Table T08-0008Tax Benefits of Select Tax Expenditures for Economic MobilityDistribution of Federal Tax Change by Cash Income Level, 2006 1Summary Table

Cash Income Level (thousands of 2006 dollars) ²	Percent of Tax Units ³		Benefit as Percent of	Share of Total	Average	Average Federal Tax Rate ⁵		
	With Benefit	Without Benefit	After-Tax Income ⁴	Benefits	Benefit	With Benefits	Without Benefits	
Less than 10	28.3	71.7	5.3	1.6	287	3.9	9.0	
10-20	53.8	46.2	5.9	6.1	837	4.5	10.1	
20-30	67.2	32.8	4.4	5.6	991	9.8	13.8	
30-40	72.2	27.8	2.9	3.8	880	14.0	16.6	
40-50	73.1	26.9	2.7	3.4	994	16.6	18.8	
50-75	83.0	17.0	2.9	8.7	1,456	18.5	20.8	
75-100	92.0	8.1	3.3	8.2	2,282	20.0	22.6	
100-200	96.5	3.5	4.9	22.9	5,063	22.4	26.2	
200-500	98.2	1.8	5.8	14.8	12,370	25.6	29.9	
500-1,000	98.6	1.4	5.3	5.4	26,163	27.7	31.6	
More than 1,000	98.9	1.1	8.7	19.7	181,946	32.5	38.4	
All	69.3	30.7	4.8	100.0	2,398	21.3	25.0	

Source: Urban-Brookings Tax Policy Center Microsimulation Model (version 1006-2).

Number of AMT Taxpayers (millions). Baseline: 3.6 Proposal:

(1) Calendar year. Baseline is current law. Alternative repeals the Hope and Lifetime Learning credits, the student loan interest deduction, the home mortgage interest deduction, the state and local property tax deduction, the self-employed health insurance deduction, the earned income tax credit, the child and dependent care credit, the preferential rates on capital gains and dividends, the partial exclusion for Social Security benefits, and the exclusions and deductions for IRAs, Keogh plans, and defined contribution retirement savings plans.

2.9

(2) Tax units with negative cash income are excluded from the lowest income class but are included in the totals. For a description of cash income, see

http://www.taxpolicycenter.org/TaxModel/income.cfm

(3) Includes both filing and non-filing units but excludes those that are dependents of other tax units.

(4) After-tax income is cash income less: individual income tax net of refundable credits; corporate income tax; payroll taxes (Social Security and Medicare); and estate tax.

(5) Average federal tax (includes individual and corporate income tax, payroll taxes for Social Security and Medicare, and the estate tax) as a percentage of average cash income.

Table T08-0008 Tax Benefits of Select Tax Expenditures for Economic Mobility Distribution of Federal Tax Change by Cash Income Level, 2006¹ **Detail Table**

Average Federal Tax Rate ⁵		Share of Federal Taxes		Average Benefit		Share of Total	Benefit as Percent of	Percent of Tax Units ³		Cash Income Class
Without Benefits	With Benefits	Without Benefits	With Benefits	As Percent of Tax	Dollars	Benefits	After-Tax Income ⁴	Without Benefit	With Benefit	(thousands of 2006 dollars) ²
9.	3.9	0.4	0.2	129.2	287	1.6	5.3	71.7	28.3	Less than 10
10.	4.5	1.6	0.9	125.2	837	6.1	5.9	46.2	53.8	10-20
13.	9.8	2.9	2.4	41.0	991	5.6	4.4	32.8	67.2	20-30
16.	14.0	3.7	3.7	18.0	880	3.8	2.9	27.8	72.2	30-40
18.	16.6	4.3	4.4	13.4	994	3.4	2.7	26.9	73.1	40-50
20.	18.5	11.4	11.9	12.8	1,456	8.7	2.9	17.0	83.0	50-75
22.	20.0	10.5	10.9	13.3	2,282	8.2	3.3	8.1	92.0	75-100
26.	22.4	23.8	24.0	16.8	5,063	22.9	4.9	3.5	96.5	100-200
29.	25.6	15.4	15.5	16.8	12,370	14.8	5.8	1.8	98.2	200-500
31.	27.7	6.6	6.8	13.9	26,163	5.4	5.3	1.4	98.6	500-1,000
38.	32.5	19.2	19.1	18.2	181,946	19.7	8.7	1.1	98.9	More than 1,000
25.	21.3	100.0	100.0	17.6	2,398	100.0	4.8	30.7	69.3	All

Baseline Distribution of Income and Federal Taxes by Cash Income Level, 2006¹

Cash Income Level (thousands of 2006 dollars) ²	Tax Units ³		Average	Average Federal Tax	Average After-	Average Federal Tax	Share of Pre- Tax Income	Share of Post- Tax Income	Share of Federal Taxes
	Number (thousands)	Percent of Total	Income (Dollars)	Burden (Dollars)	Tax Income ⁴ (Dollars)	Rate ⁵	Percent of Total	Percent of Total	Percent of Total
Less than 10	19,138	13.0	5,634	222	5,411	3.9	1.1	1.4	0.2
10-20	25,619	17.4	14,909	669	14,240	4.5	4.1	4.9	0.9
20-30	19,881	13.5	24,735	2,416	22,320	9.8	5.2	6.0	2.4
30-40	15,077	10.2	34,840	4,886	29,954	14.0	5.6	6.1	3.7
40-50	11,930	8.1	44,708	7,411	37,297	16.6	5.7	6.0	4.4
50-75	21,009	14.3	61,462	11,352	50,110	18.5	13.7	14.2	11.9
75-100	12,719	8.6	86,239	17,225	69,013	20.0	11.7	11.8	10.9
100-200	15,955	10.8	134,074	30,075	103,999	22.4	22.7	22.4	24.0
200-500	4,214	2.9	287,808	73,612	214,195	25.6	12.9	12.2	15.5
500-1,000	727	0.5	677,545	187,950	489,595	27.7	5.2	4.8	6.8
More than 1,000	383	0.3	3,081,101	1,000,082	2,081,020	32.5	12.5	10.8	19.1
All	147,237	100.0	63,974	13,603	50,371	21.3	100.0	100.0	100.0

Source: Urban-Brookings Tax Policy Center Microsimulation Model (version 1006-2).

Number of AMT Taxpayers (millions). Baseline:

3.6 Proposal: (1) Calendar year. Baseline is current law. Alternative repeals the Hope and Lifetime Learning credits, the student loan interest deduction, the home mortgage interest deduction, the state and local property tax deduction, the self-employed health insurance deduction, the earned income tax credit, the child and dependent care credit, the preferential rates on capital gains and dividends, the partial exclusion for Social Security benefits, and the exclusions and deductions for IRAs, Keogh plans, and defined contribution retirement savings plans.

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