) | Average AfterTax Income ${ }^{4}$ (Dollars) | Average Federal Tax Rate ${ }^{5}$ | Share of PreTax Income | Share of PostTax Income | Share of Federal Taxes |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Number (thousands) | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { Percent of } \\ \text { Total } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |  |  |  |  | Percent of Total | Percent of Total | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { Percent of } \\ \text { Total } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |
| Less than 10 | 12,161 | 17.6 | 5,710 | 483 | 5,227 | 8.5 | 2.3 | 2.7 | 0.9 |
| 10-20 | 14,889 | 21.6 | 15,384 | 1,291 | 14,093 | 8.4 | 7.6 | 8.9 | 2.9 |
| 20-30 | 11,204 | 16.3 | 25,667 | 3,420 | 22,247 | 13.3 | 9.5 | 10.5 | 5.8 |
| 30-40 | 7,555 | 11.0 | 36,120 | 6,309 | 29,810 | 17.5 | 9.0 | 9.5 | 7.3 |
| 40-50 | 6,018 | 8.7 | 46,555 | 9,146 | 37,409 | 19.6 | 9.3 | 9.5 | 8.4 |
| 50-75 | 8,766 | 12.7 | 63,234 | 13,851 | 49,383 | 21.9 | 18.3 | 18.3 | 18.5 |
| 75-100 | 3,599 | 5.2 | 89,193 | 21,590 | 67,604 | 24.2 | 10.6 | 10.3 | 11.9 |
| 100-200 | 3,384 | 4.9 | 137,406 | 34,564 | 102,842 | 25.2 | 15.4 | 14.7 | 17.8 |
| 200-500 | 787 | 1.1 | 300,163 | 81,501 | 218,661 | 27.2 | 7.8 | 7.3 | 9.8 |
| 500-1,000 | 138 | 0.2 | 697,814 | 212,423 | 485,390 | 30.4 | 3.2 | 2.8 | 4.5 |
| More than 1,000 | 75 | 0.1 | 2,972,435 | 1,064,879 | 1,907,556 | 35.8 | 7.3 | 6.0 | 12.1 |
| All | 68,932 | 100.0 | 43,878 | 9,517 | 34,361 | 21.7 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 |

Source: Urban-Brookings Tax Policy Center Microsimulation Model (version 0509-5)
(1). Calendar year. Baseline is current law plus an AMT patch; extension of the 10,25 , and 28 percent tax rates, marriage penalty relief, child tax credit, child and dependent care credit, student loan interest deduction; $0 \% / 15 \%$ rate on capital gains and qualified dividends except for taxpayers in the top two brackets; and repeal of Pease and PEP for taxpayers with incomes less than $\$ 250,000$ married $/ \$ 200,000$ for others. Proposal would extend 2009 estate tax law ( $\$ 3.5$ million effective exemption not indexed for inflation, 45 percent rate, replacing credit for state-level wealth transfer taxes with a deduction, and repeal of the 5 percent bubble).
(2) Tax units with negative cash income are excluded from the lowest income class but are included in the totals. For a description of cash income, see
http://www.taxpolicycenter.org/TaxModel/income.cfm
(3) Includes both filing and non-filing units but excludes those that are dependents of other tax units.
(4) After-tax income is cash income less: individual income tax net of refundable credits; corporate income tax; payroll taxes (Social Security and Medicare); and estate tax.
(5) Average federal tax (includes individual and corporate income tax, payroll taxes for Social Security and Medicare, and the estate tax) as a percentage of average cash income

Table T10-0201
Extend 2009 Estate Tax Law

## Distribution of Federal Tax Change by Cash Income Level, $2012{ }^{1}$

Detail Table - Married Tax Units Filing Jointly

| Cash Income Level (thousands of 2009 dollars) ${ }^{2}$ | Percent of Tax Units ${ }^{3}$ |  | PercentChange inAfter-TaxIncome $^{4}$ | Share of Total Federal Tax Change | Average Federal Tax Change |  | Share of Federal Taxes |  | Average Federal Tax Rate ${ }^{5}$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | With Tax Cut | With Tax Increase |  |  | Dollars | Percent | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { Change (\% } \\ \text { Points) } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | Under the Proposal | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { Change (\% } \\ \hline \text { Points) } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | Under the Proposal |
| Less than 10 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.2 | -2 | -0.8 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 4.8 |
| 10-20 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.6 | -4 | -0.8 | 0.0 | 0.1 | 0.0 | 2.7 |
| 20-30 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 1.9 | -9 | -0.8 | 0.0 | 0.3 | 0.0 | 4.5 |
| 30-40 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 1.6 | -9 | -0.3 | 0.0 | 0.7 | 0.0 | 7.6 |
| 40-50 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 1.0 | -6 | -0.1 | 0.0 | 1.2 | 0.0 | 10.4 |
| 50-75 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 2.1 | -5 | -0.1 | 0.0 | 5.3 | 0.0 | 14.2 |
| 75-100 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 3.4 | -9 | -0.1 | 0.0 | 8.4 | 0.0 | 17.5 |
| 100-200 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 11.0 | -16 | -0.1 | 0.0 | 28.4 | 0.0 | 21.2 |
| 200-500 | 0.1 | 0.0 | 0.1 | 31.1 | -151 | -0.2 | 0.0 | 20.7 | -0.1 | 24.4 |
| 500-1,000 | 0.2 | 0.0 | 0.1 | 19.8 | -542 | -0.3 | 0.0 | 9.6 | -0.1 | 26.6 |
| More than 1,000 | 0.3 | 0.0 | 0.1 | 26.4 | -1,455 | -0.2 | 0.0 | 25.2 | -0.1 | 32.5 |
| All | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 100.0 | -39 | -0.1 | 0.0 | 100.0 | 0.0 | 22.3 |

Baseline Distribution of Income and Federal Taxes
by Cash Income Level, $2012{ }^{1}$

| Cash Income Level (thousands of 2009 dollars) ${ }^{2}$ | Tax Units ${ }^{3}$ |  | Average Income (Dollars) | Average Federal Tax Burden (Dollars) | Average AfterTax Income ${ }^{4}$ (Dollars) | Average Federal Tax Rate ${ }^{5}$ | Share of PreTax Income | Share of PostTax Income | Share of Federal Taxes |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Number (thousands) | Percent of Total |  |  |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { Percent of } \\ \text { Total } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | Percent of Total | Percent of Total |
| Less than 10 | 2,172 | 3.5 | 4,766 | 228 | 4,538 | 4.8 | 0.1 | 0.2 | 0.0 |
| 10-20 | 4,097 | 6.7 | 16,031 | 441 | 15,590 | 2.8 | 0.9 | 1.1 | 0.1 |
| 20-30 | 4,842 | 7.9 | 25,959 | 1,186 | 24,773 | 4.6 | 1.6 | 2.0 | 0.3 |
| 30-40 | 4,391 | 7.2 | 36,302 | 2,752 | 33,550 | 7.6 | 2.1 | 2.5 | 0.7 |
| 40-50 | 4,095 | 6.7 | 46,760 | 4,890 | 41,870 | 10.5 | 2.5 | 2.9 | 1.2 |
| 50-75 | 9,883 | 16.1 | 65,241 | 9,275 | 55,966 | 14.2 | 8.3 | 9.2 | 5.3 |
| 75-100 | 9,149 | 14.9 | 90,792 | 15,852 | 74,940 | 17.5 | 10.7 | 11.4 | 8.4 |
| 100-200 | 16,193 | 26.4 | 142,545 | 30,250 | 112,295 | 21.2 | 29.9 | 30.3 | 28.4 |
| 200-500 | 4,941 | 8.1 | 295,420 | 72,284 | 223,137 | 24.5 | 18.9 | 18.4 | 20.7 |
| 500-1,000 | 876 | 1.4 | 706,519 | 188,670 | 517,849 | 26.7 | 8.0 | 7.6 | 9.6 |
| More than 1,000 | 435 | 0.7 | 3,075,014 | 1,000,289 | 2,074,725 | 32.5 | 17.3 | 15.0 | 25.2 |
| All | 61,357 | 100.0 | 126,020 | 28,144 | 97,876 | 22.3 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 |

Source: Urban-Brookings Tax Policy Center Microsimulation Model (version 0509-5).
(1). Calendar year. Baseline is current law plus an AMT patch; extension of the 10,25 , and 28 percent tax rates, marriage penalty relief, child tax credit, child and dependent care credit, student loan interest deduction; $0 \% / 15 \%$ rate on capital gains and qualified dividends except for taxpayers in the top two brackets; and repeal of Pease and PEP for taxpayers with incomes less than $\$ 250,000$ married $/ \$ 200,000$ for others. Proposal would extend 2009 estate tax law ( $\$ 3.5$ million effective exemption not indexed for inflation, 45 percent rate, replacing credit for state-level wealth transfer taxes with a deduction, and repeal of the 5 percent bubble).
(2) Tax units with negative cash income are excluded from the lowest income class but are included in the totals. For a description of cash income, see
http://www.taxpolicycenter.org/TaxModel/income.cfm
(3) Includes both filing and non-filing units but excludes those that are dependents of other tax units.
(4) After-tax income is cash income less: individual income tax net of refundable credits; corporate income tax; payroll taxes (Social Security and Medicare); and estate tax.
(5) Average federal tax (includes individual and corporate income tax, payroll taxes for Social Security and Medicare, and the estate tax) as a percentage of average cash income

## Table T10-0201

Extend 2009 Estate Tax Law

## Distribution of Federal Tax Change by Cash Income Level, $2012{ }^{1}$

Detail Table - Head of Household Tax Units

| Cash Income Level (thousands of 2009 dollars) ${ }^{2}$ | Percent of Tax Units ${ }^{3}$ |  | PercentChange inAfter-TaxIncome $^{4}$ | Share of Total Federal Tax Change | Average Federal Tax Change |  | Share of Federal Taxes |  | Average Federal Tax Rate ${ }^{5}$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | With Tax Cut | With Tax Increase |  |  | Dollars | Percent | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { Change (\% } \\ \text { Points) } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | Under the Proposal | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { Change (\% } \\ \hline \text { Points) } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | Under the Proposal |
| Less than 10 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.1 | 0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | -0.9 | 0.0 | -7.8 |
| 10-20 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.4 | 0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | -3.1 | 0.0 | -5.7 |
| 20-30 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.3 | 0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 1.8 | 0.0 | 2.1 |
| 30-40 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 1.7 | -1 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 9.2 | 0.0 | 9.6 |
| 40-50 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 2.3 | -2 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 11.3 | 0.0 | 14.1 |
| 50-75 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 9.3 | -7 | -0.1 | 0.0 | 27.4 | 0.0 | 17.4 |
| 75-100 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 15.0 | -29 | -0.2 | 0.0 | 17.6 | 0.0 | 20.3 |
| 100-200 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.1 | 26.6 | -81 | -0.3 | 0.0 | 18.7 | -0.1 | 22.9 |
| 200-500 | 0.1 | 0.0 | 0.2 | 28.3 | -506 | -0.7 | 0.0 | 7.5 | -0.2 | 24.1 |
| 500-1,000 | 0.1 | 0.0 | 0.2 | 6.7 | -748 | -0.4 | 0.0 | 3.0 | -0.1 | 25.6 |
| More than 1,000 | 0.4 | 0.0 | 0.1 | 9.1 | -2,243 | -0.2 | 0.0 | 7.6 | -0.1 | 33.6 |
| All | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 100.0 | -11 | -0.2 | 0.0 | 100.0 | 0.0 | 13.9 |

Baseline Distribution of Income and Federal Taxes
by Cash Income Level, $2012{ }^{1}$

| Cash Income Level (thousands of 2009 dollars) ${ }^{2}$ | Tax Units ${ }^{3}$ |  | Average Income (Dollars) | Average <br> Federal Tax <br> Burden <br> (Dollars) | Average AfterTax Income ${ }^{4}$ (Dollars) | Average <br> Federal Tax Rate ${ }^{5}$ | Share of PreTax Income | Share of PostTax Income | Share of Federal Taxes |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Number (thousands) | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { Percent of } \\ \text { Total } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |  |  |  |  | Percent of Total | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { Percent of } \\ \text { Total } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { Percent of } \\ \text { Total } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |
| Less than 10 | 2,483 | 10.1 | 6,647 | -520 | 7,167 | -7.8 | 1.6 | 2.0 | -0.9 |
| 10-20 | 5,029 | 20.5 | 15,579 | -890 | 16,470 | -5.7 | 7.6 | 9.4 | -3.1 |
| 20-30 | 4,757 | 19.4 | 25,971 | 539 | 25,432 | 2.1 | 12.1 | 13.7 | 1.8 |
| 30-40 | 3,767 | 15.4 | 36,157 | 3,468 | 32,689 | 9.6 | 13.3 | 14.0 | 9.2 |
| 40-50 | 2,449 | 10.0 | 46,569 | 6,564 | 40,006 | 14.1 | 11.1 | 11.1 | 11.3 |
| 50-75 | 3,559 | 14.5 | 63,082 | 10,964 | 52,118 | 17.4 | 21.9 | 21.0 | 27.3 |
| 75-100 | 1,389 | 5.7 | 89,214 | 18,114 | 71,100 | 20.3 | 12.1 | 11.2 | 17.6 |
| 100-200 | 877 | 3.6 | 132,993 | 30,472 | 102,521 | 22.9 | 11.4 | 10.2 | 18.7 |
| 200-500 | 150 | 0.6 | 294,130 | 71,327 | 222,803 | 24.3 | 4.3 | 3.8 | 7.5 |
| 500-1,000 | 24 | 0.1 | 686,382 | 176,621 | 509,761 | 25.7 | 1.6 | 1.4 | 3.0 |
| More than 1,000 | 11 | 0.0 | 2,985,055 | 1,004,044 | 1,981,011 | 33.6 | 3.2 | 2.4 | 7.6 |
| All | 24,547 | 100.0 | 41,760 | 5,815 | 35,945 | 13.9 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 |

Source: Urban-Brookings Tax Policy Center Microsimulation Model (version 0509-5).
(1). Calendar year. Baseline is current law plus an AMT patch; extension of the 10,25 , and 28 percent tax rates, marriage penalty relief, child tax credit, child and dependent care credit, student loan interest deduction; $0 \% / 15 \%$ rate on capital gains and qualified dividends except for taxpayers in the top two brackets; and repeal of Pease and PEP for taxpayers with incomes less than $\$ 250,000$ married $/ \$ 200,000$ for others. Proposal would extend 2009 estate tax law ( $\$ 3.5$ million effective exemption not indexed for inflation, 45 percent rate, replacing credit for state-level wealth transfer taxes with a deduction, and repeal of the 5 percent bubble).
(2) Tax units with negative cash income are excluded from the lowest income class but are included in the totals. For a description of cash income, see
http://www.taxpolicycenter.org/TaxModel/income.cfm
(3) Includes both filing and non-filing units but excludes those that are dependents of other tax units.
(4) After-tax income is cash income less: individual income tax net of refundable credits; corporate income tax; payroll taxes (Social Security and Medicare); and estate tax.
(5) Average federal tax (includes individual and corporate income tax, payroll taxes for Social Security and Medicare, and the estate tax) as a percentage of average cash income

Table T10-0201
Extend 2009 Estate Tax Law

## Distribution of Federal Tax Change by Cash Income Level, $2012{ }^{1}$ <br> Detail Table - Tax Units with Children

| Cash Income Level (thousands of 2009 dollars) ${ }^{2}$ | Percent of Tax Units ${ }^{3}$ |  | Percent Change in After-Tax Income ${ }^{4}$ | Share of Total Federal Tax Change | Average Federal Tax Change |  | Share of Federal Taxes |  | Average Federal Tax Rate ${ }^{5}$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | With Tax Cut | With Tax Increase |  |  | Dollars | Percent | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { Change (\% } \\ \text { Points) } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | Under the Proposal | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { Change (\% } \\ \text { Points) } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | Under the Proposal |
| Less than 10 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | -0.2 | 0.0 | -11.6 |
| 10-20 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.1 | 0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | -0.9 | 0.0 | -9.4 |
| 20-30 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.3 | 0 | 0.1 | 0.0 | -0.1 | 0.0 | -0.8 |
| 30-40 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 1.2 | -1 | -0.1 | 0.0 | 1.4 | 0.0 | 7.6 |
| 40-50 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.9 | -1 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 2.3 | 0.0 | 12.5 |
| 50-75 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 4.1 | -3 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 7.7 | 0.0 | 15.9 |
| 75-100 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 11.0 | -11 | -0.1 | 0.0 | 9.8 | 0.0 | 18.4 |
| 100-200 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 14.1 | -9 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 28.6 | 0.0 | 21.4 |
| 200-500 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 30.7 | -66 | -0.1 | 0.0 | 20.4 | 0.0 | 25.1 |
| 500-1,000 | 0.1 | 0.0 | 0.1 | 18.2 | -246 | -0.1 | 0.0 | 8.9 | 0.0 | 28.4 |
| More than 1,000 | 0.1 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 18.8 | -544 | -0.1 | 0.0 | 22.0 | 0.0 | 34.0 |
| All | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 100.0 | -12 | -0.1 | 0.0 | 100.0 | 0.0 | 21.1 |

Baseline Distribution of Income and Federal Taxes
by Cash Income Level, $2012{ }^{1}$

| Cash Income Level (thousands of 2009 dollars) ${ }^{2}$ | Tax Units ${ }^{3}$ |  | Average Income (Dollars) | Average <br> Federal Tax <br> Burden <br> (Dollars) | Average AfterTax Income ${ }^{4}$ (Dollars) | Average <br> Federal Tax Rate ${ }^{5}$ | Share of Pre- <br> Tax Income <br> Percent of <br> Total | Share of Post- <br> Tax Income <br> Percent of <br> Total | Share of Federal Taxes |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Number (thousands) | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { Percent of } \\ \text { Total } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  | Percent of Total |
| Less than 10 | 2,968 | 6.0 | 6,252 | -725 | 6,978 | -11.6 | 0.4 | 0.6 | -0.2 |
| 10-20 | 5,639 | 11.5 | 15,769 | -1,488 | 17,257 | -9.4 | 1.9 | 2.6 | -0.9 |
| 20-30 | 5,683 | 11.6 | 25,918 | -196 | 26,114 | -0.8 | 3.1 | 4.0 | -0.1 |
| 30-40 | 4,891 | 10.0 | 36,161 | 2,764 | 33,397 | 7.6 | 3.8 | 4.4 | 1.4 |
| 40-50 | 3,849 | 7.8 | 46,701 | 5,859 | 40,842 | 12.6 | 3.8 | 4.3 | 2.3 |
| 50-75 | 7,425 | 15.1 | 64,368 | 10,220 | 54,148 | 15.9 | 10.2 | 10.9 | 7.7 |
| 75-100 | 5,841 | 11.9 | 90,740 | 16,678 | 74,062 | 18.4 | 11.3 | 11.7 | 9.8 |
| 100-200 | 9,319 | 19.0 | 142,137 | 30,481 | 111,656 | 21.5 | 28.2 | 28.1 | 28.6 |
| 200-500 | 2,750 | 5.6 | 293,742 | 73,778 | 219,964 | 25.1 | 17.2 | 16.4 | 20.5 |
| 500-1,000 | 441 | 0.9 | 705,334 | 200,606 | 504,728 | 28.4 | 6.6 | 6.0 | 8.9 |
| More than 1,000 | 206 | 0.4 | 3,105,769 | 1,057,374 | 2,048,395 | 34.1 | 13.7 | 11.4 | 22.0 |
| All | 49,155 | 100.0 | 95,419 | 20,186 | 75,234 | 21.2 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 |

Source: Urban-Brookings Tax Policy Center Microsimulation Model (version 0509-5).
Note: Tax units with children are those claiming an exemption for children at home or away from home.
(1). Calendar year. Baseline is current law plus an AMT patch; extension of the 10,25 , and 28 percent tax rates, marriage penalty relief, child tax credit, child and dependent care credit, student loan interest deduction; $0 \% / 15 \%$ rate on capital gains and qualified dividends except for taxpayers in the top two brackets; and repeal of Pease and PEP for taxpayers with incomes less than $\$ 250,000$ married $/ \$ 200,000$ for others. Proposal would extend 2009 estate tax law ( $\$ 3.5$ million effective exemption not indexed for inflation, 45 percent rate, replacing credit for state-level wealth transfer taxes with a deduction, and repeal of the 5 percent bubble).
(2) Tax units with negative cash income are excluded from the lowest income class but are included in the totals. For a description of cash income, see
http://www.taxpolicycenter.org/TaxModel/income.cfm
(3) Includes both filing and non-filing units but excludes those that are dependents of other tax units.
(4) After-tax income is cash income less: individual income tax net of refundable credits; corporate income tax; payroll taxes (Social Security and Medicare); and estate tax.
(5) Average federal tax (includes individual and corporate income tax, payroll taxes for Social Security and Medicare, and the estate tax) as a percentage of average cash income.

Table T10-0201
Extend 2009 Estate Tax Law
Distribution of Federal Tax Change by Cash Income Level, $2012{ }^{1}$
Detail Table - Elderly Tax Units

| Cash Income Level (thousands of 2009 dollars) ${ }^{2}$ | Percent of Tax Units ${ }^{3}$ |  | Percent Change in After-Tax Income ${ }^{4}$ | Share of Total Federal Tax Change | Average Federal Tax Change |  | Share of Federal Taxes |  | Average Federal Tax Rate ${ }^{5}$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | With Tax Cut | With Tax Increase |  |  | Dollars | Percent | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { Change (\% } \\ \text { Points) } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | Under the Proposal | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { Change (\% } \\ \text { Points) } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | Under the Proposal |
| Less than 10 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.1 | 0.1 | -3 | -1.7 | 0.0 | 0.1 | -0.1 | 3.1 |
| 10-20 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.1 | 0.5 | -11 | -2.8 | 0.0 | 0.6 | -0.1 | 2.5 |
| 20-30 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.1 | 1.2 | -34 | -3.0 | 0.0 | 1.4 | -0.1 | 4.4 |
| 30-40 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.1 | 0.4 | -22 | -1.0 | 0.0 | 1.5 | -0.1 | 5.9 |
| 40-50 | 0.1 | 0.0 | 0.9 | 6.0 | -398 | -11.4 | -0.2 | 1.7 | -0.9 | 6.6 |
| 50-75 | 0.2 | 0.0 | 0.6 | 10.5 | -356 | -5.2 | -0.1 | 6.9 | -0.6 | 10.0 |
| 75-100 | 0.3 | 0.0 | 0.9 | 11.3 | -677 | -5.4 | -0.2 | 7.2 | -0.8 | 13.2 |
| 100-200 | 0.5 | 0.0 | 1.2 | 27.3 | -1,370 | -5.2 | -0.3 | 18.2 | -1.0 | 17.8 |
| 200-500 | 0.9 | 0.0 | 1.5 | 26.9 | -3,567 | -5.0 | -0.3 | 18.8 | -1.2 | 22.5 |
| 500-1,000 | 1.1 | 0.0 | 1.1 | 9.1 | -5,567 | -3.0 | 0.1 | 10.9 | -0.8 | 25.7 |
| More than 1,000 | 1.5 | 0.0 | 0.4 | 6.5 | -7,384 | -0.7 | 0.9 | 32.7 | -0.2 | 32.9 |
| All | 0.2 | 0.0 | 0.8 | 100.0 | -490 | -3.5 | 0.0 | 100.0 | -0.7 | 17.8 |

Baseline Distribution of Income and Federal Taxes
by Cash Income Level, $2012{ }^{1}$

| Cash Income Level (thousands of 2009 dollars) ${ }^{2}$ | Tax Units ${ }^{3}$ |  | Average Income (Dollars) | Average <br> Federal Tax <br> Burden <br> (Dollars) | Average AfterTax Income ${ }^{4}$ (Dollars) | Average <br> Federal Tax Rate ${ }^{5}$ | Share of Pre- <br> Tax Income <br> Percent of <br> Total | Share of Post- <br> Tax Income <br> Percent of <br> Total | Share of Federal Taxes |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Number (thousands) | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { Percent of } \\ \text { Total } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  | Percent of Total |
| Less than 10 | 2,305 | 7.6 | 6,366 | 200 | 6,166 | 3.1 | 0.6 | 0.8 | 0.1 |
| 10-20 | 6,471 | 21.2 | 15,655 | 400 | 15,254 | 2.6 | 4.4 | 5.2 | 0.6 |
| 20-30 | 5,084 | 16.7 | 25,560 | 1,145 | 24,415 | 4.5 | 5.6 | 6.6 | 1.4 |
| 30-40 | 2,999 | 9.8 | 36,054 | 2,139 | 33,915 | 5.9 | 4.7 | 5.4 | 1.5 |
| 40-50 | 2,259 | 7.4 | 46,537 | 3,486 | 43,051 | 7.5 | 4.5 | 5.2 | 1.8 |
| 50-75 | 4,405 | 14.4 | 64,489 | 6,828 | 57,661 | 10.6 | 12.3 | 13.5 | 7.0 |
| 75-100 | 2,504 | 8.2 | 89,136 | 12,457 | 76,679 | 14.0 | 9.7 | 10.2 | 7.3 |
| 100-200 | 2,986 | 9.8 | 141,589 | 26,518 | 115,072 | 18.7 | 18.3 | 18.2 | 18.5 |
| 200-500 | 1,128 | 3.7 | 304,121 | 72,119 | 232,002 | 23.7 | 14.8 | 13.9 | 19.1 |
| 500-1,000 | 245 | 0.8 | 709,954 | 187,919 | 522,036 | 26.5 | 7.5 | 6.8 | 10.8 |
| More than 1,000 | 132 | 0.4 | 3,095,895 | 1,026,901 | 2,068,994 | 33.2 | 17.7 | 14.5 | 31.8 |
| All | 30,543 | 100.0 | 75,737 | 13,980 | 61,757 | 18.5 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 |

Source: Urban-Brookings Tax Policy Center Microsimulation Model (version 0509-5).
Note: Elderly tax units are those with either head or spouse (if filing jointly) age 65 or older
(1). Calendar year. Baseline is current law plus an AMT patch; extension of the 10,25 , and 28 percent tax rates, marriage penalty relief, child tax credit, child and dependent care credit, student loan interest deduction; $0 \% / 15 \%$ rate on capital gains and qualified dividends except for taxpayers in the top two brackets; and repeal of Pease and PEP for taxpayers with incomes less than $\$ 250,000$ married $/ \$ 200,000$ for others. Proposal would extend 2009 estate tax law ( $\$ 3.5$ million effective exemption not indexed for inflation, 45 percent rate, replacing credit for state-level wealth transfer taxes with a deduction, and repeal of the 5 percent bubble).
(2) Tax units with negative cash income are excluded from the lowest income class but are included in the totals. For a description of cash income, see
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(4) After-tax income is cash income less: individual income tax net of refundable credits; corporate income tax; payroll taxes (Social Security and Medicare); and estate tax.
(5) Average federal tax (includes individual and corporate income tax, payroll taxes for Social Security and Medicare, and the estate tax) as a percentage of average cash income.

